

Social conditions, health and justice

1. Social conditions

Objectives of the Danish social security system

The social security system in Denmark has several objectives:

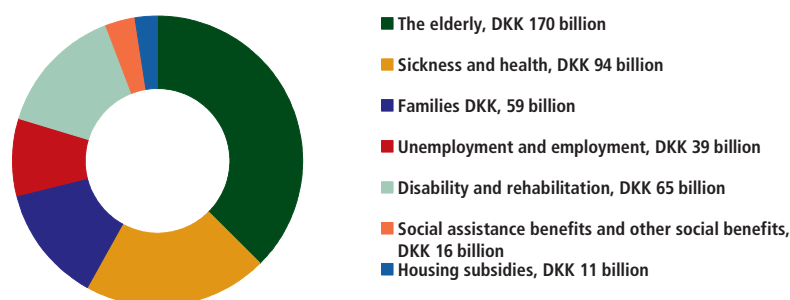
- 1) To secure the population financially in the event of, for example, sickness, unemployment and old age through income-substitute benefits.
- 2) to offer support to bring down expenditure on, for example, housing and child care through supplementary subsidy schemes.
- 3) to provide appropriate services in areas such as child care, care of the elderly, care of the disabled, health care and home help through institutions and services.

Social expenditure amounts to DKK 454 billion

Total expenditure for social purposes amounted to DKK 454 billion in 2005 or DKK 84,000 per capita. Of which DKK 336 billion was public expenditure on social services corresponding to 43 per cent of all public expenditure. Expenditure on social services measured in relation to GDP accounted for 29 per cent in 2005. Expenditure on old age is the largest social item and comprises, for example, pensions, nursing homes and home help for the elderly. Social expenditure is defined broadly in this context and also includes health services and labour market schemes expenditure.

Figure 1

Expenditure on social services analysed by purpose. 2005



See table 148.

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Financing of social expenditure

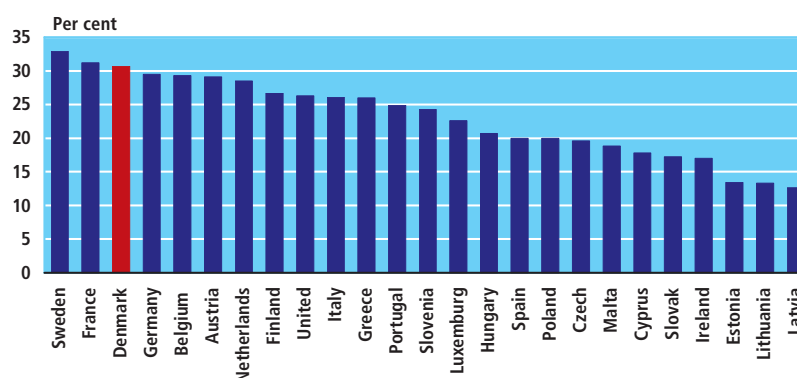
The public sector's proportion of total grants and contributions to social benefits reached 69 per cent in 2005, of which the central government accounted for 27 per cent and the local government authorities for 42 per cent. Employer contributions reached 11 per cent, while persons insured accounted for 20 per cent. In the period 1976-1993, the public sector's proportion was about 85 per cent, while the proportion paid by employers has remained constant at about 10 per cent. The change since 1993 is particularly due to the introduction of special labour market contributions, which is the most important reason that persons insured today finance 20 per cent of total social expenditure, compared to 5 per cent in 1993.

Denmark ranks third in the EU

According to Eurostat, Denmark with its 31 per cent in 2004 ranks third among the 25 EU countries with respect to social expenditure in relation to gross domestic product. Sweden had the highest ranking with 33 per cent in 2004, while France ranked second. Estonia, Lithuania and Latvia were ranked at the bottom with a proportion of 13 per cent. The comparison of social expenditure is not corrected for differences in income taxes on social benefits and legislation concerning payments of VAT and indirect taxes, etc., in each country. International comparisons are difficult. This also applies to comparisons of social expenditure.

Figure 2

Social expenditure as a proportion of GDP. 2004



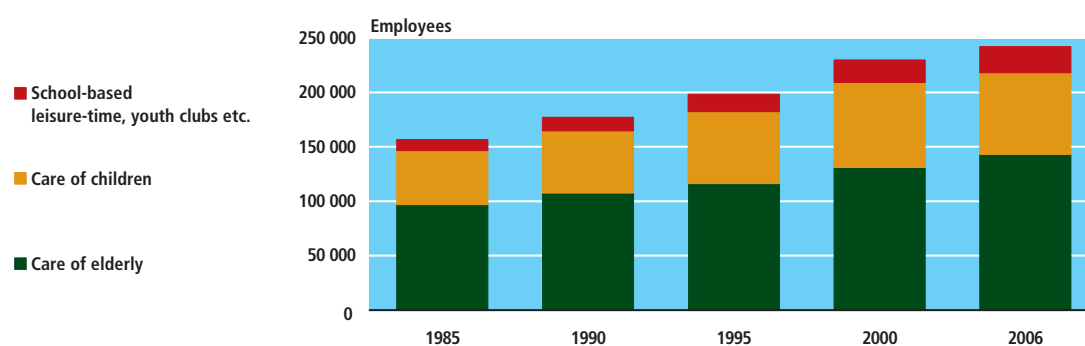
Note: Calculations are based on Eurostat's joint classification (ESSPROS) in which expenditure is calculated gross.
Source: Eurostat: *European social statistics. Social protection - Data 1995-2003*.

The number of employees increases

In 2006, a total of 282,000 people were employed in social institutions and social service schemes. When converted into full-time employment, the number of employees in the social sector totals 242,000. Since 1985, the number of employees in the social sector has grown by more than 50 per cent.

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Figure 3 Employees in the social sector



Note: Care of elderly also includes residential institutions for children and young people, institutions for drug addicts etc.
 See table 146 and 147.

The number of employees increased the most in the child care sector

The increase in the number of employees is attributable to the developments in population size and composition and in the labour market, including especially women's increasing working hours and participation rate. Child care accounts for the highest increase in the number of employees. The number of employees in school-based leisure time was 2.4 times as big compared to 1985, while there was 1.5 as many working with care of children. The increase is due to a general rise in children going to institutions.

More elderly people

In an area such as care of the elderly, the increasing number of employees is closely connected to population developments. The number of people in Denmark increased by 6 per cent over the period 1985 to 2006, but the increase in the number of elderly people aged 80 and over was 36 per cent. Consequently, there is also a much greater need for home help and residential care.

New social and health schemes

Since 1985, new social and health schemes such as preventive "home-visits", shared accommodation for disabled adults, contact persons and companion schemes have also been established. Since the mid-1980s, a considerable restructuring of the area concerning care of the elderly has taken place, including efforts to let the elderly stay in their own homes and more dwellings for the elderly to replace the closing down of rest homes. Today, there are 32,000 dwellings for the elderly, 15,000 dwellings in rest homes and 3,000 dwellings in sheltered housing plus 26,000 council housing for the elderly.

Care of the elderly

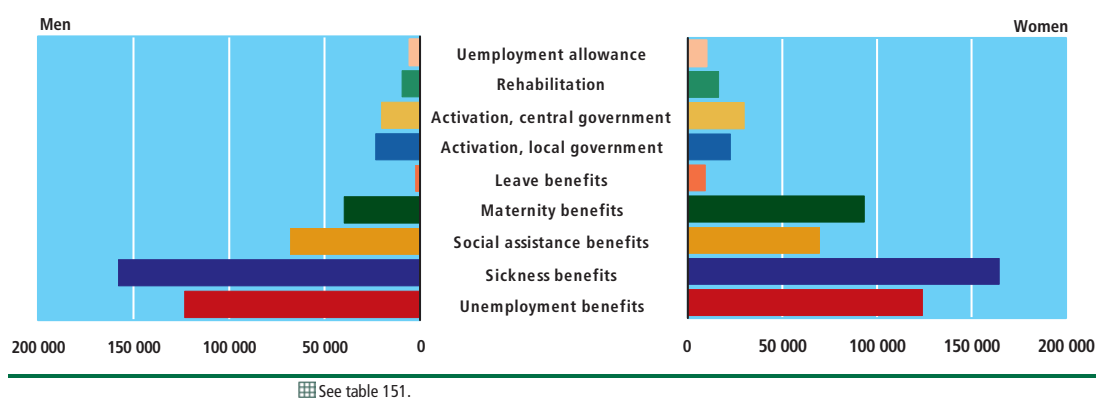
Out of 718,000 persons at the age of 66 or more in Denmark, 174,000 received home help, while 65,500 lived in residential homes, protected homes and dwellings for the elderly in March 2006. The share of the Danes living in these types of residences rises with age. It is true of 24 per cent of all persons between the age of 85 and 89 years and 42 per cent of all persons at 90 years or more.

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2.2 million people receive income-substitute benefits

A total of 2.2 million people in Denmark received income-substitute benefits in 2005. The recipients are described in separate statistical tables, e.g. unemployment benefits, sickness benefits, maternity benefits, and social assistance benefits. Recipients are grouped in the most predominant category of benefit, i.e. the benefit that they have received for the longest time in a year. Benefits are divided into temporary and permanent benefits. Of the 2.2 million people who received income-substitute benefits, 994,000 were men and 1,244,000 were women.

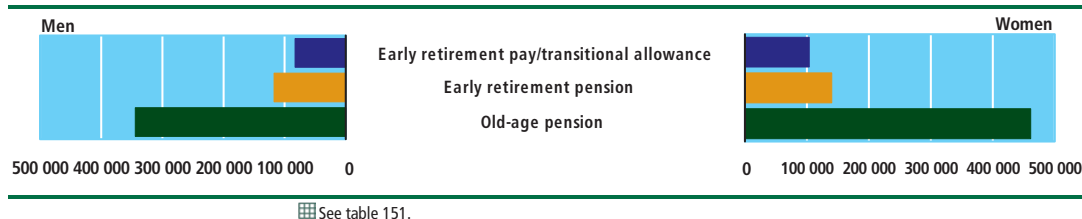
Figure 4 Recipients of income-substitute benefits – temporary benefits. 2005



More women than men received income-substitute benefits

In 2005, more women than men received income-substitute benefits. With regard to the old age pension, this can be explained by the fact that 58 per cent of the population over 66 years of age were women. A substantial proportion of recipients of leave benefits and maternity benefits were also women. However, there are also many women in the group that schemes were intended to benefit. There were also more women receiving early retirement pensions, while more men received unemployment benefits and sick pay.

Figure 5 Recipients of income-substitute benefits – permanent benefits. 2005



Supplementary subsidy schemes

With regard to the supplementary subsidy schemes, a total of 197,000 households received DKK 217 million through rent subsidies in December 2006, while 324,000 pensioner households received a total of DKK 688 million through rent allowances.

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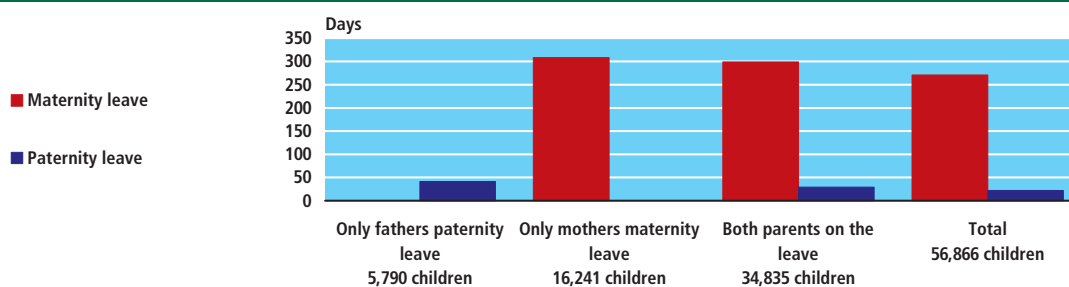
Total expenses for rent subsidies and rent allowance was respectively DKK 2.6 and 8.4 billion in 2005. 681,000 families received child benefits, of which 125,000 families also received one or more additional types of child subsidy in the fourth quarter of 2006. Total expenditure on child benefits was DKK 15 billion in 2005.

Parents have 293 days of maternity leave

Children born in 2005 were happy to see that their parents stayed at home to look after them for 293 days after their birth. The mothers had the major part of the maternity leave, 271 days, while the fathers had 22 days. Only economically active persons are entitled to maternity leave and to maternity benefits. Among others are, for example, students and recipients of social assistance, etc. When 16,241 children experienced that only their mother had maternity leave, this does not always mean that the father was not at home. He might not have been economically active, or he might have spent his holiday at home.

Figure 6

Maternity and paternity leave after birth. 2005



See table 155.

Child care

Day carers, day-care institutions and school-based leisure-time activities looked after a total of 532,000 children under the age of 10 in October 2006. This corresponds to 81 per cent of all children under the age of 10. The proportion of children in public organized child-care institutions was greatest for children aged 3-5. In this age group, 96 per cent of all children were looked after by day carers and day-care institutions. The proportion of children who were looked after was 63 per cent for 0-2-year-old children and 82 per cent for 6-9-year-olds. In 1996, the percentage of 0-2-year-olds who were looked after outside the home was 48 per cent, 85 per cent for 3-5-year-olds and 67 per cent for 6-9-year-olds.

Children and young people receiving assistance

At the end of 2005, 29,000 children and young people received assistance. The assistance includes placements outside home and various kinds of preventive measures. The share of preventive measures has increased significantly in recent years. At the end of 2005, 16,000 children and young people were recipients of preventive measures, while there was 14,000 placements outside home. More than 90 per cent of all placements are voluntary, i.e. with consent. More than half of all preventive measures are in the form of relief stays for children and young people living at home, and the share of children and young people who have a permanent contact person is increasing noticeably.

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2. Health

Danes have one of the lowest life expectancies in Western Europe

Life expectancy is often used to measure the state of a population's health. In Denmark, life expectancy has stagnated, but in recent years the trend is again positive. However, life expectancy in Denmark is still among the lowest in Western Europe. In 2005, life expectancy was 75.6 years for men and 80.2 years for women.

Excess mortality in Denmark in relation to Sweden

In the period 1995-1999, comparisons of mortality in Denmark and Sweden show that an annual excess of some 8,000 people aged 0-74 died in Denmark than would have been the case if mortality in Denmark was similar to that of Sweden. There is an excess mortality for nearly all causes of death. There was, for example, in the period 1995-1999 an annual excess of about 1,200 people aged under 74 who died of lung cancer in Denmark, compared to Sweden. There was an annual excess of about 1,000 people aged 0-74 who died of smoker's lungs and asthma, and an annual excess of about 500 people who died of alcoholic diseases of the liver.

There is no simple explanation for the stagnation in the Danes' life expectancy. Researchers point to both the Danes' lifestyle with regard to smoking, alcohol, diet and physical activity, as well as general conditions of life such as size of unemployment and initiatives made by the health-care authorities.

Danes' lifestyle

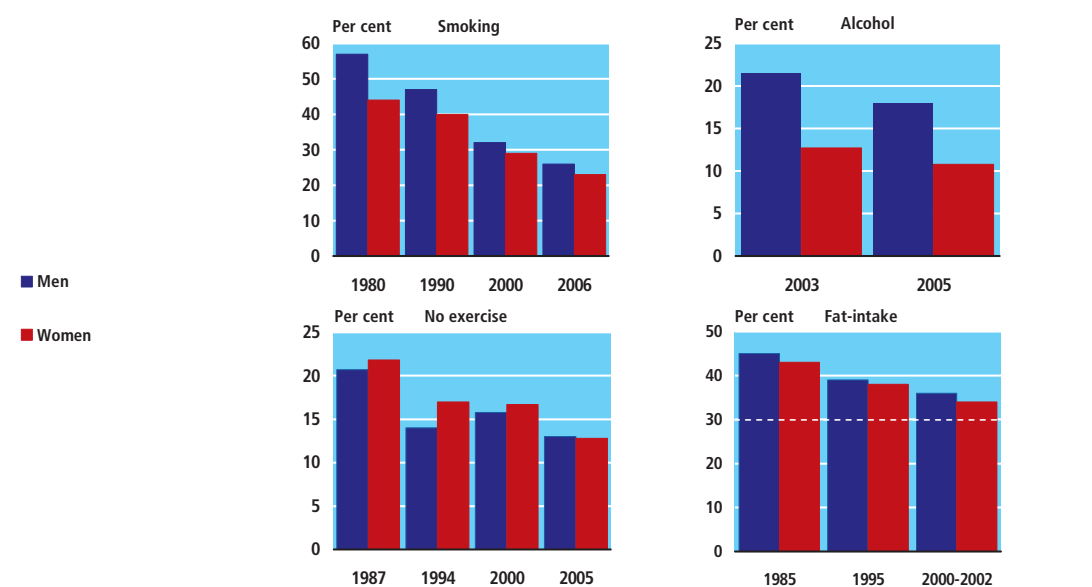
The proportion of the population who are smokers has fallen from about half of the Danes in 1980 to about a fourth in 2006. During the whole period, the number of male smokers has been higher than the number of female smokers. However, this difference has diminished considerably.

It is recommended by the National Board of Health that men do not drink more than 21 alcoholic units per week and women not more than 14 units. In 2005, 18 per cent of all men and 11 per cent of all women stated that they had exceeded this limit.

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Figure 7

Danes' lifestyle with regard to smoking, alcohol, physical activity and fat intake



Note: Alcohol shows the percentage of the population who drink more alcohol than recommended by the National Health Board (21 alcoholic units for men and 14 for women). Physical activity shows the percentage of the population who are *not* physically active in their leisure time.

Source: National Board of Health, Danish Heart Foundation, National Institute of Public Health, and Danish Institute for Food and Veterinary Research.

In 1987, about a fifth of the population were not physically active in their leisure time. In 2005, this proportion had fallen to 13 per cent.

Experts recommend that 30 per cent of total intake of energy stems from fat. In 1985, fat represented 45 per cent of the men's and 43 per cent of the women's energy intake. In 2000-2002, the shares were reduced to 36 and 34 per cent.

Use of health services

In addition to life expectancy, health services are often used as an indirect method of measuring the health of the population. Information about the population's use of hospitals and National Health Service is stored in administrative registers in Denmark, which enables statistical analyses.

Fall in the number of hospitals

In 2004, there were 52 general and 10 psychiatric hospitals in Denmark. This means that over a 10-year period the number of general hospitals dropped by 31 and psychiatric hospitals by three. A part of the fall is due to fusions of hospitals. In 2004, there were a total of 20,600 hospital beds, of which about 1,700 were in psychiatric hospitals and about 18,900 were in general hospitals. Overall, the patients in these 18,900 beds were in hospital for 5.9 million days, corresponding to 89 per cent occupancy of hospital beds. In psychiatric hospitals, occupancy of hospital beds was 93 per cent. There are almost 1.2 million admissions a year to

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the hospitals. In addition, there are about 1 million visits to emergency and 5.9 million out-patient treatments.

One out of ten is hospitalized during a year

Approximately 600,000 people or about 11 per cent of the population are hospitalized one or more times a year. The proportion of the population who have been hospitalized is lowest among 5-14-year-olds, under 5 per cent, and increases with age. Thus, about one third of the population aged 85 and above is admitted at least once in the course of a year. The average number of days in hospital beds also increases with age: approximately three days for 5-14-year-olds and approximately 15 days for 85-year-olds and above.

The pattern of diagnosis

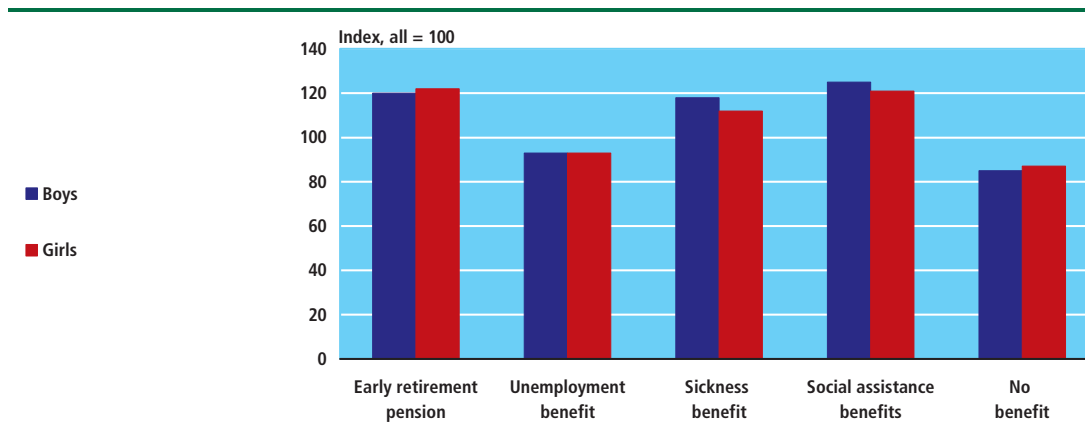
The most common cause of hospitalization for women is in connection with pregnancy, births, and abortions. When hospitalization due to birth, etc., is disregarded, diseases of the circulatory system and bodily injury and poisoning are the most common causes of hospitalization. Approximately 85,000 persons are hospitalized annually due to diseases of the circulatory system and the equal number due to bodily injury, for each group corresponding to about 13 per cent of the hospitalized. However, there are marked differences between the different age groups: for example, 40 per cent of hospitalized 1-4-year-old boys and 35 per cent of 1-4-year-old girls are admitted because of respiratory diseases and approximately 16 per cent of hospitalized 65-74-year-olds are admitted because of neoplasms.

Social differences determine use of hospitals

It appears that the use of hospitals is determined by social conditions. For example, adults who have completed education at third level (long-cycle higher education) use hospitals 35 per cent less than the average person, while adults without qualification from education use hospitals approximately 20 per cent more than the average person.

Figure 8

Frequency of hospitalization by the dominant social benefit received by the family. 2005



Note: Children aged 0-17.

Social conditions also affect children's use of hospitals. For example, boys and girls who live with families that have received social assistance benefits for at least six

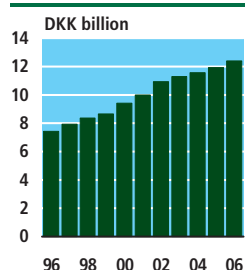
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months use hospitals 25 and 21 per cent more, respectively, than the average child. As opposed to this, children who live with families that do not receive any type of social benefit use hospitals approximately 15 per cent less than the average child.

93 per cent used the National Health Service in 2005

All persons who live in Denmark are covered by the National Health Service and can therefore receive full or some compensation for all expenses related to visits to a GP, a specialist doctor, dentist, chiropractor, chiropodist, physiotherapist, etc. Approximately 5 million people or 93 per cent of the population made use of this in 2005. Slightly more women than men received national health benefits. About 4.6 million contacted a GP and 2.7 million persons older than 14 years contacted a dentist one or more times. Both eye and ear specialists were contacted by a little more than 0.5 million people, and chiropractors by almost 300,000 people.

Figure 9
Expenditure on medication



See table 186.

Source: Danish Medicines Agency.

Expenditure on medication increases

Approximately 40 per cent of the population use medicine regularly and approximately 60 per cent have used medication within a 14-day period. More women than men use medication and the use of medication increases with age. The most commonly used types of prescription medicine are analgesic medication (pain killers), medicine for lowering blood pressure and medication for the heart.

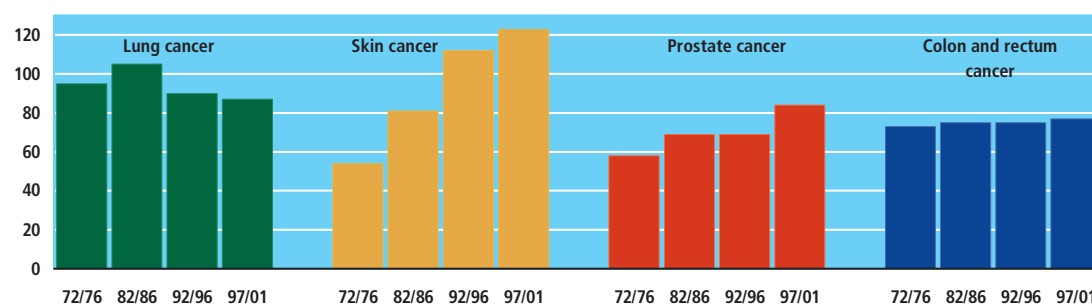
The turnover of medicine has increased steadily during the last ten years. In 1997, turnover accounted for DKK 7.9 billion and DKK 12.4 billion in 2006. This is equivalent to an increase of 57 per cent. In 2006, turnover of tranquillizers accounted for DKK 3.7 billion and drugs for the cardiovascular for DKK 1.9 billion.

Sharp increase in the number of cancer cases since the 1970s

In 2003, about 34,000 new cases of cancer were registered, and by the end of 2003 there were about 229,500 persons who lived with a cancer disease. Among the new registrations, breast cancer was the most common form of cancer among women, and cancer in the category skin cancer (excl. birthmark cancer) was the most common among men.

Figure 10

Selected types of cancer. New cases per 100,000 inhabitants. Men



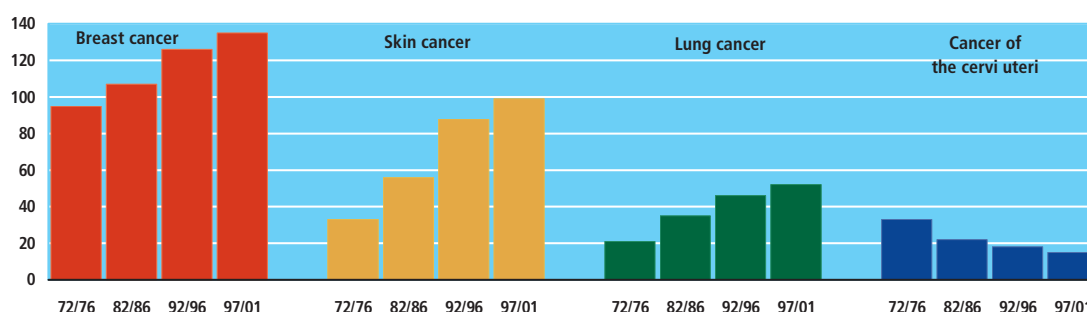
Note: The figure shows the annual number of new cancer cases per 100,000 inhabitants calculated over a five-year period. The figures have been standardised to comply with the Danish composition of population in 2000.

Source: National Health Board.

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In the course of the last 25 years, the annual number of new incidents of cancer, measured in relation to the size and age of the population, has increased by 34 per cent for women and 24 per cent for men. Breast cancer was also the most common type of cancer among women 25 years ago. However, for men, lung cancer was the most common type of cancer.

Figure 11 Selected types of cancer. New cases per 100,000 inhabitants. Women



Note: The figure shows the annual number of new cancer cases per 100,000 inhabitants calculated over a five-year period. The figures have been standardised to comply with the Danish composition of population in 2000.

Source: National Health Board.

The number of AIDS patients has decreased drastically in ten years

In the period 1980-2006, a total of 2,625 people were diagnosed with AIDS. Of these, 1,975 had died by 31 December 2006. The number of diagnosed peaked in 1993 with 239 and hereafter it has generally fallen, except for an increase in 2001 and in 2004. In 2006, 43 persons were diagnosed. Registration of HIV-positive patients did not begin until August 1990. Until the end of 2006, a total of 4,766 HIV-positive people were reported. The number of HIV-positive patients has been moving up and down between 1995 and 2006.

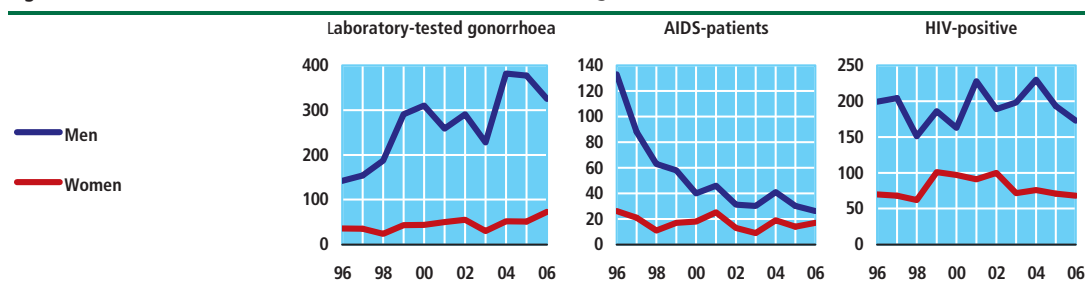
Increase in the number of gonorrhoea cases

In 2006, the number of cases of gonorrhoea is higher than ten years ago. The increase is primarily due to more cases among men. Men also account for by far the major part (82 per cent in 2006) of the cases. With regard to Chlamydia, it is just the opposite: approximately 63 per cent of all cases of chlamydia are among women.

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Figure 12

Trends in the number of cases of gonorrhoea and AIDS/HIV



See table 179-181.

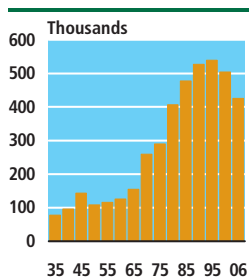
Source: State Serum Institute.

3. Justice

Crime and the administration of justice

Justice includes statistics regarding crime and the administration of justice. The analyses of justice illustrate the rulings made by courts in criminal law suits and civil law suits. Crime in Denmark is analysed as both reported crimes and criminal decisions in connection with violation of either, the Penal Code, the Road Traffic Act or special acts, and the number of victims of certain offences against the Penal Code. Crime statistics cover only reported criminal offences, whereas the so-called "hidden" crimes or underreported figures (i.e. unreported criminal offences) are not compiled.

Figure 13
Reports under the Penal Code



See table 189.

Peak in the number of reported crimes

The growth in the number of reported offences against the criminal law since 1950 seems to have reached its peak.

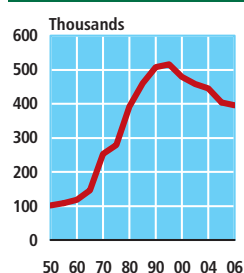
From 1950 to 1994, the number of reported criminal offences has increased from about 110,000 to almost 550,000. Since then, the number of reported criminal offences has been decreasing, and in 2006 the police received 425,000 reports of crimes. In 1950, the number of reported crimes corresponded to 3,500 reports per 100,000 inhabitants (older than 15 years) compared to 12,700 reports in 1994 and 9,616 in 2006.

The large increase in reported offences is mainly due to an increase in reported offences against property and misappropriations. They comprise, for example, burglaries in shops and houses, as well as car thefts and bicycle thefts, which are typically subject to insurance contracts, where a police report is a prerequisite of claiming damages from the insurance company. The high number of burglaries and thefts should also be seen in the context of increasing wealth in society. There is a sharp increase in the possession of valuable objects, and many dwellings are left unoccupied in the daytime.

The decrease since 1994 has also occurred in the number of reported offences against property and misappropriations, where the decrease is primarily seen in the number of thefts and burglaries. The continued decrease in the number of stolen cars is probably due to improved theft prevention in modern cars.

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Figure 14
Reported offences against property



See table 189.

Offences against property

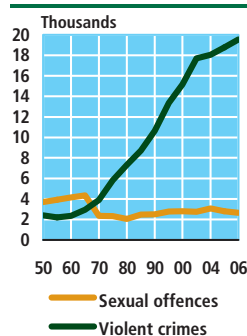
The number of reported offences against property each year makes up 90-95 per cent of the annual number of crimes reported. In 2006, 396,000 offences against property were reported, which is a fall compared to the first half of the 1990s, when more than 500,000 offences against property were reported every year. In 2006, there were 72,000 burglaries and 166,000 thefts, including 31,000 burglaries in houses and flats, 15,000 car thefts and 66,000 bicycle thefts.

Violent crimes

The number of reported violent crimes (e.g. homicide, assault against the individual or public authority) has risen significantly since the Second World War, from approximately 2,400 reports in 1950 to 19,600 in 2006. Almost 60 per cent of all reported acts of violence are assault against the individual, while the remainder is mainly violence, etc. against public authorities (16 per cent) and threats (21 per cent).

The dangerousness of violence against the individual is distributed to the following groups: *Simple violence*, *more serious violence* and *very serious violence*. In total, there were 11,600 reported offences of these kinds in 2006. Simple violence is the most common (86 per cent) and has risen by 48 per cent since 1990. In 2006, there were 156 reported homicides or attempts at homicide. In comparison the number was 217 in 2005 and 234 in 1990. In 2006, 29 homicides were accomplished. Since 1990, there has been between 200 and 250 homicides or attempts at homicide on the whole.

Figure 15
Reported violent crimes and sexual offences



See table 189.

Sexual offences

Sexual offences (e.g. rape or indecent exposure) fell, however, in the last part of the 1960s (coinciding with the repeal of the Pornography Act), and has since then been steady at 2-3,000 reports a year with a slowly increasing tendency. 2,500 sexual offences were reported in 1990 against 2,700 in 2006. More than half of today's reports are of indecent exposure (52 per cent), while rape accounts for one-fifth of the sexual offences (20 per cent).

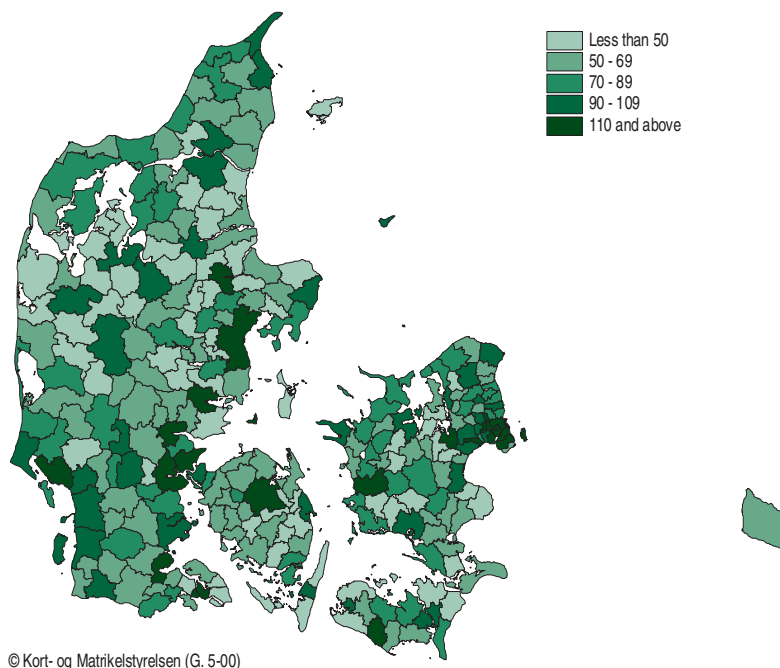
Regional differences in the number of reported crimes – highest number in cities and urban areas

There is no steady regional distribution of reported criminal offences in Denmark. Reported crimes are concentrated in cities and large towns and urban areas, whereas the number in rural municipalities is low – except for some municipalities with large summer cottage areas. There are many reported offences against property and reported violent crimes in cities and urban areas, while summer cottage areas mainly account for burglaries and thefts.

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Figure 16

Reported criminal offences per 1,000 inhabitants. 2006



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One in every five reports leads to a charge

Charges are pressed in every fifth of the 400,000-500,000 reports, either against one or several people. The charge rate typically varies according to how serious the crime is or its type. Thus charges are normally pressed in connection with 80 per cent of violent crimes and 60-70 per cent of sexual offences, while charges are only pressed in 10-15 per cent of offences against property.

Criminal decisions

Based on reports where the police have pressed charges and investigations have been closed as well as violations of the Road Traffic Act, almost 223,000 criminal decisions were made in 2005. The accused was either fined, given a prison sentence or acquitted. The increase in the number of criminal decisions is primarily due to an increasing number of violations of the Road Traffic Act.

In 2005, a little more than 56,500 rulings concerned the Penal Code, 137,500 concerned the Road Traffic Act and the remaining 28,700 concerned the other special acts (e.g. Euphoriants Act, Police Regulations, Firearms Act or Act on Animal Welfare).

In 2005, 222,800 decisions comprised a total of 309,100 criminal offences for charges committed by almost 179,900 different individuals, i.e. a number of individuals have received more than one ruling in the course of the year, just as several decisions comprise more than one charge.

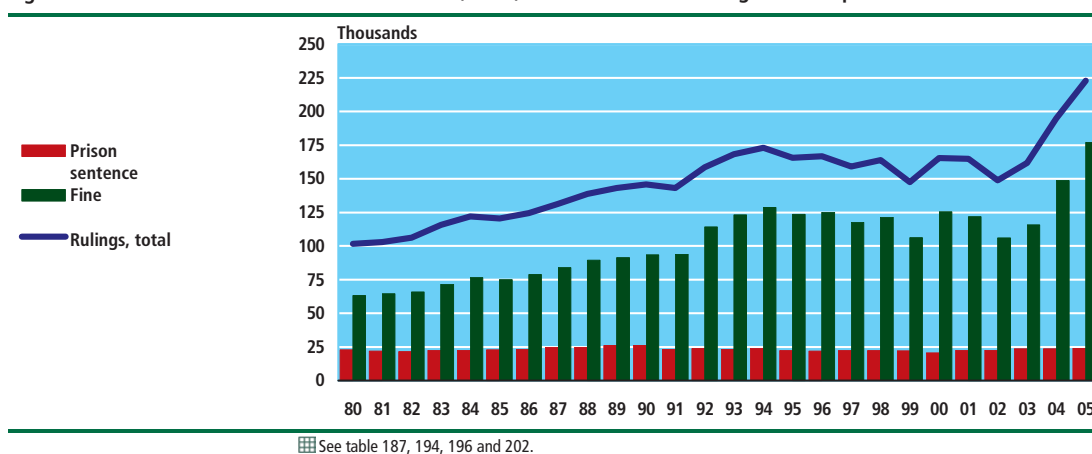
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Most decisions are fines

Of the 222,800 decisions in 2005, by far most of them (177,000) were fines, of which almost three-fourths originated from violation of the Road Traffic Act. 24,200 decisions were prison sentences (lenient imprisonment or imprisonment), and the remaining 21,600 decisions include no charges, dropped charges or acquittal. 11,700 or less than half of the prison sentences were unconditional in 2005.

Figure 17

Criminal decisions, total, and convictions resulting in fine or prison sentence



By far the most male offenders

81 per cent of all criminal decisions in 2005 involve men, but the proportion of violations by women is increasing. In 2005, 18 per cent of all criminal decisions concerned women compared to 9 per cent in 1980. The proportion of violations against the Penal Code by women has increased during the same period from 15 to 18 per cent and against the Road Traffic Act from 7 to 20 per cent. A minor proportion of the decisions (2 per cent) are against enterprises (such as violations of environmental acts).

Increase in the number of women convicted of violent crimes

Since 1990, the number of women committing violent crimes has tripled from 329 to 1,129 in 2005. The increase is greatest for women in the age groups 15-19 years, where the number has become six times as great since 1990. The 15-19-year-olds also constituted more than a fourth of the decisions, and 43 per cent or close to half were below the age of 25 years. Common assault and grievous assault account for the largest increase, but assault against public authority and threats have also risen. Furthermore, the number of women sentenced to imprisonment in connection with convictions of violent crimes has quadrupled since 1990 – a total of 490 in 2005. A little more than one third was sentenced to prison.

Most violent crimes are committed by young men

In 2005, the average age of offenders was almost 36 years – for men 35 years and women 38 years – but there are variations among the different criminal offences. The lowest average age is that of violent criminals who are 30 years. About one

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fifth of all violent crimes are committed by young men under 20 years – all in all 90 per cent of crimes of violence is committed by men.

The average age of persons committing sexual offences is somewhat higher and was 36 years in 2005. Similarly, the average age of persons committing financial crimes was higher. The average age of persons having committed fraud against creditors, gross tax fraud, etc. or offences against legislation relating to taxation and excise duties ranged between 40 and 44 years in 2004.

Almost every second person sentenced to prison has previously received a prison sentence

Of the 21,400 persons sentenced to prison in 2005, 45 per cent or almost half of them had previously received a prison sentence within the last five years. Of the 9,600 persons previously sentenced to prison in 2005, two thirds had previously received a prison sentence within the last two years.

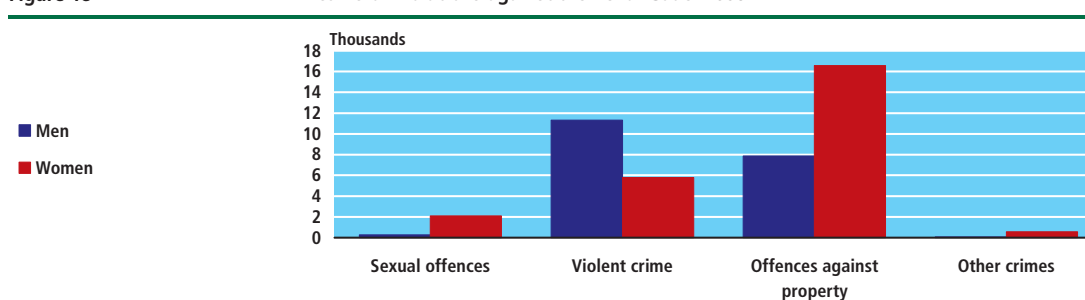
Victims of criminal offences against the Penal Code

In 2006, almost 90 per cent of all victims of sexual offences were women, while nearly all sexual offences were committed by men. In contrast, two thirds of all victims of violent crimes were men, but also here 90 per cent of the offences were committed by men.

The average age of the female victims of sexual offences was 19 years, and 13 per cent were under 10 years. The average age of victims of violence was older. Male victims were in average 30 years and female victims were in average 32 years. One per cent of the victims were under 10 years, and less than one per cent were over 70 years.

Figure 18

Victims of violations against the Penal Code. 2006



See table 190.

Table 146

Welfare institutions for children and young people. 2006

	Number of institutions	Number of clients	Staff ¹
Day care institutions	7 496	639 061	97 758
Day-care	•	65 666	20 886
Nurseries	471	16 994	5 943
Kindergartens	2 257	106 087	19 920
Age-integrated institutions	1 962	134 326	26 985
Outside school hours care	1 776	207 027	15 780
Recreation centres	390	33 259	4 196
Clubs	614	75 203	3 974
Playgroups	26	499	74
Other measures for children and young people			
Special day-care institutions and clubs	90	1 960	1 181
Residential institutions	219	5 054 ²	7 395

Note: The data relates to October 2006.

¹ Figures for September 2005. Converted to full-time employees, 37 hours per week. ² Of whom 484 day users.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/pas2

Table 147

Welfare institutions and services for adults and elderly people. 2006

	Number of institutions	Number of clients		Staff ¹
		Users	Residents	
Measures for adults and elderly people	2 154	342 747	109 714	133 164
Measures for elderly people etc.	•	•	•	99 909 ²
Permanent home help	•	206 886 ³	...	...
Residential nursing homes	436	6 503	15 052	...
Protected dwellings	112	•	2 783	...
Nursing dwellings	•	•	30 141	...
General dwellings for elderly persons	•	•	26 672	...
Other dwellings for elderly people	•	•	15 053	...
Day-care centres	679	47 482	•	...
Socio-pedagogical assistance and treatment schemes	•	16 833	•	...
Institutions for drug addicts	42	7 561	260	990
Residence schemes for people with special needs	•	502	6 022	4 225
Residence schemes for disabled people	433	588	11 270	17 295
Reception centres, etc.	100	1 136	2 461	1 942
Rehabilitation institutions	352	23 202	•	6 675
Rehabilitation etc. outside institutions	•	18 145	•	...
Contact persons and companion schemes	•	13 909	•	1 251
Disability	•	•	•	149
Advisory	•	•	•	728 ⁴

¹ Converted to full-time employees, 37 hours per week. ² Includes staff in integrated schemes, homehelp, district nurses, nursing homes, protected dwellings, accommodation for the elderly, day-care centres, preventative care at home, and general care, social education assistance and other treatment schemes. ³ Number of people receiving home help also includes those receiving 24-hour care. ⁴ Including staff at advisory and disability centres.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/05

Table 148

Social welfare expenditure. 2005

	Expenditure		
	In cash	In kind ¹	Total
	DKK mio.		
Benefits analysed by purpose			
Social protection expenditure, total	276 051	178 137	467 255
Administration²	•	•	13 069
Sickness	14 996	79 128	94 124
Sick day benefits paid by employers	3 510	-	3 510
Sick day benefits paid by municipalities	11 046	-	11 046
Health insurance schemes	-	12 523	12 523
Hospitals and health authorities	-	58 365	58 365
Pharmaceutical products	-	6 474	6 474
Other	440	1 766	2 206
Disabilities and handicaps	45 795	19 704	65 498
Early retirement pension	27 655	-	27 655
Other	18 140	19 704	37 843
Old age	142 171	28 203	170 374
Old age, early retirement, and partial pensions	77 134	-	77 134
Early retirement pay etc.	23 457	-	23 457
Labour market supplementary pension and SP	6 657	-	6 657
Civil servants earned pensions ³	18 436	-	18 436
Labour market pensions ⁴	16 463	-	16 463
Residential institutions for pensioners and home help, etc. ⁵	24	28 203	28 227
Survivors	1	133	134
Families and children	23 958	34 770	58 728
Benefits received during pregnancy and in connection with childbirth	8 374	-	8 374
Parental leave	312	-	312
Family/young persons' allowance and child cheque	14 990	-	14 990
Advance payments of child maintenance	282	-	282
Day institutions, day care	-	24 170	24 170
Residential institutions	-	10 585	10 585
Other	-	15	15
Unemployment	37 338	1 619	38 956
Unemployment benefit	20 405	-	20 405
Educational leave	-	-	-
Activation	16 933	1 619	18 551
Housing	-	10 916	10 916
Rent subsidies	-	2 590	2 590
Pensioners' rent subsidies	-	8 323	8 323
Other	-	3	3
Other social protection benefits	11 792	3 664	15 456
Social assistance	10 250	-	10 250
Danish Employees' Guarantee Fund	295	-	295
Other	1 247	3 664	4 911
Social protection benefits, total	276 051	178 137	454 186

Note: Social expenditure is calculated according to a system for comparison of social expenditure between EU countries.

¹ According to Eurostat's definition a benefit in kind is a social security benefit allotted as goods or services – a benefit in kind may be allotted directly or as cash payment, i.e. reimbursement against documentation of the actual expenses.

² Administration expenditure is separated from current expenditure as far as possible, and gathered as one item. ³ Includes state and municipality civil servant pensions and state supplementary payments to retiring civil servants. ⁴ I.e. pension funds and life insurance companies under the Danish Financial Supervisory Authority. ⁵ Including care and home help for pensioners.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/udg1

Table 149

Cash rates for social security benefits

	1/10 2005	1/10 2006
Family allowances	DKK/quarter	
Ordinary, maximum per child	1 060	1 081
Special; orphans	5 412	5 520
Special; children of widows/widowers, etc.	2 706	2 760
Extra; maximum per family	1 078	1 100
Multiple births benefits	1 744	1 780
Family-allowance, per child 0-2 years	3 370	3 410
Family-allowance, per child 3-6 years	3 046	3 081
Family allowance, per child 7-17 years	2 396	2 424
Child maintenance	DKK/year	
Payable by the father or the mother	10 824	11 040
Daily benefits	DKK/week (7 days)	
Sickness, childbirth, adoption, max.	3 267	3 332
	DKK/week (5 days)	
Unemployment benefit, maximum		
Full-time insured	3 270	3 335
Part-time insured	2 180	2 225
First job seekers, full-time	2 680	2 735
Early retirement pay²	DKK/year	
Up to 2½ years, max.	170 040	173 420
Next 2 years, max.	139 360	142 220
The new early retirement pay (for persons born after 1.7.1939)	DKK/year	
Start at age 60 = 91% of the maximum day benefit amount	154 700	157 820
Start at age 62 = maximum day benefit amount	170 040	173 420
Social pensions	DKK/month	
Married couple, both pensioners, benefit to each spouse:		
Basic payment, maximum	4 741	4 836
Pension supplement, maximum	2 228	2 273
Disability amount	1 965	2 352
Work incapacity amount when both are entitled	2 303	3 247
Single or married persons when only one spouse is a pensioner:		
Basic payment, maximum	4 741	4 836
Pension supplement, maximum	2 228	2 273
Pension supplement, single in reality	4 773	4 868
Disability amount	2 306	2 352
Work incapacity amount	3 183	3 247
Partial pension, maximum	7 844	8 000
Total pension benefit, maximum		
Maximum early retirement pension:		
Married couple, both entitled, benefit to each spouse	11 237	12 708
Others	15 003	15 303
New early retirement pension (from 1.1.2003):		
Married couple	12 046	12 287
Others	14 173	14 456
Old-age pension benefit:		
Married couple, both entitled, benefit to each spouse	6 969	7 109
Others	9 514	9 704
Funeral help	DKK	
Funeral assistance, section 16 (maximum)	8 250	8 400
Persons under 18 years (maximum)	6 900	7 050

¹ Daily cash benefits amount to 90 pct. of the previous salary or income, but up to a maximum of the amount stated.

² Early retirement pay to 60-66 year-olds is calculated in the same way as daily cash benefits during unemployment, but is reduced as stated. The first period includes any previous unemployment.

Source: Ministry of Social Affairs.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/05

Table 150

Transfer payments. 2005

	18-24 years	25-39 years	40-59 years	60-66 years	67 years +	Total	Average amount paid
	number of persons						DKK
Total	104 388	481 812	552 985	329 117	769 424	2 237 726¹	83 228
Men	54 020	204 096	258 344	151 465	325 995	993 920	77 421
Women	50 368	277 716	294 641	177 652	443 429	1 243 806	87 860
	per cent						
Per cent of the population in the age-group	25.5	42.1	36.3	75.4	100.0	52.4	•

¹ Incl. 17,895 persons receiving unknown amounts or no payments at all. These figures are not included in calculations of the average amount paid.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/sam1, sam2 and bef1a

Table 151

Transfer payments by type of benefit. 2005 – **correction**

	18-24 years	25-39 years	40-59 years	60-66 years	67 years+	Total
	number of whole-year recipients					
Total	36 110	195 229	273 754	282 641	746 127	1 533 861
Principal benefit:						
Temporary, total	32 426	166 300	124 987	8 489	1 430	333 632
Unemployment benefit	5 609	50 644	67 313	9 258	1	132 826
Sickness benefit	2 924	22 086	43 435	4 120	83	72 649
Maternity benefit	2 397	50 078	2 728	1	•	55 205
Cash benefit	15 865	42 461	33 658	2 338	1 333	95 654
Rehabilitation	2 617	12 113	6 132	38	•	20 900
Local government employment scheme	6 262	13 726	9 308	351	8	29 656
Activation from Public Employment Service	673	10 515	9 489	406	2	21 084
Leave benefits	10	3 022	1 307	1	•	4 340
Unemployment allowance	92	2 366	7 427	268	3	10 156
Permanent, total	3 684	28 930	148 767	274 152	744 697	1 200 229
Old-age pension	•	•	•	51 989	724 829	776 818
Early retirement pension	3 684	28 930	146 607	69 022	5 227	253 470
Early retirement pay/ transitional allowances	•	•	2 160	153 140	14 641	169 940
	per cent					
Per cent of the population in the agegroup	8.8	17.1	18.0	64.8	99.1	35.9

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/sam7

Table 152

Children and young persons receiving assistance under the Social Assistance Act. 2005

	Number by age group				Males	Females	Total
	0-6 years	7-14 years	15-17 years	18 years +			
31 December							
Total number receiving assistance, (net)	3 309	12 924	10 147	2 599	16 678	12 324	29 002
Placement outside home	1 525	6 078	4 847	1 451	7 772	6 129	13 901
By warranty:							
With consent	1 200	5 441	4 623	1 421	7 143	5 542	12 685
Without consent	320	629	212	30	615	576	1 191
Temporary placement	1	3	3	-	4	3	7
Prolonging of placement period	4	5	9	-	10	8	18
By kind of place:							
Private family	1 234	3 460	1 267	439	3 388	3 012	6 400
Residential institution	249	1 538	1 194	250	1 926	1 305	3 231
Socio-educational residence	33	894	1 251	365	1 609	934	2 543
Municipal full-time facility	-	147	550	80	38	36	777
Boarding school, etc.	-	5	527	297	443	334	829
Own room, etc.	7	20	35	12	332	497	74
Other ¹ and not stated	2	15	23	8	36	11	48
Preventive measures	1 810	7 058	5 727	1 299	9 338	6 556	15 894
Appointment of personal adviser	14	293	466	170	559	384	943
Permanent contact person	92	1 182	1 494	625	2 171	1 222	3 393
Relief stays for children/young people with residence at home	1 713	5 250	998	64	4 716	3 309	8 025
Economical support for stays at boarding school, etc.	3	462	2 693	96	1 671	1 583	3 254
Arrangement for a trainee period	-	53	338	129	371	149	520
Establishment of a phasing-out plan in the care facility	1	24	140	295	294	166	460

¹ In a hospital or placed on board a ship.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/bis2, bis4 and bis9

Table 153

Family allowances. 4th quarter 2006

	Number of families	Number of children	Payments in DKK thousands	Average payments per family in DKK
Family allowances, total¹	681 480	1 197 339	3 735 929	5 482
Family allowances, all families	681 410 ²	1 197 235	3 246 938	4 765
Ordinary family allowances	124 647	191 850	207 778	1 667
Additional family allowances	123 015	•	135 317	1 100
Special family allowances	29 709 ³	44 470 ³	125 058 ³	4 209
Multiple birth family allowances	9 243	17 864	20 838	2 254

¹ Total number of families and children has been calculated net, i.e. as the number who received one or more types of allowance. ² The lower total number of family allowances is because some persons receiving benefits are not liable to pay taxes, because they live abroad, or, if the recipient is the father, he must apply. ³ The decrease is due to a legislative change in the Act on child benefits, which became effective as of 1 January 2005. Contrary to previously, special child benefits to parents seeking education are only allotted to those parents pursuing education, who are not eligible for a state educational grant.

For further information visit www.statbank/bts4, bts5 and bts6

Table 154

Child maintenance

	Children total ¹		Number of parents entitled to benefits		Disbursed by local government		Received by local authorities from persons liable to pay child maintenance		Local authorities claims outstanding at end of year ²	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
	number				DKK mio.					
All Denmark	170 048	169 295	114 702	113 539	1 795.9	1 807.0	1 690.6	1 584.5	3 480.8	3 627.5
Copenhagen Municipality	14 287	14 052	9 818	9 646	153.6	153.5	170.8	106.9	468.5	467.0
Frederiksberg Municipality	1 863	1 853	1 364	1 338	20.0	20.1	22.2	21.2	59.4	59.7
Copenhagen County	18 817	18 345	13 193	12 898	201.2	201.0	178.6	172.7	341.9	357.0
Frederiksborg County	10 332	10 195	7 236	7 186	111.8	109.8	97.6	95.4	185.7	192.4
Roskilde County	7 617	7 408	5 230	5 116	79.9	80.4	68.3	66.7	116.1	122.5
West Zealand County	12 171	12 372	8 203	8 274	128.4	131.5	124.9	122.9	220.5	230.0
Storstrøm County	10 822	10 727	7 269	7 173	111.2	112.9	112.9	109.3	185.7	194.3
Bornholm Municipality	1 698	1 597	1 166	1 097	18.1	17.6	16.0	15.4	33.1	34.0
Funen County	15 951	16 626	10 738	10 582	168.2	167.7	154.3	149.0	342.7	359.7
South Jutland County	8 584	8 413	5 576	5 479	88.8	89.0	81.6	79.6	163.3	171.4
Ribe County	6 475	6 443	4 272	4 338	68.5	69.0	63.8	62.0	139.3	142.6
Vejle County	11 216	11 206	7 483	7 460	116.8	119.9	112.3	110.4	217.1	223.7
Ringkøbing County	7 713	7 707	4 997	4 983	80.4	81.7	76.4	75.6	125.6	135.7
Aarhus County	19 477	19 509	12 831	12 799	205.8	208.7	188.5	183.6	475.6	499.2
Viborg County	7 349	7 370	4 811	4 811	77.4	78.4	72.3	70.7	117.5	130.3
North Jutland County	15 676	15 472	10 515	10 359	165.8	165.9	150.2	143.1	288.8	307.7

¹ Age at end of year. ² In addition to advance payments of child maintenance, claims outstanding at the end of the year also include other types of payment (e.g. alimony and education payments) as these amounts cannot be separated.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/bidrag1 and [bidrag2](http://www.statbank.dk/bidrag2)

Table 155

Maternity and paternity leave in 2005-2006 shared between the father and mother - children born in 2005

	Number of children, total	Average number of days per child		
		Father's leave	Mother's leave	Total leave
All children	56 866	22	271	293
0-2 weeks per child	3 872	13	0	13
3-16 weeks per child	1 724	49	12	61
17-30 weeks per child	2 861	27	152	178
31-40 weeks per child	6 844	25	228	253
41-47 weeks per child	15 835	13	303	316
48 weeks per child	16 157	25	311	335
49-78 weeks per child	9 103	26	366	392
79 weeks + per child	470	28	577	605

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/socdag1 and [socdag10](http://www.statbank.dk/socdag10)

Table 156

Child care. 2006

	Number by age group					Number per 100 in the respective age groups				
	0-2 years	3-5 years	6-9 years	10-13 years	Total ¹	0-2 years	3-5 years	6-9 years	10-13 years	Total
Total	123 318	187 856	221 162	29 234	561 570	63.2	96.0	81.8	10.3	59.5
Day-care	64 978	688	..	..	65 666	33.3	0.4	..	..	7.0
Nurseries	16 790	204	..	..	16 994	8.6	0.1	..	..	1.8
Kindergartens	4 597	98 770	2 720	..	106 087	2.4	50.5	1.0	..	11.2
Age-integrated institutions	36 872	77 900	16 983	2 415	134 170	18.9	39.8	6.3	0.9	14.2
Outside school-hours care	81	9 172	174 009	22 452	205 714	..	4.7	64.3	7.9	21.8
Recreation centres	..	1 122	27 450	4 367	32 939	..	0.6	10.1	1.5	3.5

Note: The data relates to October 2006.

¹ Not included are 1,770 children older than 13 years.


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/pas1 and bef1a07

Table 157

Rates of child care

	2005	2006	2007
	DKK per year		
Municipal day-care 0-2 years	27 642	22 463	23 630
Municipal day-care 3-5 years	26 193	13 453	22 091
Day nurseries	34 398	30 358	31 427
Kindergartens 3-5 years	19 458	20 421	16 514
Age-integrated institutions 0-2 yrs	33 624	29 049	30 116
Age-integrated institutions 3-5 yrs	19 377	20 609	17 118
Age-integrated institutions 6-9 yrs	13 017	14 394	14 125
Outside school-hours care 6-9 yrs	14 264	14 952	15 402
Outs. school-hours care 10-13 yrs	12 189	11 548	11 168
Recreation centres 6-9 years	11 792	14 675	14 341
Recreation centres 10-13 years	4 953	4 863	5 789
Youth club 14-18 years	863	804	1 383

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/res8 and [res88](http://www.statbank.dk/res88)

Table 158**Measures for elderly people. 2006**

	Number by age group					Number per 100 persons in the respective age groups				
	Under 67 years	67-79 years	80-89 years	90 years +	Total	Under 67 years ¹	67-79 years	80-89 years	90 years +	Total
Total	9 175	19 353	31 587	14 533	74 648	0.6	3.9	16.8	41.6	3.3
Nursing homes	1 178	3 150	6 631	4 093	15 052	0.1	0.6	3.5	11.7	0.7
Protected dwellings	431	656	1 137	559	2 783	-	0.1	0.6	1.6	0.1
Nursing dwellings	2 700	6 988	13 649	6 804	30 141	0.2	1.4	7.3	19.5	1.3
General dwellings for elderly persons	4 866	8 559	10 170	3 077	26 672	0.3	1.7	5.4	8.8	1.2

¹ Calculated for the 45-66 year age group.


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/res6b and bef1a

Table 159

Persons receiving cash benefits under the Social Assistance Act. 2005

	Age of recipient ¹					Marital status			Total persons
	Under 18 years	18-24 years	25-39 years	40-67 years	68 years +	Co-habiting spouses	Other ²	Of whom single women with children	incl. not known
	number of persons								
Recipients of cash benefits total, net ³	27 261	53 512	117 596	94 940	1 332	84 701	213 516	34 749	298 217
Maintenance benefits, total	307	42 806	76 605	56 096	1 157	33 872	145 449	22 136	179 321
Maintenance benefits, breadwinners	140	8 088	49 758	30 424	12	27 236	62 267	21 675	89 503
Maintenance benefits, non-breadwinners	35	2 742	27 012	26 198	38	5 934	50 977	1 022	56 911
Maintenance benefits, persons without social pension or refugees ⁴	.	11	62	823	1 126	925	1 191	40	2 116
Assistance for young people	81	35 328	3 405	248	1	582	38 844	319	39 426
Special assistance	1	233	7 244	10 776	4	1 043	17 416	1 084	18 459
Assistance to refugees	97	31	9	3	.	5	142	1	147
Rehabilitation, etc., total	38	6 558	25 803	19 900	11	16 458	36 090	6 472	52 548
Rehabilitation benefits	1	1 643	14 014	6 998	.	7 212	15 523	3 388	22 735
Rehabilitation connected to enterprise-rehabilitation	.	661	4 750	3 755	.	3 155	6 041	1 178	9 196
Support for special expenditure and extra costs of accommodation during rehabilitation	29	4 110	17 883	14 076	11	11 956	24 296	4 355	36 252
Cash benefits during pre-rehabilitation	1	3 116	3 012	1 671	.	814	7 026	966	7 840
Pay subsidies in training or education	6	52	300	227	.	230	362	50	592
Wage supplement connected to enterprise-rehabilitation	.	166	1 132	824	.	840	1 289	191	2 129
Subsidies for own enterprise	.	.	18	34	.	23	30	2	53
Subsidies for tools and equipment	1	85	406	480	.	328	649	80	977
Assistance to refugees	.	3	.	.	.	.	3	.	3
Activated recipients of cash benefits, total	25	24 542	40 689	25 473	7	15 914	75 598	11 678	91 512
Specific benefits, total	27 036	16 263	40 377	37 101	428	41 329	81 261	16 571	122 590
Assistance for expenses in connection with parents' visiting rights, etc.	105	137	1 508	1 250	10	195	2 841	275	3 036
Assistance for medical treatment, etc.	266	5 850	13 867	14 155	297	6 651	28 181	5 519	34 832
Assistance for individual expenses	181	10 209	19 029	13 318	77	4 411	39 107	8 212	43 518
Benefits for children with reduced abilities	26 173	1 112	1 987	1 903	8	18 105	13 276	3 052	31 381
Assistance for adults with reduced abilities	21	1 694	2 970	4 695	51	3 918	5 636	384	9 554
Lost income due to care for children with reduced abilities	1 073	82	7 515	6 888	2	10 706	4 952	1 832	15 658
Assistance for surviving dependants	.	.	32	483	41	1	565	55	566
Special assistance for refugees	207	32	41	32	1	176	141	21	317

¹ Age at 31 December in the year of measurement. ² Includes all persons who are not married, i.e. single persons, cohabiting couples, couples living in consensual union, and children under 18 not living at home. ³ The figure is less than the sum of individual benefits as the same person can receive several benefits.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/kh1r

Table 160

Persons receiving benefits. 2005

	Number of recipients	All-year recipients	Average number of months receiving assistance per recipient	Average benefits paid per month	Benefits, total
	persons		months	DKK	DKK mio.
Financial assistance	233 044	145 816	7.5	10 246	17 929
Maintenance assistance, etc.	179 321	93 694	6.3	9 137	10 273
Of which: Maintenance, breadwinners	89 503	50 939	6.8	10 606	6 483
Maintenance, non- breadwinners	56 911	29 371	6.2	8 206	2 892
Maintenance, young people	39 426	11 452	3.5	4 564	627
Education assistance, etc.	52 548	25 987	5.9	13 089	4 082
Of which: Rehabilitation benefits	31 931	18 232	7.0	13 626	2 983
Recipients of cash benefits participating in training programmes	91 512	35 345	4.6	8 427	3 574

Note: Assistance includes maintenance, etc., education grants, etc., and cash benefits recipients in activation.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/kh1

Table 161

Rent subsidies. December 2006

	Number of households receiving rent subsidy	Rent subsidies paid	Rent subsidy paid per household
	number	DKK thousands	DKK
Rent subsidies, total	536 323	926 891	1 728
Rent subsidies to non-pensioners	196 748	217 123	1 104
Ordinary	195 195	215 566	1 104
Re-housing / improvements	1 452	1 433	987
Collective housing	101	124	1 228
Rent subsidies to pensioners	323 919	688 291	2 125
Tenants, total	293 704	656 515	2 235
Ordinary flats	238 543	485 981	2 037
Old peoples' housing	55 161	170 534	3 092
Owner-occupiers	1 462	1 956	1 338
Occupants in flats jointly owned by the occupants	27 970	28 416	1 016
Collective housing	783	1 404	1 793
Rent subsidy to new early retirement pensioners¹	15 656	21 477	1 372

¹ Rent subsidy to early retirement pensioners and persons with serious physical handicap, who are new recipients of rent subsidy after the early retirement pension reform as of January 2003.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/05

Table 162

National Health Service. 2005

	Number of national health benefits					Number of recipients					Expen- diture ¹
	0-14 years	15-29 years	30-59 years	60 years+	Total	0-14 years	15-29 years	30-59 years	60 years+	Total	
	benefits in thousands					persons in thousands						DKK mio.
Total	8 280.0	11 271.0	40 378.6	34 151.2	94 080.7	831.5	829.8	2 183.5	1 171.3	5 016.1	8 732.1
Men	4 282.1	3 668.6	15 801.5	14 125.5	37 877.7	424.2	395.9	1 067.6	523.4	2 411.1	3 546.4
Women	3 997.9	7 602.3	24 577.1	20 025.7	56 203.0	407.3	434.0	1 115.9	647.9	2 605.0	5 185.6
General medical care, total	6 223.0	7 118.6	20 745.0	20 574.7	54 661.3	813.8	773.7	1 943.8	1 101.8	4 633.1	4 029.7
Men	3 170.6	2 048.3	7 661.7	8 501.2	21 381.8	415.0	350.7	898.3	485.4	2 149.4	1 619.2
Women	3 052.4	5 070.3	13 083.3	12 073.5	33 279.5	398.8	423.0	1 045.4	616.4	2 483.7	2 410.5
Special medical care, total	1 474.6	1 042.4	3 744.3	2 955.1	9 216.3	258.7	196.9	635.7	500.4	1 591.7	2 167.0
Men	803.7	355.6	1 293.2	1 147.1	3 599.6	135.5	77.2	247.3	204.9	664.8	851.9
Women	670.9	686.8	2 451.1	1 808.0	5 616.7	123.3	119.7	388.4	295.5	926.9	1 315.2
Dental care, total²	-	1 663.3	8 757.7	4 542.3	14 963.4	-	392.8	1 605.0	715.3	2 713.0	1 236.2
Men	-	750.2	4 148.8	2 126.4	7 025.4	-	175.6	751.3	328.7	1 255.6	586.6
Women	-	913.1	4 609.0	2 416.0	7 938.0	-	217.1	853.7	386.6	1 457.5	649.5
Other benefits, total³	582.4	1 446.7	7 131.6	6 079.1	15 239.8	47.7	147.2	554.3	336.1	1 085.3	1 299.2
Men	307.8	514.5	2 697.8	2 350.9	5 871.0	24.2	53.3	229.8	136.7	444.0	488.8
Women	274.6	932.2	4 433.8	3 728.3	9 368.8	23.5	93.9	324.5	199.4	641.3	810.4

Note: The number of recipients is net, i.e. the number of persons who have received one or more benefits. A visit by a doctor, etc., can include several single benefits (examination, blood test, immunization, etc.).

¹ Excluding basic payment for general medical care, expenditure on pharmaceutical products, and expenditure on travel health insurances, glasses, etc. These expenditures cannot be analysed by recipients. ² Persons below 18 years are secured by the public children and youth dental care system and are therefore not included in this table. ³ Chiropractor, physiotherapist, chiropodist, laboratory, etc.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/syg1a, [syg31a](http://www.statbank.dk/syg31a) and [syg41a](http://www.statbank.dk/syg41a)

Table 163

Benefits during sickness or in connection with childbirth. 2006

	Expenditure, total ¹	Weeks in which benefits were received ²	Men	Women	Total
	DKK mio.	thousands	number of persons ³		
I alt	20 951	7 093	254 638	334 368	589 006
Sygdom i alt	12 270	4 149	213 098	244 831	457 929
Lønmodtagere i alt	11 608	3 892	192 376	234 784	427 160
Første 2 uger	1 197	330	114 748	120 323	235 071
Efter 2 uger	10 411	3 562	118 594	160 705	279 299
Selvstændige i alt	663	257	21 214	10 437	31 651
Første 2 uger	169	54	17 103	8 409	25 512
Efter 2 uger	494	203	12 279	5 395	17 674
Pregnancy, birth or adoption, total	8 681	2 945	47 776	102 365	150 141
Pregnancy	1 332	427	•	59 268	59 268
Birth, adoption	7 349	2 517	47 776	96 254	144 030

¹ Includes all payments in the year, i.e. both closed cases and cases in progress at the end of the year. ² A benefits week covers payment to one person for seven calendar days, irrespective of the number of working days. ³ The number of persons is calculated net, i.e. a person transferring from one type of absence to another within a group is only counted once. Persons, who have received sick-day and birth benefits, are counted twice ⁴ Cases where the public sector has taken over the obligations of the employer to pay sickness benefit. In other cases the employer must pay sickness benefit (the employer period) for the first two weeks. ⁵ Especially self-employed with a voluntary insurance.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/socdag

Table 164

Recipients of old age pensions. 2006

1 January	Basic payment			Total
	Full amount	Reduced amount	No amount ¹	
	number of persons			
Recipients, total	769 268	35 898	2 816	807 982
65-69 years	205 321	13 745	626	219 692
70-79 years	344 011	17 214	1 217	362 442
80-89 years	185 662	4 585	773	191 020
90 years +	34 274	354	200	34 828
Men, total	326 740	18 888	1 358	346 986
65-69 years	97 230	7 731	365	105 326
70-79 years	154 379	9 090	629	164 098
80-89 years	66 702	1 951	297	68 950
90 years +	8 429	116	67	8 612
Women, total	442 528	17 010	1 458	460 996
65-69 years	108 091	6 014	261	114 366
70-79 years	189 632	8 124	588	198 344
80-89 years	118 960	2 634	476	122 070
90 years +	25 845	238	133	26 216

¹ The pensioner's income is either too high to be entitled to claim the basic payment or the old age pension is deferred.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/pen1, [pen2](http://www.statbank.dk/pen2) and [pen3](http://www.statbank.dk/pen3)

Table 165

Recipients of early retirement pensions 2006

Per 1 January	Early retirement pensions				Total
	Highest	Intermediate	Ordinary/ increased	New early retirement	
	number of recipients				
Recipients, total	60 897	97 313	47 261	40 414	245 885
18-29 years	3 419	2 051	167	3 766	9 403
30-39 years	8 356	7 998	2 040	5 424	23 818
40-49 years	14 378	19 688	8 351	10 304	52 721
50-59 years	21 811	39 081	18 839	16 216	95 947
60-64 years	12 004	25 866	15 397	4 527	57 794
65-66 years	929	2 629	2 467	177	6 202
Men, total	32 071	42 615	17 893	19 210	111 789
18-29 years	1 990	1 188	107	2 157	5 442
30-39 years	4 778	4 115	1 083	2 590	12 566
40-49 years	7 673	8 943	3 930	4 654	25 200
50-59 years	10 991	16 236	7 391	7 396	42 014
60-64 years	6 162	11 017	4 740	2 338	24 257
65-66 years	477	1 116	642	75	2 310
Women, total	28 826	54 698	29 368	21 204	134 096
18-29 years	1 429	863	60	1 609	3 961
30-39 years	3 578	3 883	957	2 834	11 252
40-49 years	6 705	10 745	4 421	5 650	27 521
50-59 years	10 820	22 845	11 448	8 820	53 933
60-64 years	5 842	14 849	10 657	2 189	33 537
65-66 years	452	1 513	1 825	102	3 892

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/pen1

Table 166

Payments of old age pensions and early retirement pensions. January 2006

	Recipients					Amounts paid total	Average monthly amount paid per recipient				
	Old age pension	Highest/-intermediate early retirement pension	Ordinary/increased scheme for ordinary early retirement pension	New early retirement pension	Total		Old age pension	Highest/-intermediate early retirement pension	Ordinary/increased scheme for ordinary early retirement pension	New early retirement pension	Total
	number of recipients					DKK mio.	DKK				
Total	807 982	158 210	47 261	40 414	1 053 867	8 826.7	7 517	11 562	9 109	12 217	8 375
Men	346 986	74 686	17 893	19 210	458 775	3 725.9	6 990	11 911	9 546	12 497	8 121
Women	460 996	83 524	29 368	21 204	595 092	5 100.8	7 913	11 249	8 843	11 964	8 571
By type of amount paid											
Basic pension payment											
Total	805 166	155 941	46 963	40 197	1 048 267	5 254.0	4 722	4 732	4 686	12 281	5 012
Full	769 268	146 865	43 299	25 471	984 903	4 986.8	4 836	4 836	4 836	13 624	5 063
Reduced	35 898	9 076	3 664	14 524	63 162	264.2	2 288	3 047	2 918	9 895	4 183
No payment	2 816	2 269	298	217	5 600	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pension supplement for single persons:											
Total	364 148	89 034	26 274	18	479 474	2 075.5	4 242	4 607	4 593	4 469	4 329
Full	252 066	76 942	22 502	14	351 524	1 711.2	4 868	4 868	4 868	4 868	4 868
Reduced	112 082	12 092	3 772	4	127 950	364.3	2 833	2 943	2 952	3 071	2 847
No payment	23 356	1 588	324	19 283	44 551	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pension supplements for others:											
Total	342 377	47 744	16 749	4	406 874	816.2	1 996	2 060	2 050	2 273	2 006
Full	218 992	28 258	10 909	4	258 163	586.8	2 273	2 273	2 273	2 273	2 273
Reduced	123 385	19 486	5 840	-	148 711	229.4	1 505	1 752	1 635	-	1 543
No payment	78 101	19 844	3 914	21 109	122 968	-	-	-	-	-	-
Married couple's supplement											
	39	60	1	-	100	0.1	641	641	641	-	641
Assistance or nursing supplement											
	2 616	6 086	4	-	8 706	26.3	2 835	3 106	2 073	-	3 024
Disability supplement											
	10	-	-	-	10	-	521	-	-	-	521
Temporary supplement											
	2 301	-	-	-	2 301	0.8	340	-	-	-	340
Disability amount											
	8 988	157 927	-	-	166 915	388.3	2 324	2 327	-	-	2 327
Work incapacity amount											
	2 432	60 914	-	-	63 346	204.2	3 224	3 224	-	-	3 224
Early retirement amount											
	4 926	-	46 263	-	51 189	61.3	1 193	-	1 198	-	1 197

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/pen1, [pen2](http://www.statbank.dk/pen2) and [pen3](http://www.statbank.dk/pen3)

Table 167

Petitions for early retirement pensions¹. 2006

	Petitions, total	Awarded	Suspended	Maintained	Not stated ²	Petition rejected	
						Total	In per cent of petitions
	number of persons						per cent
Total	15 610	14 254	3	143	96	1 114	7.1
Men, total	7 305	6 730	2	47	37	489	6.7
Under 20 years	268	263	-	-	2	3	1.1
20-29 years	550	508	-	6	3	33	6.0
30-39 years	1 088	958		14	6	110	10.1
40-49 years	2 015	1 827	1	19	10	158	7.8
50-59 years	2 847	2 669	1	8	13	156	5.5
60-66 years	513	483	-	-	2	28	5.5
Not stated	24	22	-	-	1	1	4.2
Women, total	8 305	7 524	1	96	59	625	7.5
Under 20 years	192	190	-	1	1	-	-
20-29 years	532	484	-	7	5	36	6.8
30-39 years	1 346	1 171	-	32	10	133	9.9
40-49 years	2 349	2 084	1	36	11	217	9.2
50-59 years	3 381	3 148	-	20	26	187	5.5
60-66 years	471	423	-	-	2	46	9.8
Not stated	34	24	-	-	4	6	17.6

¹ The statistic contains only municipal decisions. ² Includes petitioners with or without a pension, where the decision is not stated, as well as petitioners whose pension status is not stated.

Source: National Social Appeals Board.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/pen1, [pen2](http://www.statbank.dk/pen2) and [pen3](http://www.statbank.dk/pen3)

Table 168

Pensioners with pension from Labour Market Supplementary Pension Scheme

	2005	2006
	DKK mio.	
Benefits	5 698	6 592
	number	
With own pension, total	581 300	636 200
Men	290 200	315 200
Annual pension under DKK 2,000	7 300	7 500
DKK 2,000-3,999	21 800	21 700
DKK 4,000 +	261 100	286 000
Women	291 100	321 000
Annual pension under DKK 2,000	22 000	22 000
DKK 2,000-3,999	58 900	58 800
DKK 4,000 +	210 200	240 200
With spouse's pension, total	20 600	16 900
Men	250	200
Women	20 350	16 700

Source: Labour Market Supplementary Pension Scheme.

Table 169

Appeals in social cases. 2005

	Cases decided, total	Decisions upheld ¹	Decisions overruled ²	Other ³	Cases decided, total	Decisions upheld	Decisions overruled	Other
	number				per cent			
The social appeals boards in:								
All Denmark	29 824	19 161	3 049	7 614	100.0	64.2	10.2	25.5
Copenhagen and Frederiksberg Municipalities	3 948	2 455	265	1 228	100.0	62.2	6.7	31.1
Copenhagen County	3 642	2 430	421	791	100.0	66.7	11.6	21.7
Frederiksborg County	2 113	1 376	188	549	100.0	65.1	8.9	26.0
Roskilde County	1 084	726	76	282	100.0	67.0	7.0	26.0
Vestsjælland County	1 464	941	101	422	100.0	64.3	6.9	28.8
Storstrøm County	1 697	1 028	289	380	100.0	60.6	17.0	22.4
Bornholm Municipality	215	155	23	37	100.0	72.1	10.7	17.2
Funen County	2 865	1 926	259	680	100.0	67.2	9.0	23.7
South Jutland County	1 108	605	111	392	100.0	54.6	10.0	35.4
Ribe County	1 370	892	70	408	100.0	65.1	5.1	29.8
Vejle County	2 032	1 465	140	427	100.0	72.1	6.9	21.0
Ringkøbing County	1 428	744	260	424	100.0	52.1	18.2	29.7
Aarhus County	3 297	2 286	287	724	100.0	69.3	8.7	22.0
Viborg County	1 230	751	154	325	100.0	61.1	12.5	26.4
North Jutland County	2 331	1 381	405	545	100.0	59.2	17.4	23.4

¹ Includes cases which are confirmed. ² Includes cases which are withdrawn or changed. ³ Includes cases which are rejected referred to another authority for new hearing, or cases which are abated during process.

Source: National Social Appeals Board since 1999.

Table 170

Hospitals. 2004

	Number of hospitals	Admitted patients				Emergency patients	Outpatients ²
		Patient days	Admissions	Beds	Bed occupancy rate ¹		
		thousands				thousands	
Total	62	6 492	1 195	20 638	89	988	5 915
General hospitals ³	52	5 923	1 177	18 940	89	974	5 660
Psychiatric hospitals	10	569	18	1 698	93	14	256
All Denmark	62	6 492	1 195	20 638	89	988	5 915
Copenhagen Hospital Cooperation ⁴	6	1 253	192	3 892	95	179	1 176
Copenhagen County	3	711	128	2 129	96	138	647
Frederiksborg County	1	363	71	1 171	85	72	313
Roskilde County	3	268	51	808	94	54	276
West Zealand County	1	317	58	970	89	58	254
Storstrøm County	2	286	56	828	94	45	215
Bornholm County	1	45	7	164	76	7	33
Funen County	2	570	109	1 799	88	83	555
South Jutland County	5	238	45	767	80	39	203
Ribe County	4	212	47	689	85	32	238
Vejle Amt	7	391	75	1 329	81	76	437
Ringkøbing County	6	257	50	781	88	18	212
Aarhus County	11	761	159	2 557	90	111	755
Viborg County	3	265	49	837	88	23	193
North Jutland County	7	554	98	1 917	84	51	409
All specialties, total	62	6 492	1 195	20 638	89	988	5 915
Medical departments, total	...	2 700	479	8 294	94	44	2 515
Physiotherapy and rehabilitation	...	175	12	575	99	-	141
Dermatology and venereal diseases	...	28	4	114	88	-	118
Other medical branches	...	2 496	463	7 605	94	-	2 256
Surgical departments, total	...	2 252	585	7 706	81	900	2 584
Gynaecology and obstetrics	...	553	197	1 406	83	2	637
Neurosurgery	...	61	12	223	86	-	22
Ophthalmology	...	16	7	85	62	-	244
ENT surgery	...	71	32	270	81	-	304
Other surgical specialties	...	1 551	337	5 722	81	898	1 377
Other general departments, total	...	315	91	1 044	88	-	185
Psychiatric departments⁵, total	...	1 225	39	3 594	96	44	631

¹ Patient-days in relation to the average number of beds available. ² In previous year, the table show completed outpatient treatment. ³ General hospitals including psychiatric departments. ⁴ Since 1 January 1995, Copenhagen Hospital Corporation (HS) has operated Rigshospitalet and the hospitals in Copenhagen and Frederiksberg Municipalities. ⁵ Incl. psychiatric departments at general hospitals.

Source: National Board of Health.

Table 171

Hospitalizations at general hospitals. 2005

	Men	Women	Total
	number of persons		
Total, net¹	258 412	348 696	607 108
Patients with no symptoms or diseases	11 244	19 208	30 452
Infectious and parasitic diseases	11 981	11 701	23 682
Malignant neoplasm	21 758	27 596	49 354
Nutritional and metabolic diseases	8 731	11 586	20 317
Diseases of blood and blood-forming organs	4 777	5 620	10 397
Mental disorders	6 778	4 796	11 574
Diseases of the nervous system and sensory organs	14 530	14 537	29 067
Diseases of the circulatory system	46 168	37 088	83 256
Diseases of the respiratory system	33 039	30 691	63 730
Diseases of the digestive system	31 652	32 262	63 914
Diseases of the genito-urinary system	16 625	29 125	45 750
Deliveries and complications of pregnancy and childbirth	..	75 516	75 516
Diseases of the skin and subcutaneous tissue	6 728	5 683	12 411
Diseases of musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	21 606	26 807	48 413
Congenital anomalies	3 134	2 476	5 610
Certain conditions originating in the perinatal period	262	215	477
Symptoms, signs and ill-defined conditions	61 595	66 907	128 502
Injury and poisoning	41 784	42 067	83 851

Note: Diagnoses (the S-list). The table only includes persons who were in the population as at 1.1.2005. I.e. persons who were born or immigrated during the year have not been included.

¹ The figure is less than the sum of the sub categories as the same person can have been admitted with more than one diagnosis.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/pa1a

Table 172

Hospitalizations at general hospitals by age and sex. 2005

	Men			Women			Total		
	Hospita- lizations	Number of persons hospitalized	Per cent of population	Hospita- lizations	Number of persons hospitalized	Per cent of population	Hospita- lizations	Number of persons hospitalized	Per cent of population
	number		per cent	number		per cent	number		per cent
Total	484 284	258 412	9.7	582 606	348 696	12.8	1 066 890	607 108	11.2
1- 4 years	28 605	17 627	13.2	20 999	12 922	10.2	49 604	30 549	11.7
5-14 years	26 126	17 411	4.9	21 423	14 064	4.2	47 549	31 475	4.6
15-24 years	22 221	16 309	5.3	36 706	26 102	8.9	58 927	42 411	7.1
25-34 years	26 907	18 651	5.2	95 707	70 219	19.7	122 614	88 870	12.4
35-44 years	41 145	25 972	6.3	65 960	44 866	11.2	107 105	70 838	8.7
45-54 years	56 018	30 955	8.3	55 027	32 951	9.1	111 045	63 906	8.7
55-64 years	88 502	43 507	12.0	73 961	39 943	11.0	162 463	83 450	11.5
65-74 years	88 473	39 947	18.5	77 089	38 825	16.4	165 562	78 772	17.4
75-84 years	78 148	34 607	28.4	84 657	42 109	24.5	162 805	76 716	26.1
85 years +	28 139	13 426	36.6	51 077	26 695	31.5	79 216	40 121	33.1

Note: The table only includes persons who were in the population as at 1.1.2005. I.e. persons who were born or immigrated during the year have not been included.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/pa1 and [ud1](http://www.statbank.dk/ud1)

Table 173

Bed-days by sex and age. 2005

	Men		Women		Total	
	Number of bed-days	Average number of bed-days	Number of bed-days	Average number of bed-days	Number of bed-days	Average number of bed-days
	number					
Total	2 174 110	8.4	2 619 683	7.5	4 793 793	7.9
1- 4 years	62 358	3.5	49 982	3.9	112 340	3.7
5-14 years	54 449	3.1	48 130	3.4	102 579	3.3
15-24 years	58 107	3.6	90 518	3.5	148 625	3.5
25-34 years	78 546	4.2	272 243	3.9	350 789	3.9
35-44 years	136 812	5.3	198 920	4.4	335 732	4.7
45-54 years	225 569	7.3	207 625	6.3	433 194	6.8
55-64 years	418 443	9.6	339 988	8.5	758 431	9.1
65-74 years	478 334	12.0	437 456	11.3	915 790	11.6
75-84 years	477 079	13.8	583 414	13.9	1 060 493	13.8
85 years +	184 413	13.7	391 407	14.7	575 820	14.4

Note: The table only includes persons who were in the population as at 1.1.2005, i.e. persons who were born or immigrated during the year have not been included.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/ud3

Table 174

Hospitalization rate by education¹. 2005

	Men						Women						Total
	Without profes- sional qualifi- cation from educa- tion ²	Vocational education and training ³	Short cycle higher education	Medium- cycle higher education	Long- cycle higher education	Total	Without profes- sional qualifi- cation from educa- tion ²	Vocational education and training ³	Short cycle higher education	Medium- cycle higher education	Long- cycle higher education		
	all=100						all=100						
Total	120	100	83	76	65	100	119	99	81	83	67	100	
20-24 years	107	108	62	65	52	100	111	113	76	70	46	100	
25-29 years	133	102	67	75	56	100	137	109	81	79	57	100	
30-34 years	134	102	76	74	56	100	130	106	82	83	64	100	
35-39 years	130	101	79	69	58	100	128	100	87	84	64	100	
40-44 years	129	97	79	69	60	100	126	96	80	84	69	100	
45-49 years	124	96	84	72	65	100	121	97	74	86	68	100	
50-54 years	121	100	92	76	66	100	119	96	80	84	78	100	
55-59 years	115	100	92	86	71	100	116	95	78	88	75	100	
60-64 years	110	100	91	84	79	100	111	95	86	84	73	100	

Note: Hospitalization rate is the percentage of a given group in the population who have been admitted to hospital. The rates above are given as index figures, where the rate for everyone in the age group is set at 100. The total hospitalization rate is standardized by age, i.e. it has been corrected for the distribution by age being unequal for the different education groups. Hospitalization rates are therefore mutually comparable.

¹ Highest in progress or completed education as at 1.1.2005. ² Incl. persons with unknown education and persons with 1st year basic vocational education, etc. ³ Basic vocational education, part 2, apprenticeships, etc.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/pa4a

Table 175

The ten most common cancer types among new cases, men. 2003*

	0-14 years	15-29 years	30-44 years	45-59 years	60-74 years	75 + years	Total ¹
Total	68	218	728	3 211	6 866	5 222	16 609
Other skin	-	17	131	703	1 246	1 117	3 221
Lung	-	3	33	362	957	576	2 023
Colon and rectum	1	3	50	320	818	695	1 910
Prostate	-	-	-	214	1 200	964	2 434
Bladder	-	2	22	175	583	505	1 298
Brain and nervous system	22	22	58	131	130	56	427
Kidney	2	-	18	97	175	108	409
Melanoma of skin	-	25	77	165	164	102	533
Leukaemia	21	7	18	74	125	145	395
Non-Hodgkins lymphoma	5	9	37	134	170	104	460
Other	17	130	284	836	1 298	850	3 499

¹ Inclusive expected further cases when linking with the Register of Causes of Deaths.

Source: National Board of Health. Cancer Registry.

Table 176

The ten most common cancer types among new cases, women. 2003*

	0-14 years	15-29 years	30-44 years	45-59 years	60-74 years	75 + years	Total ¹
Total	69	228	1 213	4 402	6 036	5 240	17 481
Breast	-	11	360	1 416	1 403	808	4 044
Other skin	1	25	225	851	1 116	1 222	3 444
Colon and rectum	-	-	38	264	591	796	1 717
Lung	1	5	31	348	779	405	1 649
Uterus	1	9	34	169	202	127	547
Ovary	-	-	11	170	267	176	624
Cervix uteri	-	37	133	106	72	61	410
Brain and nervous system	18	26	52	142	137	104	488
Melanoma of skin	2	49	151	207	146	134	690
Bladder	-	1	11	63	167	181	428
Other	46	65	167	666	1 156	1 226	3 440

¹ Inclusive expected further cases when linking with the Register of Causes of Deaths.

Source: National Board of Health. Cancer Registry.

Table 177

Males diagnosed with cancer¹ and still alive¹. 2003*

Per 31 December	0-14 years	15-29 years	30-44 years	45-59 years	60-74 years	75 + years	Total
Total, net²	549	1 778	6 688	18 653	33 694	29 672	91 034
Head and neck	3	18	134	1 251	2 177	1 496	5 079
Colon and rectum	2	23	179	1 273	4 007	4 194	9 678
Bronchi and lung	-	7	56	518	1 384	814	2 779
Melanoma of skin	-	81	618	1 633	1 796	1 037	5 165
Other skin	3	66	966	5 623	11 660	12 722	31 040
Breast	-	1	8	42	67	95	213
Neck of the bladder	-	-	-	449	3 853	4 603	8 905
Testicle	14	412	2 331	2 397	1 075	261	6 490
Urinary system	35	64	268	1 758	4 942	4 901	11 968
Unspec. tumours in lymph and metastases	-	-	29	125	150	92	396
Lymphatic tissue	47	268	730	1 399	1 505	790	4 739
Hematopoietic tissue	182	255	188	421	721	508	2 275
Other	263	599	1 242	2 304	2 565	1 466	8 439

¹ Cancer in Denmark 1943-2003 includes some non-malignant tumours for which notification is compulsory; mostly tumours in CNS and urinary system. ² The figure is less than the sum of the sub categories as the same person can occur with more than one type of cancer.

Source: National Board of Health. Cancer Registry.

Table 178

Females diagnosed with cancer and still alive¹. 2003*

Per 31 December	0-14 years	15-29 years	30-44 years	45-59 years	60-74 years	75 + years	Total
Total, net²	478	1 528	8 597	32 531	48 012	47 314	138 460
Head and neck	3	28	123	507	822	795	2 278
Colon and rectum	4	28	187	1 235	3 651	6 023	11 128
Bronchi and lung	2	5	67	554	1 289	597	2 514
Melanoma of skin	2	205	1 336	2 619	2 467	2 033	8 662
Other skin	5	116	1 462	7 078	11 752	15 715	36 128
Breast	1	25	1 581	11 882	16 913	12 259	42 661
Cervix (uteri)	-	74	1 350	2 635	2 780	2 747	9 586
Uterus and ovary	6	64	384	2 171	4 801	5 998	13 424
Urinary system	40	60	117	652	1 909	2 121	4 899
Unspec. tumours in lymph and metastases	1	1	16	104	157	107	386
Lymphatic tissue	16	171	528	1 064	1 259	980	4 018
Hematopoietic tissue	158	198	169	297	480	533	1 835
Other	242	561	1 405	2 986	3 310	2 683	11 187

¹ Cancer in Denmark 1943-2003 includes some non-malignant tumours for which notification is compulsory; mostly tumours in CNS and urinary system. ² The figure is less than the sum of the sub categories as the same person can occur with more than one type of cancer.

Source: National Board of Health. Cancer Registry.

Table 179

Reported cases of sexual transmitted infections. 2006

	1-14 year		15-19 years		20-24 years		25-29 years		30-39 years		40 + years		Total	
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
Chlamydia ¹	21	155	2 172	6 254	3 530	5 416	1 866	2 216	1 234	1 285	336	276	9 199 ²	15 642 ²
Non-natal syphilis	-	-	1	-	8	1	8	-	26	2	27	2	70	5
Gonorrhoea	-	-	18	12	45	22	67	15	99	13	97	9	326	71

¹ In 2006, 25 cases were reported with unknown sex and age. These cases have not been included. ² Incl. 40 cases for men and 39 cases for women under 1 year. Primarily new-borns with eye infection.

Source: National Serum Institute.

Table 180

Diagnosed cases of AIDS

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Total ¹
Men							
Number of diagnosed cases, total	46	31	30	41	30	26	2 262
Of whom dead as at 31 December 2006	14	8	8	9	8	2	1 774
Total deaths during the year ²	22	21	22	21	20	11	1 774
Women							
Number of diagnosed cases, total	25	13	9	19	14	17	363
Of whom dead as at 31 December 2006	5	3	3	5	1	2	201
Total deaths during the year ²	7	3	5	10	7	3	201

¹ Total in the period 1980-2006. ² Total deaths during the year regardless of the year of diagnosis.

Source: The national serum institute (Statens Serum Institut).

Table 181

Reported cases of HIV by mode of transmission

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Total ¹
Total	319	289	270	306	264	241	4 766
Men, total	228	189	198	230	193	173	3 451
Homo/bisexual	110	92	114	147	120	99	1 854
Injecting drug users	17	17	17	9	13	7	266
Heterosexual	80	72	57	64	49	61	1 066
Blood transfusion	1	-	1	-	-	-	15
Perinatal	1	3	1	2	-	1	26
Other/not known	19	5	8	8	11	5	224
Women, total	91	100	72	76	71	68	1 315
Homo/bisexual	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Injecting drug users	14	14	7	4	4	4	164
Heterosexual	68	78	62	66	61	62	1 036
Blood transfusion	-	1	1	3	2	-	21
Perinatal	8	2	2	3	3	1	44
Other/not known	1	5	-	-	1	1	50

¹ Total reported cases in the period 1.8.1990-31.12.2006.

Source: The national serum institute (Statens Serum Institut).

Table 182

Reported occupational accidents by industry and sex. 2005

DB03	Industry	Total			Of which deaths		
		Men	Women	Total ¹	Men	Women	Total
	Total	27 521	16 949	44 577	51	4	55
0109	Agriculture, horticulture and forestry	511	145	667	5	-	5
0500	Fishing, etc.	18	1	19	-	-	-
1009	Mining and quarrying	52		52	-	-	-
1509	Mfr. of food, beverages and tobacco	2 876	1 116	3 993	-	-	-
1709	Mfr. of textiles and leather	103	30	133	-	-	-
2009	Mfr. of wood products, printing and publishing	643	161	804	2	-	2
2309	Mfr. of chemicals and plastic products	656	305	962	-	-	-
2600	Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral products	699	40	739	2	-	2
2709	Mfr. of basic metals and fabr. metal prod.	4 123	640	4 769	3	-	3
3600	Mfr. of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c.	520	183	703	-	-	-
4009	Electricity, gas and water supply	172	18	190	-	-	-
4500	Construction	4 733	113	4 865	17	-	17
5000	Sale and rep. of motor vehicles, sale of auto. fuel	565	63	629	-	-	-
5100	Wholesale except of motor vehicles	1 320	312	1 639	2	-	2
5200	Re. trade and repair work exc. of m. vehicles	691	774	1 471	-	1	1
5500	Hotels and restaurants	283	434	718	1	-	1
6009	Transport	2 171	344	2 520	3	1	4
6400	Post and telecommunications	846	552	1 399	1	-	1
6509	Finance and insurance	52	105	157	-	-	-
7009	Letting and sale of real estate	355	82	438	2	-	2
7209	Business activities	865	674	1 543	6	-	6
7500	Public administration	1 382	1 559	2 943	1	2	3
8000	Education	756	1 234	1 991	-	-	-
8519	Human health activities	319	1 349	1 674	-	-	-
8539	Social institutions, etc.	870	5 781	6 659	-	-	-
9009	Associations, culture and refuse disposal	1 352	526	1 893	3	-	3
9800	Activity not stated	588	408	1 007	3	-	3

Note: Includes only occupational accidents reported to the Working Environment Service. Only accidents reported up to 8 February 2006.

¹ Incl. persons with unknown sex.

Source: Danish Working Environment Service.

Table 183

Reported occupational diseases by industry and sex. 2005

DB03	Industry	Men	Women	Total ¹
	Total	6 395	7 490	13 896
0109	Agriculture, horticulture and forestry	103	96	199
0500	Fishing, etc.	39	2	41
1009	Mining and quarrying	13	2	15
1509	Mfr. of food, beverages and tobacco	428	371	799
1709	Mfr. of textiles and leather	16	61	77
2009	Mfr. of wood products, printing and publishing	173	127	300
2309	Mfr. of chemicals and plastic products	126	194	321
2600	Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral products	111	27	138
2709	Mfr. of basic metals and fabrication of metal products	807	440	1 247
3600	Mfr. of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c.	95	108	203
4009	Electricity, gas and water supply	48	9	57
4500	Construction	765	74	839
5000	Sale and repair of motor vehicles, sale of auto. fuel	171	16	187
5100	Wholesale except of motor vehicles	263	197	460
5200	Retail trade and repair work, except of motor vehicles	103	312	415
5500	Hotels and restaurants	78	152	230
6009	Transport	349	174	525
6400	Post and telecommunication	98	186	284
6509	Finance and insurance	31	119	150
7009	Letting and sale of real estate	51	46	97
7209	Business activities	177	384	562
7500	Public administration	472	1 280	1 753
8000	Education	138	418	556
8519	Health care activities	86	731	818
8539	Social institutions etc.	118	1 163	1 281
9009	Associations, culture and refuse disposal	210	312	522
9800	Activity not stated	1 326	489	1 820

Note: Includes only occupational diseases reported to the Working Environment Service.

¹ Incl. persons with unknown sex.

Source: Danish Working Environment Service.

Table 184

Reported industrial injuries and decisions. 2006

	Accidents at work ¹	Occupational diseases	Damaged glasses	Sudden lifting injuries
Reported cases	21 496	18 408	89	44
Decided cases, total²	19 611	16 248	71	152
Recognised cases	14 336	2 734	41	65
Dismissed cases	4 458	12 587	12	86
Shelved cases ³	817	927	18	1
Compensation granted⁴	6 089	2 111	-	73

Note: Includes only industrial injuries reported to the National Board of Industrial Injuries.

¹ From 1999 including dental injuries. ² A case is not necessarily decided in the same year as it is reported. Therefore the number of reported and decided cases is not the same. ³ Cases shelved before recognition. Shelving occurs when the injured party does not want the case processed, or if the injured party dies in circumstances which are not connected with the accident/occupational disease. ⁴ Approval of injury and compensation for loss of ability to work. Compensation is granted in cases which have previously been recognised, either in the year in question, or in previous years.

Source: National Board of Industrial Injuries.

Table 185

Pharmacies

	2004	2005
Sales units, total	1 416	1 310
Pharmacies	276	268
Pharmacy sub-branches	47	50
Pharmacy shops	138	127
OTC shops	707	664
Delivery facilities	248	201
Staff, total	5 934	5 963
Pharmacists	726	742
Pharmaconomicists	3 022	3 016
Other staff	2 186	2 205
Sales of prescription items in thousands units	51 962	53 477
To individuals	48 408	49 679
To hospitals	393	430
To veterinarians	3.162	3 369
Items per thousand inhabitants	9 627	9 181
Average price per item in DKK	171.7	172.5
Gross turnover	10 891.1	11 383
Prescription sales	8 941.3	9 275.1
OTC sales	1 758.3	1 855.3
Others	191.5	251.5

Source: Danish Medicines Agency.

Table 186

Consumption of drugs and medicines by therapeutic group

ATC Group		2005		2006	
		DKK mio.	DDD per inhabitant in thousands per day	DKK mio.	DDD per inhabitant in thousands per day
	Consumption of drugs	11 935.0	1 214.4	12 404.0	1 286.5
A	Alimentary tract and metabolism	1 427.9	132.2	1 453.0	136.0
A02	Drugs for acid related disorders	619.6	37.2	593.3	40.3
A10	Drugs used in diabetes	382.4	33.1	410.8	35.8
B	Blood and blood-forming organs	361.6	79.3	420.2	89.4
C	Cardiovascular system	1 772.4	396.7	1 923.7	444.8
C03	Diuretics	221.5	109.8	238.3	110.8
C07	Beta-blocking agents	222.6	31.5	236.8	32.9
C08	Calcium channel blockers	181.1	50.0	191.4	55.9
C09	Agents acting on the renin-angiotensin system	715.6	95.5	814.1	108.4
C10	Lipid modifying agents	279.6	89.3	300.8	116.9
D	Dermatologicals	321.3	36.0	290.4	37.7
G	Genito urinary system and sex hormones	866.3	102.0	909.5	101.8
G03	Sex hormones and modulators of the genital system	496.8	90.2	530.2	88.8
H	Systemic hormonal preparations excl. sex hormones and insulins	163.4	24.7	176.9	25.0
J	Antiinfectives for systemic use	704.0	15.4	727.2	15.9
J01	Antibacterials for systemic use	346.5	14.7	371.1	15.2
L	Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents	61.8	3.2	62.9	3.5
L01	Autineoplastic agents	9.7	...	6.3	...
M	Musculo-skeletal system	585.1	62.8	536.2	63.5
N	Central nervous system	3 626.0	238.3	3 743.5	243.5
N02	Analgesics	1 150.1	89.7	1 171.8	91.2
N05	Psycholeptics	836.2	60.4	915.1	58.1
N06	Psychoanaleptics	766.6	61.1	791.5	66.5
P	Antiparasitic products	79.0	1.3	76.9	1.3
R	Respiratory system	1 552.8	113.9	1 626.8	115.0
R03	Drugs for obstructive airway diseases	1 072.3	59.3	1 138.5	59.2
S	Sensory organs	261.2	8.6	283.2	9.0
V	Various ¹	152.1	-	174.0	-

Note: The table covers consumption of drugs and medicines in the primary health-care sector and is based on information from the medicine statistics register kept by the Danish Medicines Agency. The amount consumed is calculated as DDD (defined daily dose) per 1,000 inhabitants per day, i.e. the thousandth parts of the population who could be treated daily by the amount of medicine consumed if the DDD was consumed. Turnover is calculated at sales price for the pharmacy including VAT and prescription charges.

¹ Inclusive magistral products etc.

Source: Danish Medicines Agency.

Table 187

Reported and decided criminal offences

	1995	2004	2005
Reported criminal offences			
Penal Code	538 963	474 419	432 704
Of which:			
Sexual offences	2 779	3 095	2 799
Crimes of violence	13 357	18 059	18 777
Offences against property	515 954	444 696	403 407
Other offences	6 873	8 569	7 721
Offences against special legislation ¹	68 327	71 463	75 232
Reported offences against the Penal Code with charges	108 727	88 721	80 375
Decisions, total			
Persons convicted, total ²	133 675	155 766	179 935
Decisions, total ³	165 566	194 926	222 799
Penal Code	60 703	56 378	56 552
Of which:			
Sexual offences	886	1 324	1 393
Crimes of violence	8 121	12 162	12 657
Offences against property	48 219	38 283	37 747
Other offences	3 477	4 609	4 755
Road Traffic Act	83 628	114 798	137 511
Other special legislation	21 233	23 750	28 736

¹ Offences against the Road Traffic Act are primarily registered as convictions. ² Number of persons with one of more convictions of offences against the Penal Code and/or offences against special legislation. ³ One decision can include one or several reports.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/05

Table 188

Reported criminal offences against special legislation. 2006

	Reports			
	Copenhagen County ¹	Rest of the islands	Jutland	Total
Offences, total	28 273	20 541	32 649	81 463
Euphorants Act	9 061	3 797	6 363	19 221
Aliens Act	1 681	1 896	1 623	5 200
Firearms Act	2 532	1 894	2 964	7 390
Fire prevention legislation	1 296	1 347	2 142	4 785
Police regulations	5 202	3 420	5 867	14 489
Finance legislation	384	256	327	967
Health and social security legislation	309	273	818	1 400
Environmental legislation	1 369	756	1 053	3 178
Animals, hunting, etc. legislation	492	2 133	3 708	6 333
Employment, transport, legislation	1 498	1 273	1 290	4 061
Gambling, licensing, trade legislation	2 171	1 340	1 883	5 394
Other special legislation, excluding road traffic acts	2 278	2 156	4 611	9 045

Note: Excl. Traffic Act in that offences against the Traffic Act are only rarely reported.

¹ Incl. Copenhagen Municipality and Frederiksberg Municipality.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf2a

Table 189

Reported offences and charges against the Penal Code. 2006

	Criminal offences reported				Criminal offences with charges				Charges as per cent of reported offences
	Copen- hagen County ¹	Rest of the islands	Jutland	Total	Copen- hagen County ¹	Rest of the islands	Jutland	Total	
Penal Code, total	132 576	116 145	176 372	425 093	21 372	21 938	31 892	75 202	17.7
Sexual offences, total	546	897	1 209	2 652	312	632	846	1 790	67.5
Incest etc.	6	32	46	84	5	29	44	78	92.9
Rape etc.	102	190	235	527	67	134	166	367	69.6
Heterosexual offences, children under 12	18	67	103	188	16	54	94	164	87.2
Heterosexual offences, other	32	107	123	262	27	99	114	240	91.6
Homosexual offences, children under 12	1	7	9	17	1	7	9	17	100.0
Homosexual offences, other	2	5	9	16	2	5	5	12	75.0
Offences against decency	343	422	601	1 366	167	256	345	768	56.2
Prostitution etc.	42	67	83	192	27	48	69	144	75.0
Crimes of violence, total	4 869	6 356	8 332	19 557	3 584	5 058	6 673	15 315	78.3
Assaulting public servant	991	944	1 136	3 071	846	834	1 047	2 727	88.8
Gathering with disturbance of public order	17	4	3	24	17	2	2	21	87.5
Homicide	9	9	11	29	9	9	11	29	100.0
Attempted homicide	38	30	59	127	31	28	54	113	89.0
Assault against private person	2 736	3 701	5 191	11 628	1 874	2 886	4 063	8 823	75.9
Common assault	2 340	3 200	4 507	10 047	1 587	2 468	3 481	7 536	75.0
Grievous assault	388	490	666	1 544	282	407	566	1 255	81.3
Particularly grievous assault	8	11	18	37	5	11	16	32	86.5
Homicide and bodily harm by negligence	1	14	15	30	1	14	14	29	96.7
Offences against life or body	68	144	141	353	53	108	118	279	79.0
Offences against personal liberty	50	78	112	240	40	67	103	210	87.5
Threats	959	1 432	1 664	4 055	713	1 110	1 261	3 084	76.1
Offences against property, total	124 785	106 876	163 867	395 528	15 482	14 536	21 895	51 913	13.1
Forgery	997	691	1 313	3 001	752	553	1 053	2 358	78.6
Arson	429	336	459	1 224	110	188	233	531	43.4
Burglary	17 513	20 678	33 392	71 583	1 128	1 549	2 279	4 956	6.9
Burglary in banks, shops	6 753	7 376	13 023	27 152	479	644	988	2 111	7.8
Burglary in dwellings	8 541	9 031	13 632	31 204	509	653	958	2 120	6.8
Burglary in empty buildings	2 219	4 271	6 737	13 227	140	252	333	725	5.5
Theft	58 467	42 241	65 244	165 952	8 177	6 803	10 150	25 130	15.1
Theft from cars, boats etc.	12 628	12 922	19 790	45 340	377	605	1 044	2 026	4.5
Theft from shops etc.	6 402	4 666	7 127	18 195	5 471	3 733	5 671	14 875	81.8
Other theft	39 437	24 653	38 327	102 417	2 329	2 465	3 435	8 229	8.0
Stealing reg. cars	4 520	4 558	7 634	16 712	606	750	1 263	2 619	15.7
Stealing mopeds	1 718	2 403	4 350	8 471	163	237	391	791	9.3
Stealing bicycles	26 056	16 206	24 011	66 273	176	150	191	517	0.8
Stealing other objects	1 013	1 709	3 639	6 361	129	147	303	579	9.1
Larceny by finding	176	188	329	693	159	153	185	497	71.7
Embezzlement, fraud, breach of trust	2 043	2 066	3 015	7 124	1 460	1 349	2 016	4 825	67.7
Blackmail and usury	47	81	73	201	37	69	64	170	84.6
Fraud against creditors	25	26	38	89	18	22	29	69	77.5
Receiving stolen goods	409	413	930	1 752	395	391	909	1 695	96.7
Robbery	1 175	619	856	2 650	379	278	410	1 067	40.3
Serious fraudulent tax evasion etc.	50	22	78	150	39	17	45	101	67.3
Malicious damage	10 063	14 545	18 355	42 963	1 686	1 825	2 273	5 784	13.5
Misappropriation and offences against property	84	94	151	329	68	55	101	224	68.1
Other offences, total	2 376	2 016	2 964	7 356	1 994	1 712	2 478	6 184	84.1
Selling narcotics etc.	299	201	510	1 010	286	197	480	963	95.3
Smuggling narcotics	66	6	29	101	60	6	27	93	92.1
Homicide by negligence in road traffic	26	65	127	218	24	64	123	211	96.8
Other stipulations in Penal Code	1 985	1 744	2 298	6 027	1 624	1 445	1 848	4 917	81.6

¹ Incl. Copenhagen and Frederiksberg Municipalities.For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf2a

Table 190

Victims of criminal offences. 2006

	Men	Women	Sex, not stated	Total
Total	19 553	25 019	1 819	46 391
Sexual offences	260	2 091	25	2 376
Incest, etc.	13	72	-	85
Rape, etc.	25	469	5	499
Hetero or homosexual offences	92	346	5	443
Offences against decency	130	1 204	15	1 349
Crimes of violence	11 338	5 779	867	17 984
Assaulting, etc. public servant	784	613	716	2 113
Homicide and attempted homicide	107	42	2	151
Assaulting private individual	8 076	3 429	52	11 557
Of which: Common assault	6 827	3 131	37	9 995
Grievous assault	1 216	292	15	1 523
Particularly grievous assault	33	6	-	39
Threats	2 134	1 519	70	3 723
Offences against property	7 883	16 579	896	25 358
Theft of handbags	281	1 881	41	2 203
Theft from pocket or handbag	5 509	13 454	765	19 728
Theft by trick in residences	251	680	3	934
Blackmail and usury	138	34	8	180
Robbery	1 663	519	79	2 261
Other criminal offences	72	570	31	673
Breach of caution given by the police	65	560	29	654
Slander, libel, defamation, insult	7	10	2	19

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/05

Table 191

Victims of criminal offences by sex and age. 2006

	0-9 years	10-19 years	20-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50-59 years	60-69 years	70-79 years	80 years +	Years, not stated	Total
Victims, total	664	9 466	10 102	7 165	6 086	4 226	3 285	2 355	1 976	1 066	46 391
Men	249	5 188	5 071	3 107	2 626	1 581	938	445	348	-	19 553
Women	411	4 233	4 862	3 952	3 333	2 526	2 241	1 867	1 594	-	25 019
Sex, not stated	4	45	169	106	127	119	106	43	34	1 066	1 819
Sexual offences	403	1 221	369	183	110	36	21	11	10	12	2 376
Men	89	129	21	8	5	5	2	1	-	-	260
Women	313	1 087	346	174	105	31	19	10	6	-	2 091
Sex, not stated	1	5	2	1	-	-	-	-	4	12	25
Crimes of violence	210	4 631	4 523	3 215	2 690	1 338	435	93	26	823	17 984
Men	126	3 307	3 182	1 921	1 568	848	301	70	15	-	11 338
Women	83	1 317	1 323	1 288	1 113	490	134	23	8	-	5 779
Sex, not stated	1	7	18	6	9	-	-	-	3	823	867
Offences against property	49	3 594	5 120	3 509	3 124	2 783	2 810	2 233	1 936	200	25 358
Men	34	1 752	1 868	1 157	1 030	714	626	370	332	-	7 883
Women	13	1 809	3 103	2 253	1 976	1 950	2 078	1 820	1 577	-	16 579
Sex, not stated	2	33	149	99	118	119	106	43	27	200	896
Other criminal offences	2	20	90	258	162	69	19	18	4	31	673
Men	-	-	-	21	23	14	9	4	1	-	72
Women	2	20	90	237	139	55	10	14	3	-	570
Sex, not stated	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31	31

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/05

Table 192

Victims of criminal offences by type of offence. 2006

	0-9 years	10-19 years	20-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50-59 years	60-69 years	70-79 years	80 years +	Years, not stated	Total
Criminal offences, total	664	9 466	10 102	7 165	6 086	4 226	3 285	2 355	1 976	1 066	46 391
Sexual offences	403	1 221	369	183	110	36	21	11	10	12	2 376
Incest, etc.	59	25	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	85
Rape, etc.	9	223	133	73	40	10	4	-	7	-	499
Heterosexual offences, children under 12 years	125	39	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	165
Heterosexual offences, other	3	214	13	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	235
Homosexual offences, children under 12 years	18	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26
Homosexual offences, other	-	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17
Offences against decency	189	695	222	107	67	26	17	11	3	12	1 349
Crimes of violence	210	4 631	4 523	3 215	2 690	1 338	435	93	26	823	17 984
Assaulting public servant	1	7	162	394	439	323	73	-	-	714	2 113
Assaulting police at gatherings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Homicide, Infanticide, Attempted homicide	-	14	42	40	31	15	6	-	1	2	151
Assaulting private individual	178	3 649	3 391	1 921	1 484	619	220	60	15	20	11 557
Common assault	161	3 289	2 913	1 637	1 216	519	184	53	10	13	9 995
Grievous assault	16	359	470	276	255	95	34	6	5	7	1 523
Particularly grievous assault	1	1	8	8	13	5	2	1	-	-	39
Place a person in a helpless condition	-	-	-	-	2	2	1	-	-	-	5
Offences against life and health	4	35	50	48	36	16	11	1	-	23	224
Refrain from helping a person in mortal danger	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Unlawful compulsion	2	47	27	13	23	6	2	3	-	-	123
Loss of liberty	1	25	20	14	6	3	-	-	-	1	70
Serious loss of liberty	-	2	8	3	1	-	-	1	-	-	15
Threats	23	852	822	781	668	354	122	28	10	63	3 723
Offences against property	49	3 594	5 120	3 509	3 124	2 783	2 810	2 233	1 936	200	25 358
Theft of handbags	4	241	547	312	251	281	248	161	150	8	2 203
Theft from pocket or handbag	36	2 356	4 054	2 938	2 600	2 299	2 347	1 775	1 199	124	19 728
Theft by trick in residences	-	4	12	4	15	38	93	243	524	1	934
Theft connected with prostitution	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	3
Theft connected with violence	-	23	14	6	2	3	1	-	-	-	49
Blackmail	-	62	50	22	19	7	6	-	1	8	175
Usury	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	1	-	-	5
Robbery	9	881	420	211	220	142	103	50	60	50	2 146
Particularly serious robbery	-	27	23	16	13	11	11	3	2	9	115
Other criminal offences	2	20	90	258	162	69	19	18	4	31	673
Breach of a caution	2	19	87	255	159	62	19	18	4	29	654
Persecute at reiterate accusation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Slander, libel, defamation, insult	-	1	3	3	3	7	-	-	-	2	19

Note: The age is calculated on the crimedate.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/05

Table 193

Convictions for offences against the Penal Code by age and sex. 2005

	15-19 years	20-24 years	25-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50+ years	Men total	Women total	Total
Penal Code offences, total	12 871	10 121	7 594	12 541	7 895	5 522	46 643	9 901	56 544
Sexual offences, total	200	128	163	359	279	264	1 361	32	1 393
Incest, etc.	5	0	4	15	16	13	53	0	53
Rape, etc.	49	36	46	54	36	20	240	1	241
Heterosexual offences, children under 12 years	7	5	5	28	24	28	95	2	97
Other heterosexual offences	71	28	17	40	31	23	206	4	210
Homosexual offences	4	0	1	3	5	5	18	0	18
Indecent exposure	57	43	51	170	120	128	561	8	569
Prostitution, etc.	7	16	39	49	47	47	188	17	205
Crimes of violence	3 006	2 517	1 696	2 868	1 798	772	11 528	1 129	12 657
Offences against public authorities	304	373	285	516	289	110	1 652	225	1 877
Gathering with disturbance of public order	4	3	5	11	3	3	28	1	29
Homicide	2	6	4	23	10	2	43	4	47
Attempted homicide	12	15	10	14	7	7	55	10	65
Assault on private person	2 278	1 805	1 151	1 811	1 149	476	7 923	747	8 670
Common assault	1 937	1 420	912	1 510	971	425	6 535	640	7 175
Grievous assault	337	380	230	291	173	50	1 358	103	1 461
Particularly grievous assault	4	5	9	10	5	1	30	4	34
Intentional bodily harm	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	0	2
Homicide and bodily harm by negligence	1	3	1	4	2	2	13	0	13
Offences against life or body	32	38	19	38	25	17	156	13	169
Offences against personal liberty	41	34	25	33	17	8	148	10	158
Threats	332	240	196	417	296	146	1 508	119	1 627
Offences against property	8 997	6 564	4 965	8 129	5 031	4 058	29 763	7 981	37 744
Forgery	156	277	253	401	236	127	1 063	387	1 450
Arson	101	38	39	63	48	41	268	62	330
Housebreaking	1 082	972	621	775	265	55	3 609	161	3 770
Burglaries from bank, shops etc.	592	586	366	429	144	27	2 068	76	2 144
Burglaries from dwellings	355	304	209	287	101	24	1 213	67	1 280
Burglaries from non-residential buildings	135	82	46	59	20	4	328	18	346
Thefts	3 471	2 599	2 267	4 137	2 907	2 982	12 562	5 801	18 363
Thefts from cars, boats, etc.	263	272	145	164	46	9	865	34	899
Shoplifting, etc.	1 986	1 296	1 376	2 858	2 244	2 687	7 537	4 910	12 447
Other thefts	1 222	1 031	746	1 115	617	286	4 160	857	5 017
Theft of motor vehicles	696	409	275	326	137	27	1 710	160	1 870
Theft of mopeds	476	90	41	48	19	5	657	22	679
Theft of bicycles	156	72	59	115	46	13	436	25	461
Theft of other objects	200	66	50	76	33	14	413	26	439
Larceny by finding	121	97	67	131	78	43	479	58	537
Embezzlement, etc.	157	360	354	746	556	338	1 836	675	2 511
Blackmail and usury	28	31	21	30	15	6	117	14	131
Fraud against creditor	0	8	5	22	22	14	59	12	71
Handling stolen goods	354	446	313	439	219	92	1 677	186	1 863
Robbery	579	276	150	164	50	17	1 166	70	1 236
Serious fraudulent tax evasion	0	2	4	18	26	21	65	6	71
Malicious damage	1 368	762	406	571	320	221	3 383	265	3 648
Feloniously receiving stolen goods	19	13	13	23	14	7	82	7	89
Misappropriation and offences against property	33	46	27	44	40	35	181	44	225
Other offences	668	912	770	1 185	787	428	3 991	759	4 750
Selling narcotics	73	157	158	222	106	33	637	112	749
Smuggling etc. of narcotics	11	19	34	80	42	18	195	9	204
Homicide by negligence in road traffic	19	38	27	49	28	58	174	45	219
Other offences against the Penal Code	565	698	551	834	611	319	2 985	593	3 578

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf3 and [straf4](http://www.statbank.dk/straf4)

Table 194

Offences against the Penal Code by type of penalty. 2005

	Imprisonment		Fines	Other penalty ¹	Acquitted	Total
	Suspended sentence	Unsuspended sentence				
Penal Code, total	8 791	9 269	19 420	17 435	1 637	56 552
Sexual offences, total	188	270	222	642	71	1 393
Rape, etc.	4	45	-	183	9	241
Heterosexual offences	50	79	-	153	25	307
Homosexual offences	2	8	-	7	1	18
Indecent exposure	75	41	200	225	28	569
Other sexual offences	57	97	22	74	8	258
Crimes of violence, total	2 887	3 855	710	4 450	755	12 657
Offences against public authorities	382	623	306	493	73	1 877
Homicide	-	31	-	16	-	47
Attempted homicide	-	8	-	56	1	65
Assault on private person	2 175	2 694	214	3 013	574	8 670
Other crimes of violence	330	499	190	872	107	1 998
Offences against property	5 088	3 920	17 019	11 047	673	37 747
Forgery	483	207	233	481	46	1 450
Arson	50	82	6	189	3	330
Housebreaking	959	874	103	1 791	43	3 770
Theft	1 709	1 555	13 362	4 942	244	21 812
Embezzlement, fraud etc.	992	183	292	946	99	2 512
Fraud against creditors	20	3	1	44	3	71
Handling stolen goods	410	238	549	628	38	1 863
Robbery	114	558	8	504	52	1 236
Malicious damage	237	83	1 947	1 263	119	3 649
Other offences against property	114	137	518	259	26	1 054
Other offences	628	1 224	1 469	1 296	138	4 755
Narcotics	87	621	7	218	20	953
Other offences	541	603	1 462	1 078	118	3 802

¹ Includes absolute discharge, charges dropped, other decisions and acquittal.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf3 and [straf4](http://www.statbank.dk/straf4)

Table 195

Convictions for offences against special legislation by age and sex. 2005

	15-19 years	20-24 years	25-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50 + years	Men total	Women total	Total
Special legislation, total¹	3 708	5 246	3 826	6 043	4 376	3 242	24 101	2 340	26 441
Act on Euforians	1 924	3 161	2 284	2 969	1 563	559	11 420	1 040	12 460
Aliens Act	36	73	64	179	119	60	460	71	531
The Firearms Act	535	570	393	586	451	317	2 674	178	2 852
Fire-prevention legislation, etc.	14	24	33	86	101	128	335	51	386
Police regulations	597	535	277	325	170	75	1 866	113	1 979
Financial legislation	7	23	27	96	116	95	329	35	364
Health and social legislation	22	60	56	158	174	171	564	77	641
Environmental legislation	12	47	56	220	291	296	800	122	922
Laws concerning animals, hunting, etc.	19	75	130	417	415	579	1 295	340	1 635
Laws concerning work, transport, etc.	7	101	200	470	577	661	1 919	97	2 016
Laws concerning gambling, licences, food	95	175	128	210	134	87	720	109	829
Other special legislation	440	402	178	327	265	214	1 719	107	1 826

Note: Special legislation excl. the Road Traffic Act.

¹ Excl. 3,825 enterprises.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf3 and [straf4](http://www.statbank.dk/straf4)

Table 196

Convictions for offences against special legislation, by type of conviction.
2005

	Imprisonment			Fines	Other decisions ¹	Acquitted	Total
	Suspended	Unsuspended	Total				
Special legislation, total	791	993	1 784	25 330	1 547	75	28 736
Act on Euforians	648	712	1 360	10 161	904	35	12 460
Aliens Act	4	103	107	419	68	2	596
The Firearms Act	60	123	183	2 210	429	31	2 853
Fire prevention legislation, etc.	-	-	-	399	-	-	399
Police regulations	-	-	-	1 981	1	-	1 982
Financial legislation	57	44	101	270	5	2	378
Health and social legislation	3	2	5	836	25	1	867
Environmental legislation	-	-	-	976	75	-	1 051
Laws concerning animals, hunting, etc.	10	3	13	1 686	7	2	1 708
Laws concerning work, transport, etc.	-	1	1	3 064	14	2	3 081
Laws concerning gambling, licences, food	-	-	-	133	2	-	135
Other special legislation	9	5	14	3 195	17	-	3 226

Note: Special legislation excl. the Road Traffic Act.

¹ Includes absolute discharge, charges dropped, other decisions and acquittal.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf3 and [straf4](http://www.statbank.dk/straf4)

Table 197 **Unuspended sentence for offences against Penal Code. 2005**

	Unuspended imprisonment					Detention, sentence served on remand and not stated	Total
	30 days	31-60 days	61 days - 3 months	3 months +	Total		
Penal Code, total	2 185	2 180	1 122	3 637	9124	145	9 269
Sexual offences	61	35	27	144	267	3	270
Rape	2	1	-	41	44	1	45
Crimes of violence	831	1 212	518	1 241	3802	53	3 855
Assault against public servant while in discharge of his duties	301	148	59	106	614	9	623
Violence against the person	418	955	396	894	2663	31	2 694
Threats	97	88	50	139	374	10	384
Offences against property	988	772	497	1 575	3832	88	3 920
Burglary	139	188	146	393	866	8	874
Theft	621	353	198	373	1545	10	1 555
Handling stolen goods	61	57	33	85	236	2	238
Robbery	9	26	34	429	498	60	558
Other offences	305	161	80	677	1223	1	1 224
Trafficking and smuggling of drugs	9	17	24	571	621	-	621

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf3 and [straf4](http://www.statbank.dk/straf4)

Table 198 **Unuspended sentence for offences against special legislation. 2005**

	Unuspended imprisonment					Detention, sentence served on remand and not stated	Total
	30 days	31-60 days	61 days - 3 months	3 months +	Total		
Road Traffic Acts total	810	377	107	100	1 394	7	1 401
Traffic acc under influence of alcohol	65	24	7	11	107	-	107
Drunken driving	407	174	73	76	730	3	733
Road Traffic Act, other	338	179	27	13	557	4	561
Special legislation total	542	218	89	142	991	2	993
Act on Euforiant	382	147	72	110	711	1	712
Aliens Act	65	35	1	2	103	-	103
The Firearms Act	76	15	10	21	122	1	123
Financial legislation	11	21	5	7	44	-	44
Other special legislation	73	35	2	4	114	-	114

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf3 and [straf4](http://www.statbank.dk/straf4)

Table 199

Convictions for offences against the Penal Code and special legislation, per 100,000 persons. 2005

	Men				Women			
	Penal Code	Road Traffic Act	Other special legislation	Total	Penal Code	Road Traffic Act	Other special legislation	Total
15+ years, total	2 159	5 061	1 116	8 335	442	1 189	104	1 735
Number of convictions per 100,000 persons in the age group:								
15-19 years	6 781	6 102	1 351	15 054	1 391	586	172	2 149
20-24 years	6 025	8 419	3 344	17 787	844	1 433	211	2 488
25-29 years	3 799	7 520	2 077	13 395	660	1 638	168	2 466
30-39 years	2 595	7 137	1 357	11 089	547	2 093	154	2 794
40-49 years	1 575	5 938	981	8 494	439	1 817	133	2 388
50 + years	436	2 517	322	3 274	165	575	38	778

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf3 and [straf4](http://www.statbank.dk/straf4)

Table 200

Convictions relating to Penal Code and special legislation by sentence per 100,000 persons. 2005

	Men				Women				Total
	Fine	Imprisonment		Other	Fine	Imprisonment		Other	
		Suspended	Un-suspended			Suspended	Un-suspended		
Total 15 years +	6 452	513	496	754	1 507	26	82	120	4 974
Number per 100,000 at age:									
15-19 years	10 135	795	1 491	2 180	1 582	35	222	310	8 778
20-24 years	12 589	1 522	1 227	2 449	1 991	44	180	274	10 233
25-29 years	9 869	1 133	740	1 653	2 087	47	119	212	7 956
30-39 years	8 660	792	568	1 070	2 462	53	107	172	6 990
40-49 years	6 960	452	447	634	2 123	35	103	127	5 485
50 years +	2 892	77	139	166	720	3	23	31	1 950

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf3 and [straf4](http://www.statbank.dk/straf4)

Table 201

Convictions for offences against the Road Traffic Act, by age and sex. 2005

	15-19 years	20-24 years	25-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50 + years	Men total	Women total	Total
Road Traffic Act, total	10 581	14 508	15 595	36 805	30 383	28 117	109 340	26 649	135 989
Drunken driving	718	1 396	1 202	2 732	3 171	3 062	11 275	1 006	12 281
Driving under the influence of alcohol	155	482	468	1 133	1 259	1 172	4 174	495	4 669
Vehicle deficiencies	4 523	1 172	576	732	564	374	7 565	376	7 941
Other offences	5 340	11 940	13 817	33 341	26 648	24 681	90 500	25 267	115 767
Non-compliance with speed limits	1 984	7 151	9 169	23 421	18 858	17 144	58 903	18 824	77 727
Non-compliance with orders	84	155	139	223	142	118	755	106	861
Failure to give way to approaching traffic	252	404	345	735	581	1 159	2 378	1 098	3 476
Overload	13	115	178	485	460	493	1 701	43	1 744
Other	3 007	4 115	3 986	8 477	6 607	5 767	26 763	5 196	31 959

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf3 and [straf4](http://www.statbank.dk/straf4)

Table 202

Convictions for offences against the Road Traffic Act, by type of conviction. 2005

	Imprisonment			Fines	Other decisions ¹	Acquitted	Total
	Suspended Imprisonment	Unsuspen- ded Imprisonment	Total				
Road Traffic Act, total	2 981	1 401	4 382	132 236	718	175	137 511
Drunken driving	2 472	840	3 312	8 631	293	45	12 281
Driving under the influence of alcohol	1 602	427	2 029	2 515	100	25	4 669
Vehicle deficiencies	-	-	-	8 024	18	6	8 048
Other offences	509	561	1 070	115 581	407	124	117 182
Non-compliance with speed limits	-	6	6	77 695	20	47	77 768
Non-compliance with orders	2	-	2	858	-	1	861
Failure to give way to approaching traffic	2	1	3	3 421	18	35	3 477
Over loading	-	-	-	2 266	17	4	2 287
Other	505	554	1 059	31 341	392	37	32 829

¹ Includes absolute discharge, charges dropped, other decisions and acquittal.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf3 and [straf4](http://www.statbank.dk/straf4)

Table 203

Criminal cases concluded in courts of first instance. 2005

	Lower courts				High courts		First instance, total
	Copenhagen region ¹	Rest of the islands	Jutland	Total	Eastern High Court	Western High Court	
Cases concluded in First instance	45 232	33 287	39 789	118 308	42	17	118 367
With lay assessors	4 506	4 530	6 291	15 328	•	•	15 328
Without lay assessors	35 406	23 912	26 546	85 864	42	17	85 923
Confession	4 864	4 208	5 942	15 013	•	•	15 013
Other cases	457	637	1 009	2 104	•	•	2 104

¹ Judicial districts in Copenhagen and the Copenhagen region. ² Trials by jury.

Source: The Court Administration.

 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/05

Table 204

Civil justice: cases concluded in courts of first instance. 2005

	Lower courts				High courts		First instance, total
	Copenhagen region ¹	Rest of the islands	Jutland	Total	Eastern High Court	Western High Court	
Proceedings, total	38 968	46 713	60 720	146 401	393	207	147 001
Type of cases							
Ordinary cases	29 569	36 235	47 109	112 913	393	207	113 513
Residential	3 497	2 841	4 416	10 754	-	-	10 754
Matrimonial	3 095	3 678	4 838	11 611	-	-	11 611
Paternity	478	581	711	1 770	-	-	1 770
Incapacitation	238	300	268	806	-	-	806
Cases pursuant to section 124 in Social Assistance Act	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other cases	2 091	3 078	3 378	8 547	-	-	8 547

¹ Judicial districts in Copenhagen and the Copenhagen region and the Maritime and Commercial Court.

Source: The Court Administration.

 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/05

Table 205

Crime rate, by age, sex and national origin. 2004

	Western countries	Non-western countries	Origin		Total	Danish origin	Population total
			Immi- grant	Descen- dant			
Men, 15-79 years, total	2 312	12 554	12 456	2 410	14 866	101 409	116 275
Women, 15-79 years, total	782	2 050	2 496	336	2 832	23 714	26 546
Index, population total = 100							
Men, 15-79 years	73	162	130	184	136	96	100
Of which:							
15-19 years	99	165	156	158	157	94	100
20-29 years	50	180	127	227	144	94	100
30-39 years	65	155	127	173	129	97	100
40-49 years	85	144	127	92	126	97	100
50-59 years	106	156	133	105	133	98	100
60-69 years	96	129	111	103	111	99	100
70-79 years	160	150	155	175	155	98	100
Women, 15-79 years	101	118	110	144	113	99	100

Note: Only persons found guilty of offences against the Penal Code, Road Traffic Act or other special legislation. Index = Crime rate by age for persons convicted in 2004.

 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/05

Table 206

Persons sentenced to imprisonment in 2005 and previous imprisonment¹

Type of criminal offence	Total	Age at the time of conviction							Men. total	Women. total
	15-19 years	20-24 years	25-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50 years +				
	number of persons imprisoned									
Total	21 415	3 593	3 786	2 957	5 280	3 722	2 077	19 120	2 295	
Penal Code. total	15 804	3 465	3 258	2 283	3 724	2 178	896	13 998	1 806	
Road Traffic Act. total	4 077	28	262	423	1 074	1 259	1 031	3 729	348	
Special legislation. total	1 534	100	266	251	482	285	150	1 393	141	
	percentage of persons previously imprisoned									
Total	44.9	28.8	51.1	57.3	52.4	42.8	28.8	47.4	24.1	
Penal Code. total	44.2	28.9	51.0	57.0	50.9	41.5	24.0	46.7	24.5	
Sexual offences	17.2	14.7	30.3	21.7	19.2	13.4	10.2	17.4	-	
Rape, etc.	38.3	25.0	50.0	66.7	37.5	25.0	-	38.3	-	
Crimes of violence	42.2	27.7	53.0	53.8	47.3	41.5	22.1	43.9	21.9	
Violence, etc. against public servant	49.8	37.8	53.7	59.2	53.5	47.1	38.9	53.5	21.4	
Violence against the person	39.6	25.1	50.7	52.0	44.1	40.5	17.1	41.1	19.8	
Offences against property	46.8	30.5	50.5	61.0	55.5	44.8	25.3	50.2	26.6	
Burglary (banks, shops, etc.)	60.8	41.2	57.4	78.5	78.0	60.0	53.8	62.0	13.6	
Burglary (private houses)	64.1	34.6	67.2	76.0	84.2	74.4	66.7	64.4	58.3	
Theft	55.3	25.3	46.8	66.7	68.6	67.5	54.5	58.7	42.2	
Theft/appropriation of registered vehicles	52.4	30.7	63.8	70.8	74.0	61.5	44.4	53.8	32.1	
Robbery	55.4	42.4	66.9	69.9	73.6	65.4	37.5	56.5	38.9	
Other criminal offences	46.3	28.1	47.2	55.9	51.7	41.1	35.9	50.5	19.7	
Trafficking of drugs	44.6	28.3	38.2	58.0	48.3	44.6	30.8	47.1	25.9	
Road Traffic Act. total	45.1	25.0	46.9	56.3	54.0	44.2	32.5	47.6	18.4	
Road traffic accidents under the influence of alcohol	26.7	20.0	29.6	32.6	30.7	29.6	16.7	29.7	11.0	
Special legislation. total	52.4	27.0	56.4	61.8	60.0	47.4	32.0	54.4	32.6	
Act on Euforiant	54.8	26.7	54.4	61.4	62.6	51.2	43.2	56.9	35.7	

¹ Persons previously sentenced to imprisonment within a preceding 5-year period i.e. 2005-2000.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/05

Table 207

Inmates in main prisons and local prisons and institutions¹. 2005

	Men	Women	Total
Number of inmates in prisons, local prisons and institutions	17 032	1 445	18 477
Local prisons and Copenhagen prisons	4 019	187	4 206
Average number of inmates per day	1 554	90	1 644
Custody and arrest	974	65	1 039
Prison and detention	539	22	561
Lenient imprisonment	-	-	-
Fine	7	-	7
Admitted under the Aliens Act	34	3	37
Other	-	-	-
State prisons			
Average number of inmates per day	2 312	85	2 397
Custody and arrest	4	1	5
Prison and detention	2 275	84	2 359
Lenient imprisonment	-	-	-
Fine	15	-	15
Admitted under the Aliens Act	-	-	-
Other	18	-	18
Institutions			
Average number of residents per day	154	11	165
Judge too suspended	4	1	5
Paroleed	6	-	6
Judge too prisons	119	5	124
Voluntary clientele	21	2	23
Non-clientele	4	4	8

Note: Prison service closed institutions are Herstedvester, Horsens, Nyborg, Ringe and Vridsløselille, while open prisons are Horserød, Gribskov, Kragsskovhede, Møgelkær, Midtjylland, Renbæk, Sdr. Omme, Søbysøgård, Jyderup, Holsbjergvej. There are 43 local institutions/prisons outside Copenhagen and 8 other institutions.

¹ Excl. Sandholm camp and Åbenrå asylum department.

Source: Department of Prisons and Probation.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/05

Table 208

Criminal justice, Appeals. 2005

	Eastern High Court	Western High Court	Total	Supreme Court			Total
				From Eastern High Court	From Western High Court	From other courts	
Appeals, total	1 449	1 259	2 708	31	21	-	52
Number of charged persons, total	1 536	1 412	2 948	38	26	-	64
Penalty increased	284	209	493	-	1	-	1
Penalty confirmed	875	696	1 571	24	18	-	42
Penalty mitigated	401	472	873	7	6	-	13
Other decisions	31	35	66	-	-	-	-
Appeals in interlocutory procedure, total	2 547	2 061	4 608	41	13	-	54
The appellant's claim:							
Allowed	255	151	406	12	2	-	14
Dismissed	2 292	1 910	4 202	29	11	-	40

Note: 56 cases were admissible to be reopened by the appeals court in 2005, of these four were reopened.

Source: The Court Administration.


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/05

Table 209

Suspension of driving licences and ban driving. 2005

	Unconditional suspensions	Conditional suspensions	Ban driving	Total
Total	4 485	2 666	1 454	8 605
Penal Code, total	807	278	49	1 134
Road Traffic Act, total	3 678	2 388	1 405	7 471
Accidents causing injury	178	12	14	204
Drunken driving	169	1	2	172
Accidents without injury	432	15	23	470
Drunken driving	413	3	6	422
Drunk driving and driving under the influence of alcohol	2 717	90	300	3 107
Drunken driving	2 605	29	83	2 717
Other offences against the Road Traffic Act	253	1 817	644	2 714
Failure to give way to approaching traffic	34	1 084	191	1 309
Non-compliance with speed limits	138	293	331	762

 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf3 and [straf4](http://www.statbank.dk/straf4)

Table 210

Police activity

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Staff				
Police force	10 233	10 352	10 483	10 628
Uniformed police	8 181	8 177	8 262	8 361
Criminal police	2 052	2 175	2 221	2 267
Clerical staff	2 165	2 202	2 205	2 130
Legal staff	439	434	-	453
Official cars¹	2 764	2 701	2 773	2 503
Duties				
Arrests, total	67 287	66 723	66 004	61 280
Offences against Police Regulations, etc.	16 213	15 170	15 742	13 369
Revocations of driving licenses	17 836	17 162	19 184	18 569
Parking fines ²	65 172	64 400	59 384	56 245
Cases involving immigrants	29 705	41 664	44 338	41 919
Fines ³	423 092	504 762	546 203	601 791
Police permits, granted	122 204	105 380	111 427	113 532
Lost property, items received	143 199	143 165	165 410	143 519
Lost property, items returned	63 438	63 463	65 789	60 386
Driving licences issued	287 819	292 855	303 933	315 179
Passports issued	364 414	354 600	456 523	655 088

Note: The table does not include all police activity which appears in other tables in the Statistical Yearbook. The resources are distributed among the Commissioner of Polices' 9 departments and 54 police districts.

¹ In 2002, the number of vehicles is slightly higher than usually due to the EU Summit, among other things. ² Enforced by the police and traffic wardens. ³ Amounting to DKK 831 mio. in 2005.

Source: The Police's annual report.

 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/05

Table 211

Enforcement proceedings, registration, estates of deceased persons and bankruptcies, etc. 2005

	Copenhagen region ¹	Other islands	Jutland	Total
Enforcement proceedings, total	68 671	98 657	114 657	281 985
Ordinary cases:				
Demand, payments	39 815	54 368	65 576	159 759
Demand, payments, distress	7 228	13 307	10 310	30 845
Credit accord, Act	475	534	800	1 809
Other cases	209	181	226	616
Special cases:				
Custody cases	350	545	732	1 627
Enforcement proceedings, spontaneously	10 377	7 713	9 681	27 771
Ban-evidences cases	177	126	219	522
Other cases	44	61	64	169
Inkassoproces:				
Claim payment	7 848	16 081	20 492	44 421
Petitions for auctions sales of real property	1 057	2 807	3 258	7 122
Auctions sales of real property	1 091	2 934	3 299	7 324
Of which:Consistently auctions sales	50	372	623	1 045
Notarial acts	22 234	14 319	21 651	58 204
Registrations, total	606 246	1 265 073	2 118 422	3 989 741
Of which:				
Conveyances and title deeds	36 907	80 668	111 894	229 469
Mortgages, etc. on real property	158 201	331 790	414 656	904 647
Car- and personsbook	-	-	231 106	231 106
Other registrations	411 138	852 615	1 436 843	2 700 596
Estates of deceased persons, total	13 053	18 122	25 092	56 267
Ordinary estates of deceased persons:				
Disposed of without adm. § 18	4 814	5 149	6 877	16 840
Passed to surviving spouse § 22	238	255	448	941
Undivided possession § 24	2 032	4 152	5 927	12 111
Private adm. out of court § 25	2 640	4 045	5 583	12 268
Simple adm. out of court §§ 33-34	1 662	2 369	3 665	7 696
Administred by executor § 36	1 164	1 588	1 785	4 537
Disposed with admin.	244	218	259	721
Revived cases with changed erstates adm.	106	168	229	503
Other erstates	92	49	47	188
Special erstates total	61	129	272	462
Other probates²	248	4 178	6 313	14 437
Bankruptcy	1	1 296	1 879	4 609
Restructuring of debts	-	1 592	2 618	5 014
Suspension of payment	-	128	283	508
Liquidations	-	766	1 007	2 998
Spouse probates	241	302	355	898
Other cases	6	94	171	410
Of which:				
Bankruptcy closed	1	308	431	1 256
Restructuring of debts completed	-	364	688	1 168
Liquidations closed	110	122	122	354
Spouse probates closed without adm.	-	360	518	1 232

¹ Judicial districts in Copenhagen and the Copenhagen region, i.e. nos. 1–12 and the Maritime and Commercial Court. Inclusive 3 698 cases tried in the Maritime and Commercial Court.

Source: The Court Administration.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/05