

Social conditions, health and justice

1. Social conditions

Objectives of the Danish social security system

The social security system in Denmark has several objectives:

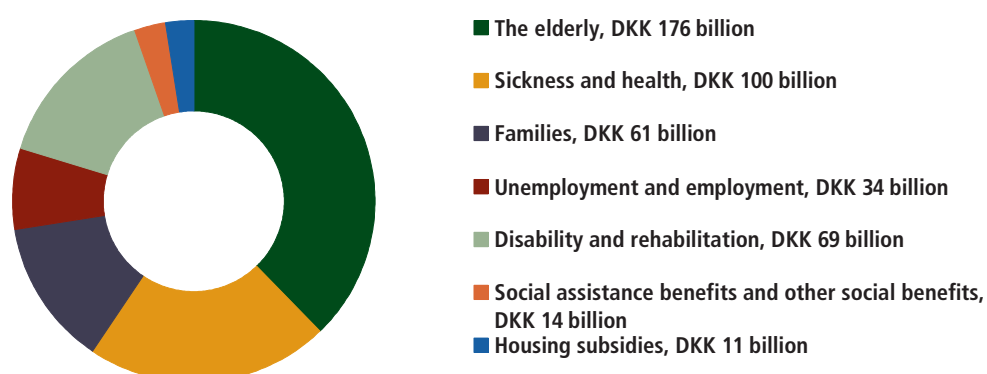
- 1) To secure the population financially in the event of, for example, sickness, unemployment and old age through income-substitute benefits.
- 2) to offer support to bring down expenditure on, for example, housing and child care through supplementary subsidy schemes.
- 3) to provide appropriate services in areas such as child care, care of the elderly, care of the disabled, health care and home help through institutions and services.

Social expenditure amounts to DKK 465 billion

Total expenditure for social purposes amounted to DKK 465 billion in 2006 or DKK 86,000 per capita. Of which DKK 339 billion was public expenditure on social services corresponding to 42 per cent of all current public expenditure. Expenditure on social services measured in relation to GDP accounted for 29 per cent in 2006. Expenditure on old age is the largest social item and comprises, for example, pensions, nursing homes and home help for the elderly. Social expenditure is defined broadly in this context and also includes health services and labour market schemes expenditure.

Figure 1

Expenditure on social services analysed by purpose. 2006



See table 155.

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Financing of social expenditure

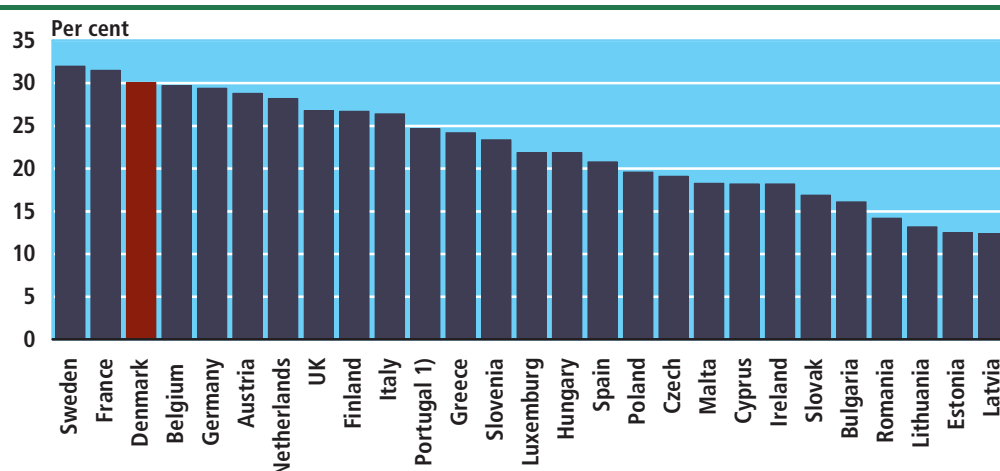
The public sector's proportion of total grants and contributions to social benefits reached 67 per cent in 2006, of which the central government accounted for 24 per cent and the local government authorities for 43 per cent. Employer contributions reached 12 per cent, while persons insured accounted for 21 per cent. The proportion paid by the state has a downward tendency while there is an increase in the proportions paid by the local and regional authorities, the employers and the persons insured.

Denmark ranks third in the EU

According to Eurostat, Denmark with its 30 per cent in 2005 ranks third among the 27 EU countries with respect to social expenditure in relation to gross domestic product. Sweden had the highest ranking with 32 per cent in 2005, while France ranked second. Lithuania, Estonia and Latvia were ranked at the bottom with a proportion of 13, 13 and 12 per cent, respectively. The comparison of social expenditure is not corrected for differences in income taxes on social benefits and legislation concerning payments of VAT and indirect taxes, etc., in each country. International comparisons are difficult. This also applies to comparisons of social expenditure.

Figure 2

Social expenditure as a proportion of GDP. 2005



¹ Portugal: 2004-figures.

Note: Calculations are based on Eurostat's joint classification (ESSPROS) in which expenditure is calculated gross.

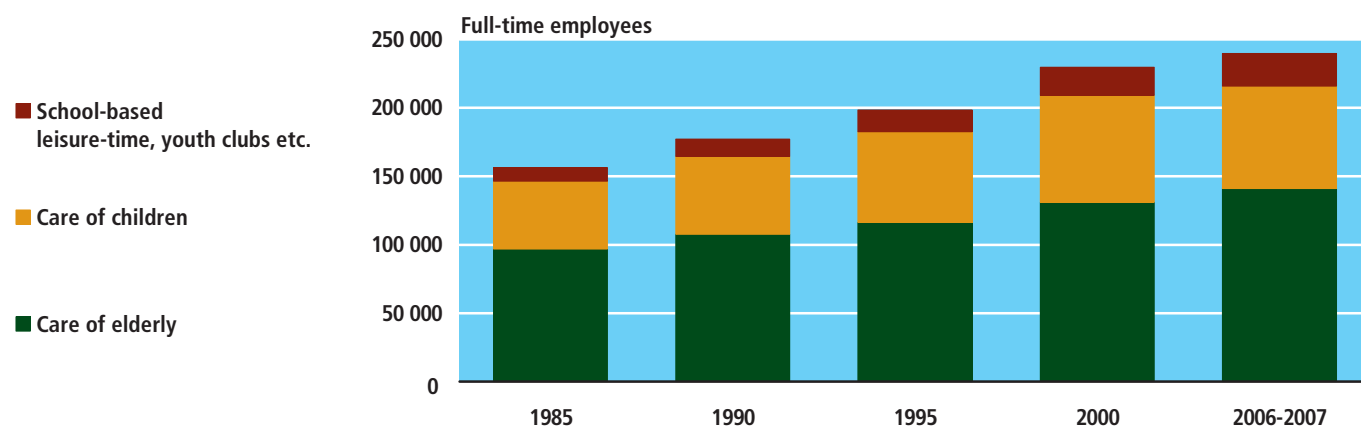
Source: Eurostat, *European social statistics. Social protection - Data 1997-2005*.

The number of employees increases

In 2006-2007, a total of 279,000 people were employed in social institutions and social service schemes. When converted into full-time employment, the number of employees in the social sector totals 240,000. Since 1985, the number of employees in the social sector has grown by more than 50 per cent.

Figure 3

Employees in the social sector



Note: Care of elderly also includes residential institutions for children and young people, institutions for drug addicts etc.
 See table 152 and 153.

The number of employees increased the most in the child care sector

The increase in the number of employees is attributable to the developments in population size and composition and in the labour market, including especially women's increasing working hours and participation rate. Child care accounts for the highest increase in the number of employees. The number of employees in school-based leisure time was 2.4 times as big compared to 1985, while there were 1.5 as many working with care of children. The increase is due to a general rise in children going to institutions.

More elderly people

In an area such as care of the elderly, the increasing number of employees is closely connected to population developments. The number of people in Denmark increased by 7 per cent over the period 1985 to 2007, but the increase in the number of elderly people aged 80 and over was 37 per cent. Consequently, there is also a much greater need for home help and residential care.

New social and health schemes

Since 1985, new social and health schemes such as preventive "home-visits", shared accommodation for disabled adults, contact persons and companion schemes have also been established. Since the mid-1980s, a considerable restructuring of the area concerning care of the elderly has taken place, including efforts to let the elderly stay in their own homes and more dwellings for the elderly to replace the closing down of rest homes. Today, there are 32,000 dwellings for the elderly, 13,000 dwellings in rest homes and 2,000 dwellings in sheltered housing plus 27,000 council housing for the elderly.

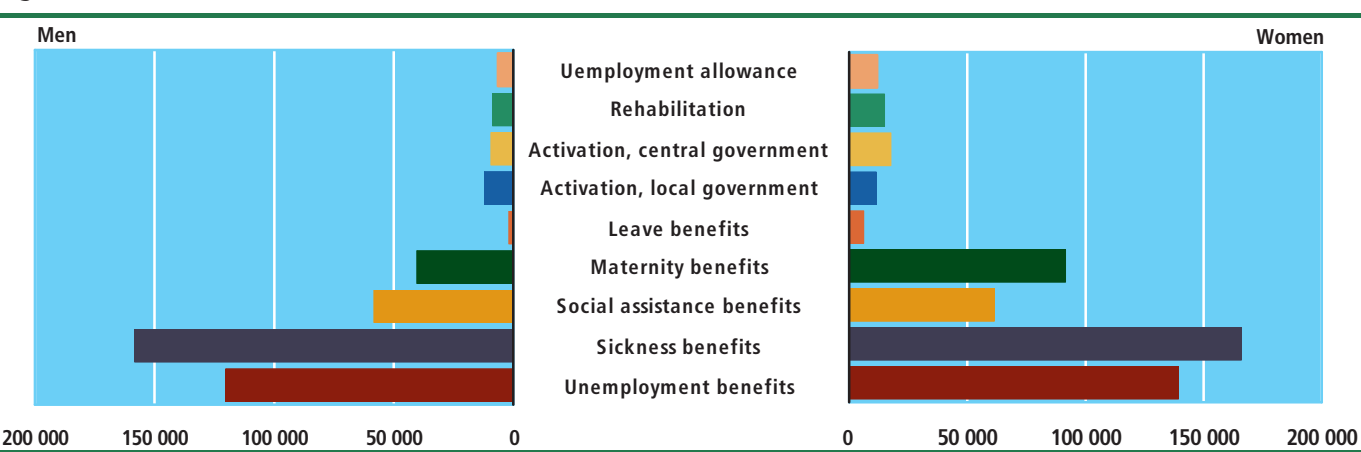
Care of the elderly

Out of 718,000 persons at the age of 66 or more in Denmark, 174,000 received home help, while 65,500 lived in residential homes, protected homes and dwellings for the elderly in March 2006. The share of the Danes living in these types of residences rises with age. It is true of 24 per cent of all persons between the age of 85 and 89 years and 42 per cent of all persons at 90 years or more.

2.2 million people receive income-substitute benefits

A total of 2.2 million people in Denmark received income-substitute benefits in 2006. The recipients are described in separate statistical tables, e.g. unemployment benefits, sickness benefits, maternity benefits, and social assistance benefits. Recipients are grouped in the most predominant category of benefit, i.e. the benefit that they have received for the longest time in a year. Benefits are divided into temporary and permanent benefits. Of the 2.2 million people who received income-substitute benefits, 951,000 were men and 1,209,000 were women.

Figure 4 Recipients of income-substitute benefits – temporary benefits. 2006

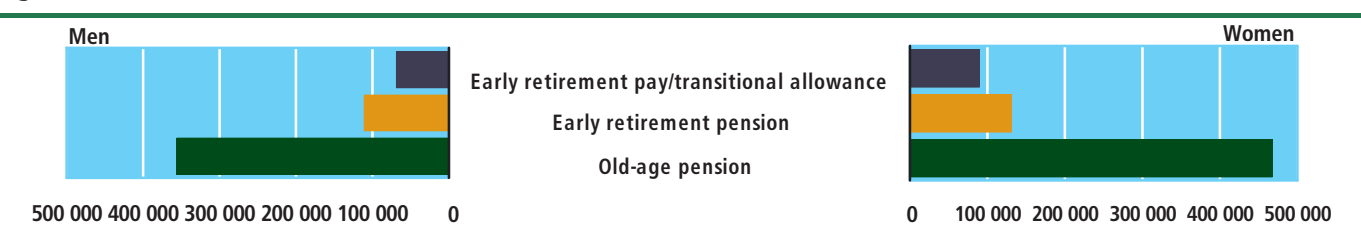


See table 158.

More women than men received income-substitute benefits

In 2006, more women than men received income-substitute benefits. With regard to the old age pension, this can be explained by the fact that 58 per cent of the population over 66 years of age were women. A substantial proportion of recipients of leave benefits and maternity benefits were also women. However, there are also many women in the group that schemes were intended to benefit.

Figure 5 Recipients of income-substitute benefits – permanent benefits. 2006



See table 158.

Supplementary subsidy schemes

With regard to the supplementary subsidy schemes, a total of 189,000 households received DKK 212 million through rent subsidies in December 2007, while 317,000 pensioner households received a total of DKK 704 million through rent allowances.

Total expenses for rent subsidies and rent allowance was respectively DKK 2.6 and 8.6 billion in 2006. 681,000 families received child benefits, of which 125,000

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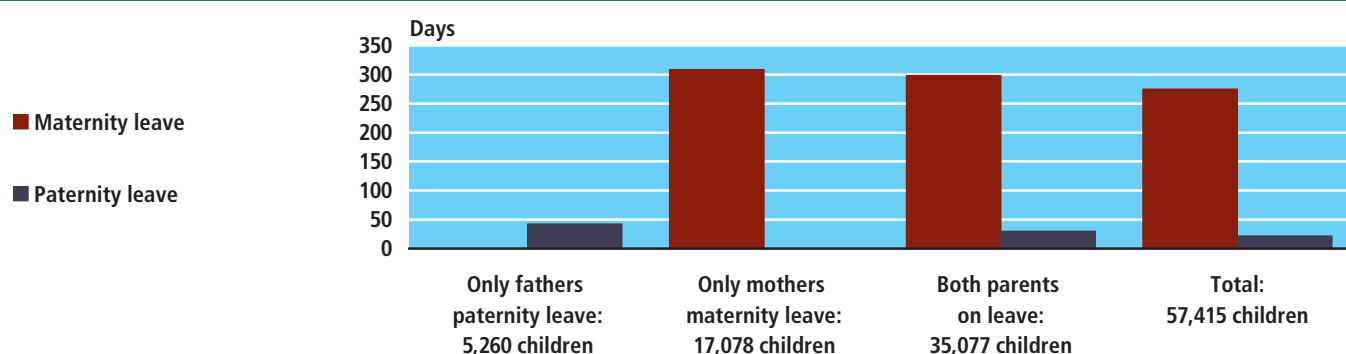
families also received one or more additional types of child subsidy in the fourth quarter of 2006. Total expenditure on child benefits was DKK 15 billion in 2006.

Parents have 297 days of maternity leave

Children born in 2006 were happy to see that their parents stayed at home to look after them for 297 days after their birth. The mothers had the major part of the maternity leave, 275 days, while the fathers had 22 days. Only economically active persons are entitled to maternity leave and to maternity benefits. Among others are, for example, students and recipients of social assistance, etc. When 17,078 children experienced that only their mother had maternity leave, this does not always mean that the father was not at home. He might not have been economically active, or he might have spent his holiday at home.

Figure 6

Maternity and paternity leave after birth. 2006



See table 162.

Child care

Day carers, day-care institutions and school-based leisure-time activities looked after a total of 533,000 children under the age of 10 in October 2007. This corresponds to 81 per cent of all children under the age of 10. The proportion of children in public organized child-care institutions was greatest for children aged 3-5. In this age group, 96 per cent of all children were looked after by day carers and day-care institutions. The proportion of children who were looked after was 66 per cent for 0-2-year-old children and 81 per cent for 6-9-year-olds. In 1997, the percentage of 0-2-year-olds who were looked after outside the home was 51 per cent, 87 per cent for 3-5-year-olds and 70 per cent for 6-9-year-olds. Only a few of the small children who were looked after were less than 1 year old – about 10,000 corresponding to 15 per cent while 85-90 per cent of the 1-2-year-olds were looked after at day carers and day-care institutions.

Children and young people receiving assistance

At the end of 2005, 29,000 children and young people received assistance. The assistance includes placements outside home and various kinds of preventive measures. The share of preventive measures has increased significantly in recent years. At the end of 2005, 16,000 children and young people were recipients of preventive measures, while there were 14,000 placements outside home. More than 90 per cent of all placements are voluntary, i.e. with consent. More than half of all preventive measures are in the form of relief stays for children and young

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people living at home, and the share of children and young people who have a permanent contact person is increasing noticeably.

2. Health

Danes have one of the lowest life expectancies in Western Europe

Life expectancy is often used to measure the state of a population's health. In Denmark, life expectancy has stagnated, but since the middle of the 1990's the trend is again positive. However, life expectancy in Denmark is still among the lowest in Western Europe. In 2006-2007, life expectancy was 76.0 years for men and 80.5 years for women.

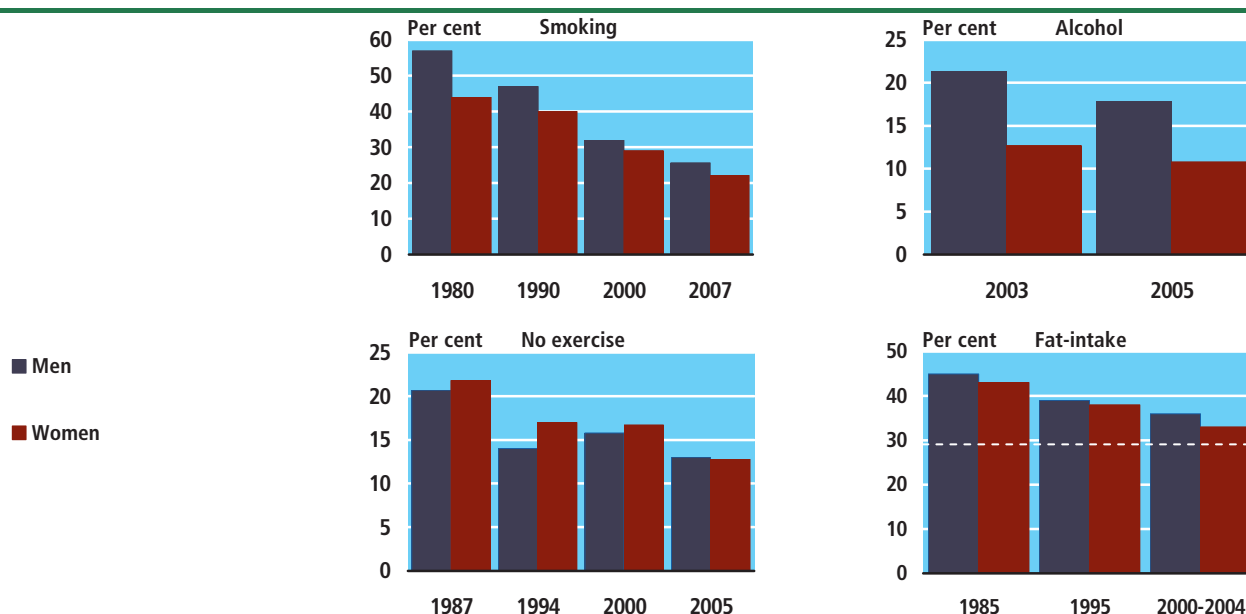
There is no simple explanation for the stagnation in the Danes' life expectancy. Researchers point to both the Danes' lifestyle with regard to smoking, alcohol, diet and physical activity, as well as general conditions of life such as size of unemployment and initiatives made by the health-care authorities.

Danes' lifestyle

The proportion of the population who are smokers has fallen from about half of the Danes in 1980 to about a fourth in 2007. During the whole period, the number of male smokers has been higher than the number of female smokers. However, this difference has diminished considerably.

Figure 7

Danes' lifestyle



Note: Alcohol shows the percentage of the population who drink more alcohol than recommended by the National Health Board (21 alcoholic units for men and 14 for women). Physical activity shows the percentage of the population who are *not* physically active in their leisure time.

Source: National Board of Health, Danish Heart Foundation, National Institute of Public Health, and Danish Institute for Food and Veterinary Research.

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It is recommended by the National Board of Health that men do not drink more than 21 alcoholic units per week and women not more than 14 units. In 2005, 18 per cent of all men and 11 per cent of all women stated that they had exceeded this limit.

In 1987, about a fifth of the population were not physically active in their leisure time. In 2005, this proportion had fallen to 13 per cent.

Experts recommend that 30 per cent of total intake of energy stems from fat. In 1985, fat represented 45 per cent of the men's and 43 per cent of the women's energy intake. In 2000-2004, the shares were reduced to 36 and 33 per cent.

Use of health services

In addition to life expectancy, health services are often used as an indirect method of measuring the health of the population. Information about the population's use of hospitals and National Health Service is stored in administrative registers in Denmark, which enables statistical analyses.

Fall in the number of hospitals

In 2005, there were 49 general and 10 psychiatric hospitals in Denmark. This means that over a 10-year period the number of general hospitals dropped by 33 and psychiatric hospitals by two. A part of the fall is due to fusions of hospitals. In 2005, there were a total of 20,100 hospital beds, of which about 1,600 were in psychiatric hospitals and about 18,500 were in general hospitals. Overall, the patients in these 18,500 beds were in hospital for 5.8 million days, corresponding to 91 per cent occupancy of hospital beds. In psychiatric hospitals, occupancy of hospital beds was 91 per cent as well. There are about 1.2 million admissions a year to the hospitals. In addition, there are about 1 million visits to emergency and 6.2 million out-patient treatments.

One out of nine is hospitalized during a year

Approximately 600,000 people or about 11 per cent of the population are hospitalized one or more times a year. The proportion of the population who have been hospitalized is lowest among 5-14-year-olds, less than 5 per cent, and increases with age. Thus, about one third of the population aged 85 and above is admitted at least once in the course of a year. The average number of days in hospital beds also increases with age: approximately 3 days for 5-14-year-olds and approximately 15 days for 85-year-olds and above.

Little boys more frequently hospitalized than girls

Boys under the age of 10 are more frequently hospitalized than girls of the same age. Especially boys are more often admitted to a hospital because of respiratory diseases compared to girls. However, this difference is equalled out when they become teenagers.

The pattern of diagnosis

The most common cause of hospitalization for women is in connection with pregnancy, births, and abortions. When hospitalization due to birth, etc., is disregarded, diseases of the circulatory system and bodily injury and poisoning are the most common causes of hospitalization. Approximately 85,000 persons are hospitalized annually due to diseases of the circulatory system and the equal number due to bodily injury, for each group corresponding to about 13 per cent of the hos-

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pitalized. However, there are marked differences between the different age groups: for example, 40 per cent of hospitalized 1-4-year-old boys and 35 per cent of 1-4-year-old girls are admitted because of respiratory diseases, and approximately 16 per cent of hospitalized 65-74-year-olds are admitted because of neoplasms.

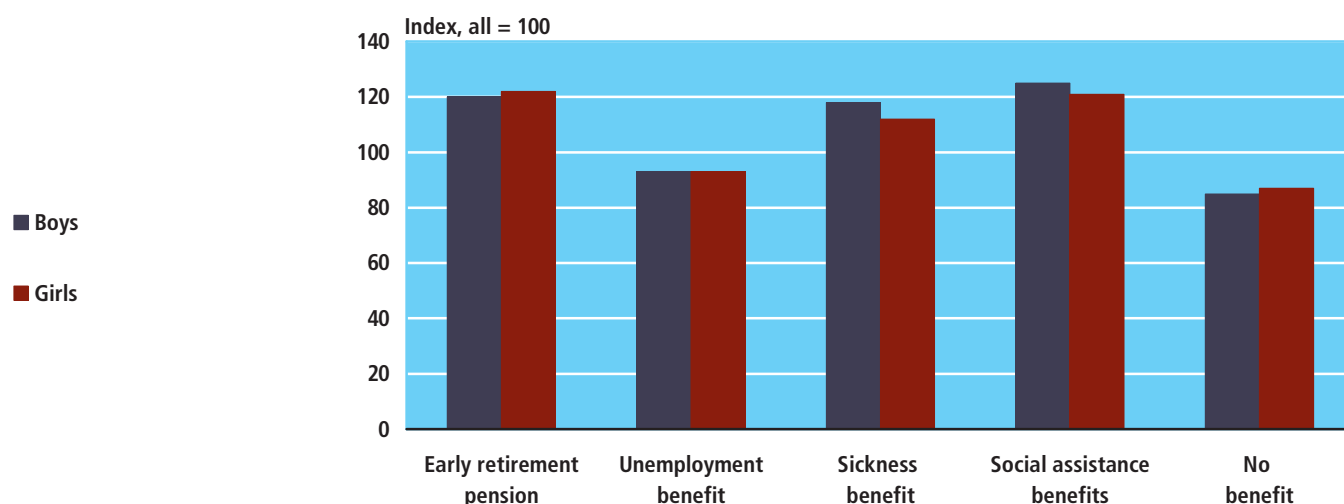
Social differences determine use of hospitals

It appears that the use of hospitals is determined by social conditions. For example, adults who have completed education at third level (long-cycle higher education) use hospitals 35 per cent less than the average person, while adults without qualification from education use hospitals approximately 20 per cent more than the average person.

Social conditions also affect children's use of hospitals. For example, boys and girls who live with families that have received social assistance benefits for at least 6 months use hospitals 25 and 21 per cent more, respectively, than the average child. As opposed to this, children who live with families that do not receive any type of social benefit use hospitals approximately 15 per cent less than the average child.

Figure 8

Frequency of hospitalization by the dominant social benefit received by the family. 2005



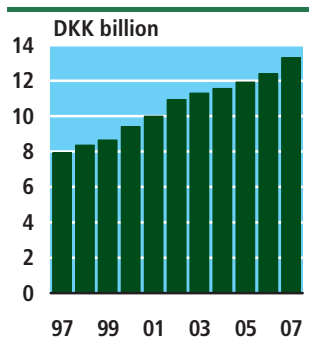
Note: Children aged 0-17.

92 per cent used the National Health Service in 2006

All persons who live in Denmark are covered by the National Health Service and can therefore receive full or some compensation for all expenses related to visits to a GP, a specialist doctor, dentist, chiropractor, chiropodist, physiotherapist, etc. Approximately 5 million people or 92 per cent of the population made use of this in 2006, and every person had contact with a GP, a specialist doctor, dentist etc. 10 times on average. Slightly more women than men received national health benefits. About 4.7 million contacted a GP and 2.6 million persons older than 17 years contacted a dentist one or more times. Both eye and ear specialists were contacted by about 0.5 million people, and chiropractors by 300,000 people.

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Figure 9
Expenditure on medication



See table 191.

Source: Danish Medicines Agency.

Expenditure on medication increases

Approximately 40 per cent of the population use medicine regularly and approximately 60 per cent have used medication within a 14-day period. More women than men use medication and the use of medication increases with age. The most commonly used types of prescription medicine are analgesic medication (pain killers), medicine for lowering blood pressure and medication for the heart.

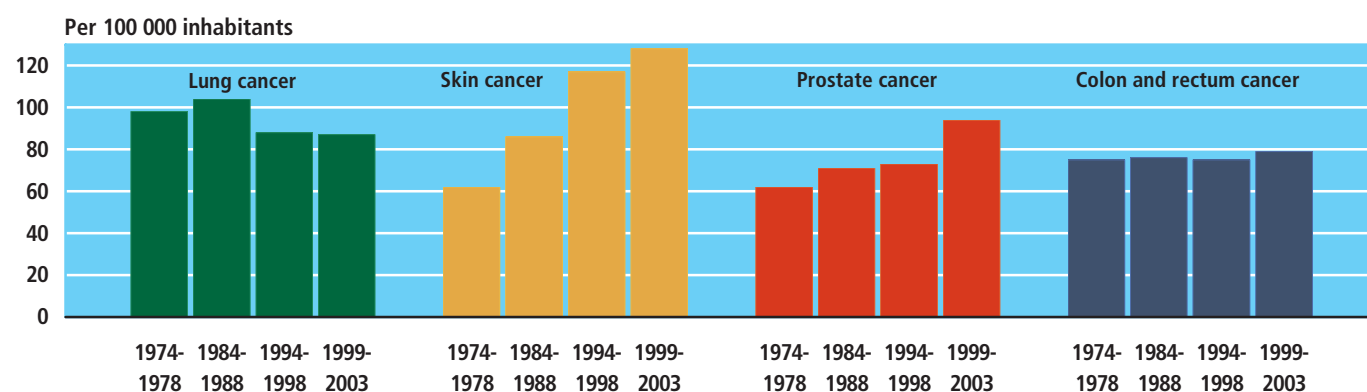
The turnover of medicine has increased steadily during the last ten years. In 1998, turnover accounted for DKK 8.4 billion and DKK 13.3 billion in 2007. This is equivalent to an increase of 58 per cent. In 2007, turnover of tranquillizers accounted for DKK 3.8 billion and drugs for the cardiovascular for DKK 2.1 billion.

Sharp increase in the number of cancer cases since the 1970s

In 2003, about 34,000 new cases of cancer were registered, and by the end of 2003 there were about 229,500 persons who lived with a cancer disease. Among the new registrations, breast cancer was the most common form of cancer among women, and cancer in the category skin cancer (excl. birthmark cancer) was the most common among men.

Figure 10

New cases of selected types of cancer among men



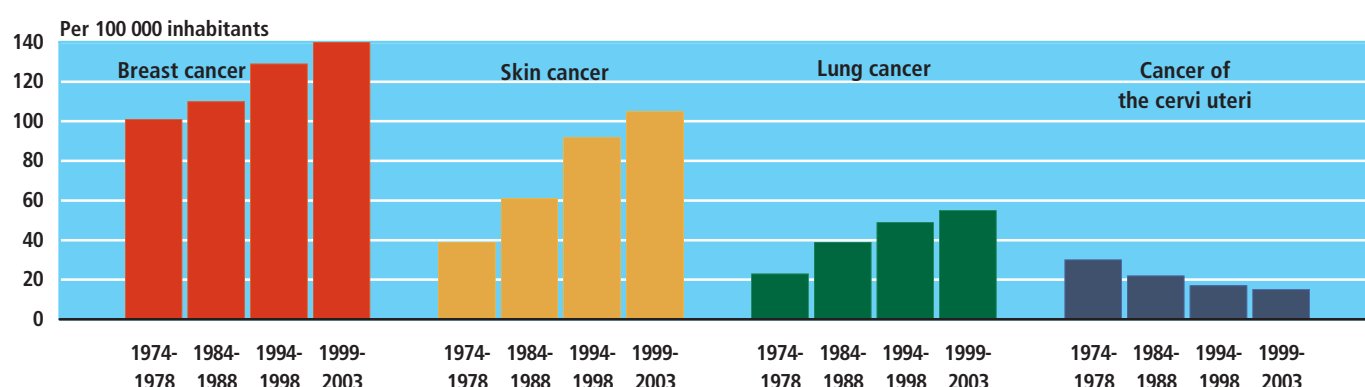
Note: The figures are calculated over a five-year period and have been standardised to comply with the Danish composition of population in 2000.

Source: National Health Board.

In the course of the last 30 years, the annual number of new incidents of cancer, measured in relation to the size and age of the population, has increased by 34 per cent for women and 24 per cent for men. Breast cancer was also the most common type of cancer among women 30 years ago. However, for men, lung cancer was the most common type of cancer.

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Figure 11 New cases of selected types of cancer among women



Note: The figures are calculated over a five-year period and have been standardised to comply with the Danish composition of population in 2000.

Source: National Health Board.

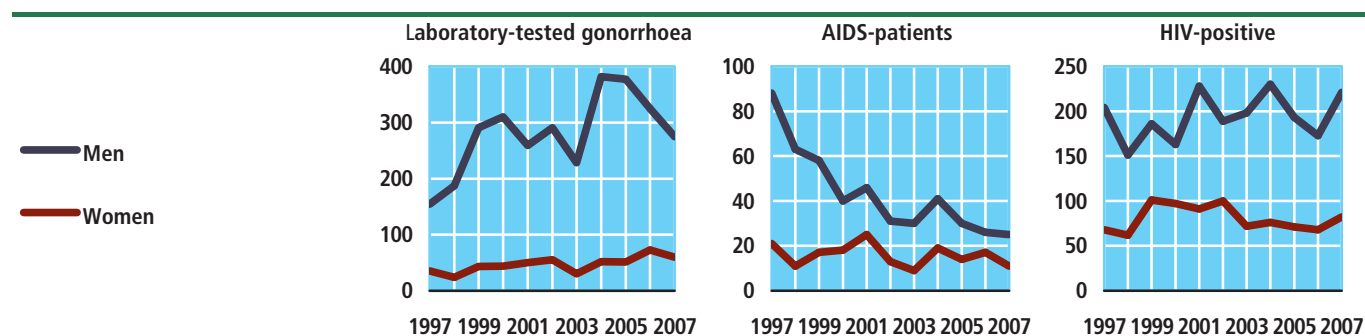
The number of AIDS patients has decreased drastically

In the period 1980-2007, a total of 2,672 people were diagnosed with AIDS. Of these, 2,002 had died by 31 December 2007. The number of diagnosed peaked in 1993 with 239 and hereafter it has generally fallen, except for an increase in 2001 and in 2004. In 2007, 36 persons were diagnosed. Registration of HIV-positive patients did not begin until August 1990. Until the end of 2007, a total of 5,072 HIV-positive people were reported. The number of HIV-positive patients has been moving up and down between 1995 and 2007.

Increase in the number of gonorrhoea cases

In 2007, the number of cases of gonorrhoea is higher than 10 years ago. The increase is primarily due to more cases among men. Men also account for by far the major part (82 per cent in 2007) of the cases. With regard to Chlamydia, it is just the opposite: approximately 63 per cent of all cases of Chlamydia are among women.

Figure 12 Trends in the number of cases of gonorrhoea and AIDS/HIV (number of cases)

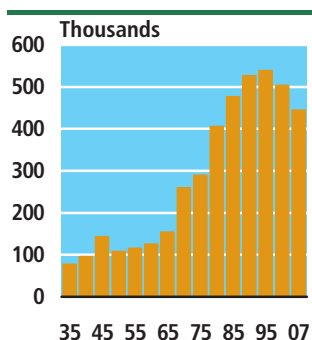


See table 184-186.

Source: State Serum Institute.

3. Justice

Figure 13
Reports under the Penal Code



See table 194.

Crime and the administration of justice

Justice includes statistics regarding crime and the administration of justice. The analyses of justice illustrate the rulings made by courts in criminal law suits and civil law suits. Crime in Denmark is analysed as both reported crimes and criminal decisions in connection with violation of either, the Penal Code, the Road Traffic Act or special acts, and the number of victims of certain offences against the Penal Code. Crime statistics cover only reported criminal offences, whereas the so-called "hidden" crimes or underreported figures (i.e. unreported criminal offences) are not compiled.

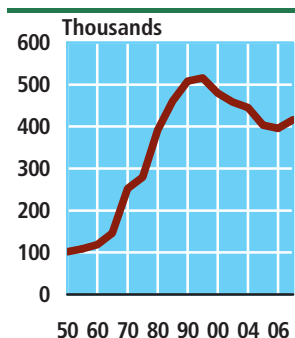
Peak in the number of reported crimes

The growth in the number of reported offences against the criminal law since 1950 have reached its peak.

From 1950 to 1994, the number of reported criminal offences has increased from about 110,000 to almost 550,000. Since then, the number of reported criminal offences has been decreasing, and in 2007 the police received 445,000 reports of crimes. In 1950, the number of reported crimes corresponded to 3,500 reports per 100,000 inhabitants (older than 15 years) compared to 12,700 reports in 1994 and 10,014 in 2007.

The large increase in reported offences is mainly due to an increase in reported offences against property and misappropriations. They comprise, for example, burglaries in shops and houses, as well as car thefts and bicycle thefts, which are typically subject to insurance contracts, where a police report is a prerequisite of claiming damages from the insurance company. The high number of burglaries and thefts should also be seen in the context of increasing wealth in society. There is a sharp increase in the possession of valuable objects, and many dwellings are left unoccupied in the daytime.

Figure 14
Reported offences against property



See table 194.

The decrease since 1994 has also occurred in the number of reported offences against property and misappropriations, where the decrease is primarily seen in the number of thefts and burglaries. The decrease in the number of stolen cars is probably due to improved theft prevention in modern cars.

Offences against property

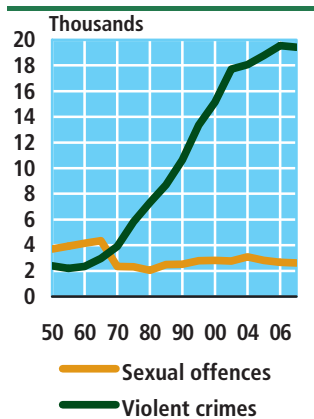
The number of reported offences against property each year makes up 90-95 per cent of the annual number of crimes reported. In 2007, 416,500 offences against property were reported, which is less compared to the first half of the 1990s, when more than 500,000 offences against property were reported every year. In 2007, there were 79,000 burglaries and 175,000 thefts, including 36,000 burglaries in houses and flats, and furthermore 16,000 car thefts and 67,000 bicycle thefts.

Violent crimes

The number of reported violent crimes (e.g. homicide, assault against the individual or public authority) has risen significantly since the Second World War, from approximately 2,400 reports in 1950 to 19,400 in 2007. Almost 60 per cent of all reported acts of violence are assault against the individual, while the remainder is

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Figure 15
Reported violent crimes
and sexual offences



See table 194.

mainly violence, etc. against public authorities (17 per cent) and threats (19 per cent).

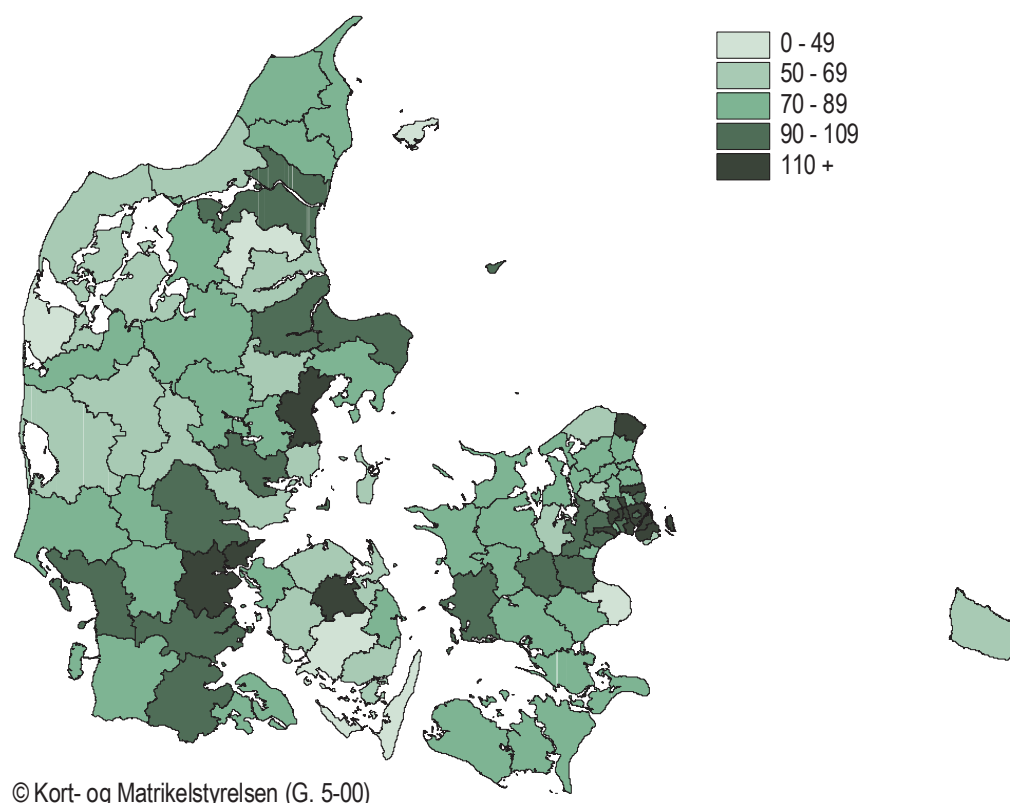
The dangerousness of violence against the individual is distributed to the following groups: *Simple violence*, *more serious violence* and *very serious violence*. In total, there were 11,635 reported offences of these kinds in 2007. Simple violence is the most common (85 per cent) and have increased by 46 per cent since 1990. In 2007, there were 232 reported homicides or attempts at homicide. In comparison the number was 234 in 1990. In 2007, 45 homicides were accomplished. Since 1990, there has been between 200 and 250 homicides or attempts at homicide on the whole.

Sexual offences

Sexual offences (e.g. rape or indecent exposure) fell in the last part of the 1960s (coinciding with the repeal of the Pornography Act), and has since then been steady at 2-3,000 reports a year with a slowly increasing tendency. 2,500 sexual offences were reported in 1990 against 2,600 in 2007. Nearly half of today's reports are of indecent exposure (47 per cent), while rape accounts for one-fifth of the sexual offences (22 per cent).

Figure 16

Reported criminal offences per 1,000 inhabitants. 2007



Regional differences in the number of reported crimes – highest number in cities and urban areas

There is no steady regional distribution of reported criminal offences in Denmark. Reported crimes are concentrated in cities and large towns and urban areas, whereas the number in rural municipalities is low – except for some municipalities

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with large summer cottage areas. There are many reported offences against property and reported violent crimes in cities and urban areas, while summer cottage areas mainly account for burglaries and thefts.

Less than every five reports leads to a charge

Charges are pressed in less than every fifth of the 450,000 reports, either against one or several people. In 2007, charges were pressed in 16 per cent of the reports. The charge rate typically varies according to how serious the crime is or its type. Thus charges are normally pressed in connection with 80 per cent of violent crimes and 70 per cent of sexual offences, while charges are only pressed in 12-13 per cent of offences against property.

Criminal decisions

Based on reports where the police have pressed charges and investigations have been closed as well as violations of the Road Traffic Act, almost 206,100 criminal decisions were made in 2006. The accused was either fined, given a prison sentence or acquitted. The number of criminal decisions is primarily due to the number of violations of the Road Traffic Act.

In 2006, a little more than 51,300 rulings concerned the Penal Code, 124,400 concerned the Road Traffic Act and the remaining 30,400 concerned the other special acts (e.g. Euphoriants Act, Police Regulations, Firearms Act or Act on Animal Welfare).

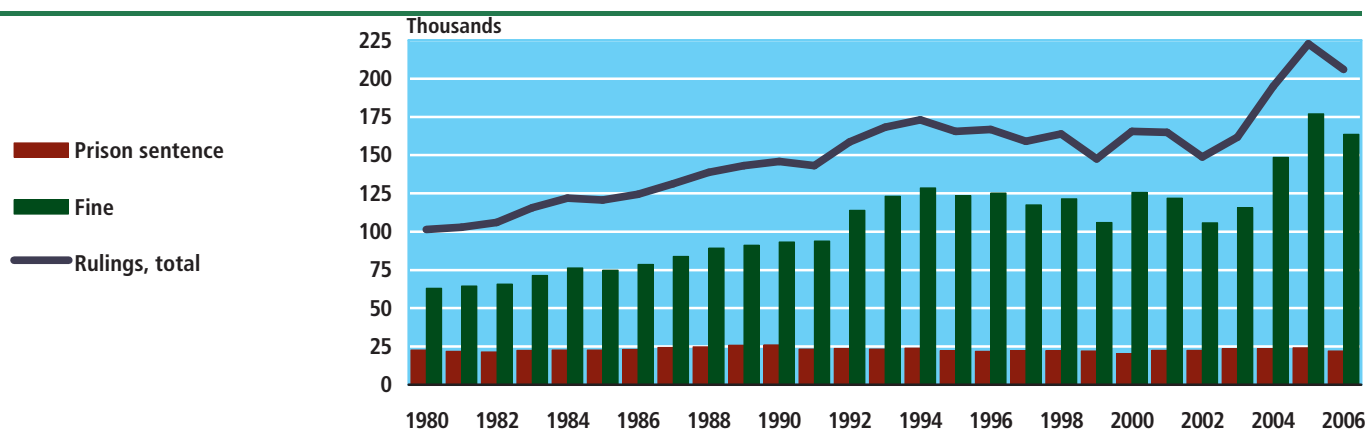
In 2006, 206,100 decisions comprised a total of 282,400 criminal offences for charges committed by almost 167,300 different individuals, i.e. a number of individuals have received more than one ruling in the course of the year, just as several decisions comprise more than one charge.

Most decisions are fines

Of the 206,100 decisions in 2006, by far most of them (163,600) were fines, of which almost three-fourths originated from violation of the Road Traffic Act. 22,100 decisions were prison sentences (lenient imprisonment or imprisonment), and the remaining 20,500 decisions include no charges, dropped charges or acquittal. 10,700 or less than half of the prison sentences were unconditional in 2006.

Figure 17

Criminal decisions, total, and convictions resulting in fine or prison sentence



See table 192, 199, 201 and 207.

By far the most male offenders

81 per cent of all criminal decisions in 2006 involve men, but the proportion of violations by women is increasing. In 2006, 17 per cent of all criminal decisions concerned women compared to 9 per cent in 1980. The proportion of violations against the Penal Code by women has increased during the same period from 15 to 17 per cent and against the Road Traffic Act from 7 to 19 per cent. A minor proportion of the decisions (2 per cent) are against enterprises (such as violations of environmental acts).

Increase in the number of women convicted of violent crimes

Since 1990, the number of women committing violent crimes has tripled from 329 to 1,211 in 2006. The increase is greatest for women in the age group 15-19 years, where the number has become seven times as great since 1990. The 15-19-year-olds also constituted nearly a third of the decisions, and 48 per cent or close to half were below the age of 25 years. Common assault and grievous assault account for the largest increase, but assault against public authority and threats have also risen. Furthermore, the number of women sentenced to imprisonment in connection with convictions of violent crimes has quadrupled since 1990 – a total of 522 in 2006. A little more than one fourth was sentenced to prison.

Most violent crimes are committed by young men

In 2006, the average age of offenders was almost 35 years – for men 35 years and women 38 years – but there are variations among the different criminal offences. The lowest average age is that of violent criminals who are 29 years. About one fifth of all violent crimes are committed by young men under 20 years – all in all 90 per cent of crimes of violence is committed by men.

The average age of persons committing sexual offences is somewhat higher and was 36 years in 2006. Similarly, the average age of persons committing financial crimes was higher. The average age of persons having committed fraud against creditors, gross tax fraud, etc. or offences against legislation relating to taxation and excise duties ranged between 41 and 44 years.

Almost every second person sentenced to prison has previously received a prison sentence

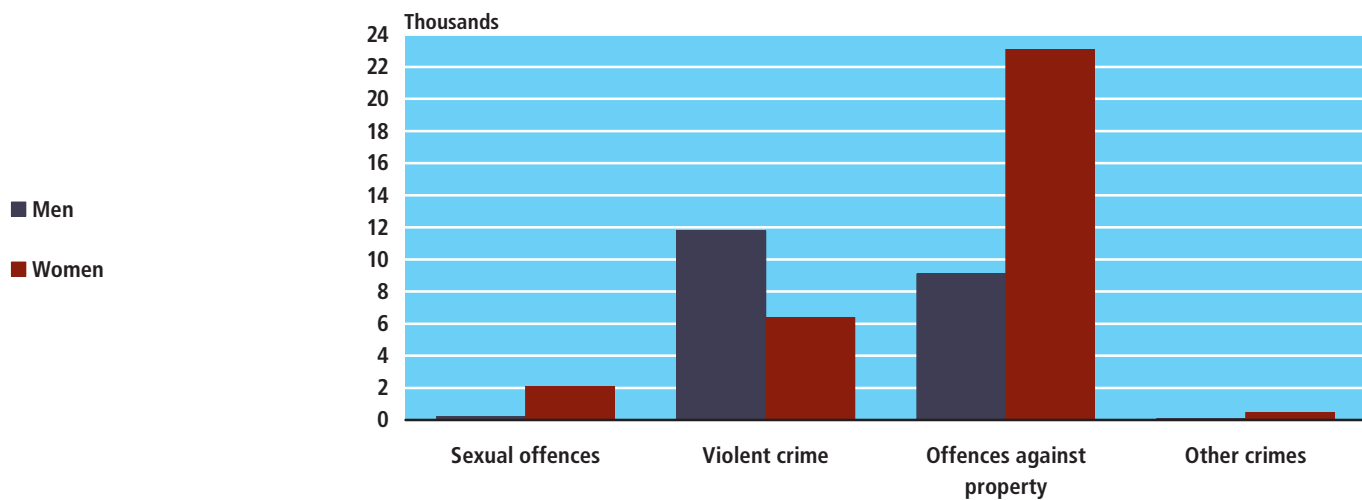
Of the 19,600 persons sentenced to prison in 2006, 45 per cent or almost half of them had previously received a prison sentence within the last five years. Of the 8,900 persons previously sentenced to prison in 2006, two thirds had previously received a prison sentence within the last two years.

Victims of criminal offences against the Penal Code

In 2007, almost 90 per cent of all victims of sexual offences were women, while nearly all sexual offences were committed by men. In contrast, one third of all victims of violent crimes were women, but also here 90 per cent of the offences were committed by men.

The average age of the female victims of sexual offences was 20 years, and 14 per cent were less than 10 years. The average age of victims of violence was older. Male victims were in average 30 years and female victims were in average 32 years. One per cent of the victims were less than 10 years, and less than one per cent were more than 70 years.

Figure 18 Victims of violations against the Penal Code. 2007



See table 195.

Table 152

Welfare institutions for children and young people. 2007

	Number of institutions	Number of clients	Staff ¹
Day-care institutions	7 398	638 569	97 332
Day-care	•	66 007	20 652
Nurseries	361	13 339	6 057
Kindergartens	2 083	98 682	18 524
Age-integrated institutions	2 206	144 106	28 300
Outside school hours care	1 885	222 354	15 123
Recreation centres	243	20 398	3 749
Clubs	601	73 382	4 834
Playgroups	19	301	93

Note: The data relates to October 2007.

¹ Figures for October 2006. Converted to full-time employees, 37 hours per week.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/pas22

Table 153

Welfare institutions and services for elderly people. 2007

	Number of institutions	Number of clients		Staff ¹
		Users	Residents	
Total	1 167	30 109²	85 012	99 643
Measures for elderly people etc.	•	•	•	99 643 ³
Permanent home help	•	... ²	...	...
Residential nursing homes	351	•	12 235	...
Sheltered dwellings	96	•	2 242	...
Nursing dwellings	•	•	31 081	...
General dwellings for elderly persons	•	•	29 211	...
Other dwellings for elderly people	•	•	10 243	...
Day-care centres	720	30 109 ⁴	•	...

¹ Converted to full-time employees, 37 hours per week. ² Figures about permanent home help for 2007 are not available.

³ Includes staff in integrated schemes, homehelp, district nurses, nursing homes, protected dwellings, accommodation for the elderly, day-care centres, preventative care at home, and general care, social education assistance and other treatment schemes. ⁴ Includes users at combined nursing and day homes.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/05

Table 154

Welfare institutions and services for adults. 2006

	Number of institutions	Number of clients		Staff ¹
		Users	Residents	
Total	533	32 968	22 214	24 713
Socio-pedagogical assistance and treatment	•	16 833	•	...
Residence schemes for people with special needs	•	502	6 022	4 225
Residence schemes for disabled people	433	588	11 270	17 295
Reception centres, etc.	100	1 136	2 461	1 942
Contact persons and companion schemes	•	13 909	•	1 251

¹ Converted to full-time employees, 37 hours per week.


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/05

Table 155

Social welfare expenditure

	In cash		In kind ¹		Total	
	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006
DKK mio.						
Social protection expenditure, total	276 051	276 052	178 137	188 716	467 255	477 624
Administration²	•	•	•	•	13 069	12 856
Sickness	14 996	16 046	79 128	84 117	94 124	100 163
Sick day benefits paid by employers	3 510	3 731	-	-	3 510	3 731
Sick day benefits paid by municipalities	11 046	11 884	-	-	11 046	11 884
Health insurance schemes	-	-	12 523	13 283	12 523	13 283
Hospitals and health authorities	-	-	58 365	62 005	58 365	62 005
Pharmaceutical products	-	-	6 474	6 864	6 474	6 864
Other	440	432	1 766	1 965	2 206	2 397
Disabilities and rehabilitation	45 795	48 043	19 704	21 185	65 498	69 228
Early retirement pension	27 655	28 530	-	-	27 655	28 530
Other	18 140	19 512	19 704	21 185	37 843	40 698
Old age	142 171	145 759	28 203	30 047	170 374	175 806
Old age, early retirement, and partial pensions	77 134	82 641	-	-	77 134	82 641
Early retirement pay etc.	23 457	21 012	-	-	23 457	21 012
Labour market supplementary pension and SP	6 657	7 642	-	-	6 657	7 642
Civil servants earned pensions ³	18 436	18 973	-	-	18 436	18 973
Labour market pensions ⁴	16 463	15 467	-	-	16 463	15 467
Residential institutions for pensioners and home help, etc. ⁵	24	24	28 203	30 047	28 227	30 071
Survivors	1	1	133	132	134	133
Families and children	23 958	24 429	34 770	36 591	58 728	61 020
Benefits received during pregnancy and in connection with childbirth	8 374	8 574	-	-	8 374	8 574
Parental leave	312	296	-	-	312	296
Family/young persons' allowance and child cheque	14 990	15 171	-	-	14 990	15 171
Advance payments of child maintenance	282	388	-	-	282	388
Day institutions, day care	-	-	24 170	25 357	24 170	25 357
Residential institutions	-	-	10 585	11 219	10 585	11 219
Other	-	-	15	15	15	15
Unemployment	37 338	31 824	1 619	1 635	38 956	33 459
Unemployment benefit	20 405	15 955	-	-	20 405	15 955
Educational leave	-	-	-	-	-	-
Activation	16 933	15 869	1 619	1 635	18 551	17 504
Housing	-	-	10 916	11 217	10 916	11 217
Rent subsidies	-	-	2 590	2 604	2 590	2 604
Pensioners' rent subsidies	-	-	8 323	8 606	8 323	8 606
Other	-	-	3	8	3	8
Other social protection benefits	11 792	9 949	3 664	3 793	15 456	13 742
Social assistance	10 250	8 618	-	-	10 250	8 618
Danish Employees' Guarantee Fund	295	211	-	-	295	211
Other	1 247	1 120	3 664	3 793	4 911	4 913
Sociale ydelser i alt	276 051	276 052	178 137	188 716	454 186	464 768

Note: Social expenditure is calculated according to a system for comparison of social expenditure between EU countries.

¹ According to Eurostat's definition a benefit in kind is a social security benefit allotted as goods or services - a benefit in kind may be allotted directly or as cash payment, i.e. reimbursement against documentation of the actual expenses. ² Administration expenditure is separated from current expenditure as far as possible, and gathered as one item. ³ Includes state and municipality civil servant pensions and state supplementary payments to retiring civil servants. ⁴ I.e. pension funds and life insurance companies under the Danish Financial Supervisory Authority. ⁵ Including care and home help for pensioners.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/udg1

Table 156

Cash rates for social security benefits

	1/10 2006	1/10 2007
Family allowances	DKK/quarter	
Ordinary, maximum per child	1 081	1 107
Special; orphans	5 520	5 652
Special; children of widows/widowers, etc.	2 760	2 826
Extra; maximum per family	1 100	1 126
Multiple births benefits	1 780	1 823
Family-allowance, per child 0-2 years	3 410	3 473
Family-allowance, per child 3-6 years	3 081	3 138
Family allowance, per child 7-17 years	2 424	2 469
Child maintenance	DKK/year	
Payable by the father or the mother	11 040	11 304
Daily benefits	DKK/week (7 days)	
Sickness, childbirth, adoption, max.	3 332	3 415
	DKK/week (5 days)	
Unemployment benefit, maximum		
Full-time insured	3 335	3 415
Part-time insured	2 225	2 275
First job seekers, full-time	2 735	2 800
The new early retirement pay (for persons born after 1.7.1939)	DKK/year	
Start at age 60 = 91% of the maximum day benefit amount	157 820	161 720
Start at age 62 = maximum day benefit amount	173 420	177 580
Social pensions	DKK/month	
Married couple, both pensioners, benefit to each spouse:		
Basic payment, maximum	4 836	4 952
Pension supplement, maximum	2 273	2 328
Disability amount	2 352	2 408
Work incapacity amount when both are entitled	3 247	3 325
Single or married persons when only one spouse is a pensioner:		
Basic payment, maximum	4 836	4 952
Pension supplement, maximum	2 273	2 328
Pension supplement, single in reality	4 868	4 985
Disability amount	2 352	2 408
Work incapacity amount	3 247	3 325
Partial pension, maximum 30 hours/week	9 600	9 839
Total pension benefit, maximum		
Maximum early retirement pension:		
Married couple, both entitled, benefit to each spouse	12 708	13 013
Others	15 303	15 670
New early retirement pension (from 1.1.2003):		
Married couple	12 287	12 582
Others	14 456	14 803
Old-age pension benefit:		
Married couple, both entitled, benefit to each spouse	7 109	7 280
Others	9 704	9 937
Funeral help	DKK	
Funeral assistance, section 16 (maximum)	8 400	8 600
Persons under 18 years (maximum)	7 050	7 200

¹ Daily cash benefits amount to 90 per cent of the previous salary or income, but up to a maximum of the amount stated.

Source: Ministry of Social Welfare.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/05

Table 157

Transfer payments. 2006

	18-24 years	25-39 years	40-59 years	60-64 years	65-66 years	67 years +	Total	Average amount paid
	number of persons							DKK
Total	95 088	447 802	532 905	236 437	107 332	740 252	2 159 816	83 409
Men	48 681	185 066	244 023	106 325	51 569	315 399	951 063	77 296
Women	46 407	262 736	288 882	130 112	55 763	424 853	1 208 753	88 201
	per cent							
Per cent of the population in the age-group	22.8	41.1	34.9	64.9	14.0	100.0	50.5	•

¹ Incl. 17,462 persons receiving unknown amounts or no payments at all. These figures are not included in calculations of the average amount paid.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/sam11 and [sam22](http://www.statbank.dk/sam22)

Table 158

Transfer payments by type of benefit. 2006

	18-24 years	25-39 years	40-59 years	60-64 years	65-66 years	67 years +	Total
	number of whole-year recipients						
Total	35 115	208 511	304 553	203 169	100 198	734 107	1 585 654
Principal benefit:							
Temporary, total	31 367	180 637	162 124	15 353	430	1 276	391 187
Unemployment benefit	6 005	39 956	52 729	7 761	33	•	106 483
Sickness benefit	3 151	21 637	45 473	4 477	186	40	74 964
Maternity benefit	2 483	50 841	3 108	1	•	-	56 433
Cash benefit	13 679	35 797	31 260	2 090	200	1 235	84 262
Rehabilitation	2 313	11 042	6 033	42	•	•	19 429
Local government employment scheme	3 144	7 192	4 815	226	•	•	15 377
Activation from Public Employment							
Service	495	9 543	8 988	365	2	•	19 392
Leave benefits	•	2 006	953	2	•	•	2 961
Unemployment allowance	99	2 624	8 765	389	8	-	11 885
Permanent, total	3 747	27 874	142 430	187 816	99 768	732 831	1 194 467
Old-age pension	•	•	•	•	79 127	732 686	811 813
Early retirement pension	3 747	27 784	142 430	58 991	4 944	13	237 999
Early retirement pay/ transitional allowances	•	•	•	128 825	15 698	132	144 655
	per cent						
Per cent of the population in the agegroup	8.4	19.1	19.9	55.8	91.6	95.5	37.1

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/sam77

Table 159

Children and young persons receiving assistance under the Social Assistance Act. 2005

	Number by age group				Males	Females	Total
	0-6 years	7-14 years	15-17 years	18 years +			
31 December							
Total number receiving assistance, (net)	3 309	12 924	10 147	2 599	16 678	12 324	29 002
Placement outside home	1 525	6 078	4 847	1 451	7 772	6 129	13 901
By warranty:							
With consent	1 200	5 441	4 623	1 421	7 143	5 542	12 685
Without consent	320	629	212	30	615	576	1 191
Temporary placement	1	3	3	-	4	3	7
Prolonging of placement period	4	5	9	-	10	8	18
By kind of place:							
Private family	1 234	3 460	1 267	439	3 388	3 012	6 400
Residential institution	249	1 538	1 194	250	1 926	1 305	3 231
Socio-educational residence	33	894	1 251	365	1 609	934	2 543
Municipal full-time facility	-	147	550	80	38	36	777
Boarding school, etc.	-	5	527	297	443	334	829
Own room, etc.	7	20	35	12	332	497	74
Other ¹ and not stated	2	15	23	8	36	11	48
Preventive measures	1 810	7 058	5 727	1 299	9 338	6 556	15 894
Appointment of personal adviser	14	293	466	170	559	384	943
Permanent contact person	92	1 182	1 494	625	2 171	1 222	3 393
Relief stays for children/young people with residence at home	1 713	5 250	998	64	4 716	3 309	8 025
Economical support for stays at boarding school, etc.	3	462	2 693	96	1 671	1 583	3 254
Arrangement for a trainee period	-	53	338	129	371	149	520
Establishment of a phasing-out plan in the care facility	1	24	140	295	294	166	460

¹ In a hospital or placed on board a ship.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/bis2, [bis4](http://www.statbank.dk/bis4) and [bis9](http://www.statbank.dk/bis9)

Table 160

Family allowances. 4th quarter 2007

	Number of families	Number of children	Payments in DKK thousands	Average payments per family in DKK
Family allowances, total¹	684 760	1 200 400	3 805 898	5 558
Family allowances, all families	684 684 ²	1 200 323	3 313 583	4 840
Ordinary family allowances	125 879	193 830	214 545	1 704
Additional family allowances	124 363	•	140 046	1 126
Special family allowances	28 066	40 901	120 388	4 289
Multiple birth family allowances	9 346	18 166	17 335	1 855

¹ Total number of families and children has been calculated net, i.e. as the number who received one or more types of allowance. ² The lower total number of family allowances is because some persons receiving benefits are not liable to pay taxes, because they live abroad, or, if the recipient is the father, he must apply.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/bts4, [bts5](http://www.statbank.dk/bts5) and [bts6](http://www.statbank.dk/bts6)

Table 161

Child maintenance. 2006

	Children total ¹	Number of parents entitled to benefits	Disbursed by local government	Received by local authorities from persons liable to pay child maintenance	Local authorities claims outstanding at end of year ²
	number		DKK mio.		
Denmark, total	163 730	110 417	1 797.3	1 531.3	3 953.6
The Capital Region of Denmark	44 108	30 686	490.7	428.3	1 214.7
Region Zealand	29 953	20 340	325.6	282.1	595.1
Region South Denmark	36 492	24 264	401.3	334.4	889.2
Region Central Jutland	35 440	23 258	386.3	321.2	863.3
Region North Jutland	17 737	11 869	193.5	165.3	391.3
Province Copenhagen Town	16 935	11 685	189.9	187.3	610.3
Province Copenhagen Suburbs	14 891	10 426	163.4	131.9	341.1
Province North Zealand	10 833	7 575	120.0	94.0	230.3
Province Bornholm	1 449	1 000	17.4	15.2	33.1
Province East Zealand	6 957	4 790	76.8	60.3	127.7
Province West and South Zealand	22 996	15 550	248.8	221.8	467.4
Province Funen	14 806	9 966	166.8	139.1	391.4
Province South Jutland	21 686	14 298	234.5	195.3	497.7
Province East Jutland	23 124	15 294	253.9	209.1	625.6
Province West Jutland	12 316	7 964	132.4	112.1	237.6
Province North Jutland	17 737	11 869	193.5	165.3	391.3

¹ Age at end of year. ² In addition to advance payments of child maintenance, claims outstanding at the end of the year also include other types of payment (e.g. alimony and education payments) as these amounts cannot be separated.

For further information visit <http://www.statbank.dk/bidrag11> and [bidrag22](http://www.statbank.dk/bidrag22)

Table 162

Maternity and paternity leave in 2006-2007 shared between the father and mother - children born in 2006

	Number of children, total	Average number of days per child		
		Father's leave	Mother's leave	Total leave
All children	57 415	22	275	297
0-2 weeks per child	3 292	13	0	14
3-16 weeks per child	1 826	48	13	61
17-30 weeks per child	2 410	29	149	178
31-40 weeks per child	6 996	24	230	254
41-47 weeks per child	17 060	13	303	316
48 weeks per child	16 221	26	310	336
49-78 weeks per child	9 152	27	366	392
79 weeks + per child	458	38	566	604

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/socdag1 and [socdag10](http://www.statbank.dk/socdag10)

Table 163

Child care. 2007

	Number by age group					Number per 100 in the respective age groups				
	0-2 years	3-5 years	6-9 years	10-13 years	Total ¹	0-2 years	3-5 years	6-9 years	10-13 years	Total
Total	128 094	187 621	217 790	29 532	563 037	65.6	96.1	81.3	10.5	59.9
Day-care	65 495	512	..	..	66 007	33.6	0.3	..	..	7.0
Nurseries	13 218	121	..	..	13 339	6.8	0.1	..	..	1.4
Kindergartens	4 863	91 586	2 233	..	98 682	2.5	46.9	0.8	..	10.5
Age-integrated institutions	44 433	85 188	12 666	1 654	143 941	22.8	43.6	4.7	0.6	15.3
Outside school-hours care	85	9 506	184 990	26 357	220 938	..	4.9	69.1	9.3	23.5
Recreation centres	..	708	17 901	1 521	20 130	..	0.4	6.7	0.5	2.1

Note: The data relates to October 2007.

¹ Not included are 1,770 children older than 13 years.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/pas11 and [bef1a07](#)

Table 164

Rates of child care

	2006	2007	2008
	DKK per year		
Municipal day-care (0-2 years)	22 463	23 630	24 535
Municipal day-care (3-5 years)	13 453	22 091	23 448
Day nurseries	30 358	31 427	31 836
Kindergartens (3-5 years)	20 421	16 514	16 918
Age-integrated institutions (0-2 years)	29 049	30 116	31 173
Age-integrated institutions (3-5 years)	20 609	17 118	17 571
Age-integrated institutions (6-9 years)	14 394	14 125	12 976
Outside school-hours care (6-9 years)	14 952	15 402	15 976
Outs. school-hours care (10-13 years)	11 548	11 168	10 481
Recreation centres (6-9 years)	14 675	14 341	12 665
Recreation centres (10-13 years)	4 863	5 789	5 189
Youth club (14-18 years)	804	1 383	1 289

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/res8 and [res88](#)

Table 165

Measures for elderly people. 2007

	Number by age group					Number per 100 persons in the respective age groups				
	Under 67 years	67-79 years	80-89 years	90 years +	Total	Under 67 years ¹	67-79 years	80-89 years	90 years +	Total
Total	9 133	19 109	31 830	14 697	74 769	0.6	3.8	16.8	41.4	3.3
Nursing homes	830	2 557	5 476	3 372	12 235	0.1	0.5	2.9	9.5	0.5
Protected dwellings	383	512	866	481	2 242	0.0	0.1	0.5	1.4	0.1
Nursing dwellings	2 710	6 948	14 018	7 405	31 081	0.2	1.4	7.4	20.9	1.4
General dwellings for elderly persons	5 210	9 092	11 470	3 439	29 211	0.3	1.8	6.1	9.7	1.3

¹ Calculated for the 45-66 year age group.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/res6b and [bef1a](#)

Table 166

Persons receiving cash benefits under the Social Assistance Act, 2006

	Age of recipient ¹					Marital status			Total persons incl. not known
	Under 18 years	18-24 years	25-39 years	40-67 years	68 years +	Co-habiting spouses	Other ²	Of whom single women with children	
	number of persons								
Recipients of cash benefits total, net ³	33 517	41 241	106 135	96 836	1 387	83 117	195 999	33 645	282 521
Maintenance benefits, total	3 736	32 670	67 329	54 993	1 171	29 862	130 037	21 350	161 996
Maintenance benefits, breadwinners	387	7 273	44 376	29 945	27	24 138	57 870	20 805	82 958
Maintenance benefits, non-breadwinners	192	2 174	23 531	25 759	63	5 164	46 555	1 211	52 529
Maintenance benefits, persons without social pension or refugees ⁴	1	16	103	1 011	1 105	973	1 263	69	2 335
Assistance for young people	3 268	26 001	2 374	122	3	432	31 336	355	32 064
Special assistance	16	283	6 584	10 820	13	1 039	16 677	995	17 964
Assistance to refugees	105	5	8	4	-	4	118	-	123
Rehabilitation, etc., total	497	5 334	23 823	21 243	2	16 842	34 057	5 902	51 172
Rehabilitation benefits	45	1 274	12 120	6 512	-	6 671	13 280	2 717	20 031
Rehabilitation connected to enterprise-rehabilitation	16	639	4 724	4 031	-	3 349	6 061	1 142	9 458
Support for special expenditure and extra costs of accommodation during rehabilitation	286	3 549	16 613	15 787	2	12 629	23 608	4 028	36 433
Cash benefits during pre-rehabilitation	288	2 283	2 391	1 555	-	636	5 881	788	6 541
Pay subsidies in training or education	21	21	151	94	-	116	171	31	292
Wage supplement connected to enterprise-rehabilitation	2	127	889	710	-	697	1 031	152	1 735
Subsidies for own enterprise	-	1	16	26	-	19	24	4	43
Subsidies for tools and equipment	5	94	359	487	-	331	614	89	952
Assistance to refugees	3	-	1	3	-	3	4	-	7
Activated recipients of cash benefits, total	1 631	19 427	38 374	27 951	5	14 927	72 461	12 512	88 150
Specific benefits, total	30 363	12 837	36 228	37 612	484	42 383	75 141	15 599	118 980
Assistance for expenses in connection with parents' visiting rights, etc.	107	84	1 091	1 063	8	152	2 201	198	2 379
Assistance for medical treatment, etc.	593	4 884	11 992	13 317	304	6 106	24 984	4 971	31 470
Assistance for individual expenses	908	7 786	15 346	11 449	87	3 444	32 132	7 141	36 262
Benefits for children with reduced abilities	28 639	241	1 382	1 545	40	18 272	13 575	2 936	32 097
Assistance for adults with reduced abilities	404	1 859	4 044	7 012	71	5 591	7 799	577	13 600
Lost income due to care for children with reduced abilities	1 250	61	7 449	7 665	1	11 265	5 161	1 995	16 488
Assistance for surviving dependants	-	-	23	410	34	2	465	50	476
Special assistance for refugees	184	11	48	32	-	140	135	24	282

¹ Age at 31 December in the year of measurement. ² Includes all persons who are not married, i.e. single persons, cohabiting couples, couples living in consensual union, and children under 18 not living at home. ³ The figure is less than the sum of individual benefits as the same person can receive several benefits.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/kh1r

Table 167

Persons receiving benefits. 2006

	Number of recipients	All-year recipients	Average number of months receiving assistance per recipient	Average benefits paid per month	Benefits, total
	persons		months	DKK	DKK mio.
Financial assistance	213 260	132 569	7.3	10 479	16 670
Maintenance assistance, etc.	161 996	82 254	6.0	9 201	9 082
Of which: breadwinners	82 958	44 620	6.4	10 589	5 670
non-breadwinners	52 529	26 372	5.9	8 233	2 605
young people	32 064	9 405	3.4	4 630	523
Education assistance, etc.	51 172	24 632	5.7	13 454	3 977
Of which: Rehabilitation benefits	27 956	17 332	7.0	13 943	2 900
Recipients of cash benefits participating in training programmes	88 150	35 485	4.6	8 480	3 611

Note: Assistance includes maintenance, etc., education grants, etc., and cash benefits recipients in activation.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/kh1r

Table 168

Rent subsidies

	Number of households receiving rent subsidy		Rent subsidies paid		Rent subsidy paid per household	
December	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007
	Number		DKK thousands		DKK	
Rent subsidies, total	536 323	525 973	926 891	943 674	1 728	1 794
Rent subsidies to non-pensioners	196 748	188 675	217 123	211 866	1 104	1 123
Ordinary	195 195	187 453	215 566	210 709	1 104	1 124
Re-housing / improvements	1 452	1 113	1 433	1 029	987	925
Collective housing	101	109	124	128	1 228	1 174
Rent subsidies to pensioners	323 919	317 487	688 291	704 153	2 125	2 218
Tenants, total	293 704	288 266	656 515	671 875	2 235	2 331
Ordinary flats	238 543	231 881	485 981	490 272	2 037	2 114
Old peoples' housing	55 161	56 385	170 534	181 603	3 092	3 221
Owner-occupiers	1 462	1 226	1 956	1 687	1 338	1 376
Occupants in flats jointly owned by the occupants	27 970	27 274	28 416	29 175	1 016	1 070
Collective housing	783	721	1 404	1 416	1 793	1 964
Rent subsidy to new early retirement pensioners¹	15 656	19 811	21 477	27 655	1 372	1 396

¹ Rent subsidy to early retirement pensioners and persons with serious physical handicap, who are new recipients of rent subsidy after the early retirement pension reform as of January 2003.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/05

Table 169

Benefits during sickness or in connection with childbirth. 2007

	Expenditure, total ¹	Weeks in which benefits were received ²	Men	Women	Total
	DKK mio.	thousands	number of persons ³		
Total	23 102	7 588	264 418	342 851	601 098
Sickness, total	14 011	4 606	215 351	253 002	468 353
Employees, total	13 295	4 336	195 213	242 940	438 153
The first 14/15 days	1 284	339	113 667	122 285	235 952
After 14/15 days	12 011	3 998	121 361	166 915	288 276
Self-employed, total	716	269	20 600	10 429	31 029
The first two weeks	171	53	16 305	8 315	24 620
After two weeks	545	216	12 274	5 472	17 746
Pregnancy, birth or adoption, total	9 091	2 982	49 067	103 548	152 615
Pregnancy	1 410	431		60 547	60 547
Birth, adoption	7 681	2 551	49 067	97 507	146 574

¹ Includes all payments in the year, i.e. both closed cases and cases in progress at the end of the year. ² A benefits week covers payment to one person for seven calendar days, irrespective of the number of working days. ³ The number of persons is calculated net, i.e. a person transferring from one type of absence to another within a group is only counted once. Persons, who have received sick-day and birth benefits, are counted twice ⁴ Cases where the public sector has taken over the obligations of the employer to pay sickness benefit. In other cases the employer must pay sickness benefit (the employer period) for the first two weeks. ⁵ Especially self-employed with a voluntary insurance.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/socdag11

Table 170

Recipients of old age pensions. 2007

1 January	Basic payment			Total
	Full amount	Reduced amount	No amount ¹	
	number of persons			
Recipients, total	788 652	40 500	6 483	835 635
65-69 years	230 925	16 858	2 168	249 951
70-79 years	339 853	18 078	3 075	361 006
80-89 years	183 581	5 173	1 092	189 846
90 years +	34 293	391	148	34 832
Men, total	336 989	21 342	3 193	361 524
65-69 years	109 289	9 441	1 061	119 791
70-79 years	152 929	9 558	1 579	164 066
80-89 years	66 365	2 218	491	69 074
90 years +	8 406	125	62	8 593
Women, total	451 663	19 158	3 290	474 111
65-69 years	121 636	7 417	1 107	130 160
70-79 years	186 924	8 520	1 496	196 940
80-89 years	117 216	2 955	601	120 772
90 years +	25 887	266	86	26 239

¹ The pensioner's income is either too high to be entitled to claim the basic payment or the old age pension is deferred.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/pen11, [pen22](http://www.statbank.dk/pen22) and [pen33](http://www.statbank.dk/pen33)

Table 171

Recipients of early retirement pensions. 2007

1 January	Early retirement pensions				Total
	Highest	Intermediate	Ordinary/ increased	New early retirement	
	number of recipients				
Recipients, total	56 991	84 309	38 711	52 923	232 934
18-29 years	2 792	1 409	96	4 526	8 823
30-39 years	7 450	6 438	1 501	6 812	22 201
40-49 years	13 863	16 865	6 817	13 504	51 049
50-59 years	20 516	34 093	16 217	20 916	91 742
60-64 years	12 244	25 229	13 886	7 135	58 494
65-66 years	126	275	194	30	625
Men, total	29 838	36 670	14 962	24 840	106 310
18-29 years	1 594	825	61	2 588	5 068
30-39 years	4 257	3 369	816	3 201	11 643
40-49 years	7 450	7 731	3 231	6 060	24 472
50-59 years	10 248	14 095	6 430	9 360	40 133
60-64 years	6 223	10 519	4 365	3 617	24 724
65-66 years	66	131	59	14	270
Women, total	27 153	47 639	23 749	28 083	126 624
18-29 years	1 198	584	35	1 938	3 755
30-39 years	3 193	3 069	685	3 611	10 558
40-49 years	6 413	9 134	3 586	7 444	26 577
50-59 years	10 268	19 998	9 787	11 556	51 609
60-64 years	6 021	14 710	9 521	3 518	33 770
65-66 years	60	144	135	16	355

For further information visit <http://www.statbank.dk/pen11>

Table 172

Petitions for early retirement pensions¹. 2006

	Petitions, total	Awarded	Suspended	Maintained	Not stated ²	Petition rejected	
						Total	In per cent of petitions
	number of persons						per cent
Total	15 610	14 254	3	143	96	1 114	7.1
Men, total	7 305	6 730	2	47	37	489	6.7
Under 20 years	268	263	-	-	2	3	1.1
20-29 years	550	508	-	6	3	33	6.0
30-39 years	1 088	958	-	14	6	110	10.1
40-49 years	2 015	1 827	1	19	10	158	7.8
50-59 years	2 847	2 669	1	8	13	156	5.5
60-66 years	513	483	-	-	2	28	5.5
Not stated	24	22	-	-	1	1	4.2
Women, total	8 305	7 524	1	96	59	625	7.5
Under 20 years	192	190	-	1	1	-	-
20-29 years	532	484	-	7	5	36	6.8
30-39 years	1 346	1 171	-	32	10	133	9.9
40-49 years	2 349	2 084	1	36	11	217	9.2
50-59 years	3 381	3 148	-	20	26	187	5.5
60-66 years	471	423	-	-	2	46	9.8
Not stated	34	24	-	-	4	6	17.6

¹ The statistic contains only municipal decisions. ² Includes petitioners with or without a pension, where the decision is not stated, as well as petitioners whose pension status is not stated.

Source: National Social Appeals Board.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/pen11, [pen22](http://www.statbank.dk/pen22) and [pen33](http://www.statbank.dk/pen33)

Table 174

Pensioners with pension from Labour Market Supplementary Pension Scheme

	2006	2007
	DKK mio.	
Benefits	6 592	7 347
	number	
With own pension, total	636 200	660 700
Men	315 200	324 100
Annual pension under DKK 2,000	7 500	7 400
DKK 2,000-3,999	21 700	20 900
DKK 4,000 +	286 000	295 800
Women	321 000	336 600
Annual pension under DKK 2,000	22 000	21 600
DKK 2,000-3,999	58 800	57 600
DKK 4,000 +	240 200	257 400
With spouse's pension, total	16 900	15 100
Men	200	200
Women	16 700	14 900

Source: Labour Market Supplementary Pension Scheme.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/05

Table 175

Appeals in social cases. 2007

	Cases decided, total	Dismissal/referral	Confirmation	Cancel-lation/change	Remission	Cases decided, total	Dismissal/referral	Confirmation	Cancel-lation/change	Remission
	number					per cent				
The social appeals boards in:										
All Denmark	11 117	1 173	6 888	1 438	1 618	100.0	10.6	62.0	12.9	14.6
State Administration for Greater Copenhagen	4 616	468	3 033	541	574	100.0	10.1	65.7	11.7	12.4
State Administration for Zealand	1 378	154	794	248	182	100.0	11.2	57.6	18.0	13.2
State Administration for Southern Denmark	2 465	246	1 516	228	475	100.0	10.0	61.5	9.2	19.3
State Administration for Central Jutland	1 612	216	927	249	220	100.0	13.4	57.5	15.4	13.6
State Administration for North Jutland	1 046	89	618	172	167	100.0	8.5	59.1	16.4	16.0

Source: National Social Appeals Board since 1999.

Table 176

National Health Service. 2006

	Men	Woman	Total	Men	Woman	Total	Men	Woman	Total
	1,000s persons			1,000s contacts			DKK mio.		
Total	2 405	2 606	5 011	21 951	33 685	55 751	4 441	6 470	10 966
General medical care, total	2 164	2 492	4 655	15 231	23 605	38 929	2 430	3 573	6 029
General medical care, consultation, daytime	1 937	2 295	4 233	7 613	10 919	18 580	861	1 232	2 099
General medical care, consultation, evening	317	346	663	459	497	964	89	97	188
General medical care, visit, daytime	67	113	180	185	326	512	36	63	99
General medical care, visit, evening, etc.	99	125	223	154	192	349	43	53	97
General medical care, phone cons., daytime	1 409	1 946	3 354	5 485	9 565	15 066	137	239	376
General medical care, phone cons., evening	389	514	903	662	913	1 581	64	89	154
General medical care, email consultation	67	128	195	159	311	471	8	16	24
General medical care, preventive, other ser.	316	470	786	515	880	1 407	539	826	1 382
General medical care, basic fee and doctor's practice fee ¹	•	•	•	•	•	•	651	959	1 611
Special medical care, total	627	886	1 512	1 871	2 896	4 776	911	1 400	2 317
Ear specialist	226	248	475	487	503	991	228	226	454
Eye specialist	214	315	529	381	580	963	165	263	429
Other special medical care	284	495	779	1 003	1 813	2 822	519	910	1 434
Dental care ²	1 283	1 509	2 792	1 976	2 365	4 346	596	661	1 258
Chiropractic	1 181	1 387	2 568	855	1 056	1 915	41	49	91
Physiotherapy	152	158	309	1 953	3 569	5 525	329	518	847
Chiropody	143	256	398	...	...	...	4	7	11
Psychologist	10	32	42	52	180	233	21	74	95
Laboratories	...	...	...	•	•	•	100	180	302
Other services	0	0	1	12	13	25	8	8	16

Note: The table covers services provided in accordance with national health insurance, except for expenditure on pharmaceutical products and expenditure on travel health insurances, etc.

¹ Practice fee is estimated on the basis of the number of patients registered with each doctor's practice, irrespective of whether the medical services offered by the doctor are used. ² Persons below 18 years are secured by the public children and youth dental-care system and are therefore excluded from this table.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/sygk, [sygks](http://www.statbank.dk/sygks), [sygp](http://www.statbank.dk/sygp), [sygps](http://www.statbank.dk/sygps), [sygu](http://www.statbank.dk/sygu) and [sygus](http://www.statbank.dk/sygus)

Table 177

Hospitals. 2005

	Number of hospitals	Admitted patients				Emergency patients	Outpatients ²
		Patient days	Admissions	Beds	Bed occupancy rate ¹		
		thousands				thousands	
Total	59	6 263	1 205	20 058	91	981	6 181
General hospitals ³	49	5 751	1 187	18 464	91	966	5 878
Psychiatric hospitals	10	512	18	1 594	91	15	303
All Denmark	59	6 263	1 205	20 058	91	981	6 181
Copenhagen Hospital Cooperation ⁴	6	1 221	196	3 851	95	174	1 210
Copenhagen County	3	707	130	2 094	99	136	692
Frederiksborg County	1	357	75	1 109	93	71	319
Roskilde County	3	264	51	795	95	52	299
West Zealand County	1	308	60	961	91	58	254
Storstrøm County	2	267	55	801	94	43	218
Bornholm County	1	43	7	142	83	7	37
Funen County	2	542	107	1 741	89	84	588
South Jutland County	5	232	46	776	85	38	212
Ribe County	2	195	45	658	85	33	234
Vejle Amt	7	368	74	1 307	80	77	461
Ringkøbing County	6	238	49	746	89	19	223
Aarhus County	11	734	160	2 395	90	111	768
Viborg County	3	244	50	834	84	24	233
North Jutland County	6	542	100	1 848	89	53	433
All specialities, total	59	6 263	1 205	20 058	91	981	6 181
Medical departments, total	...	2 645	484	8 081	94	43	2 596
Physiotherapy and rehabilitation	...	171	13	565	97	-	132
Dermatology and venereal diseases	...	26	4	83	82	-	125
Other medical branches	...	2 448	467	7 433	94	-	2 338
Surgical departments, total	...	2 173	584	7 446	81	890	2 728
Gynaecology and obstetrics	...	524	195	1 388	80	1	706
Neurosurgery	...	60	12	207	88	-	22
Ophthalmology	...	15	7	79	63	-	274
ENT surgery	...	69	31	255	84	-	314
Other surgical specialities	...	1 505	50	5 517	81	889	1 412
Other general departments, total	...	310	99	1 058	86	-	191
Psychiatric departments⁵, total	...	1 136	39	3 473	93	47	666

¹ Patient-days in relation to the average number of beds available. ² In previous year, the table show completed outpatient treatment. ³ General hospitals including psychiatric departments. ⁴ Since 1 January 1995, Copenhagen Hospital Corporation (HS) has operated Rigshospitalet and the hospitals in Copenhagen and Frederiksberg Municipalities. ⁵ Incl. psychiatric departments at general hospitals.

Source: National Board of Health.

Table 178

Hospitalizations at general hospitals. 2005

	Men	Women	Total
	number of persons		
Total, net¹	258 412	348 696	607 108
Patients with no symptoms or diseases	11 244	19 208	30 452
Infectious and parasitic diseases	11 981	11 701	23 682
Malignant neoplasm	21 758	27 596	49 354
Nutritional and metabolic diseases	8 731	11 586	20 317
Diseases of blood and blood-forming organs	4 777	5 620	10 397
Mental disorders	6 778	4 796	11 574
Diseases of the nervous system and sensory organs	14 530	14 537	29 067
Diseases of the circulatory system	46 168	37 088	83 256
Diseases of the respiratory system	33 039	30 691	63 730
Diseases of the digestive system	31 652	32 262	63 914
Diseases of the genito-urinary system	16 625	29 125	45 750
Deliveries and complications of pregnancy and childbirth	•	75 516	75 516
Diseases of the skin and subcutaneous tissue	6 728	5 683	12 411
Diseases of musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	21 606	26 807	48 413
Congenital anomalies	3 134	2 476	5 610
Certain conditions originating in the perinatal period	262	215	477
Symptoms, signs and ill-defined conditions	61 595	66 907	128 502
Injury and poisoning	41 784	42 067	83 851

Note: Diagnoses (the S-list). The table only includes persons who were in the population as at 1.1.2005. I.e. persons who were born or immigrated during the year have not been included.

¹ The figure is less than the sum of the sub categories as the same person can have been admitted with more than one diagnosis.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/pa1a

Table 179

Hospitalizations at general hospitals by age and sex. 2005

	Men			Women			Total		
	Hospita- lizations	Number of persons hospitalized	Per cent of population	Hospita- lizations	Number of persons hospitalized	Per cent of population	Hospita- lizations	Number of persons hospitalized	Per cent of population
	number	per cent	number	per cent	number	per cent	number	per cent	per cent
Total	484 284	258 412	9.7	582 606	348 696	12.8	1 066 890	607 108	11.2
1- 4 years	28 605	17 627	13.2	20 999	12 922	10.2	49 604	30 549	11.7
5-14 years	26 126	17 411	4.9	21 423	14 064	4.2	47 549	31 475	4.6
15-24 years	22 221	16 309	5.3	36 706	26 102	8.9	58 927	42 411	7.1
25-34 years	26 907	18 651	5.2	95 707	70 219	19.7	122 614	88 870	12.4
35-44 years	41 145	25 972	6.3	65 960	44 866	11.2	107 105	70 838	8.7
45-54 years	56 018	30 955	8.3	55 027	32 951	9.1	111 045	63 906	8.7
55-64 years	88 502	43 507	12.0	73 961	39 943	11.0	162 463	83 450	11.5
65-74 years	88 473	39 947	18.5	77 089	38 825	16.4	165 562	78 772	17.4
75-84 years	78 148	34 607	28.4	84 657	42 109	24.5	162 805	76 716	26.1
85 years +	28 139	13 426	36.6	51 077	26 695	31.5	79 216	40 121	33.1

Note: The table only includes persons who were in the population as at 1.1.2005. I.e. persons who were born or immigrated during the year have not been included.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/pa1 and [ud1](http://www.statbank.dk/ud1)

Table 180

Bed-days by sex and age. 2005

	Men		Women		Total	
	Number of bed-days	Average number of bed-days	Number of bed-days	Average number of bed-days	Number of bed-days	Average number of bed-days
	number					
Total	2 174 110	8.4	2 619 683	7.5	4 793 793	7.9
1- 4 years	62 358	3.5	49 982	3.9	112 340	3.7
5-14 years	54 449	3.1	48 130	3.4	102 579	3.3
15-24 years	58 107	3.6	90 518	3.5	148 625	3.5
25-34 years	78 546	4.2	272 243	3.9	350 789	3.9
35-44 years	136 812	5.3	198 920	4.4	335 732	4.7
45-54 years	225 569	7.3	207 625	6.3	433 194	6.8
55-64 years	418 443	9.6	339 988	8.5	758 431	9.1
65-74 years	478 334	12.0	437 456	11.3	915 790	11.6
75-84 years	477 079	13.8	583 414	13.9	1 060 493	13.8
85 years +	184 413	13.7	391 407	14.7	575 820	14.4

Note: The table only includes persons who were in the population as at 1.1.2005, i.e. persons who were born or immigrated during the year have not been included.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/ud3

Table 181

Hospitalization rate by education¹. 2005

	Men						Women					
	Without professional qualification from education ²	Vocational education and training ³	Short cycle higher education	Medium-cycle higher education	Long-cycle higher education	Total	Without professional qualification from education ²	Vocational education and training ³	Short cycle higher education	Medium-cycle higher education	Long-cycle higher education	Total
	all=100						all=100					
Total	120	100	83	76	65	100	119	99	81	83	67	100
20-24 years	107	108	62	65	52	100	111	113	76	70	46	100
25-29 years	133	102	67	75	56	100	137	109	81	79	57	100
30-34 years	134	102	76	74	56	100	130	106	82	83	64	100
35-39 years	130	101	79	69	58	100	128	100	87	84	64	100
40-44 years	129	97	79	69	60	100	126	96	80	84	69	100
45-49 years	124	96	84	72	65	100	121	97	74	86	68	100
50-54 years	121	100	92	76	66	100	119	96	80	84	78	100
55-59 years	115	100	92	86	71	100	116	95	78	88	75	100
60-64 years	110	100	91	84	79	100	111	95	86	84	73	100

Note: Hospitalization rate is the percentage of a given group in the population who have been admitted to hospital. The rates above are given as index figures where the rate for everyone in the age group is set at 100. The total hospitalization rate is standardized by age, i.e. it has been corrected for the distribution by age being unequal for the different education groups. Hospitalization rates are therefore mutually comparable.

¹ Highest in progress or completed education as at 1.1.2005. ² Incl. persons with unknown education and persons with 1st year basic vocational education, etc. ³ Basic vocational education, part 2, apprenticeships, etc.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/pa4a

Table 182

The 10 most common cancer types among new cases. 2003

	0-14 years	15-29 years	30-44 years	45-59 years	60-74 years	75 + years	Total ¹
<hr/>							
men							
Total	67	219	730	3 234	6 957	5 440	16 647
Other skin	-	18	133	703	1 248	1 128	3 230
Lung	-	3	33	371	986	643	2 036
Colon and rectum	1	3	51	320	821	714	1 910
Prostate	-	-	-	215	1 219	1 003	2 437
Bladder	-	2	23	175	589	517	1 306
Brain and nervous system	21	23	59	134	133	61	431
Kidney	2	-	19	96	180	112	409
Melanoma of skin	-	25	76	165	166	103	535
Leukaemia	20	7	19	76	132	153	407
Non-Hodgkins lymphoma	5	9	37	134	170	106	461
Other	18	129	280	845	1 313	900	3 485
<hr/>							
woman							
Total	69	228	1 208	4 425	6 112	5 472	17 514
Breast	-	11	359	1 419	1 411	838	4 038
Other skin	1	25	224	857	1 116	1 223	3 446
Colon and rectum	-	-	37	264	595	819	1 715
Lung	1	5	31	353	811	435	1 636
Uterus	1	10	34	169	204	134	552
Ovary	-	-	10	172	270	180	632
Cervix uteri	-	37	132	105	74	60	408
Brain and nervous system	18	25	52	142	138	116	491
Melanoma of skin	2	49	150	205	145	134	685
Bladder	-	1	11	64	168	181	425
Other	46	65	168	675	1 180	1 352	3 486

¹ Inclusive expected further cases when linking with the Register of Causes of Deaths.

Source: National Board of Health. Cancer Registry.

Table 183

Persons diagnosed with cancer¹ and still alive¹. 2003

Per 31 December	0-14 years	15-29 years	30-44 years	45-59 years	60-74 years	75 + years	Total
<hr/>							
men							
Total, net²	548	1 783	6 688	18 651	33 715	29 681	91 066
Head and neck	3	18	134	1 252	2 185	1 495	5 087
Colon and rectum	2	23	180	1 276	4 009	4 193	9 683
Bronchi and lung	-	7	56	518	1 386	814	2 781
Melanoma of skin	-	81	616	1 633	1 798	1 037	5 165
Other skin	3	67	968	5 621	11 661	12 724	31 044
Breast	-	1	8	42	68	95	214
Neck of the bladder	-	-	-	450	3 864	4 623	8 937
Testicle	14	412	2 331	2 395	1 075	260	6 487
Urinary system	35	64	269	1 757	4 949	4 900	11 974
Unspec. tumours in lymph and metastases	-	-	29	126	147	91	393
Lymphatic tissue	47	268	730	1 397	1 506	788	4 736
Hematopoietic tissue	181	255	188	420	720	507	2 271
Other	263	603	1 240	2 204	2 565	1 467	8 442
<hr/>							
woman							
Total, net²	480	1 531	8 595	32 533	48 017	47 301	138 457
Head and neck	3	29	123	507	820	795	2 277
Colon and rectum	4	28	187	1 236	3 652	6 023	11 130
Bronchi and lung	2	5	67	554	1 291	596	2 515
Melanoma of skin	2	205	1 335	2 616	2 468	2 032	8 658
Other skin	5	116	1 463	7 080	11 753	15 717	36 134
Breast	1	25	1 581	11 882	16 917	12 256	42 662
Cervix (uteri)	-	74	1 349	2 634	2 781	2 739	9 577
Uterus and ovary	6	64	384	2 171	4 805	6 001	13 431
Urinary system	40	60	117	654	1 910	2 122	4 903
Unspec. tumours in lymph and metastases	1	1	17	106	157	107	389
Lymphatic tissue	16	171	528	1 064	1 257	978	4 014
Hematopoietic tissue	159	198	169	297	481	533	1 837
Other	243	563	1 404	2 986	3 306	2 684	11 186

¹ Cancer in Denmark 1943-2003 includes some non-malignant tumours for which notification is compulsory; mostly tumours in CNS and urinary system. ² The figure is less than the sum of the sub categories as the same person can occur with more than one type of cancer.

Source: National Board of Health. Cancer Registry.

Table 184**Reported cases of sexual transmitted infections. 2007**

	1-14 year		15-19 years		20-24 years		25-29 years		30-39 years		40 + years		Total	
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
Chlamydia ¹	21	192	2 461	6 866	3 775	5 613	1 804	1 987	1 188	1 122	389	292	9 660 ²	16 102 ²
Non-natal syphilis	-	-	2	-	8	2	8	1	24	1	53	1	95	5
Gonorrhoea	-	-	9	15	44	16	56	5	91	9	75	15	275	60

¹ In 2007, 33 cases were reported with unknown sex and age. These cases have not been included. ² Incl. 22 cases for men and 30 cases for women under 1 year. Primarily new-borns with eye infection.

Source: National Serum Institute.

Table 185**Diagnosed cases of AIDS**

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2006	1 alt ¹
Men						
Number of diagnosed cases, total	180	184	41	29	25	2 293
Of whom dead as at 31 December 2007 ²	174	134	16	4	3	1 796
Total deaths during the year ³	141	206	17	16	15	1 796
Women						
Number of diagnosed cases, total	17	29	18	20	11	379
Of whom dead as at 31 December 2007 ²	17	24	4	3	1	206
Total deaths during the year ³	7	31	5	3	5	206

¹ Total in the period 1980-2007. ² Diagnosed in the period 1 January to 31 December the stated year and dead as at 31 December 2007. ³ Total deaths during the year regardless of the year of diagnosis.

Source: The national serum institute (Statens Serum Institut).

Table 186**Reported cases of HIV by mode of transmission**

	1990	1995	2000	2006	2007	1 alt ¹
Total	140	304	260	244	303	5 072
Men, total	110	224	163	174	221	3 673
Homo/bisexual	80	116	72	100	140	1 995
Injecting drug users	9	20	15	6	14	279
Heterosexual	15	69	68	62	61	1 128
Blood transfusion	3	1	1	-	-	15
Perinatal	-	1	2	1	1	27
Other/not known	3	17	5	5	5	229
Women, total	30	80	97	70	82	1 399
Homo/bisexual	-	-	-	-	-	-
Injecting drug users	6	14	5	4	6	170
Heterosexual	22	58	79	64	69	1 107
Blood transfusion	-	3	4	-	1	22
Perinatal	1	2	4	1	6	50
Other/not known	1	3	5	1	-	50

¹ Total reported cases in the period 1.8.1990-31.12.2007.

Source: The national serum institute (Statens Serum Institut).

Table 187

Reported occupational accidents by industry and sex. 2006

DB03	Industry	Total			Of which deaths ²		
		Men	Women	Total ¹	Men	Women	Total
	Total	29 845	18 778	48 774	53	5	58
0109	Agriculture, horticulture and forestry	499	201	705	11	4	15
0500	Fishing, etc.	12	1	13	-	-	-
1009	Mining and quarrying	45	4	50	2	-	2
1509	Mfr. of food, beverages and tobacco	2 688	1 119	3 809	-	-	-
1709	Mfr. of textiles and leather	118	51	169	-	-	-
2009	Mfr. of wood products, printing and publishing	723	227	952	1	-	1
2309	Mfr. of chemicals and plastic products	736	317	1 053	-	1	1
2600	Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral products	730	38	771	-	-	-
2709	Mfr. of basic metals and fabr. metal prod.	4 442	699	5 152	9	-	9
3600	Mfr. of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c.	532	220	752	-	-	-
4009	Electricity, gas and water supply	250	26	276	1	-	1
4500	Construction	5 255	137	5 422	7	-	7
5000	Sale and rep. of motor vehicles, sale of auto. fuel	635	49	688	2	-	2
5100	Wholesale except of motor vehicles	1 448	342	1 800	2	-	2
5200	Re. trade and repair work exc. of m. vehicles	819	850	1 672	-	-	-
5500	Hotels and restaurants	312	506	823	1	-	1
6009	Transport	2 363	411	2 788	4	-	4
6400	Post and telecommunications	1 014	633	1 649	2	-	2
6509	Finance and insurance	87	148	235	-	-	-
7009	Letting and sale of real estate	386	98	489	2	-	2
7209	Business activities	942	766	1 713	2	-	2
7500	Public administration	1 446	1 620	3 070	2	-	2
8000	Education	763	1 391	2 161	-	-	-
8519	Human health activities	312	1 542	1 858	1	-	1
8539	Social institutions, etc.	937	6 181	7 125	1	-	1
9009	Associations, culture and refuse disposal	1 381	589	1 974	-	-	-
9800	Activity not stated	970	612	1 605	3	-	3

Note: Includes only occupational accidents reported to the Working Environment Service in 2006.

¹ Incl. persons with unknown sex. ² Includes occupational fatal accidents in 2006 reported up to 1 April 2007.

Source: Danish Working Environment Service.

Table 188

Reported occupational diseases by industry and sex. 2005

DB03	Industry	Men	Women	Total ¹
	Total	6 395	7 490	13 896
0109	Agriculture, horticulture and forestry	103	96	199
0500	Fishing, etc.	39	2	41
1009	Mining and quarrying	13	2	15
1509	Mfr. of food, beverages and tobacco	428	371	799
1709	Mfr. of textiles and leather	16	61	77
2009	Mfr. of wood products, printing and publishing	173	127	300
2309	Mfr. of chemicals and plastic products	126	194	321
2600	Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral products	111	27	138
2709	Mfr. of basic metals and fabrication of metal products	807	440	1 247
3600	Mfr. of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c.	95	108	203
4009	Electricity, gas and water supply	48	9	57
4500	Construction	765	74	839
5000	Sale and repair of motor vehicles, sale of auto. fuel	171	16	187
5100	Wholesale except of motor vehicles	263	197	460
5200	Retail trade and repair work, except of motor vehicles	103	312	415
5500	Hotels and restaurants	78	152	230
6009	Transport	349	174	525
6400	Post and telecommunication	98	186	284
6509	Finance and insurance	31	119	150
7009	Letting and sale of real estate	51	46	97
7209	Business activities	177	384	562
7500	Public administration	472	1 280	1 753
8000	Education	138	418	556
8519	Health care activities	86	731	818
8539	Social institutions etc.	118	1 163	1 281
9009	Associations, culture and refuse disposal	210	312	522
9800	Activity not stated	1 326	489	1 820

Note: Includes only occupational diseases reported to the Working Environment Service.

¹ Incl. persons with unknown sex.

Source: Danish Working Environment Service.

Table 189

Reported industrial injuries and decisions. 2007

	Accidents at work ¹	Occupational diseases	Damaged glasses	Sudden lifting injuries
Reported cases	20 407	19 448	81	13
Decided cases, total²	21 874	20 573	95	70
Recognised cases	16 651	4 789	43	27
Dismissed cases	4 579	14 888	29	43
Shelved cases ³	644	896	23	-
Compensation granted⁴	8 350	3 378	-	38

Note: Includes only industrial injuries reported to the National Board of Industrial Injuries.

¹ From 1999 including dental injuries. ² A case is not necessarily decided in the same year as it is reported. Therefore the number of reported and decided cases is not the same. ³ Cases shelved before recognition. Shelving occurs when the injured party does not want the case processed, or if the injured party dies in circumstances which are not connected with the accident/occupational disease. ⁴ Approval of injury and compensation for loss of ability to work. Compensation is granted in cases which have previously been recognised, either in the year in question, or in previous years.

Source: National Board of Industrial Injuries.

Table 190

Pharmacies

	2005	2006
Sales units, total	1 310	1 364
Pharmacies	268	267
Pharmacy sub-branches	50	55
Pharmacy shops	127	132
OTC shops	664	675
Delivery facilities	201	235
Staff, total	5 963	6 275
Pharmacists	742	758
Pharmaconomicists	3 016	3 112
Other staff	2 205	2 405
Sales of prescription items in thousands units	53 477	55 574
To individuals	49 679	51 643
To hospitals	430	409
To veterinarians	3 369	3 522
Items per thousand inhabitants	9 181	10 240
Average price per item in DKK	172.5	174.4
Gross turnover	11 383	11 987
Prescription sales	9 275	9 697
OTC sales	1 855	1 973
Others	252	317

Source: Danish Medicines Agency.

Table 191

Consumption of drugs and medicines by therapeutic group

ATC Group		2006		2007	
		DKK mio.	DDD per inhabitant in thousands per day	DKK mio.	DDD per inhabitant in thousands per day
	Consumption of drugs	12 404.0	1 286.5	13 305.4	1 356.1
A	Alimentary tract and metabolism	1 453.0	136.0	1 572.3	138.0
A02	Drugs for acid related disorders	593.3	40.3	636.3	43.3
A10	Drugs used in diabetes	410.8	35.8	458.9	38.1
B	Blood and blood-forming organs	420.2	89.4	441.6	94.3
C	Cardiovascular system	1 923.7	444.8	2 146.8	490.3
C03	Diuretics	238.3	110.8	232.8	109.7
C07	Beta-blocking agents	236.8	32.9	254.7	33.8
C08	Calcium channel blockers	191.4	55.9	196.7	61.9
C09	Agents acting on the renin-angiotensin system	814.1	108.4	904.2	120.9
C10	Lipid modifying agents	300.8	116.9	430.8	144.3
D	Dermatologicals	290.4	37.7	289.5	37.4
G	Genito urinary system and sex hormones	909.5	101.8	934.8	100.8
G03	Sex hormones and modulators of the genital system	530.2	88.8	555.4	86.3
H	Systemic hormonal preparations excl. sex hormones and insulins	176.9	25.0	198.4	25.3
J	Antiinfectives for systemic use	727.2	15.9	883.5	16.9
J01	Antibacterials for systemic use	371.1	15.2	382.8	16.1
L	Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents	62.9	3.5	87.1	3.7
L01	Autineoplastic agents	6.3	...	7.4	...
M	Musculo-skeletal system	536.2	63.5	538.7	63.5
N	Central nervous system	3 743.5	243.5	3 845.6	251.9
N02	Analgesics	1 171.8	91.2	1 154.1	92.5
N05	Psycholeptics	915.1	58.1	954.5	55.9
N06	Psychoanaleptics	791.5	66.5	815.2	72.1
P	Antiparasitic products	76.9	1.3	79.6	1.3
R	Respiratory system	1 626.8	115.0	1 686.9	116.7
R03	Drugs for obstructive airway diseases	1 138.5	59.2	1 176.4	58.9
S	Sensory organs	283.2	9.0	287.7	9.0
V	Various ¹	174.0	-	305.8	-

Note: The table covers consumption of drugs and medicines in the primary health-care sector and is based on information from the medicine statistics register kept by the Danish Medicines Agency. The amount consumed is calculated as DDD (defined daily dose) per 1,000 inhabitants per day, i.e. the thousandth parts of the population who could be treated daily by the amount of medicine consumed if the DDD was consumed. Turnover is calculated at sales price for the pharmacy including VAT and prescription charges.

¹ Inclusive magistral products etc.

Source: Danish Medicines Agency.

Table 192**Reported and decided criminal offences**

	2000	2005	2006
Reported criminal offences			
Penal Code	504 231	432 704	425 093
Of which:			
Sexual offences	2 800	2 799	2 652
Crimes of violence	15 157	18 777	19 557
Offences against property	479 190	403 407	395 528
Other offences	7 084	7 721	7 356
Offences against special legislation ¹	66 265	75 232	81 463
Reported offences against the Penal Code with charges	95 430	80 375	75 202
Decisions, total			
Persons convicted, total ²	136 657	179 935	167 264
Decisions, total ³	165 487	222 799	206 089
Penal Code	52 455	56 552	51 307
Of which:			
Sexual offences	1 024	1 393	1 285
Crimes of violence	9 421	12 657	12 486
Offences against property	38 851	37 747	33 046
Other offences	3 159	4 755	4 490
Road Traffic Act	96 375	137 511	124 388
Other special legislation	16 657	28 736	30 394

¹ Offences against the Road Traffic Act are primarily registered as convictions. ² Number of persons with one of more convictions of offences against the Penal Code and/or offences against special legislation. ³ One decision can include one or several reports.

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Table 193**Reported criminal offences against special legislation. 2007**

	The Capital Region of Denmark	Region Zealand	Region South Denmark	Region Central Jutland	Region North Jutland
Offences, total	27 438	7 668	13 537	12 481	5 776
Euphoriants Act	8 226	1 215	2 818	3 306	1 028
Aliens Act	1 180	755	864	386	85
Firearms Act	2 812	845	1 461	1 285	445
Income Tax And Fiscal Acts	435	120	313	250	111
Police regulations	5 472	1 245	2 543	2 519	1 085
Building and housing legislation	74	16	23	21	6
Health and social security legislation	535	134	348	377	267
Environmental legislation	1 114	212	346	214	167
Animals, hunting, etc. legislation	883	1 100	1 498	1 592	1 036
Employment, transport, legislation	2 240	693	1 062	794	381
Gambling, licensing, trade legislation	2 083	537	919	726	412
Other special legislation, excluding road traffic acts	2 384	796	1 342	1 011	753

Note: Excl. Traffic Act in that offences against the Traffic Act are only rarely reported.

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Table 194

Reported offences and charges against the Penal Code

	Criminal offences reported		Criminal offences with charges		Charges as per cent of reported offences	
	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007
Penal Code, total	425 093	445 271	75 202	73 078	17.7	16.4
Sexual offences, total	2 652	2 602	1 790	1 818	67.5	69.9
Incest etc.	84	78	78	71	92.9	91.0
Rape etc.	527	566	367	387	69.6	68.4
Heterosexual offences, children under 12	188	184	164	162	87.2	88.0
Heterosexual offences, other	262	256	240	234	91.6	91.4
Homosexual offences, children under 12	17	14	17	14	100.0	100.0
Homosexual offences, other	16	18	12	17	75.0	94.4
Offences against decency	1 366	1 221	768	702	56.2	57.5
Prostitution etc.	192	265	144	231	75.0	87.2
Crimes of violence, total	19 557	19 419	15 315	15 295	78.3	78.8
Assaulting public servant	3 071	3 068	2 727	2 710	88.8	88.3
Gathering with disturbance of public order	24	208	21	201	87.5	96.6
Homicide	29	45	29	41	100.0	91.1
Attempted homicide	127	187	113	166	89.0	88.8
Assault against private person	11 628	11 635	8 823	8 758	75.9	75.3
Common assault	10 047	9 916	7 536	7 377	75.0	74.4
Grievous assault	1 544	1 685	1 255	1 351	81.3	80.2
Particularly grievous assault	37	34	32	30	86.5	88.2
Homicide and bodily harm by negligence	30	44	29	43	96.7	97.7
Offences against life or body	353	344	279	279	79.0	81.1
Offences against personal liberty	240	263	210	217	87.5	82.5
Threats	4 055	3 625	3 084	2 880	76.1	79.4
Offences against property, total	395 528	416 478	51 913	50 374	13.1	12.1
Forgery	3 001	2 375	2 358	1 963	78.6	82.7
Arson	1 224	1 388	531	546	43.4	39.3
Burglary	71 583	78 787	4 956	4 856	6.9	6.2
Burglary in banks, shops	27 152	28 625	2 111	1 874	7.8	6.5
Burglary in dwellings	31 204	36 342	2 120	2 367	6.8	6.5
Burglary in empty buildings	13 227	13 820	725	615	5.5	4.5
Theft	165 952	175 337	25 130	24 411	15.1	13.9
Theft from cars, boats etc.	45 340	46 713	2 026	1 764	4.5	3.8
Theft from shops etc.	18 195	17 892	14 875	14 065	81.8	78.6
Other theft	102 417	110 732	8 229	8 582	8.0	7.8
Stealing reg. cars	16 712	17 754	2 619	2 605	15.7	14.7
Stealing mopeds	8 471	8 114	791	769	9.3	9.5
Stealing bicycles	66 273	67 307	517	399	0.8	0.6
Stealing other objects	6 361	8 525	579	717	9.1	8.4
Larceny by finding	693	689	497	484	71.7	70.2
Embezzlement, fraud, breach of trust	7 124	7 725	4 825	4 964	67.7	64.3
Blackmail and usury	201	220	170	178	84.6	80.9
Fraud against creditors	89	82	69	58	77.5	70.7
Receiving stolen goods	1 752	1 445	1 695	1 413	96.7	97.8
Robbery	2 650	2 994	1 067	1 138	40.3	38.0
Serious fraudulent tax evasion etc.	150	482	101	368	67.3	76.3
Malicious damage	42 963	42 895	5 784	5 239	13.5	12.2
Misappropriation and offences against property	329	359	224	266	68.1	74.1
Other offences, total	7 356	6 772	6 184	5 591	84.1	82.6
Selling narcotics etc.	1 010	848	963	831	95.3	98.0
Smuggling narcotics	101	131	93	119	92.1	90.8
Homicide by negligence in road traffic	218	251	211	247	96.8	98.4
Other stipulations in Penal Code	6 027	5 542	4 917	4 394	81.6	79.3

¹ Incl. Copenhagen and Frederiksberg Municipalities.

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Table 195

Victims of criminal offences. 2007

	Men	Women	Sex, not stated	Total
Total	21 240	32 065	2 878	56 183
Sexual offences	245	2 101	15	2 361
Incest, etc.	7	63	-	70
Rape, etc.	16	542	2	560
Hetero or homosexual offences	87	365	1	453
Offences against decency	135	1 131	12	1 278
Crimes of violence	11 784	6 388	1 425	19 597
Assaulting, etc. public servant	879	644	1 246	2 769
Homicide and attempted homicide	173	65	12	250
Assaulting private individual	8 399	3 876	74	12 349
Of which: Common assault	6 969	3 493	55	10 517
Grievous assault	1 408	378	19	1 805
Particularly grievous assault	22	5	-	27
Threats	2 044	1 625	50	3 719
Offences against property	9 104	23 104	1 401	33 609
Theft of handbags	313	2 347	52	2 712
Theft from pocket or handbag	6 363	19 413	1 248	27 024
Theft by trick in residences	288	727	6	1 021
Blackmail and usury	175	35	2	212
Robbery	1 922	575	93	2 590
Other criminal offences	107	472	37	616
Breach of caution given by the police	102	471	37	610
Slander, libel, defamation, insult	5	1	-	6

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/05

Table 196

Victims of criminal offences by sex and age. 2007

	0-9 years	10-19 years	20-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50-59 years	60-69 years	70-79 years	80 years +	Years, not stated	Total
Victims, total	589	10 117	11 209	7 835	6 876	5 174	4 771	3 665	3 062	2 885	56 183
Men	200	5 400	5 390	3 413	2 809	1 700	1 138	654	531	5	21 240
Women	389	4 717	5 819	4 422	4 067	3 474	3 633	3 011	2 531	2	32 065
Sex, not stated	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 878	2 878
Sexual offences	368	1 254	353	145	130	51	20	12	13	15	2 361
Men	80	133	9	8	12	1	2	-	-	-	245
Women	288	1 121	344	137	118	50	18	12	13	-	2 101
Sex, not stated	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	15
Crimes of violence	185	4 994	4 879	3 310	2 780	1 364	530	95	31	1 429	19 597
Men	105	3 497	3 303	1 993	1 613	827	353	74	16	3	11 784
Women	80	1 497	1 576	1 317	1 167	537	177	21	15	1	6 388
Sex, not stated	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 425	1 425
Offences against property	33	3 831	5 917	4 237	3 798	3 666	4 180	3 525	3 018	1 404	33 609
Men	14	1 764	2 075	1 406	1 152	836	765	575	515	2	9 104
Women	19	2 067	3 842	2 831	2 646	2 830	3 415	2 950	2 503	1	23 104
Sex, not stated	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 401	1 401
Other criminal offences	3	38	60	143	168	93	41	33	-	37	616
Men	1	6	3	6	32	36	18	5	-	-	107
Women	2	32	57	137	136	57	23	28	-	-	472
Sex, not stated	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	37	37

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/05

Table 197

Victims of criminal offences by type of offence. 2007

	0-9 years	10-19 years	20-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50-59 years	60-69 years	70-79 years	80 years +	Years, not stated	Total
Criminal offences, total	589	10 117	11 209	7 835	6 876	5 174	4 771	3 665	3 062	2 885	56 183
Sexual offences	368	1 254	353	145	130	51	20	12	13	15	2 361
Incest, etc.	38	32	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	70
Rape, etc.	10	304	132	46	39	12	7	5	3	2	560
Heterosexual offences, children under 12 years	134	46	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	181
Heterosexual offences, other	10	195	17	6	7	1	-	1	4	1	242
Homosexual offences, children under 12 years	10	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13
Homosexual offences, other	-	14	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	17
Offences against decency	166	660	203	91	83	38	13	6	6	12	1 278
Crimes of violence	185	4 994	4 879	3 310	2 780	1 364	530	95	31	1 429	19 597
Assaulting public servant	-	7	173	444	482	338	78	1	-	1 246	2 769
Assaulting police at gatherings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Homicide, Infanticide, Attempted homicide	2	28	73	55	50	16	10	2	2	12	250
Assaulting private individual	153	3 964	3 619	1 968	1 535	645	306	64	19	76	12 349
Common assault	124	3 532	2 964	1 642	1 312	552	261	56	17	57	10 517
Grievous assault	29	424	647	322	220	91	44	7	2	19	1 805
Particularly grievous assault	-	8	8	4	3	2	1	1	-	-	27
Place a person in a helpless condition	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	3
Offences against life and health	9	32	56	34	45	20	19	1	1	41	258
Refrain from helping a person in mortal danger	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Unlawful compulsion	-	73	33	24	14	9	3	1	1	2	160
Loss of liberty	3	23	23	11	7	4	1	-	1	-	73
Serious loss of liberty	-	3	5	2	1	-	2	-	-	-	13
Threats	17	862	896	772	645	331	111	26	7	52	3 719
Offences against property	33	3 831	5 917	4 237	3 798	3 666	4 180	3 525	3 018	1 404	33 609
Theft of handbags	2	264	693	374	296	310	295	234	192	52	2 712
Theft from pocket or handbag	29	2 514	4 625	3 540	3 185	3 068	3 677	2 991	2 144	1 251	27 024
Theft by trick in residences	-	6	7	13	26	36	71	237	619	6	1 021
Theft connected with prostitution	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	3
Theft connected with violence	-	14	14	10	7	2	-	-	-	-	47
Blackmail	-	67	47	37	27	13	7	3	-	2	203
Usury	-	-	1	-	3	-	1	1	3	-	9
Robbery	2	951	504	244	236	222	119	54	56	88	2 476
Particularly serious robbery	-	15	26	19	15	15	10	5	4	5	114
Other criminal offences	3	38	60	143	168	93	41	33	-	37	616
Breach of a caution	3	38	60	143	167	89	40	33	-	37	610
Persecute at reiterate accusation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Slander, libel, defamation, insult	-	-	-	-	1	4	1	-	-	-	6

Note: The age is calculated on the crimedate.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/05

Table 198

Convictions for offences against the Penal Code by age and sex. 2006

	15-19 years	20-24 years	25-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50+ years	Men total	Women total	Total
Penal Code offences, total	12 540	8 961	6 646	10 830	7 307	5 017	42 326	8 975	51 301
Sexual offences, total	196	145	132	303	276	233	1 245	40	1 285
Incest, etc.	2	1	2	13	19	13	49	1	50
Rape, etc.	51	44	35	56	42	12	240	0	240
Heterosexual offences, children under 12 years	12	3	4	25	28	33	102	3	105
Other heterosexual offences	68	31	16	33	31	19	195	3	198
Homosexual offences	2	4	0	7	8	3	22	2	24
Indecent exposure	49	54	57	126	115	123	517	7	524
Prostitution, etc.	12	8	18	43	33	30	120	24	144
Crimes of violence	3 288	2 462	1 627	2 596	1 756	757	11 275	1 211	12 486
Offences against public authorities	330	370	273	479	291	136	1 654	225	1 879
Gathering with disturbance of public order	22	22	9	6	0	0	53	6	59
Homicide	4	11	7	11	14	4	48	3	51
Attempted homicide	9	6	7	9	5	6	39	3	42
Assault on private person	2 508	1 711	1 043	1 634	1 086	452	7 638	796	8 434
Common assault	2 139	1 384	827	1 336	907	396	6 317	672	6 989
Grievous assault	368	322	208	285	175	54	1 291	121	1 412
Particularly grievous assault	1	5	8	13	4	2	30	3	33
Intentional bodily harm	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1
Homicide and bodily harm by negligence	2	5	2	2	5	6	19	3	22
Offences against life or body	43	49	26	34	20	21	185	8	193
Offences against personal liberty	31	32	20	26	26	9	132	12	144
Threats	339	256	239	395	309	123	1 506	155	1 661
Offences against property	8 348	5 408	4 141	6 900	4 602	3 643	25 979	7 063	33 042
Forgery	141	222	212	308	229	109	936	285	1 221
Arson	120	50	29	51	50	40	278	62	340
Housebreaking	1 097	772	459	608	236	36	3 066	142	3 208
Burglaries from bank, shops etc.	550	435	236	330	119	17	1 630	57	1 687
Burglaries from dwellings	422	272	188	246	99	13	1 164	76	1 240
Burglaries from non-residential buildings	125	65	35	32	18	6	272	9	281
Thefts	3 144	2 177	1 930	3 495	2 570	2 657	10 892	5 081	15 973
Thefts from cars, boats, etc.	291	200	121	144	57	12	799	26	825
Shoplifting, etc.	1 730	1 086	1 122	2 280	1 905	2 397	6 262	4 258	10 520
Other thefts	1 123	891	687	1 071	608	248	3 831	797	4 628
Theft of motor vehicles	586	299	205	277	122	21	1 375	135	1 510
Theft of mopeds	461	81	26	32	20	7	603	24	627
Theft of bicycles	128	66	37	89	36	13	345	24	369
Theft of other objects	197	65	33	55	30	4	370	14	384
Larceny by finding	102	66	53	95	51	40	370	37	407
Embezzlement, etc.	201	317	360	738	497	286	1 784	615	2 399
Blackmail and usury	36	18	22	15	17	1	102	7	109
Fraud against creditor	1	3	7	29	25	19	67	17	84
Handling stolen goods	293	325	256	358	215	96	1 361	182	1 543
Robbery	494	206	111	122	41	8	925	57	982
Serious fraudulent tax evasion	0	6	9	33	37	38	94	29	123
Malicious damage	1 285	694	362	529	368	240	3 191	287	3 478
Feloniously receiving stolen goods	15	14	10	18	13	7	65	12	77
Misappropriation and offences against property	47	27	20	48	45	21	155	53	208
Other offences	708	946	746	1 031	673	384	3 827	661	4 488
Selling narcotics	57	195	139	183	97	27	597	101	698
Smuggling etc. of narcotics	16	41	43	69	43	14	207	19	226
Homicide by negligence in road traffic	16	37	18	41	25	47	155	29	184
Other offences against the Penal Code	619	673	546	738	508	296	2 868	512	3 380

For further information visit <http://www.statbank.dk/straf33>

Table 199

Offences against the Penal Code by type of penalty. 2006

	Imprisonment		Fines	Other penalty ¹	Acquitted	Total
	Suspended sentence	Unsuspending sentence				
Penal Code, total	8 072	8 143	17 269	16 341	1 482	51 307
Sexual offences, total	184	206	188	632	75	1 285
Rape, etc.	1	46	1	176	16	240
Heterosexual offences	50	70	2	163	18	303
Homosexual offences	5	5	-	13	1	24
Indecent exposure	72	31	163	227	31	524
Other sexual offences	56	54	22	53	9	194
Crimes of violence, total	3 010	3 552	709	4 553	662	12 486
Offences against public authorities	400	596	340	488	55	1 879
Homicide	-	22	-	29	-	51
Attempted homicide	-	7	-	35	-	42
Assault on private person	2 275	2 483	192	2 963	521	8 434
Other crimes of violence	335	444	177	1 038	86	2 080
Offences against property	4 312	3 289	15 009	9 818	618	33 046
Forgery	399	226	165	394	38	1 222
Arson	50	60	4	215	11	340
Housebreaking	774	678	112	1 604	40	3 208
Theft	1 500	1 262	11 504	4 382	216	18 864
Embezzlement, fraud etc.	814	219	353	878	136	2 400
Fraud against creditors	26	6	4	46	2	84
Handling stolen goods	276	203	509	524	31	1 543
Robbery	80	488	6	382	26	982
Malicious damage	246	67	1 930	1 142	93	3 478
Other offences against property	147	80	422	251	25	925
Other offences	566	1 096	1 363	1 338	127	4 490
Narcotics	91	561	10	246	16	924
Other offences	475	535	1 353	1 092	111	3 566

¹ Includes absolute discharge, charges dropped, other decisions and acquittal.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf3 and [straf4](http://www.statbank.dk/straf4)

Table 200

Convictions for offences against special legislation by age and sex. 2006

	15-19 years	20-24 years	25-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50 + years	Men total	Women total	Total
Special legislation, total¹	3 871	5 614	3 965	6 144	4 801	3 326	25 357	2 364	27 721
Act on Euforiant	2 054	3 597	2 424	3 089	1 763	635	12 540	1 022	13 562
Aliens Act	50	61	91	172	115	71	487	73	560
The Firearms Act	595	539	368	544	463	305	2 647	167	2 814
Fire-prevention legislation, etc.	16	15	15	63	78	119	264	42	306
Police regulations	485	473	236	221	137	41	1 515	78	1 593
Financial legislation	5	38	37	103	102	105	358	32	390
Health and social legislation	26	78	46	106	114	112	449	33	482
Environmental legislation	14	61	73	225	263	270	769	137	906
Laws concerning animals, hunting, etc.	29	78	144	433	600	640	1 518	406	1 924
Laws concerning work, transport, etc.	10	100	210	542	660	680	2 107	95	2 202
Laws concerning gambling, licences, food	118	161	152	236	146	86	791	108	899
Other special legislation	469	413	169	410	360	262	1 912	171	2 083

Note: Special legislation excl. the Road Traffic Act.

¹ Excl. 3,895 enterprises.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf3 and [straf4](http://www.statbank.dk/straf4)

Table 201

Convictions for offences against special legislation, by type of conviction. 2006

	Imprisonment			Fines	Other decisions ¹	Acquitted	Total
	Suspended	Unsusended	Total				
Special legislation, total	738	890	1 628	27 203	1 485	78	30 394
Act on Euforiant	567	607	1 174	11 479	870	39	13 562
Aliens Act	2	118	120	424	70	9	623
The Firearms Act	86	98	184	2 237	377	19	2 817
Fire prevention legislation, etc.	-	-	-	313	-	-	313
Police regulations	-	-	-	1 592	3	-	1 595
Financial legislation	57	46	103	297	5	3	408
Health and social legislation	7	4	11	562	27	3	603
Environmental legislation	-	1	1	983	86	1	1 071
Laws concerning animals, hunting, etc.	10	8	18	2 036	17	1	2 072
Laws concerning work, transport, etc.	2	-	2	3 471	18	1	3 492
Laws concerning gambling, licences, food	-	-	-	84	1	-	85
Other special legislation	7	8	15	3 725	11	2	3 753

Note: Special legislation excl. the Road Traffic Act.

¹ Includes absolute discharge, charges dropped, other decisions and acquittal.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf3 and [straf4](http://www.statbank.dk/straf4)

Table 202

Unsuspended sentence for offences against Penal Code. 2006

	Unsuspended imprisonment				Total
	30 days	31-60 days	61 days - 3 months	3 months +	
Penal Code, total	1 761	1 920	1 035	3 283	7 999
Sexual offences	17	19	21	145	202
Rape	-	-	1	43	44
Crimes of violence	750	1 099	490	1 170	3 509
Assault against public servant while in discharge of his duties	259	169	58	102	588
Violence against the person	381	842	383	851	2 457
Threats	92	76	37	132	337
Offences against property	750	637	452	1 358	3 197
Burglary	89	135	124	324	672
Theft	474	259	191	328	1 252
Handling stolen goods	47	48	28	79	202
Robbery	9	13	32	363	417
Other offences	244	165	72	610	1 091
Trafficking or smuggling of drugs	12	21	22	504	559

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf3 and [straf4](http://www.statbank.dk/straf4)

Table 203

Unsuspended sentence for offences against special legislation. 2006

	Unsuspended imprisonment				Total
	30 days	31-60 days	61 days - 3 months	3 months +	
Road Traffic Acts total	961	454	131	85	1 631
Traffic acc under influence of alcohol	54	24	6	4	88
Drunken driving	525	255	94	70	944
Road Traffic Act, other	382	175	31	11	599
Special legislation total	486	214	87	100	887
Act on Euforians	319	136	73	77	605
Aliens Act	69	44	3	2	118
The Firearms Act	65	16	5	12	98
Financial legislation	17	18	4	7	46
Other special legislation	85	44	5	4	138

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf3 and [straf4](http://www.statbank.dk/straf4)

Table 204**Convictions for offences against the Penal Code and special legislation, per 100,000 persons. 2006**

	Men				Women			
	Penal Code	Road Traffic Act	Other special legislation	Total	Penal Code	Road Traffic Act	Other special legislation	Total
15+ years, total	1 937	4 565	1 160	7 662	397	1 036	105	1 538
Number of convictions per 100,000 persons in the age group:								
15-19 years	6 272	5 459	2 158	13 888	1 239	513	149	1 901
20-24 years	5 152	7 935	3 504	16 592	785	1 313	205	2 304
25-29 years	3 543	7 220	2 298	13 061	585	1 562	164	2 311
30-39 years	2 337	6 652	1 451	10 440	499	1 870	156	2 525
40-49 years	1 413	5 281	1 034	7 727	389	1 548	147	2 085
50 + years	387	2 176	321	2 883	145	490	39	674

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf3 and [straf4](http://www.statbank.dk/straf4)

Table 205**Convictions relating to Penal Code and special legislation by sentence per 100,000 persons. 2006**

	Men				Women				Total
	Fine	Imprisonment		Other	Fine	Imprisonment		Other	
		Suspended	Un-suspended			Suspended	Un-suspended		
Total 15 years +	5 940	445	465	700	1 322	74	22	107	4 547
Number per 100,000 at age:									
15-19 years	9 325	1 442	692	2 030	1 343	216	24	273	8 057
20-24 years	12 106	1 025	1 304	1 883	1 833	153	38	254	9 578
25-29 years	9 736	677	1 091	1 354	1 975	104	39	178	7 701
30-39 years	8 183	513	721	859	2 216	98	48	143	6 514
40-49 years	6 307	375	423	546	1 833	92	32	117	4 948
50 years +	2 517	126	85	145	616	20	4	32	1 716

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf3 and [straf4](http://www.statbank.dk/straf4)

Table 206**Convictions for offences against the Road Traffic Act, by age and sex. 2006**

	15-19 years	20-24 years	25-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50 + years	Men total	Women total	Total
Road Traffic Act, total	10 011	13 953	14 136	32 517	27 684	24 871	99 740	23 432	123 172
Traffic acc. under the influence of alcohol and drunken driving	719	1 313	1 003	2 435	2 853	2 927	10 243	1 007	11 250
Drunken driving	566	1 122	867	2 153	2 572	2 653	9 099	834	9 933
Vehicle deficiencies	3 839	1 050	537	673	466	323	6 492	396	6 888
Other offences	5 453	11 590	12 596	29 409	24 365	21 621	83 005	22 029	105 034
Non-compliance with speed limits	1 987	6 541	7 735	19 004	16 647	14 936	50 670	16 180	66 850
Non-compliance with orders	80	73	55	66	35	40	326	23	349
Failure to give way to approaching traffic	174	219	186	367	329	743	1 380	638	2 018
Overload	12	72	128	346	411	375	1 320	24	1 344
Other	3 200	4 685	4 492	9 626	6 943	5 527	29 309	5 164	34 473

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf3 and [straf4](http://www.statbank.dk/straf4)

Table 207**Convictions for offences against the Road Traffic Act, by type of conviction. 2006**

	Imprisonment			Fines	Other decisions ¹	Acquitted	Total
	Suspended Imprisonment	Unsuspened Imprisonment	Total				
Road Traffic Act, total	2 576	1 631	4 207	119 107	868	206	124 388
Traffic acc. under the influence of alcohol	2 210	1 032	3 242	7 655	315	38	11 250
Drunken driving	1 931	926	2 857	9	177	27	3 070
Vehicle deficiencies	-	-	-	6 973	22	6	7 001
Other offences	366	599	965	104 479	531	162	106 137
Non-compliance with speed limits	4	3	7	63 810	64	34	63 915
Non-compliance with orders	2	-	2	343	2	2	349
Failure to give way to approaching traffic	-	4	4	1 978	10	26	2 018
Over loading	-	-	-	1 805	11	-	1 816
Other	360	592	952	36 543	888	100	38 039

¹ Includes absolute discharge, charges dropped, other decisions and acquittal.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf3 and [straf4](http://www.statbank.dk/straf4)

Table 208**Criminal cases concluded in courts of first instance. 2006**

	Lower courts				High courts		First instance, total
	Copenhagen region ¹	Rest of the islands	Jutland	Total	Eastern High Court	Western High Court	
Cases concluded in First instance	44 073	32 617	38 129	114 819	78	29	114 926
With lay assessors	4 255	4 568	6 245	15 068	•	•	15 068
Without lay assessors	35 662	23 538	25 574	84 774	78	29	84 881
Confession	3 713	4 023	5 628	13 364	•	•	13 364
Other cases	443	488	682	1 613	•	•	1 613

¹ Judicial districts in Copenhagen and the Copenhagen region. ² Trials by jury.

Source: The Court Administration.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/05

Table 209**Civil justice: cases concluded in courts of first instance. 2006**

	Lower courts				High courts		First instance, total
	Copenhagen region ¹	Rest of the islands	Jutland	Total	Eastern High Court	Western High Court	
Proceedings, total	33 786	39 740	52 072	125 598	618	537	127 159
Type of cases							
Ordinary cases	24 618	29 415	39 119	93 152	618	537	94 713
Residential	3 409	2 769	3 940	10 118	-	-	10 118
Matrimonial	3 018	3 590	4 592	11 200	-	-	11 200
Paternity	413	481	650	1 544	-	-	1 544
Incapacitation	237	268	256	761	-	-	761
Cases pursuant to section 124 in Social Assistance Act	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other cases	2 091	3 217	3 515	8 823	-	-	8 823

¹ Judicial districts in Copenhagen and the Copenhagen region and the Maritime and Commercial Court.

Source: The Court Administration.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/05

Table 210

Crime rate, by age, sex and national origin. 2005

	Western countries	Non-western countries	Origin			Danish origin	Population total
			Immi-grant	Descendant	Total		
Men, 15-79 years, total	2 818	13 947	14 078	2 687	16 765	115 064	131 829
Women, 15-79 years, total	977	2 448	2 992	433	3 425	30 495	33 920
Index, population total = 100							
Men, 15-79 years	76	157	127	176	133	97	100
Of which:							
15-19 years	93	162	157	149	154	94	100
20-29 years	49	171	121	212	137	95	100
30-39 years	68	153	125	178	128	97	100
40-49 years	91	141	127	107	126	97	100
50-59 years	106	153	132	120	132	98	100
60-69 years	105	136	120	90	119	99	100
70-79 years	120	76	100	92	99	100	100
Women, 15-79 years	96	107	100	141	104	100	100

Note: Only persons found guilty of offences against the Penal Code, Road Traffic Act or other special legislation. Index = Crime rate by age for persons convicted in 2005.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/05

Table 211

Persons sentenced to imprisonment in 2006 and previous imprisonment¹

	Total	Age at the time of conviction							Men. total	Women. total
		15-19 years	20-24 years	25-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50 years +			
		number of persons imprisoned								
Total	19 609	3 595	3 309	2 623	4 635	3 406	2 041	17 493	2 116	
Penal Code. total	14 346	3 474	2 827	2 032	3 250	1 909	854	12 702	1 644	
Road Traffic Act. total	3 905	32	251	386	1 036	1 185	1 015	3 557	348	
Special legislation. total	1 358	89	231	205	349	312	172	1 234	124	
		percentage of persons previously imprisoned								
Total	45.4	29.6	53.2	58.3	52.2	43.8	31.0	47.8	25.1	
Penal Code. total	44.6	29.4	53.1	57.8	51.3	42.3	26.8	47.1	25.8	
Sexual offences	21.7	13.2	26.3	29.4	29.7	21.2	12.2	22.4	10.0	
Rape. etc.	53.5	33.3	57.1	57.1	46.7	71.4	100.0	53.5	-	
Crimes of violence	42.4	27.3	55.8	57.0	48.1	40.1	21.2	0.0	0.0	
Violence. etc. against public servant	47.0	36.6	57.1	60.0	50.0	41.1	24.6	49.6	27.5	
Violence against the person	40.0	25.4	54.5	54.2	45.4	37.5	20.4	42.1	16.0	
Offences against property	47.0	32.1	50.9	60.3	55.0	45.5	31.0	50.0	29.1	
Burglary (banks. shops. etc.)	57.6	33.0	63.7	68.1	72.0	76.2	100.0	58.2	38.1	
Burglary (private houses)	64.4	44.5	62.9	81.3	76.9	77.8	66.7	65.4	45.5	
Theft	53.3	28.3	45.0	63.2	63.8	64.3	50.6	55.5	44.4	
Theft/appropriation of registered vehicles	50.9	31.6	59.3	70.6	70.9	58.3	57.1	51.8	39.1	
Robbery	55.7	41.0	64.4	87.5	77.4	60.0	25.0	56.6	36.4	
Other criminal offences	49.0	30.9	54.9	55.1	51.9	46.6	40.2	52.2	27.6	
Trafficking of drugs	51.7	45.5	55.8	55.1	42.4	55.7	68.4	53.3	35.9	
Road Traffic Act. total	45.9	37.5	51.8	57.0	53.6	44.8	33.8	48.2	21.6	
Road traffic accidents under the influence of alcohol	29.6	50.0	40.9	29.7	36.3	33.0	13.4	31.9	17.0	
Special legislation. total	52.1	33.7	57.1	65.4	56.7	49.4	34.9	54.8	25.8	
Act on Euforiant	55.0	25.8	46.8	56.1	42.7	40.7	26.7	58.3	27.3	

¹ Persons previously sentenced to imprisonment within a preceding 5-year period i.e. 2006-2001.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/05

Table 212

Inmates in main prisons and local prisons and institutions¹

	Men		Woman		Total	
	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006
Total	17 032	17 613	1 445	1 448	18 477	19 061
Local prisons and Copenhagen prisons	4 019	3 903	187	197	4 206	4 100
Average number of inmates per day	1 554	1 516	90	97	1 644	1 613
Custody and arrest	974	1 026	65	64	1 039	1 090
Prison and detention	539	449	22	29	561	478
Lenient imprisonment	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fine	7	5	-	-	7	5
Admitted under the Aliens Act	34	37	3	3	37	40
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-
State prisons						
Average number of inmates per day	2 312	2 232	85	87	2 397	2 319
Custody and arrest	4	7	1	1	5	8
Prison and detention	2 275	2 199	84	85	2 359	2 284
Lenient imprisonment	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fine	15	10	-	-	15	10
Admitted under the Aliens Act	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	18	17	-	-	18	17
Institutions						
Average number of residents per day	154	155	11	13	165	168
Costody	-	-	-	-	-	-
Judge too suspended	4	1	1	-	5	1
Paroleed	6	3	-	-	6	3
Judge too prisons	119	117	5	7	124	124
Voluntary clientele	21	29	2	1	23	30
Non-clientele	4	5	4	5	8	10

Note: Prison service closed institutions are Herstedvester, Østjylland, Nyborg, Ringe and Vridsløselille, while open prisons are Horserød, Kragshovede, Møgelkær, Midtjylland, Renbæk, Sdr. Omme, Søbysøgård, Jyderup, Holsbjergvej. There are 43 local institutions/prisons outside Copenhagen and 8 other institutions.

¹ Excl. Sandholm camp and Åbenrå asylum department.

Source: Department of Prisons and Probation.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/05

Table 213

Criminal justice, Appeals. 2006

	Eastern High Court	Western High Court	Total	Supreme Court			
				From Eastern High Court	From Western High Court	From other courts	Total
Appeals, total	1 512	1 128	2 640	40	16	1	57
Number of charged persons, total	1 711	1 268	2 979	-	-	-	-
Penalty increased	259	216	475	2	4	-	6
Penalty confirmed	958	698	1 656	38	9	-	47
Penalty mitigated	433	326	759	8	2	-	10
Other decisions	32	28	60	-	-	-	-
Appeals in interlocutory procedure, total	1 986	2 114	4 100	2	1	-	3
The appellant's claim:							
Allowed	176	152	328	1	-	-	1
Dismissed	1 810	1 962	3 772	1	1	-	2

Note: 59 cases were admissible to be reopened by the appeals court in 2006, of these four were reopened.

Source: The Court Administration.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/05

Table 214

Suspension of driving licences and ban driving. 2006

	Unconditional suspensions	Conditional suspensions	Ban driving	Total
Total	4 907	3 993	1 687	10 587
Penal Code, total	826	305	68	1 199
Road Traffic Act, total	4 081	3 688	1 619	9 388
Accidents causing injury	120	17	13	150
Drunken driving	117	13	12	142
Accidents without injury	306	46	33	385
Drunken driving	301	41	33	375
Drunk driving and driving under the influence of alcohol	3 151	518	403	4 072
Drunken driving	3 129	498	396	4 023
Other offences against the Road Traffic Act	324	2 354	769	3 447
Failure to give way to approaching traffic	56	1 124	182	1 362
Non-compliance with speed limits	152	516	308	976

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf3 and [straf4](http://www.statbank.dk/straf4)

Table 215

Police activity

	2000	2005	2006
Staff			
Police force	10 197	10 628	10 759
Uniformed police	8 162	8 361	8 478
Criminal police	2 035	2 267	2 281
Clerical staff	2 084	2 130	2 020
Legal staff	416	453	454
Official cars	2 115	2 503	2 503
Duties			
Arrests, total	78 090	61 280	60 984
Offences against Police			
Regulations, etc.	20 815	13 369	14 343
Revocations of driving licenses	16 188	18 569	19 606
Parking fines ¹	82 556	56 245	55 876
Cases involving immigrants	29 705	41 919	41 602
Fines ²	407 918	601 791	532 452
Police permits, granted	98 570	113 532	122 557
Lost property, items received	156 408	143 519	128 094
Lost property, items returned	66 547	60 386	52 255
Driving licences issued	283 065	315 179	333 128
Passports issued	358 068	655 088	627 883

Note: The table does not include all police activity which appears in other tables in the Statistical Yearbook. The resources are distributed among the Commissioner of Polices' 9 departments and 54 police districts.

¹ Enforced by the police and traffic wardens. ² Amounting to DKK 1 030 mio. in 2006.

Source: The Police's annual report.

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Table 216

Enforcement proceedings, registration, estates of deceased persons and bankruptcies, etc. 2006

	Copenhagen region ¹	Other islands	Jutland	Total
Enforcement proceedings, total	64 153	90 818	113 162	268 133
Ordinary cases:				
Demand, payments	35 684	51 255	62 391	149 330
Demand, payments, distress	1 737	3 419	3 716	8 872
Credit accord, Act	347	494	617	1 458
Other cases	85	89	106	280
Special cases:				
Custody cases	338	612	774	1 724
Enforcement proceedings, spontaneously	10 213	7 248	9 531	26 992
Ban-evidences cases	232	128	201	561
Other cases	23	62	80	165
Inkassoproces:				
Claim payment	13 998	23 379	30 272	67 649
Petitions for auctions sales of real property	741	2 025	2 700	5 466
Auctions sales of real property	755	2 107	2 774	5 636
Of which: Consistently auctions sales	27	214	448	689
Notarial acts	23 400	16 580	24 004	63 984
Registrations, total	483 573	981 345	1 642 718	3 107 636
Of which:				
Conveyances and title deeds	32 278	78 372	114 958	225 608
Mortgages, etc. on real property	117 917	252 500	287 868	658 285
Car- and personsbook	-	-	224 998	224 998
Other registrations	333 378	650 473	1 096 867	2 080 718
Estates of deceased persons, total	12 964	18 188	24 693	55 845
Ordinary estates of deceased persons:				
Disposed of without adm. § 18	4 798	5 097	6 789	16 684
Passed to surviving spouse § 22	185	232	438	855
Undivided possession § 24	1 978	4 227	5 760	11 965
Private adm. out of court § 25	2 903	4 207	5 730	12 840
Simple adm. out of court §§ 33-34	1 520	2 308	3 545	7 373
Administred by executor § 36	1 132	1 520	1 742	4 394
Disposed with admin.	218	215	202	635
Revived cases with changed erstates adm.	102	181	213	496
Other erstates	75	68	60	203
Special erstates total	53	133	214	400
Other probates²	202	4 183	6 387	14 094
Bankruptcy	-	1 170	1 666	4 154
Restructuring of debts	-	1 910	3 040	5 850
Suspension of payment	-	86	207	360
Liquidations	1	617	917	2 436
Spouse probates	194	301	386	881
Other cases	7	99	171	413
Of which:				
Bankruptcy closed	-	320	420	1 234
Restructuring of debts completed	-	604	1 207	1 988
Liquidations closed	85	112	122	319
Spouse probates closed without adm.	1	325	517	1 058

¹ Judicial districts in Copenhagen and the Copenhagen region, i.e. nos. 1-12 and the Maritime and Commercial Court. Inclusive 3,322 cases tried in the Maritime and Commercial Court.

Source: The Court Administration.

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