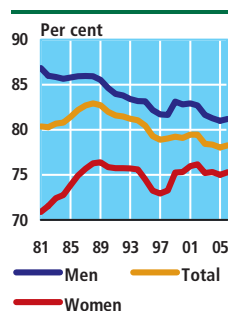


Labour market and earnings

1. The Danish labour market

Figure 1
Activity rate of
16-64-year-olds



See table 120.

Men and women's activity rate – the difference decreases

Labour market statistics are based on the basic concepts adopted by the International Labour Organization (ILO), according to which the population is divided into three groups: The employed and the unemployed (which together represent the labour force) and those outside the labour force. Developments from 1981 to 2006 show significant differences between men and women. The part of the population that is of working age (the 16-64-year-olds) has increased by 8.9 per cent for men and 8.4 per cent for women following the general population change. The labour force as such has increased by 0.4 per cent for men and 12.4 per cent for women in the same period. In other words, there has primarily been an increase in the female part of the labour force.

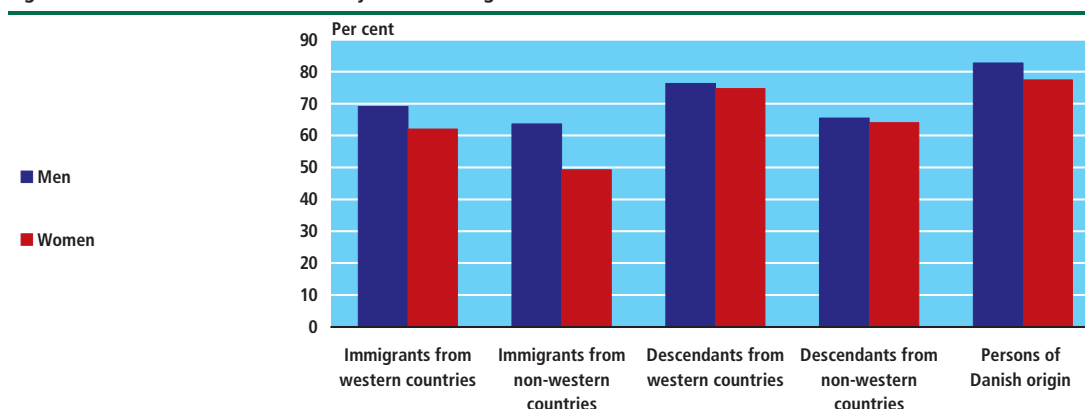
Women's activity rate increased primarily in the 1980s, while that of men decreased. In the 1990s – when Denmark experienced an economic recession part of the time – the activity rate of both men and women decreased during most of the period. However, the fall in women's activity rate stopped in 1997, while the activity rate of men continued to fall. The activity rate is the labour force's proportion of the total population.

Immigrants and their descendants in the labour market

The number of immigrants and their descendants of working age has increased from 108,000 to 326,000 in the period 1981-2006. Especially, the number of immigrants and their descendants from non-western countries has increased. There were 36,000 immigrants and descendants from non-western countries aged 16-64 in 1981, while the figure was 221,000 in 2006.

Figure 2

Activity rate of immigrants and their descendants. 2006



See table 120.

Labour market and earnings

Immigrants' activity rate is lower than that of persons of Danish origin. Immigrants from non-western countries account for the lowest activity rate of 56.4 per cent. Simultaneously, the difference between men's and women's activity rate is relatively large.

Descendants from non-western countries have a higher activity rate (64.8 per cent) than immigrants, and the difference between men's and women's activity rate is smaller than that of immigrants. The group of descendants of working age is still relatively small, and consequently caution should be exercised in interpreting the figures. Furthermore, most descendants of working age are between 16 and 30 years, implying that many attend an education and are subsequently not necessarily economically active.

2. Dependency ratio

No longer an increase in the total dependency ratio

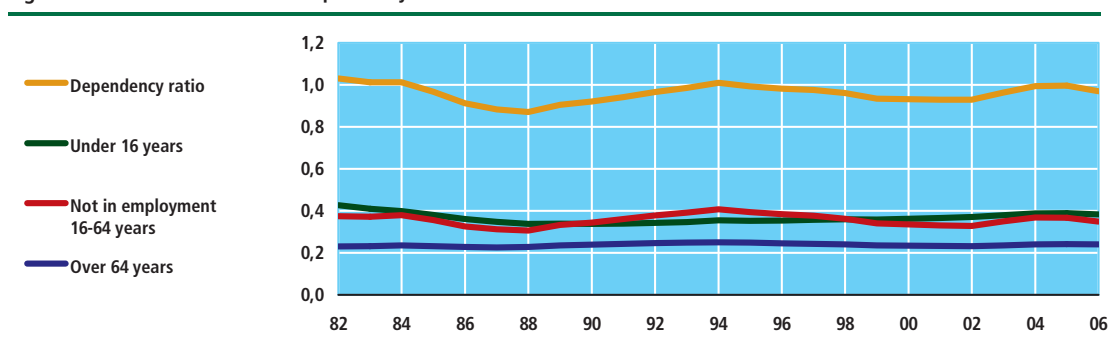
The total dependency ratio is the total number of persons not in employment in relation to the number of employed persons. In 1981, the dependency ratio was 1.01, whereas it had dropped to 0.97 in 2006, implying that while 100 persons in employment had to provide for 101 persons not in employment in 1981, they had to provide for 97 persons not in employment in 2006.

The dependency ratio for young and elderly people and for persons aged 16-64 not in employment

The population's age composition has a great impact on the dependency ratio. If the population comprises many young and elderly people, the dependency ratio will be relatively high as these age groups are most frequently economically inactive. The fall in the dependency ratio for young people under 16 in the 1980s was, consequently, caused by fewer children.

Figure 3

Dependency ratio



Note: The dependency ratio is estimated as the number of persons not in employment in the age group, divided by the total number of persons employed.

Labour market and earnings

Fluctuating dependency ratio for 16-64-year-olds not in employment

The number of persons not in employment who are of working age (between 16 and 64 years) compared to the number of persons employed peaked in 1994, subsequently decreased steadily, but increased again from 2002. From 2005 to 2006, the development has changed again, and thus, it complies with the development regarding unemployment. Several factors influence the dependency ratio for the population aged 16-64 years. Changes in unemployment or in the extent of activation of the unemployed are of importance. Similarly, the labour market structures will influence the dependency ratio. It will, for example, increase if there is an increase in the number of young people enrolled for an education.

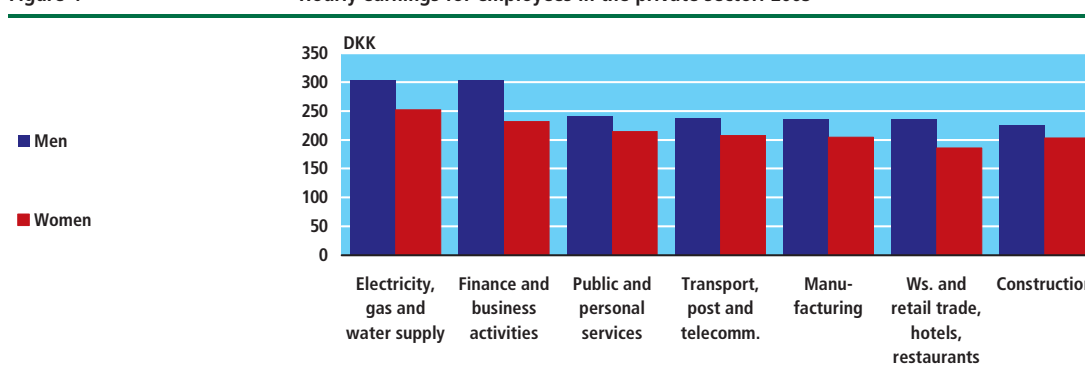
3. Pay and hourly earnings

Men in the financial sector account for the highest pay

Women earn less than men regardless of their business, even when employed in the same industry. The greatest difference between men and women's pay is seen in *finance and business activities* with 23.2 per cent and the smallest occurs in *construction* with 9.5 per cent. However, it is important to be careful in drawing firm conclusions from the gender distribution. There are great differences in the types of jobs men and women occupy in the different industries. The number of men employed in managerial positions is generally higher, compared to women. Earnings statistics illustrate what individual employees get out of making their labour available to employers. The main concept of earnings statistics is total earnings in relation to the number of hours worked, i.e. the hours spent at work by the employees.

Figure 4

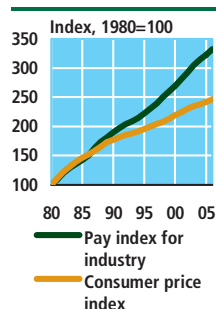
Hourly earnings for employees in the private sector. 2005



See table 122.

Labour market and earnings

Figure 5
Pay index for industry and
consumer price index



Real earnings have increased in the past 20 years

In the period up to the late 1980s, the development in earnings was more or less parallel to that of prices. In other words, real earnings remained more or less unchanged during the period. From the late 1980s until today, pay has increased more rapidly than prices. Consequently, this period has been characterized by relatively large increases in real earnings. This does not necessarily mean that all employees have experienced such a rapid increase in real earnings. In the same period, the structure of the labour market has changed so that today there are relatively more highly educated people than 20 years ago, which has an upward impact on the level of pay and thus on real earnings.

4. Unemployment and labour market policy measures

Three periods of unemployment peaks

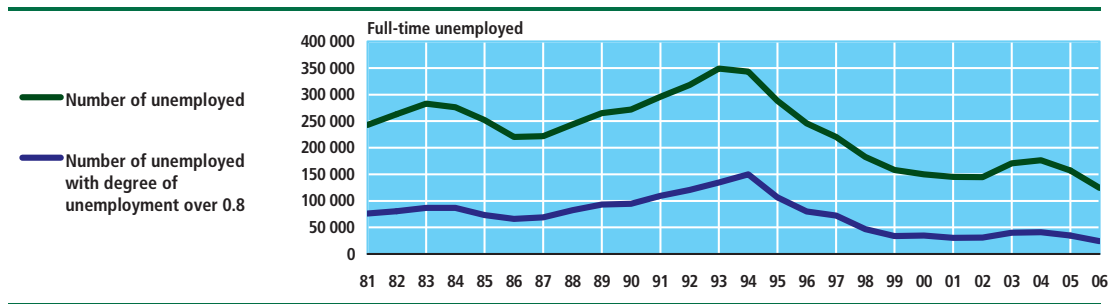
Figure 6 shows total unemployment and unemployment for persons unemployed for more than 80 per cent of the year (long-term unemployed). Examination of unemployment developments from 1981 to 2006 reveals a curve with three marked peaks. These peaks are in 1983, in 1993-94 and in 2004. Between these peaks, the development has been influenced by periods of upturns in employment.

Drop in unemployment 1994-2002

The drop in unemployment from 1994 to 2002 is dramatic as it has more than halved from 343,000 full-time unemployed in 1994 to almost 145,000 in 2002. Figures for the long-term unemployed have fallen to about one-fifth, from 150,000 full-time unemployed in 1994 to 31,000 in 2002.

Figure 6

Unemployment and long-term unemployment



See table 134-139.

Labour market and earnings

Lowest unemployment rate in 32 years

From 2002 to 2004, the number of full-time unemployed increased from 145,000 to 176,000, but subsequently, unemployment decreased with 52,000. In 2006, because of an upturn in employment, it was as low as 124,400. That is the lowest unemployment rate since 1974.

The fringe of the labour market

The development in the number of persons on the fringe of the labour market is shown in order to conduct an extended analysis of unemployment, converted to full-time (full-time participants). This group comprises the unemployed, persons in subsidized employment with pay and persons temporarily outside the labour force (subsidized employment without pay, educational and training measures, leave from unemployment, etc.).

There has been a steady fall in the number of full-time participants on the fringe of the labour market from 405,600 in 1995 to 258,200 in 1999. This is primarily due to a marked decrease in the number of full-time unemployed, while the number of full-time persons in subsidized employment with pay or temporarily outside the labour force has remained more or less constant.

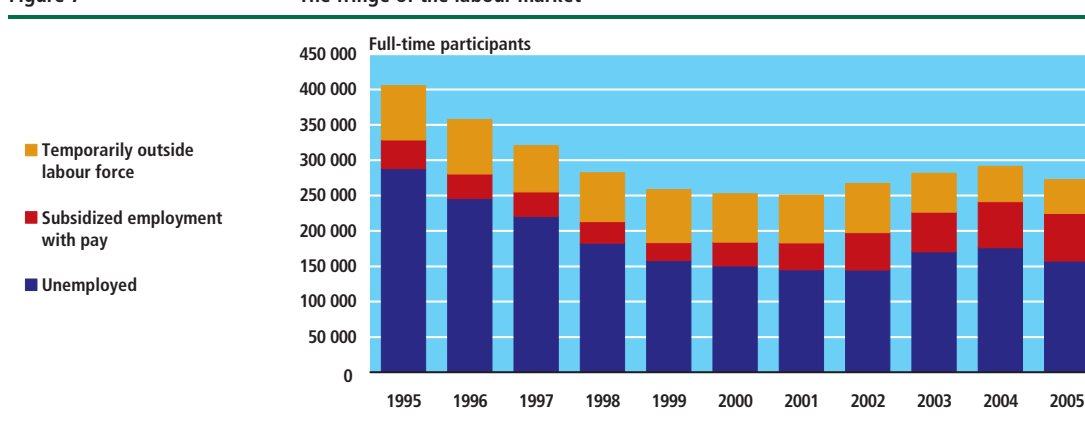
From 2001 to 2004, the number of full-time participants on the fringe of the labour market increased by 40,600 to 291,300. From 2004 to 2005, the development changed again, and the number decreased to 272,700.

Since 2001, the number of persons in subsidized employment with pay has increased by 29,100, while the number of full-time participants temporarily outside the labour force has decreased by 19,400.

Figure 6 illustrates the development in the number of unemployed.

Figure 7

The fringe of the labour market



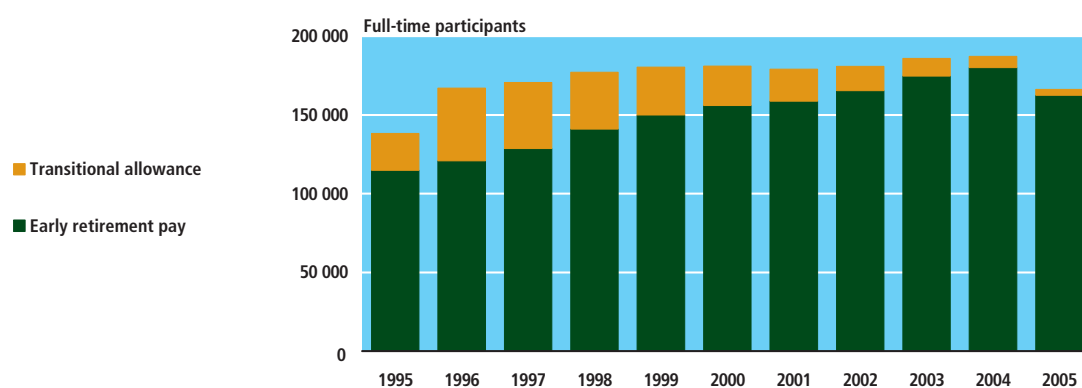
Labour market and earnings

5. Retirement from the labour market

The decrease in the number of full-time participants on the fringe of the labour market from 1995 to 1999 is partly counterbalanced by an increase in the number of full-time participants who have left the labour force. The number of full-time participants receiving early retirement pay increased during this period, while the number of full-time participants receiving transitional allowances increased drastically until 1996, when the intake to the scheme stopped. A contributory factor to the decline in the number of long-term unemployed since 1994 was the possibility to leave the labour force and claim transitional allowances in the mid-1990s.

Figure 8

Retirement



See table 141.

The number of persons receiving early retirement pay has increased steadily from 1995 to 2004. Note that the number of full-time participants receiving early retirement pay increased from 2003 to 2004 despite the lowering of the retirement age from 67 to 65 years for persons born on 1 July 1939 or later, while the change of the retirement age was seen as a minor decrease in the number of participants receiving early retirement pay from 2004 to 2005.

6. Hours worked

Increase in the number of hours worked by both men and women in employment

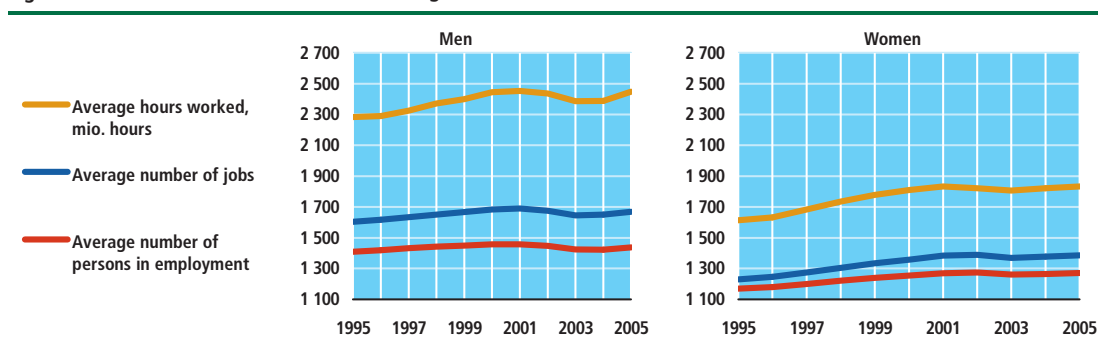
From 2004 to 2005, the number of hours worked by employed persons increased by 1.7 pct. During the same period, the number of persons employed increased by 0.8 pct. Consequently, a person in employment worked, on average, more hours in 2005 than in 2004.

Labour market and earnings

Especially men worked more hours in 2005. From 2004 to 2005, the number of hours worked increased by 2.6 pct. for men. The corresponding increase for women was only 0.6 pct. An important reason why men accounted for the highest increase in the number of hours worked was attributed to the favourable economic trends for male-dominated industries, such as *construction* and *finance and business activities*. Seen in a historical perspective, it is mainly women who have seen a large increase in the number of hours worked. During the period 1995-2005, the number of hours worked by women increased by 13.6 pct., while the number of hours worked by men increased by only 7.2 pct. during the same period.

Figure 9

Annual working time accounts



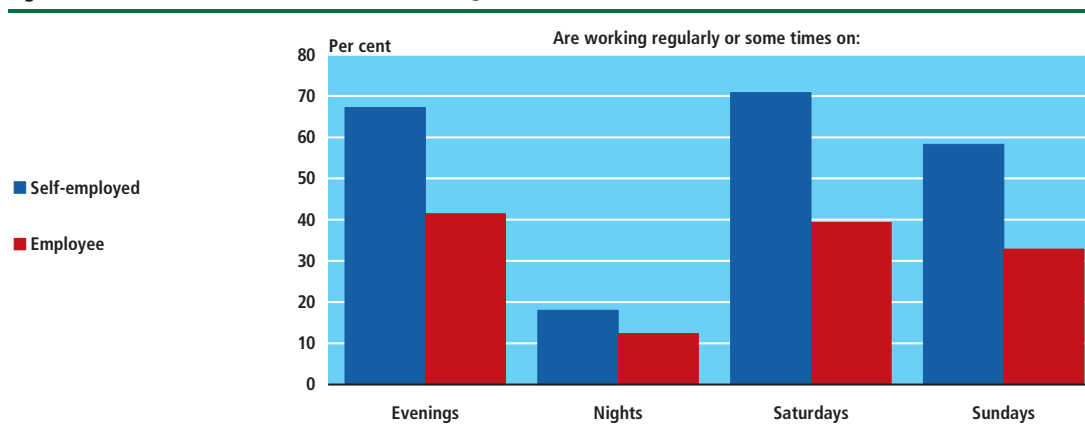
7. Schedule of working hours

Odd working hours

It is, by far, not everyone who only works in the daytime from Monday to Friday. According to the labour force survey, a large share of employees and self-employed persons also work during odd hours. In 2006, 67 pct. of self-employed persons and 41 pct. of employees worked either regularly or occasionally in the evening, while 18 pct. of self-employed persons and 12 pct. of employees carried out night work. Subsequently, there is also a relatively large share working during the weekend. 71 pct. of self-employed persons work regularly or occasionally on Saturdays and 58 pct. work on Sundays. The corresponding shares for employees are 39 pct. on Saturdays and 33 pct. on Sundays. In 2006, 82 pct. of self-employed persons and 55 pct. of employees worked regularly or occasionally during odd hours.

Labour market and earnings

Figure 10 Schedule of working hours. 2006



8. Absence

Women are more absent due to sickness than men

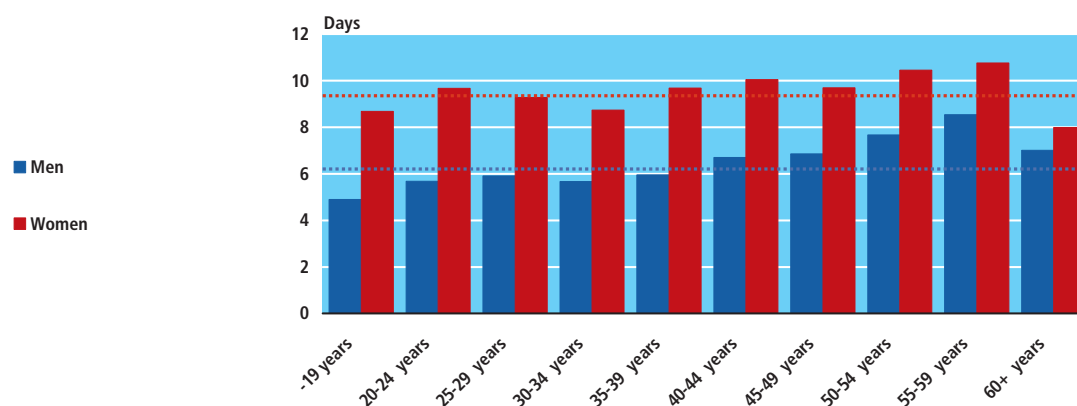
In the central government sector, women are, on average, absent 9.7 days due to sickness every year, while the corresponding figure for men is 6.8 days. Women are more absent due to own sickness than men in all age groups. The smallest difference between the two sexes is seen in the oldest age group.

The statistics on absence by employees are still in the pipeline. Statistics on absence in percentages and days of absence per full-time employee are broken down by the following causes of absence: own sickness, child's sickness, work-related injury and maternity leave. In December 2005, figures for the central government sector were published. Figures for the local government sector were published the following year, and in December 2007, figures for absence in 2006 covering the central government, local government and private sectors will be published.

Labour market and earnings

Figure 11

Absence on grounds of own sickness in the central government sector. 2005



9. A European perspective

EU employment goals

In coming years, the demographic dependency ratio in Denmark will increase as the proportion of elderly grows. The situation in the other EU countries is more or less the same and, consequently, it is the aim to increase the rates of employment for the economically active population until 2010. To this end, three goals have been set up:

- 1) 70 per cent of the population aged 15-64 must be in employment.
- 2) 60 per cent of women aged 15-64 must be in employment.
- 3) 50 per cent of the elderly aged 55-64 must be in employment.

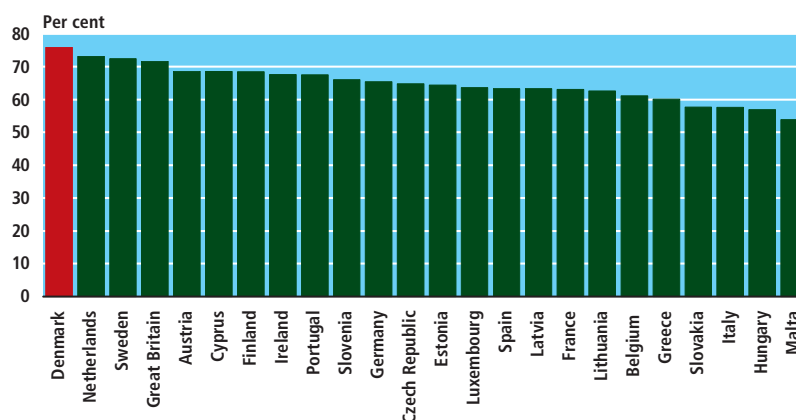
These goals apply to all EU countries, but further national goals may be determined in each EU country.

Denmark has the highest employment rate in Europe

Denmark's employment rate for all 15-64-year-olds of 75.9 per cent is the highest in EU and thereby Denmark – together with Sweden, the Netherlands and the UK – fulfils the objective of a 70 per cent employment rate.

Labour market and earnings

Figure 12 Total employment rates in the EU. 2005



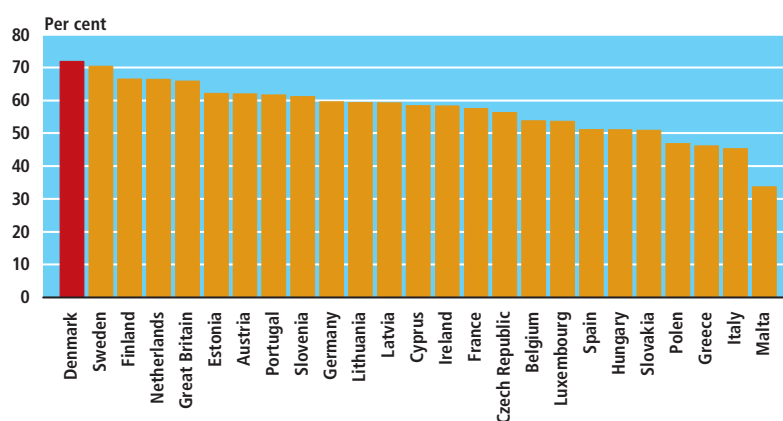
Source: Eurostat.

High participation rate of Danish women

In most EU countries, the participation rate of economically active men is already high. To increase the overall participation rate, it is therefore essential to increase the employment among women and elderly.

Women's participation rate in the labour market is very low in Malta, Italy, Greece and Poland, where less than 50 per cent of the women are employed. The objective of a female employment rate of at least 60 per cent before 2010 is already met today by Denmark, Sweden, Finland, the Netherlands, Great Britain, Estonia, Austria, Portugal and Slovenia.

Figure 13 Employment rates of women in the EU. 2005



Source: Eurostat.

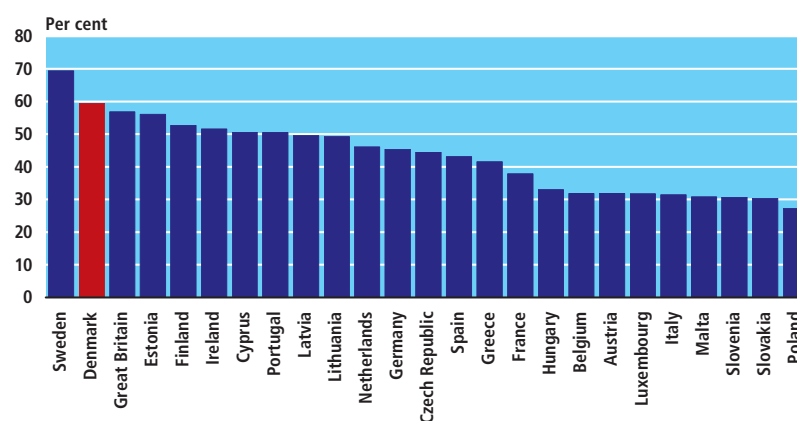
Labour market and earnings

The elderly in Denmark also have high employment rates

In the European labour markets, the participation rate of the elderly is also very low. In nine EU countries, the employment rate of persons aged 55-64 was lower than 35 per cent in 2005. With 69 per cent, persons aged 55-64 in Sweden have by far the highest employment rate in the EU. With 60 per cent, Denmark accounts for the second-highest employment rate. In addition to Sweden and Denmark, the objective that 50 per cent of the persons aged 55-64 must be employed before 2010 is already met today by Great Britain, Estonia, Finland, Ireland, Cyprus and Portugal.

Figure 14

Employment rates of the elderly in the EU. 2005



Source: Eurostat.

Table 110

Population by industry in the censuses

	1834	1840	1845	1855	1860	1870	1880	1890	1901
— thousands people —									
Total population	1 224	1 283	1 350	1 500	1 601	1 785	1 969	2 172	2 450
Agriculture	704	720	744	816	853	934	1 006	997	1 015
Fishing and shipping	34	35	37	40	45	47	54	59	73
Trades and industry	261	302	334	389	423	460	511	606	721
Trade and sales	51	56	60	78	95	121	152	214	277
Non-material activities	81	82	83	86	92	106	132	159	194
Property	48	48	52	58	58	69	81	92	113
Assistance	45	41	40	33	35	48	33	45	56
— per cent —									
Total population	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Agriculture	58	56	55	54	53	52	51	46	41
Fishing and shipping	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Trades and industry	21	24	25	26	26	26	26	28	29
Trade and sales	4	4	4	5	6	7	8	10	11
Non-material activities	7	6	6	6	6	6	7	7	8
Property	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	5
Assistance	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	2	2

Note: Grouping by industry is per the census in 1890. Children living at home and married women, as well as people who are employed as domestic help are placed in the same industry group as the head of the household. The total population indicates the number of people in the region that belongs to Denmark proper at the time of the census. Due to rounding up/down, the totals are not precise.

Table 111

Population by industry in the censuses

	1901	1906	1911	1930	1940	1950	1960	1965	1970
— thousands people —									
Total population	2 450	2 589	2 757	3 551	3 844	4 281	4 585	4 768	4 938
Agriculture, etc.	975	999	1 041	1 127	1 066	1 012	861	703	495
Manufacturing	721	737	788	1 091	1 285	1 492	1 674	1 776	1 758
Trade and sales	238	291	310	421	484	557	631	661	681
Transport	126	138	162	236	249	306	335	331	330
Administration and professions	118	135	141	223	268	363	480	605	770
Industry not stated	53	68	73	86	73	63	31	43	69
Pension, property, assistance	219	220	241	367	418	487	574	649	834
— per cent —									
Total population	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Agriculture, etc.	40	39	38	32	28	24	19	15	10
Manufacturing	29	28	29	31	33	35	37	37	36
Trade and sales	10	11	11	12	13	13	14	14	14
Transport	5	5	6	7	7	7	7	7	7
Administration and professions	5	5	5	6	7	8	10	13	16
Industry not stated	2	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	1
Pension, property, assistance	9	8	9	10	11	11	13	14	17

Note: Children living at home and married women with no commercial employment as well as domestic help are placed in the same industry group as the head of the household. Grouping by occupation is per the census in 1950. 1901–1911 is excl. North Schleswig. Due to rounding up/down, the totals are not precise.

Source: Lars Bugge Andersen, et al. *Erhvervsstrukturens udvikling i Danmark 1901–1976*.

Table 112

Employed persons by industry

	1981	1990	2000	2006
	thousands			
Total	2 552	2 674	2 759	2 755
Agriculture, fishing, quarrying	200	157	108	91
Manufacturing	481	504	464	392
Electricity, gas and water supply	16	19	16	14
Construction	180	167	168	179
Wholesale and retail trade, hotels, restaurants	436	461	503	509
Transport, post and telecommunications	179	182	183	172
Finance and business activities	176	282	344	398
Public and personal services	871	886	962	990
Activity not stated	12	15	11	9

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/ras9

Table 113

Employed persons by sex, industry and socio-economic status. 2006

	Self-employed persons	Assisting spouses	Salaried employees						Salaried employees total	Em - ployment total
			Top managers	Upper levels	Inter-mediate levels	Basic levels	Other	Not further specified		
	thousands									
Males and females, total	187.7	7.8	69.8	329.9	455.5	1025.6	226.4	451.9	2 559.1	2 754.6
Agriculture, fishing, quarrying	39.7	3.3	0.2	0.9	1.2	14.4	1.8	29.2	47.7	90.7
Manufacturing	9.3	0.4	14.1	25.8	50.5	207.3	29.8	54.4	381.9	391.6
Electricity, gas and water supply	0.7	0.0	0.3	1.8	3.3	4.7	1.2	2.3	13.5	14.3
Construction	19.0	0.6	4.1	3.2	7.9	101.0	18.0	25.7	159.9	179.5
Wholesale and retail trade, hotels, restaurants	40.1	1.9	16.1	11.4	58.4	202.4	47.3	131.2	466.8	508.9
Transport, post and telecommunications	9.7	0.4	2.8	6.9	25.1	76.9	11.6	38.9	162.2	172.2
Finance and business activities	34.3	0.8	10.0	61.0	84.7	83.6	49.1	75.0	363.3	398.4
Public and personal services	25.9	0.4	22.2	218.9	224.5	335.2	67.6	94.9	963.4	989.7
Activity not stated	9.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.3	9.4
Males, total	140.3	0.7	51.5	173.2	176.7	511.5	130.5	279.2	1 322.5	1 463.6
Agriculture, fishing, quarrying	35.9	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.8	11.3	1.4	21.4	35.8	71.8
Manufacturing	7.4	0.0	12.3	18.5	29.0	147.8	19.4	34.5	261.5	269.
Electricity, gas and water supply	0.6	0.0	0.3	1.4	2.4	3.4	1.1	1.9	10.4	11.
Construction	18.3	0.0	3.8	2.8	5.8	92.9	17.4	22.0	144.7	163.
Wholesale and retail trade, hotels, restaurants	28.1	0.3	12.7	7.1	34.2	103.1	27.9	70.5	255.5	283.9
Transport, post and telecommunications	8.9	0.0	2.2	5.0	17.7	50.6	9.6	32.4	117.4	126.3
Finance and business activities	24.8	0.1	8.0	44.0	44.6	32.8	23.8	45.2	198.4	223.4
Public and personal services	11.1	0.1	12.1	93.6	42.3	69.6	29.9	51.2	298.7	309.9
Activity not stated	5.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	5.3
Females, total	47.4	7.1	18.3	156.8	278.8	514.1	95.9	172.6	1 236.6	1 291.1
Agriculture, fishing, quarrying	3.8	3.2	0.0	0.2	0.4	3.1	0.5	7.8	11.9	18.9
Manufacturing	1.8	0.4	1.8	7.3	21.5	59.5	10.4	20.0	120.5	122.7
Electricity, gas and water supply	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.9	1.3	0.1	0.4	3.2	3.3
Construction	0.7	0.6	0.3	0.4	2.1	8.1	0.5	3.7	15.2	16.4
Wholesale and retail trade, hotels, restaurants	12.1	1.6	3.5	4.3	24.2	99.3	19.4	60.6	211.3	225.
Transport, post and telecommunications	0.8	0.3	0.5	1.9	7.4	26.4	2.0	6.5	44.8	45.9
Finance and business activities	9.4	0.7	2.0	17.0	40.1	50.8	25.3	29.8	164.9	175.
Public and personal services	14.8	0.3	10.1	125.3	182.2	265.6	37.7	43.7	664.7	679.8
Activity not stated	3.9	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	4.1

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/ras9

Table 114 **Employed population, by sex, region and industry. 2006**

	Agriculture, fishing, quarrying	Manufacturing	Electricity, gas and water supply	Construction	Wholesale and retail trade, hotels, restaurants	Transport, post and telecommunications	Finance and business activities	Public and personal services	Activity not stated	Total
	thousands									
Males and females, total	90.7	391.6	14.3	179.3	508.9	172.2	398.4	989.7	9.3	2 754.6
Copenhagen Municipality	0.7	17.0	1.0	10.0	47.4	19.6	57.2	113.7	0.8	267.5
Frederiksberg Municipality	0.1	3.4	0.2	1.3	8.0	3.0	12.4	21.0	0.2	49.6
Copenhagen County	1.4	28.1	1.7	16.7	59.1	24.5	65.4	112.7	1.2	310.7
Frederiksborg County	2.8	23.0	1.3	12.9	36.9	10.6	35.5	72.0	0.9	195.8
Roskilde County	2.0	14.0	0.7	9.5	26.0	8.8	22.9	44.4	0.4	128.7
West Zealand County	5.8	20.9	1.2	14.6	26.5	10.1	16.5	55.7	0.5	151.8
Storstrøm County	6.0	16.1	0.7	11.6	21.7	7.5	13.2	48.1	0.5	125.4
Bornholm Municipality ¹	1.2	2.3	0.1	1.3	3.6	1.4	1.4	8.0	0.0	19.3
Funen County	11.2	35.5	1.0	16.6	42.2	12.7	27.0	85.0	0.8	232.1
South Jutland County	7.1	25.4	0.7	7.6	22.8	7.7	12.0	40.0	0.4	123.8
Ribe County	7.1	23.1	0.7	8.5	20.7	7.3	10.9	36.4	0.3	115.0
Vejle County	6.1	37.2	0.9	12.8	37.7	12.6	22.1	57.1	0.5	187.0
Ringkøbing County	9.6	34.1	0.8	9.4	26.7	6.5	13.2	43.7	0.4	144.3
Århus County	9.6	46.7	1.5	19.7	64.4	21.8	49.2	125.3	1.1	339.3
Viborg County	8.2	28.2	0.7	8.7	19.8	4.8	10.8	39.3	0.4	121.0
North Jutland County	11.9	36.6	1.2	18.1	45.3	13.3	28.7	87.2	0.8	243.2
Males, total	71.8	269.0	11.0	163.0	283.9	126.3	223.4	309.9	5.3	1 463.5
Copenhagen Municipality	0.5	10.5	0.8	9.2	25.9	14.0	32.9	43.0	0.5	137.4
Frederiksberg Municipality	0.1	1.9	0.1	1.2	4.3	2.0	7.1	7.9	0.1	24.7
Copenhagen County	1.0	17.3	1.2	14.9	34.2	17.5	36.8	36.5	0.6	160.0
Frederiksborg County	2.1	14.0	0.9	11.7	21.4	7.8	20.6	22.4	0.5	101.4
Roskilde County	1.5	9.0	0.5	8.5	15.0	6.2	12.5	13.3	0.2	66.8
West Zealand County	4.6	14.3	0.9	13.5	15.2	7.5	9.0	16.2	0.2	81.4
Storstrøm County	4.8	11.2	0.6	10.7	12.0	5.7	7.1	14.9	0.3	67.4
Bornholm Municipality ¹	1.0	1.6	0.1	1.3	1.8	1.0	0.7	2.8	0.0	10.3
Funen County	7.9	26.2	0.8	15.1	22.8	9.8	15.2	26.0	0.5	124.2
South Jutland County	5.8	17.9	0.6	6.9	12.7	5.7	6.2	11.6	0.2	67.6
Ribe County	5.7	16.2	0.6	7.7	11.1	5.4	5.7	10.5	0.2	63.0
Vejle County	4.9	25.7	0.6	11.6	20.9	9.1	12.1	15.8	0.3	101.0
Ringkøbing County	7.8	24.1	0.6	8.5	14.5	4.9	6.9	12.1	0.2	79.7
Århus County	7.5	33.0	1.1	17.8	36.2	16.0	28.6	38.5	0.7	179.3
Viborg County	6.7	19.4	0.5	8.0	11.1	3.7	5.8	11.5	0.2	66.9
North Jutland County	9.9	26.5	0.9	16.7	24.7	9.9	16.4	26.9	0.5	132.5
Females, total	18.9	122.7	3.3	16.3	225.0	45.9	175.0	679.8	4.1	1 290.9
Copenhagen Municipality	0.2	6.5	0.3	0.8	21.5	5.6	24.3	70.7	0.3	130.2
Frederiksberg Municipality	0.0	1.4	0.1	0.1	3.6	1.0	5.3	13.1	0.1	24.8
Copenhagen County	0.4	10.8	0.5	1.8	24.9	7.1	28.6	76.3	0.6	150.7
Frederiksborg County	0.7	9.0	0.4	1.2	15.4	2.8	15.0	49.6	0.4	94.4
Roskilde County	0.5	4.9	0.1	1.0	11.0	2.6	10.4	31.2	0.2	61.9
West Zealand County	1.2	6.6	0.3	1.2	11.3	2.6	7.6	39.5	0.2	70.4
Storstrøm County	1.2	4.9	0.1	0.9	9.6	1.7	6.1	33.2	0.2	58.0
Bornholm Municipality ¹	0.1	0.7	0.0	0.0	1.8	0.4	0.7	5.3	0.0	8.9
Funen County	3.3	9.3	0.2	1.5	19.5	2.9	11.9	59.0	0.4	107.9
South Jutland County	1.3	7.5	0.1	0.8	10.1	2.0	5.8	28.4	0.2	56.2
Ribe County	1.4	7.0	0.2	0.8	9.5	1.8	5.2	26.0	0.1	52.0
Vejle County	1.2	11.5	0.2	1.3	16.8	3.5	10.0	41.2	0.2	85.9
Ringkøbing County	1.8	10.0	0.2	0.9	12.2	1.6	6.4	31.6	0.2	64.7
Århus County	2.1	13.7	0.3	1.9	28.2	5.8	20.6	86.8	0.5	160.0
Viborg County	1.6	8.8	0.2	0.7	8.7	1.1	5.1	27.8	0.1	54.1
North Jutland County	2.0	10.1	0.2	1.4	20.6	3.3	12.3	60.4	0.3	110.7

¹ Incl. Christinsø.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/rasb

Table 115

Population by sex, age, and socio-economic status. 2006

	Labour force population					Persons outside the labour force				Population Total
	Self- employed persons	Assisting spouses	Employees	Un- employed persons	Total	Tem- porarily outside the labour force	Retire- ment pen- sioners	Pen- sioners	Other persons outside the labour force	
thousands										
Males and females, total	187.7	7.8	2 559.1	107.7	2 862.4	98.7	152.4	941.8	1 372.1	5 427.5
16-66 years, total	165.0	7.0	2 495.4	107.7	2 775.1	98.6	152.4	285.4	314.1	3 626.7
Under 16 years	0.0	0.0	33.9	0.0	33.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	1 054.0	1 082.8
16-19 years	0.3	0.0	141.2	2.0	143.5	2.6	0.0	4.4	96.0	247.3
20-24 years	2.6	0.0	212.3	7.8	222.7	8.4	0.0	3.8	56.9	291.4
25-29 years	8.0	0.2	253.0	12.4	273.6	14.3	0.0	4.5	41.9	333.4
30-34 years	15.3	0.4	303.5	14.8	334.0	17.0	0.0	7.6	26.8	385.1
35-39 years	20.9	0.7	317.2	14.1	352.9	15.4	0.0	12.4	21.9	401.6
40-44 years	24.2	0.8	322.2	12.3	359.6	13.2	0.0	19.1	18.6	411.3
45-49 years	22.3	0.8	288.6	9.9	321.6	10.1	0.0	26.0	14.4	372.4
50-54 years	22.1	1.1	270.0	9.4	302.5	8.4	0.0	35.6	12.2	359.1
55-59 years	24.8	1.6	261.8	21.0	309.1	7.3	2.3	49.4	12.3	379.7
60-64 years	18.9	1.1	111.5	4.0	135.5	1.8	132.1	57.7	11.0	340.3
65-66 years	5.6	0.3	14.0	0.1	19.9	0.1	18.1	64.9	2.1	105.1
67 years +	22.7	0.8	29.9	0.0	53.4	0.0	0.0	656.5	4.0	718.0
Males, total	140.3	0.7	1 322.5	51.1	1 514.6	36.1	65.8	385.8	683.6	2 685.8
Males 16-66 years, total	121.4	0.7	1 282.7	51.1	1 455.9	36.1	65.8	126.6	143.6	1 828.6
Under 16 years	0.0	0.0	19.0	0.0	19.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	538.4	554.8
16-19 years	0.2	0.0	73.0	1.0	74.2	1.3	0.0	2.3	48.7	127.1
20-24 years	2.1	0.0	110.2	3.8	116.1	3.4	0.0	2.1	26.1	147.6
25-29 years	6.0	0.0	131.2	5.7	142.9	4.5	0.0	2.5	17.9	167.4
30-34 years	11.0	0.0	156.6	6.3	173.9	4.8	0.0	4.0	11.0	193.5
35-39 years	15.1	0.0	162.6	6.2	183.9	4.8	0.0	6.3	9.5	204.0
40-44 years	17.4	0.1	162.4	5.8	185.7	4.8	0.0	9.3	8.8	209.0
45-49 years	16.1	0.1	143.8	5.0	165.0	4.3	0.0	12.0	7.0	188.4
50-54 years	16.0	0.1	134.6	4.9	155.6	3.8	0.0	15.6	5.6	180.7
55-59 years	18.2	0.2	133.3	9.7	161.3	3.2	0.7	20.5	4.8	190.2
60-64 years	14.8	0.1	65.9	2.6	83.3	1.0	56.2	24.0	3.5	169.3
65-66 years	4.6	0.0	9.2	0.1	13.9	0.1	8.8	28.1	0.7	51.4
67 years +	18.8	0.1	20.8	0.0	39.7	0.0	0.0	259.1	1.6	302.5
Females, total	47.4	7.1	1 236.6	56.7	1 347.7	62.6	86.7	556.1	688.5	2 741.6
Females 16-66 years, total	43.6	6.3	1 212.6	56.7	1 319.2	62.6	86.7	158.8	170.6	1 798.1
Under 16 years	0.0	0.0	14.9	0.0	14.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	515.6	528.0
16-19 years	0.1	0.0	68.2	1.0	69.2	1.3	0.0	2.0	47.3	120.2
20-24 years	0.6	0.0	102.1	3.9	106.6	4.9	0.0	1.7	30.7	143.7
25-29 years	2.0	0.2	121.8	6.7	130.7	9.8	0.0	2.0	24.1	166.0
30-34 years	4.3	0.3	146.9	8.5	160.1	12.2	0.0	3.7	15.8	191.7
35-39 years	5.9	0.6	154.6	7.9	169.0	10.6	0.0	6.0	12.5	197.7
40-44 years	6.8	0.8	159.8	6.5	173.8	8.3	0.0	9.9	9.8	202.3
45-49 years	6.2	0.7	144.8	4.9	156.6	5.8	0.0	14.0	7.4	184.1
50-54 years	6.1	0.9	135.4	4.5	147.0	4.6	0.0	20.1	6.6	178.5
55-59 years	6.6	1.5	128.5	11.3	147.8	4.1	1.6	28.9	7.5	189.5
60-64 years	4.1	1.0	45.6	1.4	52.1	0.8	75.8	33.7	7.5	170.9
65-66 years	1.0	0.3	4.8	0.0	6.1	0.0	9.2	36.8	1.4	53.7
67 years +	3.8	0.7	9.1	0.0	13.7	0.0	0.0	397.3	2.4	415.5

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/ras2

Table 116

Population by sex, region and socio-economic status. 2006

	Labour force population					Persons outside the labour force				Population Total
	Self- employed persons	Assisting spouses	Employees	Un- employed persons	Total	Tem- porarily outside the labour force	Retire- ment pen- sioners	Pen- sioners	Other persons outside the labour force	
	thousands									
Males and females, total	187.7	7.8	2 559.1	107.7	2 862.4	98.7	152.4	941.8	1 372.1	5 427.5
Copenhagen Municipality	13.8	0.3	253.4	12.3	279.9	12.6	7.9	70.5	130.3	501.2
Frederiksberg Municipality	3.0	0.0	46.6	2.0	51.6	1.4	1.8	16.4	20.6	91.9
Copenhagen County	18.4	0.5	291.8	11.7	322.4	8.5	15.7	110.6	161.4	618.5
Frederiksborg County	14.4	0.4	181.0	5.2	201.0	4.7	10.4	62.9	99.6	378.7
Roskilde County	8.1	0.3	120.3	3.6	132.3	3.3	7.7	35.7	62.5	241.5
West Zealand County	11.5	0.5	139.8	6.5	158.3	5.4	9.4	57.6	76.6	307.2
Storstrøm County	10.4	0.4	114.6	5.1	130.5	5.0	9.5	57.2	60.6	262.8
Bornholm Municipality ¹	1.9	0.1	17.5	1.6	21.0	0.9	1.8	9.9	9.7	43.3
Funen County	15.8	0.7	215.6	10.5	242.6	8.8	14.5	92.6	119.9	478.3
South Jutland County	9.4	0.6	113.8	4.4	128.2	4.4	8.3	48.4	63.1	252.4
Ribe County	8.1	0.5	106.4	3.2	118.2	4.2	6.3	39.4	56.2	224.3
Vejle County	11.8	0.5	174.7	5.8	192.8	7.2	10.6	59.4	91.0	360.9
Ringkøbing County	11.3	0.7	132.3	4.1	148.5	4.4	8.1	45.6	68.5	275.1
Århus County	21.4	0.7	317.1	13.4	352.7	14.0	17.5	104.1	173.1	661.4
Viborg County	10.6	0.6	109.8	3.7	124.7	4.3	6.5	42.6	56.8	234.9
North Jutland County	17.8	0.9	224.5	14.8	257.9	9.6	16.4	89.1	122.1	495.1
Males, total	140.3	0.7	1 322.5	51.1	1 514.6	36.1	65.8	385.8	683.6	2 685.8
Copenhagen Municipality	9.8	0.0	127.6	6.6	144.0	5.4	3.7	28.3	65.3	246.6
Frederiksberg Municipality	2.0	0.0	22.7	1.0	25.8	0.6	0.7	5.9	10.2	43.1
Copenhagen County	12.9	0.1	147.0	5.9	165.9	3.1	6.4	44.0	81.0	300.4
Frederiksborg County	10.2	0.1	91.2	2.5	103.9	1.7	4.3	26.4	49.9	186.1
Roskilde County	5.9	0.0	60.8	1.7	68.5	1.2	3.2	15.0	31.5	119.4
West Zealand County	8.7	0.1	72.6	2.9	84.3	2.0	4.2	24.0	38.0	152.5
Storstrøm County	7.9	0.0	59.4	2.5	69.8	1.8	4.4	24.3	30.0	130.3
Bornholm Municipality ¹	1.4	0.0	8.9	0.7	11.1	0.3	0.9	4.2	4.9	21.4
Funen County	11.8	0.1	112.4	5.0	129.2	3.2	6.5	38.0	59.6	236.6
South Jutland County	7.4	0.0	60.2	1.9	69.5	1.6	3.7	20.1	31.2	126.0
Ribe County	6.2	0.0	56.8	1.4	64.5	1.4	2.7	16.1	27.9	112.5
Vejle County	8.9	0.1	92.1	2.4	103.5	2.6	4.5	24.4	45.1	179.9
Ringkøbing County	9.0	0.0	70.6	1.6	81.3	1.4	3.5	18.5	33.6	138.3
Århus County	16.0	0.1	163.3	6.3	185.6	5.1	7.4	42.5	86.2	326.8
Viborg County	8.5	0.0	58.4	1.6	68.5	1.4	2.8	17.3	28.3	118.3
North Jutland County	13.8	0.1	118.6	7.0	139.5	3.4	7.0	36.9	60.9	247.7
Females, total	47.4	7.1	1 236.6	56.7	1 347.7	62.6	86.7	556.1	688.5	2 741.6
Copenhagen Municipality	4.1	0.2	125.9	5.7	135.9	7.2	4.2	42.2	65.0	254.5
Frederiksberg Municipality	1.0	0.0	23.8	1.0	25.8	0.9	1.1	10.5	10.4	48.7
Copenhagen County	5.5	0.4	144.8	5.8	156.5	5.4	9.3	66.6	80.4	318.2
Frederiksborg County	4.2	0.4	89.8	2.7	97.1	3.0	6.2	36.6	49.7	192.6
Roskilde County	2.2	0.3	59.5	1.9	63.8	2.2	4.5	20.7	31.0	122.2
West Zealand County	2.8	0.5	67.1	3.6	74.0	3.4	5.2	33.6	38.6	154.7
Storstrøm County	2.5	0.4	55.2	2.6	60.6	3.1	5.1	32.8	30.7	132.4
Bornholm Municipality ¹	0.5	0.1	8.5	0.8	9.9	0.5	0.9	5.7	4.8	22.0
Funen County	4.0	0.6	103.2	5.5	113.4	5.6	8.0	54.5	60.3	241.8
South Jutland County	2.1	0.5	53.6	2.5	58.7	2.9	4.6	28.3	31.9	126.4
Ribe County	1.9	0.5	49.6	1.7	53.7	2.8	3.6	23.3	28.4	111.8
Vejle County	2.9	0.4	82.6	3.4	89.3	4.7	6.1	35.0	45.9	181.0
Ringkøbing County	2.3	0.7	61.7	2.5	67.2	3.0	4.7	27.0	34.9	136.8
Århus County	5.5	0.7	153.8	7.1	167.1	8.9	10.1	61.6	86.9	334.5
Viborg County	2.1	0.5	51.4	2.1	56.1	2.9	3.7	25.3	28.5	116.6
North Jutland County	4.0	0.8	105.9	7.8	118.5	6.2	9.4	52.2	61.2	247.4

¹ Incl. Christiansø.For further information visit www.statbank.dk/ras2

Table 117

Commuting to and from work in municipalities. 2006

	Persons with place of work in the municipality			Employed persons resident in the municipality			Incoming commuters, net		
	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total
	persons								
Copenhagen	166 385	165 299	331 684	137 369	130 170	267 539	29 016	35 129	64 145
Århus	90 829	83 238	174 067	78 592	73 551	152 143	12 237	9 687	21 924
Odense	49 714	49 058	98 772	47 611	43 194	90 805	2 103	5 864	7 967
Aalborg	49 350	43 947	93 297	42 636	37 475	80 111	6 714	6 472	13 186
Frederiksberg	18 050	21 010	39 060	24 714	24 844	49 558	-6 664	-3 834	-10 498
Esbjerg	25 817	20 911	46 728	21 894	18 759	40 653	3 923	2 152	6 075
Gentofte	17 235	19 143	36 378	17 690	17 637	35 327	-455	1 506	1 051
Kolding	20 357	18 398	38 755	17 687	15 703	33 390	2 670	2 695	5 365
Herning	19 363	16 337	35 700	16 951	14 280	31 231	2 412	2 057	4 469
Gladsaxe	19 202	16 247	35 449	15 738	14 938	30 676	3 464	1 309	4 773
Randers	16 597	16 645	33 242	16 291	14 210	30 501	306	2 435	2 741
Horsens	17 375	14 822	32 197	16 330	13 894	30 224	1 045	928	1 973
Helsingør	11 602	11 589	23 191	15 544	14 520	30 064	-3 942	-2 931	-6 873
Silkeborg	14 354	13 632	27 986	15 379	13 821	29 200	-1 025	-189	-1 214
Vejle	18 394	17 139	35 533	15 187	13 559	28 746	3 207	3 580	6 787
Roskilde	16 562	17 945	34 507	14 646	13 957	28 603	1 916	3 988	5 904
Lyngby-Taarbæk	18 138	15 185	33 323	13 324	12 721	26 045	4 814	2 464	7 278
Greve	9 022	7 828	16 850	13 150	12 437	25 587	-4 128	-4 609	-8 737
Hvidovre	14 262	12 103	26 365	12 949	12 057	25 006	1 313	46	1 359
Fredericia	15 343	12 021	27 364	13 273	11 261	24 534	2 070	760	2 830
Næstved	11 313	12 335	23 648	12 807	11 702	24 509	-1 494	633	-861
Høje Taastrup	18 141	13 603	31 744	12 659	11 384	24 043	5 482	2 219	7 701
Viborg	13 273	13 373	26 646	12 273	10 989	23 262	1 000	2 384	3 384
Ballerup	21 068	17 474	38 542	11 587	11 016	22 603	9 481	6 458	15 939
Holstebro	13 193	11 479	24 672	11 841	10 270	22 111	1 352	1 209	2 561
Køge	10 859	9 638	20 497	10 854	10 003	20 857	5	-365	-360
Tårnby	15 914	10 683	26 597	10 479	9 989	20 468	5 435	694	6 129
Svendborg	9 581	10 215	19 796	10 685	9 582	20 267	-1 104	633	-471
Hillerød	11 248	13 764	25 012	10 120	9 890	20 010	1 128	3 874	5 002
Bornholm	9 880	8 993	18 873	10 348	9 081	19 429	-468	-88	-556
Holbæk	8 274	9 215	17 489	9 542	8 790	18 332	-1 268	425	-843
Rødovre	9 329	7 021	16 350	9 317	8 791	18 108	12	-1 770	-1 758
Slagelse	10 769	10 072	20 841	9 513	8 591	18 104	1 256	1 481	2 737
Hjørring	9 115	8 912	18 027	9 119	8 103	17 222	-4	809	805
Ringsted	8 814	6 649	15 463	8 627	7 522	16 149	187	-873	-686
Frederikshavn	9 419	7 712	17 131	8 667	7 274	15 941	752	438	1 190
Brøndby	14 328	8 863	23 191	8 307	7 530	15 837	6 021	1 333	7 354
Søllerød	8 328	6 886	15 214	8 074	7 528	15 602	254	-642	-388
Haderslev	7 519	7 009	14 528	8 365	7 165	15 530	-846	-156	-1 002
Thisted	8 259	7 429	15 688	8 182	6 804	14 986	77	625	702
Sønderborg	8 052	8 839	16 891	7 624	6 800	14 424	428	2 039	2 467
Skive	9 480	7 473	16 953	7 866	6 548	14 414	1 614	925	2 539
Albertslund	13 088	7 596	20 684	7 207	6 399	13 606	5 881	1 197	7 078
Herlev	8 564	8 411	16 975	6 659	6 325	12 984	1 905	2 086	3 991
Allerød	7 719	5 154	12 873	6 508	6 197	12 705	1 211	-1 043	168

Note: Municipalities are listed according to number of inhabitants and include all municipalities with more than 25,000 inhabitants.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/pendab2

Table 118

Incoming and outgoing commuting to and from work in municipalities. 2006

	Incoming commuters as percentage of persons with place of work in the municipality			Outgoing commuters as percentage of employed persons resident in the municipality		
	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total
	per cent					
Copenhagen	53.0	48.9	51.0	43.1	35.1	39.2
Århus	30.7	23.9	27.5	19.9	13.9	17.0
Odense	30.1	26.3	28.2	27.0	16.3	21.9
Aalborg	32.2	27.0	29.7	21.5	14.4	18.2
Frederiksberg	74.8	73.0	73.8	81.6	77.2	79.4
Esbjerg	30.6	21.9	26.7	18.2	12.9	15.8
Gentofte	73.7	72.0	72.8	74.3	69.6	72.0
Kolding	41.5	33.8	37.8	32.6	22.4	27.8
Herning	34.8	30.3	32.7	25.5	20.3	23.1
Gladsaxe	78.3	71.2	75.0	73.5	68.7	71.2
Randers	40.0	36.2	38.1	38.9	25.3	32.6
Horsens	38.6	31.4	35.3	34.7	26.8	31.1
Helsingør	32.3	25.5	28.9	49.5	40.6	45.2
Silkeborg	33.6	26.4	30.1	38.0	27.4	33.0
Vejle	49.2	44.2	46.8	38.5	29.4	34.2
Roskilde	62.1	56.3	59.1	57.2	43.8	50.7
Lyngby-Taarbæk	78.3	72.0	75.4	70.4	66.6	68.5
Greve	61.9	49.1	55.9	73.8	68.0	71.0
Hvidovre	76.5	65.4	71.4	74.1	65.2	69.8
Fredericia	41.3	30.4	36.5	32.1	25.7	29.2
Næstved	38.2	35.2	36.7	45.4	31.7	38.9
Høje Taastrup	78.2	66.9	73.4	68.8	60.4	64.9
Viborg	39.9	37.3	38.6	35.0	23.7	29.6
Ballerup	82.6	74.3	78.9	68.4	59.3	64.0
Holstebro	36.7	31.1	34.1	29.4	23.0	26.5
Køge	55.4	45.4	50.7	55.3	47.4	51.5
Tårnby	74.7	66.2	71.3	61.6	63.9	62.7
Svendborg	29.8	28.0	28.9	37.1	23.3	30.5
Hillerød	64.2	61.6	62.7	60.2	46.5	53.4
Bornholm	4.0	2.7	3.4	8.3	3.6	6.1
Holbæk	43.0	40.5	41.7	50.6	37.7	44.4
Rødovre	76.5	64.8	71.5	76.4	71.9	74.2
Slagelse	52.2	43.9	48.2	45.9	34.3	40.4
Hjørring	36.7	32.5	34.6	36.7	25.8	31.6
Ringsted	52.4	40.4	47.3	51.4	47.4	49.5
Frederikshavn	33.0	23.7	28.8	27.2	19.1	23.5
Brøndby	86.6	76.3	82.6	76.8	72.1	74.6
Søllerød	74.9	70.2	72.8	74.2	72.8	73.5
Haderslev	33.2	30.2	31.8	40.0	31.8	36.2
Thisted	23.0	23.1	23.0	22.3	16.0	19.4
Sønderborg	43.7	42.5	43.1	40.5	25.3	33.3
Skive	42.2	35.7	39.3	30.4	26.6	28.7
Albertslund	85.2	72.0	80.3	73.1	66.8	70.1
Herlev	80.5	75.0	77.8	75.0	66.8	71.0
Allerød	75.6	62.7	70.4	71.1	69.0	70.1

Note: Municipalities are listed according to number of inhabitants and include all municipalities with more than 25,000 inhabitants.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/pend4

Table 119

Employees by sex, sector and working time

	2005		2006	
	Men	Women	Men	Women
	persons			
Total¹	1 298 607	1 215 413	1 322 531	1 236 550
Full-time	1 131 567	1 012 747	1 142 974	1 031 585
Part-time	167 040	202 666	179 557	204 965
Private sector, total	993 307	592 298	1 020 764	606 732
Full-time	859 104	454 673	878 055	465 514
Part-time	134 203	137 625	142 709	141 218
Public sector, total	305 293	623 111	301 765	629 815
Full-time	272 456	558 070	264 917	566 068
Part-time	32 837	65 041	36 848	63 747
Public corporations, etc.	53 207	31 205	52 155	31 247
Full-time	49 025	27 835	48 194	27 931
Part-time	4 182	3 370	3 961	3 316
General government, total	252 086	591 906	249 610	598 568
Full-time	223 431	530 235	216 723	538 137
Part-time	28 655	61 671	32 887	60 431
Central government sector	97 087	79 460	95 614	81 496
Full-time	86 110	69 096	80 724	70 989
Part-time	10 977	10 364	14 890	10 507
Social security funds	925	1 760	633	1 463
Full-time	900	1 697	608	1 402
Part-time	25	63	25	61
Counties	47 103	144 996	46 766	145 949
Full-time	42 417	134 035	42 305	135 867
Part-time	4 686	10 961	4 461	10 082
Municipalities	106 971	365 690	106 597	369 660
Full-time	94 004	325 407	93 086	329 879
Part-time	12 967	40 283	13 511	39 781
Foreign sector	7	4	2	3
Full-time	7	4	2	3
Part-time	-	-	-	-

¹ Including not known and persons employed abroad.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/rasoff1

Table 120

16-64-year-old persons analysed by ancestry and labour market attachment

	1997					2006				
	Population	Labour force	Persons employed	Activity rate	Employment rate	Population	Labour force	Persons employed	Activity rate	Employment rate
	persons		per cent			persons		per cent		
Total population	3 579 132	2 768 567	2 574 895	77	72	3 520 612	2 755 134	2 647 491	78	75
Immigrants from:	216 648	118 734	94 932	55	44	295 092	175 249	158 112	59	54
The Western World	83 525	54 921	48 972	66	59	95 945	62 849	59 961	66	62
The non-Western World	133 122	63 813	45 960	48	35	199 143	112 399	98 150	56	49
Bosnia-Herzegovina	12 031	1 865	1 234	16	10	14 781	8 776	7 957	59	54
Iraq	5 691	1 605	982	28	17	16 185	6 608	5 160	41	32
Iran	8 751	4 405	3 218	50	37	10 905	6 277	5 573	58	51
Yugoslavia (former)	10 196	5 769	4 445	57	44	12 211	7 599	6 840	62	56
Lebanon	8 568	2 665	1 598	31	19	12 081	4 826	3 896	40	32
Pakistan	8 231	4 725	3 119	57	38	13 425	7 757	6 857	58	51
Somalia	5 500	678	403	12	7	8 518	3 121	2 142	37	25
Turkey	24 252	14 544	9 416	60	39	36 990	23 437	20 385	63	55
Descendants	15 031	10 123	9 095	67	61	30 494	20 711	19 584	68	64
Persons of Danish origin	3 347 453	2 639 710	2 470 868	79	74	3 195 026	2 559 174	2 469 795	80	77

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/ras2 www.statbank.dk/ras1f and www.statbank.dk/ras2

Statistical Yearbook 2007

Labour market

Table 121

Earnings by occupation, private sector. 2005

	Number employed	Per hour worked, all hourly-paid and fixed-salary workers					Per month, fixed-salary earners ¹	
		Earnings including nuisance bonus Average	Earnings excluding nuisance bonus				Number of fixed- salary earners	Earnings excluding nuisance bonus Average ²
			Average	Lower quartile	Median	Upper quartile		
		amount in DKK						DKK
Total	1 169 329	234.11	230.12	166.28	201.45	259.33	677 471	34 437
Men	722 738	247.04	242.06	172.67	207.86	273.78	396 386	37 564
Women	446 591	208.92	206.86	154.19	189.04	236.90	281 085	29 531
Legislators, senior officials and managers	53 097	389.10	388.48	238.69	326.19	459.74	52 597	52 853
Men	42 934	405.94	405.29	247.79	342.13	479.99	42 574	55 276
Women	10 163	310.74	310.29	210.01	267.68	363.88	10 023	41 583
Professionals	120 345	312.48	311.13	234.19	292.88	364.38	111 100	42 466
Men	79 673	325.95	324.47	246.65	307.22	377.58	75 460	44 519
Women	40 672	281.45	280.41	211.91	260.88	327.42	35 640	37 680
Technicians and associate professionals	228 604	264.09	262.15	200.20	240.84	299.36	210 368	35 681
Men	126 493	286.14	283.44	213.08	260.85	325.66	119 143	38 920
Women	102 111	233.41	232.55	187.00	219.52	261.97	91 225	31 142
Clerks	143 216	205.23	203.49	165.24	190.91	228.44	119 860	27 756
Men	50 510	211.85	208.93	163.25	188.79	238.70	39 314	29 136
Women	92 706	202.04	200.87	166.23	191.74	225.07	80 546	27 111
Service workers and shop and market sales workers	133 024	169.57	166.13	130.29	155.08	186.00	62 520	24 076
Men	51 942	179.92	175.06	136.38	166.71	197.44	27 119	25 765
Women	81 082	161.45	159.11	127.03	147.85	176.33	35 401	22 587
Skilled agricultural and fishery workers	2 426	181.83	178.03	153.39	174.65	193.08	1 215	25 545
Men	1 796	185.94	181.46	157.57	178.24	195.06	929	26 099
Women	630	168.96	167.30	144.96	160.17	183.36	286	23 584
Craft and related trades workers	143 894	209.70	204.02	176.98	195.74	222.16	32 340	29 159
Men	134 659	211.28	205.45	178.44	196.92	223.38	29 913	29 428
Women	9 235	183.96	180.69	152.51	173.94	197.19	2 427	25 594
Plant and machine operators and assemblers	158 853	194.37	184.25	154.85	174.50	202.80	36 982	26 854
Men	118 436	198.71	187.80	157.64	178.35	207.07	28 558	27 491
Women	40 417	179.30	171.90	148.43	163.26	184.43	8 424	24 323
Elementary occupations	169 662	178.37	173.07	142.95	164.14	192.26	40 273	24 967
Men	106 581	186.79	180.57	149.66	172.94	200.48	27 572	25 897
Women	63 081	158.99	155.80	134.52	147.78	167.64	12 701	22 652

Note: The table includes all employees excluding young people under 18 and trainees.

¹ Calculated for a working week of 37 hours. ² Earnings include contributions to pension schemes.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/lon02

Table 122

Earnings by industry, Private sector. 2005

	Number employed	Per hour worked, all hourly-paid and fixed-salary workers					Per month, fixed-salary earners ¹	
		Earnings including nuisance bonus Average	Earnings excluding nuisance bonus				Number of fixed- salary earners	Earnings excluding nuisance bonus Average ²
			Average	Lower quartile	Median	Upper quartile		
		amount in DDK						DKK
Total	1 169 329	234.11	230.12	166.28	201.45	259.33	677 471	34 437
Men	722 738	247.04	242.06	172.67	207.86	273.78	396 386	37 564
Women	446 591	208.92	206.86	154.19	189.04	236.90	281 085	29 531
Agriculture, fishing, quarrying ³	3 611	293.18	281.29	198.06	239.18	332.01	2 093	45 610
Men	3 166	297.01	284.23	198.11	239.44	337.91	1 688	47 533
Women	445	261.65	257.13	195.23	236.79	295.93	405	35 482
Manufacturing	321 191	226.63	220.11	167.47	195.12	239.48	145 747	34 913
Men	221 963	235.50	227.90	173.18	200.56	246.48	92 866	37 476
Women	99 228	204.72	200.87	156.58	180.87	222.88	52 881	30 000
Electricity, gas and water supply	5 758	291.88	286.20	209.07	250.21	327.33	5 669	39 272
Men	4 360	303.57	296.62	212.29	259.54	340.55	4 290	40 979
Women	1 398	252.03	250.68	198.93	229.28	280.99	1 379	33 517
Construction	90 192	223.07	219.33	180.89	202.83	238.43	20 076	34 455
Men	83 062	224.78	220.75	182.05	203.78	239.73	15 330	36 373
Women	7 130	203.47	202.99	167.04	190.75	222.24	4 746	27 856
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	247 501	216.10	214.13	148.98	185.73	240.26	160 188	31 204
Men	139 564	235.21	232.96	161.09	198.38	264.13	92 533	34 443
Women	107 937	185.84	184.29	136.44	165.62	208.77	67 655	26 284
Transport, post and telecommunications	117 913	228.41	221.52	160.48	188.63	243.06	87 386	32 356
Men	78 820	236.91	228.59	159.81	190.43	251.37	54 705	34 609
Women	39 093	207.79	204.37	162.16	185.66	228.73	32 681	28 101
Finance and business activities	275 175	272.15	270.52	184.99	243.04	322.04	182 326	39 146
Men	142 952	302.38	300.30	200.83	275.28	360.38	100 375	43 723
Women	132 223	232.37	231.33	170.57	216.87	268.01	81 951	32 817
Finance and insurance	77 895	302.79	300.57	226.61	273.04	343.15	74 147	40 233
Men	36 265	344.30	341.48	256.34	314.73	392.30	34 481	46 170
Women	41 630	262.52	260.89	212.89	246.39	288.72	39 666	34 477
Letting and sale of real estate	20 854	229.94	229.02	167.35	197.73	250.28	15 074	32 311
Men	13 353	239.60	238.38	169.11	196.86	262.50	9 772	33 936
Women	7 501	212.16	211.79	162.87	199.28	237.92	5 302	29 451
Business activities	176 426	263.93	262.47	169.55	231.39	317.72	93 105	39 518
Men	93 334	295.70	293.77	192.73	267.44	354.62	56 122	44 076
Women	83 092	217.87	217.09	151.44	196.21	251.68	36 983	32 021
Public and personal services	101 328	227.23	224.82	168.71	204.80	255.41	70 594	31 572
Men	44 028	241.17	237.21	171.59	209.50	272.28	32 082	33 694
Women	57 300	214.78	213.74	165.30	201.72	243.67	38 512	29 636
Activity not stated	6 660	195.66	193.38	152.79	178.22	212.21	3 392	27 940
Men	4 823	200.77	198.06	156.35	181.24	214.70	2 517	28 757
Women	1 837	183.11	181.87	143.73	168.37	208.03	875	26 076

Note: The table includes all employees excluding young people under 18 and trainees.

¹ Calculated for a working week of 37 hours. ² Earnings include contributions to pension schemes. ³ Agriculture and fishing not included.

For further information www.statbank.dk/lon04

Table 123

Earnings by level of education, private sector. 2005

	Number employed	Per hour worked, all hourly-paid and fixed-salary workers					Per month, fixed-salary earners ¹	
Earnings including nuisance bonus Average		Earnings excluding nuisance bonus				Number of fixed- salary earners	Earnings excluding nuisance bonus Average ²	
		Average	Lower quartile	Median	Upper quartile			
		amount in DKK						DKK
Total	1 169 329	234.11	230.12	166.28	201.45	259.33	677 471	34 437
Men	722 738	247.04	242.06	172.67	207.86	273.78	396 386	37 564
Women	446 591	208.92	206.86	154.19	189.04	236.90	281 085	29 531
Basic school 8-10 grade	294 181	193.65	187.74	149.27	173.75	206.68	107 412	28 155
Men	177 102	201.89	194.68	155.24	179.14	212.36	58 927	29 980
Women	117 079	178.59	175.05	141.41	162.99	194.64	48 485	25 672
General upper secondary school	80 451	226.58	222.50	141.36	185.84	261.01	35 651	35 035
Men	38 896	252.90	247.74	152.68	202.16	298.26	19 508	39 006
Women	41 555	193.65	190.93	130.89	168.59	227.73	16 143	29 550
Vocational upper secondary school	41 445	222.52	219.81	149.33	190.84	252.78	24 249	32 451
Men	22 433	242.20	238.70	151.39	201.30	281.02	12 523	36 374
Women	19 012	198.69	196.93	147.09	183.50	227.86	11 726	28 061
Vocational education and training	468 609	222.35	218.23	170.89	199.27	241.58	281 089	31 373
Men	309 698	230.68	225.46	176.08	203.19	247.77	162 579	33 688
Women	158 911	203.66	201.99	158.90	189.11	229.47	118 510	27 825
Short-cycle higher education	70 311	246.12	243.93	189.01	225.33	275.82	59 582	33 889
Men	39 813	261.05	258.08	196.68	237.72	293.77	32 477	36 662
Women	30 498	224.71	223.65	180.19	210.14	251.08	27 105	30 260
Medium-cycle higher education	86 359	309.28	307.30	219.20	281.02	356.50	74 369	42 655
Men	55 731	334.03	331.74	240.24	305.05	380.68	50 693	46 262
Women	30 628	251.97	250.71	193.66	231.98	290.04	23 676	34 048
Bachelor	21 874	258.62	256.97	169.16	219.15	295.31	14 442	37 128
Men	10 413	297.21	295.14	180.43	248.33	351.98	7 020	43 464
Women	11 461	221.04	219.80	162.59	203.50	254.09	7 422	30 971
Long-cycle higher education	65 118	349.45	348.12	246.64	312.77	403.36	61 224	47 757
Men	41 910	372.67	371.22	261.58	332.40	428.64	39 716	51 285
Women	23 208	302.96	301.87	224.88	278.81	350.00	21 508	40 691
Phd-degree	3 212	392.08	391.40	309.79	362.10	436.21	3 143	53 262
Men	2 319	403.17	402.47	316.48	370.43	449.80	2 270	55 025
Women	893	360.16	359.53	293.79	343.72	401.97	873	48 171
Unknown	37 769	236.58	231.06	147.05	184.11	253.41	16 310	38 135
Men	24 423	252.72	245.83	153.49	191.14	266.97	10 673	41 672
Women	13 346	199.49	197.09	137.16	167.46	227.67	5 637	30 711

Note: The table includes all employees excluding young people under 18 and trainees.

¹ Calculated for a working week of 37 hours. ² Earnings include contributions to pension schemes.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/lon01

Table 124

Earnings by occupation, local government. 2005

	Number employed	Per hour worked, all hourly-paid and fixed-salary workers					Per month, fixed-salary earners ¹	
		Earnings including nuisance bonus Average	Earnings excluding nuisance bonus				Number of fixed- salary earners	Earnings excluding nuisance bonus Average ²
			Average	Lower quartile	Median	Upper quartile		
amount in DKK							DKK	
Total	695 155	222.05	214.30	169.49	200.98	236.41	642 229	27 719
Men	160 793	244.76	236.60	181.58	219.07	262.60	147 678	31 595
Women	534 362	214.60	206.98	166.80	196.58	229.22	494 551	26 448
Legislators, senior officials and managers	16 896	319.10	315.97	236.09	279.69	344.17	16 872	42 704
Men	8 500	356.52	352.13	267.06	310.15	395.34	8 483	47 916
Women	8 396	279.55	277.73	225.33	248.85	294.28	8 389	37 194
Professionals	143 268	274.48	268.14	226.14	244.80	284.26	138 983	35 159
Men	54 197	288.64	279.93	230.03	252.44	299.33	52 287	37 437
Women	89 071	265.46	260.63	223.90	241.67	272.24	86 696	33 712
Technicians and associate professionals	198 995	224.48	216.65	189.09	207.44	229.42	194 344	27 158
Men	30 970	225.73	219.32	191.30	212.39	238.19	30 121	28 555
Women	168 025	224.23	216.12	188.74	206.63	227.80	164 223	26 883
Clerks	42 778	199.82	197.79	178.58	193.43	207.15	41 634	25 482
Men	3 915	194.93	193.27	173.72	193.03	209.31	3 582	25 949
Women	38 863	200.30	198.23	179.01	193.47	206.96	38 052	25 438
Service workers and shop and market sales workers	226 262	182.14	170.81	148.57	164.33	182.75	189 420	21 893
Men	32 720	179.27	167.22	137.05	159.79	189.01	24 689	21 772
Women	193 542	182.53	171.31	150.03	164.65	182.03	164 731	21 909
Skilled agricultural and fishery workers	1 677	207.70	200.99	179.14	196.97	216.13	1 672	26 303
Men	1 328	210.61	203.13	181.65	198.65	217.58	1 324	26 709
Women	349	194.81	191.53	166.15	188.95	209.58	348	24 504
Craft and related trades workers	4 689	221.51	210.72	189.38	203.74	222.92	4 613	27 269
Men	4 317	222.51	211.21	189.78	204.16	223.26	4 269	27 344
Women	372	205.39	202.81	180.66	196.14	217.87	344	26 034
Plant and machine operators and assemblers	639	210.67	202.52	175.19	191.18	223.43	635	25 333
Men	621	211.26	202.89	174.97	191.23	223.76	617	25 336
Women	18	18	...
Elementary occupations	54 739	175.14	169.21	148.44	163.30	182.37	49 568	22 217
Men	22 415	185.83	177.85	158.74	174.45	191.59	20 784	23 641
Women	32 324	164.40	160.52	143.07	154.58	167.45	28 784	20 757

Note: The table includes all employees excluding young people under 18 and trainees.

¹ Calculated for a working week of 37 hours. ² Earnings include contributions to pension schemes.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/lon42

Table 125

Earnings by industry, local government. 2005

	Number employed	Per hour worked, all hourly-paid and fixed-salary workers					Per month, fixed-salary earners ¹	
		Earnings including nuisance bonus Average	Earnings excluding nuisance bonus				Number of fixed- salary earners	Earnings excluding nuisance bonus Average ²
			Average	Lower quartile	Median	Upper quartile		
		amount in DKK						DKK
Total	695 155	222.05	214.30	169.49	200.98	236.41	642 229	27 719
Men	160 793	244.76	236.60	181.58	219.07	262.60	147 678	31 595
Women	534 362	214.60	206.98	166.80	196.58	229.22	494 551	26 448
Public administration	60 525	240.65	239.01	193.85	217.26	262.45	59 641	31 765
Men	19 914	274.15	270.99	209.90	249.70	302.90	19 579	36 740
Women	40 611	223.25	222.39	189.22	208.15	237.77	40 062	29 182
Education	117 802	240.19	236.89	207.06	233.89	254.88	112 298	31 219
Men	41 026	245.33	241.64	210.81	237.71	266.35	38 701	32 551
Women	76 776	237.20	234.12	205.34	231.77	249.99	73 597	30 445
Human health activities	133 166	263.64	247.56	192.92	218.50	257.11	129 771	30 591
Men	24 992	325.67	303.75	202.76	255.39	400.56	24 125	39 349
Women	108 174	248.21	233.58	191.41	214.70	243.96	105 646	28 427
Social institutions etc.	336 392	193.47	185.98	156.08	175.91	204.05	296 997	23 999
Men	49 747	197.18	190.69	153.16	184.68	216.45	41 585	25 216
Women	286 645	192.89	185.24	156.34	174.88	202.15	255 412	23 811
Associations, culture and refuse disposal	27 098	205.79	198.84	166.10	188.63	222.14	25 124	26 621
Men	16 687	206.42	197.34	166.67	186.50	215.94	15 833	26 366
Women	10 411	204.58	201.73	164.44	194.83	230.26	9 291	27 130
Other activity	20 172	203.29	196.77	155.98	180.48	215.23	18 398	25 970
Men	8 427	219.66	210.15	168.71	192.53	225.91	7 855	28 171
Women	11 745	188.25	184.48	150.37	166.29	202.69	10 543	23 919

Note: The table includes all employees excluding young people under 18 and trainees.

¹ Calculated for a working week of 37 hours. ² Earnings include contributions to pension schemes.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/lon44

Table 126

Earnings by level of education, local government. 2005

	Number employed	Per hour worked, all hourly-paid and fixed-salary workers					Per month, fixed-salary earners ¹	
		Earnings including nuisance bonus Average	Earnings excluding nuisance bonus				Number of fixed- salary earners	Earnings excluding nuisance bonus Average ²
			Average	Lower quartile	Median	Upper quartile		
		amount in DKK						DKK
Total	695 155	222.05	214.30	169.49	200.98	236.41	642 229	27 719
Men	160 793	244.76	236.60	181.58	219.07	262.60	147 678	31 595
Women	534 362	214.60	206.98	166.80	196.58	229.22	494 551	26 448
Basic school 8-10 grade	111 996	181.78	175.35	150.35	166.62	190.66	94 829	22 930
Men	26 606	193.78	185.56	154.81	177.34	202.96	22 552	24 465
Women	85 390	177.78	171.94	149.50	163.95	185.57	72 277	22 415
General upper secondary school	46 398	190.50	182.80	134.25	170.34	209.85	33 940	24 536
Men	13 030	203.94	196.33	137.07	179.48	226.74	9 741	26 852
Women	33 368	184.68	176.94	133.03	167.56	203.89	24 199	23 509
Vocational upper secondary school	9 772	183.66	178.63	137.32	173.67	205.18	7 492	24 015
Men	3 268	188.09	182.59	134.02	170.18	214.77	2 472	25 034
Women	6 504	181.44	176.63	140.43	174.64	201.56	5 020	23 509
Vocational education and training	203 241	198.74	189.76	160.42	180.06	205.44	192 422	24 371
Men	37 700	212.88	204.64	170.17	194.54	223.39	35 328	27 108
Women	165 541	195.16	185.99	158.96	176.82	200.91	157 094	23 680
Short-cycle higher education	15 896	214.58	209.22	177.35	203.62	229.59	14 831	27 103
Men	4 121	223.09	216.01	182.19	210.35	238.98	3 780	28 778
Women	11 775	211.49	206.76	175.36	201.51	226.06	11 051	26 503
Medium-cycle higher education	240 529	236.93	230.31	198.48	222.07	244.82	235 284	29 370
Men	46 757	246.79	242.08	210.00	235.23	258.90	45 740	32 152
Women	193 772	234.23	227.09	196.29	218.15	241.27	189 544	28 609
Bachelor	6 586	205.22	199.60	158.66	191.97	222.80	5 249	26 670
Men	2 265	208.14	202.26	161.13	196.42	231.46	1 786	27 949
Women	4 321	203.64	198.16	157.13	190.10	219.02	3 463	25 983
Long-cycle higher education	47 747	332.30	321.03	252.88	293.04	356.18	47 100	42 197
Men	22 517	354.56	339.62	264.59	302.06	413.85	22 253	45 376
Women	25 230	309.76	302.20	243.54	284.85	322.37	24 847	38 971
Phd-degree	2 146	406.02	385.67	299.95	385.20	457.56	2 118	50 601
Men	1 250	411.30	388.69	298.45	388.60	465.01	1 232	51 431
Women	896	397.78	380.94	301.86	379.29	447.17	886	49 300
Unknown	10 844	212.95	201.15	149.02	181.99	225.43	8 964	26 549
Men	3 279	235.11	221.15	159.78	194.53	248.17	2 794	29 599
Women	7 565	201.81	191.10	145.22	175.75	215.94	6 170	24 984

Note: The table includes all employees excluding young people under 18 and trainees.

¹ Calculated for a working week of 37 hours. ² Earnings include contributions to pension schemes.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/lon41

Table 127

Earnings by occupation, central government. 2005

	Number employed	Per hour worked, hourly-paid and fixed-salary workers					Per month, fixed-salary earners ¹	
		Earnings including nuisance bonus Average	Earnings excluding nuisance bonus				Number of fixed- salary earners	Earnings excluding nuisance bonus Average ²
			Average	Lower quartile	Median	Upper quartile		
		amount in DKK						DKK
Total	178 746	247.00	241.17	189.78	225.14	273.89	170 404	32 792
Men	105 892	256.63	248.63	194.50	234.23	282.78	102 924	33 861
Women	72 854	232.15	229.66	184.57	212.54	260.98	67 480	31 086
Military services	27 232	235.29	222.84	176.08	202.52	247.05	27 230	30 129
Men	25 764	236.42	223.79	176.62	203.14	248.18	25 762	30 293
Women	1 468	214.65	205.53	165.99	189.82	222.07	1 468	27 145
Legislators, senior officials and managers	3 710	401.25	400.90	312.22	382.97	464.25	3 709	55 348
Men	2 462	418.94	418.56	326.11	397.12	483.53	2 462	58 000
Women	1 248	364.58	364.31	288.88	349.44	432.48	1 247	49 849
Professionals	56 626	289.03	287.15	243.02	275.83	314.96	56 331	39 150
Men	32 196	294.87	292.69	246.37	282.03	321.61	32 083	40 187
Women	24 430	280.37	278.93	238.61	268.23	304.00	24 248	37 613
Technicians and associate professionals	30 315	227.74	225.32	192.48	213.32	245.95	29 884	30 118
Men	11 624	251.13	246.57	207.88	239.21	267.13	11 413	33 403
Women	18 691	212.62	211.58	186.90	204.06	224.27	18 471	27 997
Clerks	20 620	197.74	194.95	174.21	190.49	209.47	19 241	25 954
Men	4 907	205.19	199.23	173.41	195.04	219.33	4 199	27 243
Women	15 713	195.51	193.67	174.38	189.58	207.23	15 042	25 582
Service workers and shop and market sales workers	16 564	223.75	208.30	175.93	203.58	238.58	16 431	27 649
Men	12 558	229.50	214.29	181.60	215.69	241.66	12 537	28 544
Women	4 006	203.04	186.72	158.81	178.37	202.46	3 894	24 388
Skilled agricultural and fishery workers	968	185.09	183.15	167.65	176.68	192.96	904	24 376
Men	768	183.29	181.28	167.24	175.12	191.01	731	24 201
Women	200	194.41	192.81	172.92	186.77	199.72	173	25 311
Craft and related trades workers	5 225	220.00	211.97	193.55	207.39	224.41	5 178	28 337
Men	4 882	220.44	212.02	193.69	207.60	224.67	4 849	28 373
Women	343	212.94	211.17	190.84	204.22	218.68	329	27 771
Plant and machine operators and assemblers	3 743	231.14	202.37	181.79	201.78	217.14	3 729	27 351
Men	3 564	231.81	202.63	182.19	202.16	217.33	3 552	27 412
Women	179	215.60	196.24	173.04	196.06	212.16	177	25 919
Elementary occupations	13 743	177.36	172.59	145.19	166.51	188.11	7 767	24 622
Men	7 167	190.61	183.73	162.08	176.51	196.37	5 336	25 038
Women	6 576	159.80	157.83	133.76	148.24	169.44	2 431	23 454

Note: The table includes all employees excluding young people under 18 and trainees.

¹ Calculated for a working week of 37 hours. ² Earnings include contributions to pension schemes.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/lon32

Table 128

Earnings by industry, central government. 2005

	Number employed	Per hour worked, hourly-paid and fixed-salary workers					Per month, fixed-salary earners ¹	
		Earnings including nuisance bonus Average	Earnings excluding nuisance bonus				Number of fixed- salary earners	Earnings excluding nuisance bonus Average
			Average	Lower quartile	Median	Upper quartile		
		amount in DKK						DKK
Total	178 746	247.00	241.17	189.78	225.14	273.89	170 404	32 792
Men	105 892	256.63	248.63	194.50	234.23	282.78	102 924	33 861
Women	72 854	232.15	229.66	184.57	212.54	260.98	67 480	31 086
Agriculture, horticulture and forestry	797	208.09	206.85	167.66	179.55	245.39	749	27 992
Men	684	206.22	204.88	167.46	178.16	244.84	651	27 705
Women	113	222.85	222.28	174.72	198.83	259.45	98	30 285
Construction	1 520	229.80	201.93	174.83	190.99	215.45	1 513	27 555
Men	1 395	230.27	201.02	174.55	190.06	215.31	1 390	27 516
Women	125	221.98	216.96	185.98	203.37	220.08	123	28 192
Transport	13 390	238.12	219.33	180.24	206.94	235.89	12 996	29 604
Men	9 257	244.93	224.09	187.27	210.05	237.54	9 027	30 436
Women	4 133	220.01	206.67	159.01	192.04	229.62	3 969	27 386
Business activities	11 254	255.63	254.20	197.60	234.78	299.41	10 812	34 366
Men	5 465	272.74	270.80	206.62	259.23	316.75	5 305	36 920
Women	5 789	238.07	237.17	193.09	217.16	271.43	5 507	31 705
Public administration	94 069	245.42	239.29	187.65	219.20	265.65	92 591	32 075
Men	59 800	252.02	243.61	189.83	227.50	269.64	59 222	32 869
Women	34 269	233.58	231.54	184.75	209.10	258.14	33 369	30 647
Education	51 745	252.31	249.84	199.99	242.70	285.91	46 805	34 828
Men	26 421	270.20	267.05	220.30	255.90	299.18	24 945	36 939
Women	25 324	231.82	230.12	186.32	222.06	265.50	21 860	32 210
Social institutions etc.	1 130	224.01	218.31	181.14	206.22	241.37	888	29 644
Men	459	223.01	215.14	175.69	198.14	235.11	353	29 402
Women	671	224.72	220.54	183.08	211.65	243.68	535	29 813
Associations, culture and refuse disposal	3 403	231.32	229.68	183.40	213.36	263.98	2 758	31 811
Men	1 738	237.68	235.67	185.73	217.13	276.04	1 419	32 742
Women	1 665	224.19	222.96	181.22	208.93	253.86	1 339	30 747
Other activitytotal	1 438	262.68	261.62	195.07	252.20	314.34	1 292	35 824
Men	673	293.95	292.96	234.74	299.08	334.95	612	40 320
Women	765	232.82	231.69	183.57	209.48	275.15	680	31 388

Note: The table includes all employees excluding young people under 18 and trainees.

¹ Calculated for a working week of 37 hours. ² Earnings include contributions to pension schemes.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/lon34

Table 129

Earnings by level of education, central government. 2005

	Number employed	Per hour worked, hourly-paid and fixed-salary workers					Per month, fixed-salary earners ¹	
		Earnings including nuisance bonus Average	Earnings excluding nuisance bonus				Number of fixed- salary earners	Earnings excluding nuisance bonus Average ²
			Average	Lower quartile	Median	Upper quartile		
amount in DKK								DKK
Total	178 746	247.00	241.17	189.78	225.14	273.89	170 404	32 792
Men	105 892	256.63	248.63	194.50	234.23	282.78	102 924	33 861
Women	72 854	232.15	229.66	184.57	212.54	260.98	67 480	31 086
Basic school 8-10 grade	23 794	204.33	195.80	165.26	187.68	214.96	21 494	26 779
Men	14 619	212.81	201.53	170.07	190.36	218.94	14 100	27 267
Women	9 175	190.84	186.68	153.06	182.94	208.89	7 394	25 853
General upper secondary school	10 571	232.98	225.32	169.65	199.92	257.41	9 328	31 002
Men	6 883	237.27	228.44	170.06	200.23	262.64	6 314	31 438
Women	3 688	224.72	219.29	168.37	199.74	249.58	3 014	30 128
Vocational upper secondary school	4 419	203.91	196.38	164.73	185.20	214.85	4 125	26 558
Men	2 716	204.76	194.26	158.12	179.91	213.85	2 551	26 596
Women	1 703	202.70	199.38	173.68	190.64	215.54	1 574	26 505
Vocational education and training	53 277	213.51	206.83	180.27	200.44	223.97	51 398	27 772
Men	28 750	222.57	212.01	183.79	205.44	230.85	28 121	28 650
Women	24 527	202.29	200.41	176.76	194.98	215.63	23 277	26 657
Short-cycle higher education	22 240	239.24	230.48	197.64	228.42	250.81	21 913	30 759
Men	15 487	247.57	237.17	207.47	236.82	255.32	15 341	31 762
Women	6 753	217.43	212.98	186.33	203.61	228.06	6 572	28 116
Medium-cycle higher education	15 606	266.35	261.94	223.01	251.59	288.47	15 217	35 749
Men	9 113	278.44	272.68	232.85	262.12	299.80	8 960	37 402
Women	6 493	249.40	246.88	213.74	239.42	267.66	6 257	33 412
Bachelor	4 291	224.80	221.83	186.19	209.66	251.23	3 434	30 776
Men	1 972	235.91	231.82	187.58	224.10	263.28	1 603	32 587
Women	2 319	214.71	212.76	184.42	201.39	236.27	1 831	29 130
Long-cycle higher education	34 968	313.61	311.59	258.52	293.71	340.34	34 340	42 495
Men	19 978	325.18	322.57	265.79	301.80	357.17	19 715	44 303
Women	14 990	297.39	296.20	251.10	282.84	320.78	14 625	39 956
Phd-degree	5 037	322.67	322.48	278.68	305.42	343.74	5 009	43 985
Men	3 396	327.65	327.45	284.68	310.32	353.96	3 377	44 960
Women	1 641	311.37	311.19	270.43	296.24	325.95	1 632	41 770
Unknown	4 543	252.88	246.12	192.55	239.30	279.92	4 146	34 231
Men	2 978	266.35	257.53	205.47	247.07	292.68	2 842	35 504
Women	1 565	224.41	222.00	178.09	212.85	256.86	1 304	31 255

Note: The table includes all employees excluding young people under 18 and trainees.

¹ Calculated for a working week of 37 hours. ² Earnings include contributions to pension schemes.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/lon31

Table 130 (continued) **Membership of employees' trade unions. 2007**

	Number of members			Number of members	
	Total	Of whom women		Total	Of whom women
1 January					
Danish Confederation of Trade Unions (LO)¹	1 299 702	632 310	Association of Medical Laboratory Technologists	5 539	5 074
Plumbers' Organisation in Denmark	8 747	33	Organisation of Danish Insurance Employees	6 530	4 440
The Danish Artist Union	1 440	621	The Danish Physiotherapist Association	5 705	4 934
Danish Union of Electricians	29 874	271	The Danish Union of Production Schools	770	362
Danish Hairdressers' and Beauticians' Union	5 053	4 829	Danish Association of Occupational Therapists	5 722	5 457
Danish Railway Union	5 410	1 684	Danish Pharmacopeia Commission	4 448	4 393
Danish Metal Workers' Union	135 088	6 489	Danish Film and TV Workers' Union	758	250
The Danish Federation of Salaried Employees	24 370	5 307	The Financial Services' Union	45 396	24 684
Fagligt Fælles Forbund	352 451	118 351	Foreningen af Mejeriledere og Funktionærer	517	63
Danish Trade Union of Public Employees	201 862	177 406	The Radiographers' Union in Denmark	1 206	878
Wood Industry and Building Workers' Union	67 494	7 478	Ass. of Teachers for Private Independent Schools	7 916	4 878
Union of Commercial and Clerical Employees in Denmark	345 968	254 155	Funktionærforeningen Carlsberg Tuborg	831	320
Union of Enlisted Privates and Corporals in the Danish Army	4 272	220	Funktionærforeningen i FDB/COOP Danmarks	627	254
Union of Painters in Denmark	13 296	3 364	Halinspektørforeningen	567	37
Danish Food and Allied Workers' Union	40 582	13 957	JID	1 215	365
National Federation of Social Educators	34 216	25 662	Agricultural Technologists in Denmark	1 433	1 428
Spillerforening	685	26	Jordmoderforeningen	3 329	500
Danish Association of Professional Technicians	28 894	12 457	Danish Association of Constructing Architects	606	182
			Kort- og Landmålingsteknikernes Forening	7 360	7 231
			Kost og Ernæringsforbundet	706	320
			Københavns Kommunale Embedsmandsforening		
Salaried Employees' and Civil Servants' Confederation (FTF)	355 898	244 173	Federation of Teachers in Adult and Youth Edu.	4 116	2 750
Federation of Early Childhood Teachers	54 495	46 680	Lederforeningen i TeleDanmark	1 405	622
CO II – group in FTF	30 828	9 260	LederForum	649	575
Of which:			Civil Aviation Salaried Employees	1 150	770
Danmarks Kordegneforening	586	390	Association of Academy and Market Economists	1 457	801
Dansk Kirkemusiker Forening	545	354	PROSA – Association of Computer Professionals	8 111	1 355
Danish Federation of Technical Education	4 985	1 286	SAFU Association of Salaried Employees	1 618	822
Dansk Told- og Skatteforbund	5 174	2 348	Other unions	5 282	2 349
Erhvervsskolelederne i Danmark	520	96			
Foreningen af Præliminære Organister	687	301	Danish Association of Managers and Executives	74 041	15 731
Association of Technical and Administrative Public Employees	1 170	606	Danish Association of Managers and Executives	74 041	15 731
Union of Public Servants within Armed Forces	1 443	271			
Association of Commercial College Teachers	1 663	800			
The Police Union in Denmark	11 918	2 026			
Trafikforbundet	738	209			
Other unions	1 412	571			
Cabin Union Denmark	1 543	1 110			
Association of Permanent Defence Personnel	6 075	336			
The Danish Union of Teachers	66 943	46 095			
Danish Musicians' Union	3 000	600			
Danish Association of Social Workers	9 861	8 362			
Danish Nurses' Organisation	55 174	53 243			
Dansk Tandplejerforening	965	943			
Association of Actors and Theatrical Technicians	1 657	891			
Danske Afspændingspædagoger	588	559			

Note: Figures are exclusive of Danmarks Frie Fagforening, due to lack of data reports.

¹ Incl. sleeping members (pensioners and people on early-retirement pay), conscripts, etc. ² Only employees. ⁴ Estimated figure for women.

Source: Main organizations and unions outside of the main organizations.

Table 130 (continued) **Membership of employees' trade unions. 2007**

	Number of members			Number of members	
	Total	Of whom women		Total	Of whom women
1 January					
Confederation of Professional Associations (AC)²	169 397	71 046	Outside joint organisations	178 884	75 273
Federation of Danish Architects	4 362	1 971	Brancheafdelingen Trafik & Jernbane ³	3 578	1 789
Danish Union of Librarians	4 296	3 319	Danmarks Frie Fagforening	-	-
Association of Danish Lawyers and Economists	9 355	3 157	Dansk Formands Forening	1 524	30
Danish Dental Association	4 362	1 971	Danish Prison Officers' Union	3 535	1 089
The Association of Food Scientists in Denmark			Danish Union of Journalists	13 056	5 309
and the Danish Veterinary Surgeons	1 602	823	Business Danmark	22 868	3 643
Forbundet af Kandidater fra			Fagforeningen Danmark ³	21 510	7 787
Musikkonservatoriet	1 243	546	Forbundet af Kirke- og Kirkegårdsansatte	1 728	583
Defence group in AC	3 757	164	Forbundet for Tjenestemænd ved Fødevarer- og		
National Union of Upper Secon. School Teachers	11 127	5 656	Undervisningsministeriet m.fl.	508	61
The Society of Danish Engineers	42 137	7 167	Funktionærkartellet/Teknikersammenslutningen ³	17 755	8 995
Danish Federation of Graduates in Agriculture,			Kristelig Fagforening	85 985	45 946
Horticulture, Forestry and Landscape Architecture	3 636	1 388	Maskinmestrenes Forening	6 837	41
Jurist- og Økonomforbundet	28 916	13 447			
Communications and Languages	5 613	5 231			
Danish Association of Chartered Surveyors		806			
Danish Medical Association	14 714	6 251			
Danish Association of Masters and PhDs	25 390	13 684			
Pharma-Danmark	2 708	2 083			
The Danish Association of Clergy	2 610	1 196			
Danish Psychologists' Association	4 120	3 013			
Tandlægerne Ny Landsforening	830	773			
Other unions	701	269			

Table 131 **Members of unemployment insurance funds**

	2006 ¹	2007 ¹
Number of funds	31	30
Number insured against unemployment, total	2 285 257	2 255 569
Full-time insured	2 245 803	2 220 297
Of which: LO ²	1 150 672	1 100 560
FTF ³	361 500	356 032
Managers ⁴	81 997	82 032
AC ⁵	233 802	239 231
Other organizations ⁶	417 832	442 442
Part-time and combination-insured	39 454	35 272
Of which: LO ²	23 656	20 564
FTF ³	6 083	5 515
Managers ⁴	46	40
AC ⁵	813	739
Other organizations ⁶	8 856	8 414

¹ Figures are from 1 January. ² Danish Confederation of Trade Unions. ³ Salaried Employees' and Civil Servants' Confederation. ⁴ Danish Association of Management and Executives. ⁵ Danish Confederation of Professional Organisations. ⁶ Incl. unemployment insurance funds which are members of different confederations.

Source: The National Directorate of Labour.

For further informations visit www.statbank.dk/04

Table 132

Unemployment benefits, early retirement pay and transitional allowance

	2005	2006
Average number of people receiving unemployment benefits	116 362,0	87 664,0
Unemployment benefits paid (excl. holiday pay), in DKK mio.	19 015,9	14 609,0
Benefits paid, DKK mio.	20 405,2	15 955,2
Early retirement pay paid, DKK mio.	22 756,2	20 556,9
Transitional allowances paid, DKK mio.	509,0	143,6
Net grants from central government: DKK mio.	30 891,2	23 924,9
Percentage of total paid	70.7	65.3

¹ Excl. tax-exempt premium paid out.

Source: The National Directorate of Labour.

Table 133

Recipients of unemployment benefits by reason for unemployment.
2006

	Average number of recipients	Benefits paid, (excl. holiday pay), total	Average benefits paid
	Persons	DKK mio.	DKK
Total	87 665	14 529.1	165 735
Made redundant by employer	46 828	7 892.1	168 536
Temporarily sent home	1 008	167.6	166 229
Resigned	6 333	1 061.3	167 579
Certificate of release work sharing	499	81.9	164 139
School leaver or completed national service	5 076	723.8	142 572
Completed activation	11 909	1 972.8	165 654
Education, parental or maternity leave	3 176	516.8	162 737
Temporary absence from the labour market	1 513	247.8	163 709
Stopped self-employment	3 238	529.5	163 524
Other	7 664	1 267.7	165 396
Reason for unemployment unknown	419	67.9	161 835

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/dura3, [durg3](http://www.statbank.dk/durg3) and [duru3](http://www.statbank.dk/duru3)

Table 134

Unemployed persons, and unemployed persons as a percentage of the labour force. 2006

	Unemployed persons			Unemployed persons as percentage of the labour force		
	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total
	number of persons			per cent		
Total	54 746	69 616	124 362	3.8	5.3	4.5
16-17 years	2	10	12	0.0	0.0	0.0
18-19 years	627	640	1 267	1.7	1.8	1.7
20-24 years	3 773	4 024	7 797	3.3	3.8	3.6
25-29 years	6 092	8 158	14 250	4.1	6.1	5.1
30-34 years	7 094	11 039	18 133	4.1	7.0	5.5
35-39 years	6 628	9 982	16 609	3.5	5.7	4.6
40-44 years	6 686	8 966	15 652	3.7	5.3	4.5
45-49 years	5 481	6 339	11 820	3.3	4.1	3.7
50-54 years	5 318	5 757	11 075	3.4	3.9	3.6
55-59 years	8 533	10 723	19 256	5.2	7.2	6.1
60-64 years	4 512	3 977	8 488	5.9	8.4	6.8

Note: The figures in the table are based on information for the relevant persons at the end of December.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/ru122 and ru121d

Table 135

Unemployed persons by sex, age and region. 2006

	Men			Women			Men and women, total		
	Under 30 years	30 years +	Total	Under 30 years	30 years +	Total	Under 30 years	30 years +	Total
All Denmark¹	10 494	44 252	54 746	12 832	56 783	69 616	23 326	101 035	124 362
Copenhagen Municipality	1 528	6 402	7 930	1 665	6 174	7 838	3 193	12 576	15 767
Frederiksberg Municipality	183	975	1 158	195	1 034	1 228	378	2 009	2 386
Copenhagen County	1 158	4 967	6 126	1 180	5 511	6 690	2 338	10 478	12 816
Frederiksborg County	430	2 195	2 626	431	2 892	3 322	861	5 087	5 948
Roskilde County	304	1 466	1 770	322	2 021	2 342	626	3 487	4 112
West Zealand County	530	2 446	2 975	767	3 435	4 202	1 297	5 881	7 177
Storstrøm County	491	2 084	2 577	613	2 579	3 190	1 104	4 663	5 766
Bornholm Municipality	87	606	693	111	795	906	198	1 401	1 600
Funen County	905	4 309	5 213	1 126	5 452	6 578	2 031	9 761	11 791
South Jutland County	351	1 609	1 961	532	2 496	3 028	883	4 105	4 989
Ribe County	277	1 184	1 461	430	1 652	2 082	707	2 836	3 544
Vejle County	463	2 100	2 563	736	3 356	4 094	1 199	5 456	6 657
Ringkøbing County	273	1 415	1 687	496	2 611	3 107	769	4 026	4 794
Århus County	1 304	5 618	6 922	1 607	7 228	8 834	2 911	12 846	15 756
Viborg County	390	1 367	1 757	578	2 095	2 673	968	3 462	4 430
North Jutland County	1 810	5 475	7 285	2 035	7 430	9 464	3 845	12 905	16 748

¹ Including where region not known.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/ru122

Table 136

Unemployed persons by sex and country of origin. 2006

	Unemployed persons		
	Men	Women	Total
	number of persons		
Total	54 746	69 616	124 362
Denmark	44 796	59 089	103 886
Rest of the world, total	9 912	10 501	20 413
Of which:			
Western country's	1 758	2 056	3 814
Non-western country's	8 154	8 445	16 599
EU countries (EU 25)	1 414	1 520	2 933
Of which:			
Poland	188	380	568
United Kingdom	294	133	427
Sweden	174	295	470
Germany	294	295	589
Europe ekscl. EU 25, total	3 122	3 606	6 727
Of which:			
Bosnia and Herzegovina	403	464	867
Yugoslavia (former)	392	416	808
Norway	127	267	393
Turkey	1 791	1 736	3 527
Africa, total	1 341	1 060	2 401
Of which:			
Somalia	566	418	985
North America, total	93	100	193
South and Central America, total	144	216	360
Asia, total	3 667	3 902	7 569
Of which:			
Iraq	850	651	1 501
Iran	433	300	733
Lebanon	516	464	980
Pakistan	499	564	1 063
Sri Lanka	182	273	455
Viet Nam	269	376	645
Oceania, total	27	15	42
Stateless	18	8	26
Unknown	87	73	160
Unknown country of origin	38	25	63

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/ruie1

Table 137

Insured persons unemployed as a percentage of insured persons by sex and unemployment insurance fund. 2006

	Insured persons unemployed			Rates of unemployment in per cent		
	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total
Total	54 746	69 616	124 362	4.2	5.6	4.9
Academics (AAK)	1 299	1 814	3 113	4.0	4.6	4.3
Plumbers	180	1	181	2.4	2.8	2.4
Early Childhood Teachers & Youth Educators	323	2 014	2 337	3.9	4.1	4.1
Danish Employees (DLA)	964	967	1 931	3.7	4.9	4.2
Danish Health Organizations (DSA)	71	839	910	2.0	1.2	1.2
Danish Commercial Travellers	618	218	836	2.9	5.1	3.3
Electrical Trade	294	8	302	1.3	4.1	1.3
General Workers (3FA)	12 847	10 766	23 612	6.6	11.2	8.2
Independent Employees (FFA)	250	664	914	3.4	5.0	4.4
Salaried Employees and Service Ind.	687	277	964	4.4	5.9	4.8
Salaried Employees and Public Servants (FTF-A)	1 948	3 230	5 178	3.6	4.3	4.0
Commercial and Clerical Employees (HK)	3 143	11 221	14 364	5.2	5.6	5.5
Engineers (IAK)	1 656	368	2 023	3.1	4.1	3.2
Computer Professionals (PROSA)	431	136	567	4.5	3.8	4.3
Journalism, Communications and Languages	460	942	1 402	6.6	7.8	7.4
The Christian Unemployment Fund	4 210	6 763	10 973	5.3	8.3	6.8
Managers and Executives	1 262	478	1 740	2.1	3.1	2.3
School teachers (DLF-A)	726	1 805	2 531	3.2	3.6	3.5
Masters (MA)	1 637	2 458	4 095	7.2	9.5	8.4
Painters and Maritime	294	125	419	4.3	4.5	4.4
Metal Workers	2 900	186	3 087	3.2	6.4	3.3
Danish Food and Allied Workers (NNF)	948	908	1 856	5.1	9.6	6.6
Public Employees (OAA) ¹	852	6 088	6 940	4.2	4.1	4.1
Workers in Social Education (SLA)	298	1 094	1 392	3.6	4.4	4.2
Self-employed Persons (DANA)	725	486	1 212	3.0	4.4	3.5
Self-employed Persons (ASE)	2 423	2 520	4 943	2.8	5.7	3.7
Government Officials and Telecom. Workers (STA)	489	390	878	2.7	3.8	3.1
Technicians and Engineers	710	1 148	1 858	4.6	8.7	6.5
Wood, Industry and Building Workers (TIB)	1 135	380	1 516	2.7	7.6	3.3
Business Economists (CA)	679	547	1 226	3.9	4.6	4.2

Note: The number of insured persons is measured at the end of the year, excl. persons on transitional allowances and voluntary early-retirement pay.

¹ On 1 January 2006, OAA (and PMF-A merged. At the end of 2005, almost all members of PMF-A had, however, already been transferred to OAA.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/ru122 and ru122a

Table 138

Unemployed persons as a percentage of the labour force by insurance category. 2006

	Unemployed persons			Unemployed as percentage of the labour force		
	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total
	number			per cent		
Total	54 746	69 616	124 362	3.8	5.3	4.5
Full-time insured persons	44 344	57 327	101 672	4.2	5.6	4.9
Part-time insured persons	116	1 513	1 629	9.4	5.9	6.1
Uninsured persons	10 285	10 775	21 061	2.7	4.1	3.3

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/ru122,ras33 and ab513

Table 139

Unemployed persons as a percentage of the labour force by sex, age and region. 2006

	Men			Women			Men and women, total		
	Under 30 years	30 years +	Total	Under 30 years	30 years +	Total	Under 30 years	30 years +	Total
All Denmark¹	3.1	4.0	3.8	4.2	5.6	5.3	3.6	4.8	4.5
Copenhagen Municipality	3.3	6.7	5.6	3.3	7.4	5.8	3.3	7.0	5.7
Frederiksberg Municipality	2.8	5.3	4.6	2.6	5.8	4.9	2.7	5.5	4.7
Copenhagen County	3.5	3.9	3.9	3.9	4.5	4.4	3.7	4.2	4.1
Frederiksborg County	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.8	3.7	3.5	2.7	3.2	3.1
Roskilde County	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.9	4.0	3.8	2.7	3.3	3.2
West Zealand County	3.3	3.8	3.7	5.2	6.0	5.8	4.2	4.9	4.7
Storstrøm County	3.8	3.9	3.9	5.4	5.4	5.4	4.5	4.6	4.6
Bornholm Municipality	4.7	7.0	6.6	6.8	9.9	9.4	5.7	8.4	8.0
Funen County	3.2	4.6	4.3	4.5	6.4	6.0	3.8	5.4	5.1
South Jutland County	2.5	3.1	3.0	4.5	5.5	5.3	3.4	4.2	4.1
Ribe County	1.9	2.5	2.4	3.6	4.1	4.0	2.7	3.3	3.1
Vejle County	2.0	2.8	2.6	3.7	5.0	4.7	2.8	3.8	3.6
Ringkøbing County	1.5	2.4	2.2	3.3	5.2	4.8	2.3	3.7	3.4
Århus County	2.9	4.2	3.9	3.8	6.0	5.4	3.4	5.1	4.6
Viborg County	2.7	2.8	2.7	5.0	4.9	4.9	3.7	3.8	3.7
North Jutland County	5.7	5.4	5.5	7.6	8.4	8.2	6.6	6.8	6.8

¹ Including where region not known.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/ru121d, ru122 and ras33

Table 140

Average hours of work per week in main job. 2006

	Usual hours			Actual hours		
	Men	Women	Total	Men	Woman	Total
	hours					
Total	38.3	32.2	35.5	33.0	25.9	29.7
Age						
15-29 years	30.9	24.7	28.0	26.8	19.1	23.1
30-54 years	41.1	35.1	38.3	35.5	28.3	32.1
55-66 years	39.1	32.9	36.4	33.2	27.2	30.5
Industry						
Agriculture, fishing, quarrying	42.7	31.9	40.3	38.6	27.4	36.2
Manufacturing	38.7	34.3	37.3	33.6	28.0	31.8
Electricity, gas and water supply	38.0	35.7	37.5	32.3	26.3	30.8
Construction	40.4	33.6	39.8	34.9	26.7	34.2
Wholesale and retail trade, hotels and restaurant	35.6	28.3	32.3	31.4	23.6	27.8
Transport, storage and communication	40.5	32.6	38.2	33.7	25.6	31.3
Financial intermediation, business activities	39.6	33.7	36.9	34.5	27.0	31.2
Public and personal services	36.4	32.7	33.9	30.5	25.9	27.4
Activity not stated	35.1	32.0	33.2	34.6	27.1	29.9
Socio-economic status						
Self-employed	48.4	39.7	46.2	43.7	34.4	41.3
Assisting spouses	19.6	30.9	29.0	17.5	25.1	23.8
Salaried employees	37.1	31.9	34.6	31.7	25.5	28.7
Top managers	45.6	40.1	44.2	40.4	33.6	38.7
At upper level	39.6	36.5	38.2	33.6	28.6	31.4
At intermediate levels	38.5	34.0	35.8	32.4	26.9	29.1
At basic levels	36.5	30.4	33.6	31.2	24.5	28.0
Other employees	28.8	23.8	26.7	24.7	19.5	22.5

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/aku7, aku8 and aku9

Table 141

Labour market policy measures. 2005

	Men			Women			Total		
	Partici- pants, total	Partici- pation rate	Full-time partici- pants	Partici- pants, total	Partici- pation rate	Full-time partici- pants	Partici- pants, total	Partici- pation rate	Full-time partici- pants
Total	138 257	0.375	51 883	169 463	0.387	65 643	307 720	0.382	117 526
Of which:									
Activation, central government	56 998	0.218	12 413	76 010	0.261	19 839	133 008	0.242	32 252
Activation, local government ¹	52 316	0.288	15 070	52 775	0.302	15 952	105 091	0.295	31 023
Guidance and upgrading, total	84 896	0.179	15 184	100 216	0.219	21 901	185 112	0.200	37 085
Guidance and clarification activities	31 013	0.082	2 537	34 819	0.090	3 145	65 832	0.086	5 682
Specially adapted projects ²	25 175	0.223	5 614	21 840	0.237	5 165	47 015	0.229	10 779
Specially adapted educational activities	7 204	0.192	1 385	11 524	0.226	2 607	18 728	0.213	3 992
General education	33 895	0.167	5 649	46 386	0.237	10 984	80 281	0.207	16 632
Subsidized employment, total	67 349	0.525	35 341	77 194	0.517	39 874	144 543	0.520	75 215
Business in-service training ³	21 227	0.175	3 711	25 089	0.168	4 220	46 316	0.171	7 930
Employment with wage subsidies	22 383	0.353	7 899	23 938	0.358	8 576	46 321	0.356	16 476
Flexible jobs ⁴	18 426	0.839	15 467	24 606	0.843	20 738	43 032	0.841	36 205
Sheltered jobs ⁴	3 805	0.879	3 345	3 017	0.869	2 623	6 822	0.875	5 968
Service jobs ⁵	904	0.750	678	1 644	0.757	1 245	2 548	0.755	1 923
Adult apprenticeship support	6 130	0.692	4 241	3 936	0.628	2 472	10 066	0.667	6 713
Integration education, total	2 161	0.311	672	3 487	0.310	1 079	5 648	0.310	1 752
Courses in civics ⁶	38	0.267	10	57	0.280	16	95	0.275	26
Lessons in Danish	2 014	0.303	609	3 258	0.299	973	5 272	0.300	1 583
Separately adapted lessons in Danish	173	0.304	53	266	0.339	90	439	0.325	143
Other measures, total	2 588	0.265	686	11 232	0.248	2 788	13 820	0.251	3 474
Childcare leave ⁷	2 535	0.263	668	11 117	0.249	2 768	13 652	0.252	3 435
Trials	25	0.426	11	42	0.319	13	67	0.359	24
Voluntary unpaid work	9	0.677	6	4	0.476	2	13	0.615	8
Adult education grants, VUS ⁸	19	0.080	2	70	0.076	5	89	0.076	7

¹ Persons who are not entitled to claim unemployment benefits and who participate in local government activation. ² Some municipalities, including Copenhagen apply specially adapted projects for integration packages in which integration education is included. ³ Persons in work training are also included. ⁴ Full-time participants are here estimated on the assumption that the participants have carried out work during a full working week, so that the number of persons affected is only reduced with respect to date of commencement and date of conclusion. ⁵ Additions to *service jobs* were discontinued at the beginning of 2002. ⁶ Additions to *courses in civics* were discontinued at the beginning of 2004. ⁷ Can only be granted to children born or adopted before 27 March 2002. ⁸ Additions to adult education grants were discontinued on 1 January 2001.

For further figures and information visit www.statistikbanken.dk/ab705 and www.dst.dk/amfora

Table 142

Labour market policy measures by county. 2005

	Men			Women			Total		
	Under 25 years	25 years +	Total	Under 25 years	25 years +	Total	Under 25 years	25 years +	Total
number of full-time participants									
All Denmark²	4 247	47 637	51 883	4 120	61 523	65 643	8 366	109 159	117 526¹
Copenhagen Municipality	386	5 131	5 517	343	5 121	5 465	729	10 252	10 982
Frederiksberg Municipality	27	593	619	21	732	753	48	1 324	1 372
Copenhagen County	360	4 123	4 482	317	5 110	5 426	677	9 231	9 908
Frederiksborg County	175	2 249	2 425	126	2 947	3 073	301	5 198	5 498
Roskilde County	118	1 488	1 605	99	2 074	2 172	218	3 559	3 777
West Zealand County	224	2 556	2 780	246	3 317	3 563	470	5 872	6 342
Storstrøm County	292	2 918	3 211	257	3 519	3 776	549	6 438	6 987
Bornholm Municipality	29	460	489	22	536	559	51	998	1 048
Funen County	454	4 843	5 296	433	6 119	6 552	887	10 961	11 848
South Jutland County	234	2 186	2 421	239	3 065	3 304	473	5 251	5 725
Ribe County	170	1 927	2 097	190	2 642	2 833	359	4 570	4 930
Vejle County	332	3 367	3 699	326	4 610	4 935	658	7 977	8 635
Ringkøbing County	191	2 272	2 463	203	3 364	3 566	394	5 634	6 028
Århus County	648	6 565	7 211	653	8 823	9 476	1 301	15 385	16 687
Viborg County	184	2 210	2 396	213	2 983	3 197	397	5 197	5 593
North Jutland County	422	4 705	5 127	431	6 489	6 921	852	11 195	12 047

¹ Excl. Early retirement pay and transitional allowance. ² Incl. unspecified regions.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/ab705

Table 143

Work stoppages. 2005

	Work stoppages	Number of employees involved	Number of working days lost
	number		
Total	534	32 833	51 100
Agriculture, fishing and quarrying	-	-	-
Manufacturing, total	229	19 344	23 800
Manufacture of food, beverages and tobacco	52	4 143	8 600
Mfr. of textiles and leather	2	55	-
Mfr. of wood products, printing and publ.	28	993	1 100
Mfr. of chemicals and plastic products	21	779	700
Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral products	20	1 228	1 700
Mfr. of basic metals and fabricated products	93	11 325	10 700
Mfr. of furniture, manufacturing n.e.c.	13	821	1 000
Electricity, gas and water supply	-	-	-
Construction	63	1 665	3 000
Wholesale and retail trade	32	1 130	800
Hotels and restaurants	18	529	300
Transport	117	5 027	6 000
Counties and municipalities	31	3 060	15 000
Other	24	1 533	1 600
Activity not stated	20	545	600

Table 144

Total labour costs in the private sector by industry. 2005

	Total labour costs	Other labour costs	Total earnings	Of which					
				Nuisance bonus	Sickness with pay etc.	Holiday allo- wances	Fringe benefits	Pension including ATP	Direct remune- ration
				DKK per hour					
Total	243.67	9.57	234.11	3.99	6.68	28.47	1.80	24.24	168.92
Manufacturing	234.73	8.10	226.63	6.52	7.10	27.10	1.46	23.42	161.03
Electricity, gas and water supply	302.88	11.00	291.88	5.68	6.80	34.77	1.61	36.85	206.17
Construction	231.12	8.04	223.07	3.75	5.32	28.89	1.18	22.37	161.57
Ws, and retail trade, hotels, restaurants	222.01	5.91	216.10	1.98	6.06	25.59	3.23	20.14	159.10
Transport, post and telecommunications	235.73	7.31	228.41	6.89	6.06	26.37	1.45	24.80	162.85
Finance and business activities	290.02	17.87	272.15	1.63	7.54	34.32	1.71	30.66	196.29
Finance and insurance	343.78	40.99	302.79	2.22	9.16	41.31	0.99	44.54	204.57
Letting and sale of real estate	239.71	9.77	229.94	0.92	6.60	29.11	1.86	22.75	168.70
Business activities	271.89	7.95	263.93	1.46	6.94	31.87	2.01	25.49	196.16
Personal services and social institutions	233.88	6.64	227.23	2.42	7.02	28.17	0.62	22.13	166.88

Note: The statistics exclude apprentices and young people below 18 years of age. Other labour costs are costs that cannot be characterized as employee's earnings. Examples are contributions to social schemes and funds, staff canteens, direct and indirect taxes calculated on the basis of the number of employees or total wage and salary costs. Total labour costs are calculated net of deductions for any subsidies, etc.

For further information www.statbank.dk/sao11

Table 145

Total labour costs in the private sector by occupation. 2005

	Total labour costs	Other labour costs	Total earnings	Of which					
				Nuisance bonus	Sickness with pay etc.	Holiday allo- wances	Fringe benefits	Pension including ATP	Direct remune- ration
	DKK per hour								
Total	243.67	9.57	234.11	3.99	6.68	28.47	1.80	24.24	168.92
Legislators, senior officials and managers	400.37	11.27	389.10	0.62	8.82	45.86	12.80	50.80	270.20
Professionals	323.06	10.58	312.48	1.35	8.22	37.70	1.96	34.73	228.52
Technicians and associate professionals	276.96	12.87	264.09	1.94	7.37	32.29	2.99	29.03	190.47
Clerks	218.60	13.37	205.23	1.74	6.76	25.50	0.51	21.08	149.65
Service workers and shop and market sales workers	173.91	4.34	169.57	3.45	4.92	19.93	0.43	13.65	127.19
Skilled agricultural and fishery workers	186.72	4.90	181.83	3.80	5.44	21.90	0.08	16.16	134.44
Craft and related trades workers	217.01	7.31	209.70	5.69	5.96	26.15	0.21	20.04	151.67
Plant and machine operators and assemblers	201.94	7.56	194.37	10.12	6.39	23.19	0.06	18.43	136.19
Elementary occupations	184.90	6.53	178.37	5.31	5.25	22.27	0.17	15.04	130.35

Note: The statistics exclude apprentices and young people below 18 years of age. Other labour costs are costs that cannot be characterized as employee's earnings. Examples are contributions to social schemes and funds, staff canteens, direct and indirect taxes calculated on the basis of the number of employees or total wage and salary costs. Total labour costs are calculated net of deductions for any subsidies, etc.

For further information www.statistikbanken.dk/sao31