Social conditions, health and justice

1. Social conditions

The social security system in Denmark has several objectives:

1) To secure the population financially in the event of e.g. sickness, unemployment and old age through income-substitute benefits 2) to offer support to bring down expenditure on e.g. housing and child care through supplementary subsidy schemes 3) to provide appropriate services in areas such as child care, care of the elderly, care of the disabled, health care and home help through institutions and services.

Social expenditure amounts to DKK 420 billion

Total expenditure for social purposes amounted to DKK 420 billion in 2003 or DKK 78,000 per capita. Of which DKK 311,5 billion was public expenditure on social services corresponding to 42 per cent of all public expenditure. Expenditure on social services measured in relation to GDP accounted for 31 per cent in 2003. Expenditure on old age is the largest social item and comprises, e.g. pensions, nursing homes and home help for the elderly. The social expenditure is defined broadly in this context and includes also health services and labour market schemes expenditure.

Figure 1 **Expenditure on social services analysed by purpose 2003**

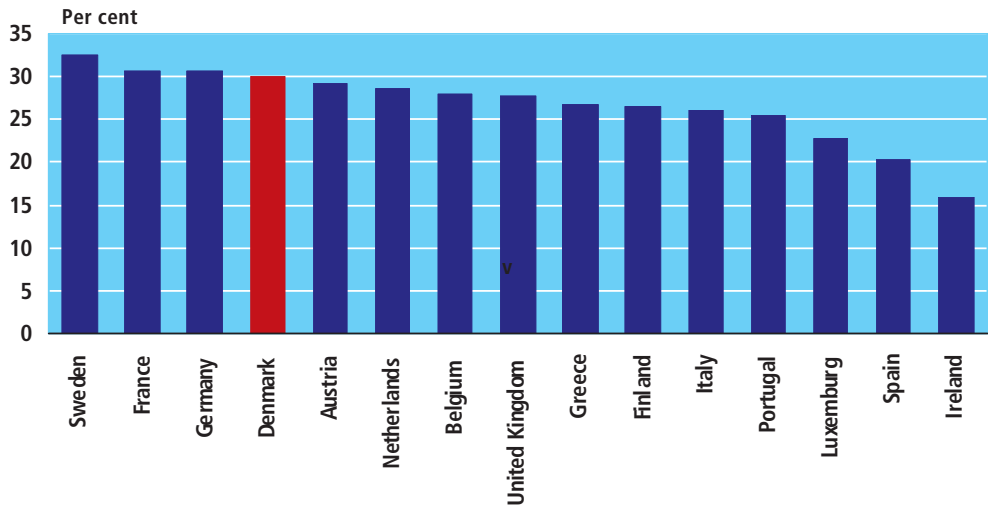
Financing of social expenditure

The public sector's proportion of total grants and contributions to social benefits reached 68 per cent in 2003, of which the central government accounted for 28 per cent and the local government authorities for 40 per cent. The contributions by employers reached 10 per cent, while persons insured accounted for 22 per cent. In the period 1976-1993, the public sector's proportion was about 85 per cent, while the proportion paid by employers has remained constant at about 10 per cent. The change since 1993 is particularly due to the introduction of special labour market contributions, which is the most important reason that persons insured, today, finance 22 per cent of total social expenditure, compared to 5 per cent in 1993.

Denmark ranks fourth in the EU

According to Eurostat, Denmark with its 30 per cent ranks fourth EU15-countries, with respect to social expenditure in relation to gross domestic product. Denmark was ranked third in 1998. Sweden has the highest ranking with 32 per cent in 2002, while France and Germany ranked second and third with 31 per cent. Ireland is ranked at the bottom with a proportion of 16 per cent. The comparison of social expenditure is not corrected for differences in income taxes on social benefits and legislation concerning payments of VAT and indirect taxes, etc., in each country. International comparisons are difficult. This also applies to comparisons of social expenditure.

Figure 2 **Social expenditure as a proportion of GDP 2002**

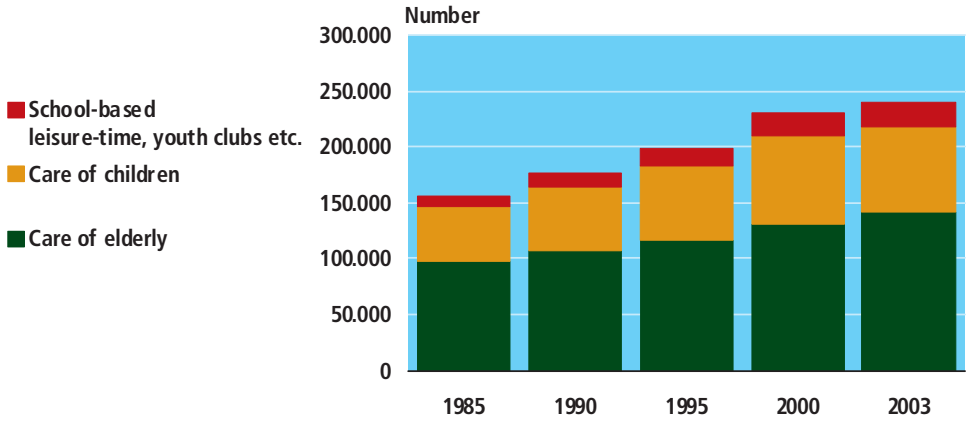


Note: Calculations are based on EUROSTAT's joint classification (ESSPROS) in which expenditure is calculated gross.
Source: Eurostat: *European social statistics. Social protection - Data 1994-2002.*

The number of employees increases

In 2003, a total of 281,000 people were employed in social institutions and social service schemes. When converted into full-time employment, the number of employees in the social sector totals 241,000. Since 1985 the number of employees in the social sector has grown more than 50 per cent.

Figure 3 **Employees in the social sector**



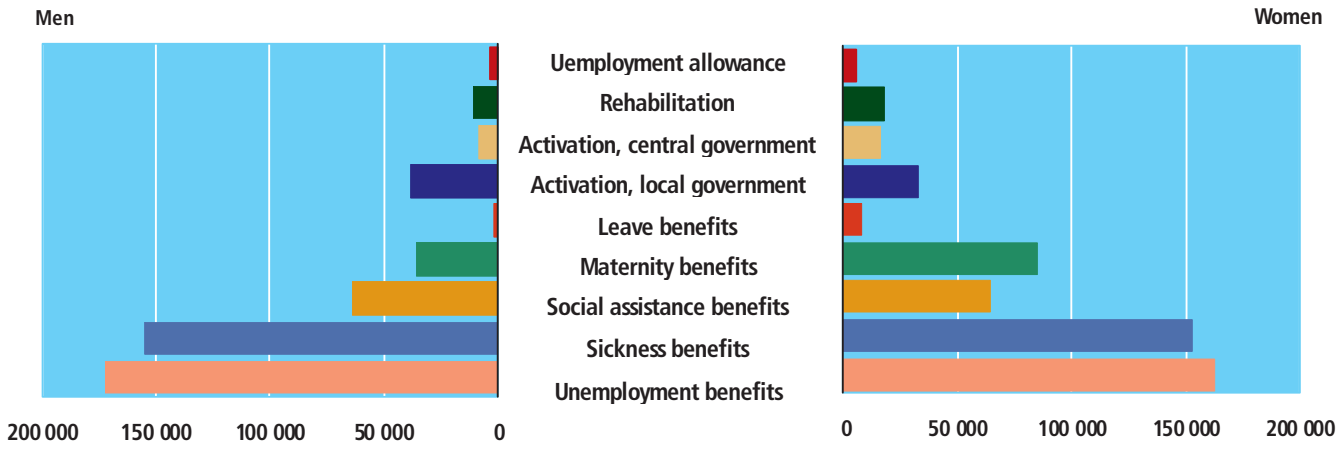
The number of employees increased the most within the sector for child care
This increase in the number of employees is attributable to different factors, including the developments in population size and composition and in the labour market. Child care accounts for the highest increase in the number of employees. The number of employees within school-based leisure time was 2,3 times as big in 2003 compared to 1985, while there was 1,5 as many working with care of children. The rise is due to a general rise of children going to institutions.

More elderly people
In an area such as care of the elderly the increasing number of employees is closely connected to the population developments. The number of people in Denmark increased by 6 per cent over the period 1985 to 2002, but the increase in the number of elderly people aged 80 and over was 33 per cent. This increase in the number of elderly people has thus increased considerably the demand for home help and 24-hour care.

More social and health schemes
New social and health schemes such as preventive "home-visits", shared accommodation for adults with a disability, contact persons and companion schemes have also been established over the period. Since the mid-1980s, a considerable restructuring of the area, concerning care of the elderly has taken place, including efforts to let the elderly stay in their own homes and more dwellings for the elderly to replace the closing down of rest homes. There is today 47,500 dwellings for the elderly and subsequently 21,000 and 3,500 dwellings in rest homes and sheltered housing. Out of 703.500 persons at the age of 66 years or more in Denmark, 169.000 received domestic help, while 63.500 lived in residentials home, protected homes and dwellings for the elderly. The share of the Danes living in these sorts of residences is rising with age.

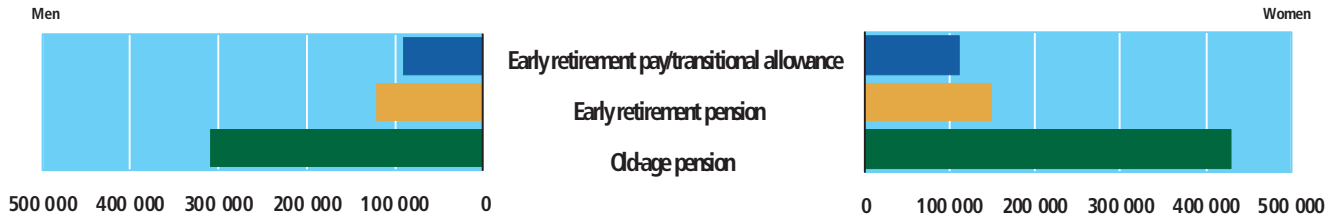
2.2 million people receive income-substitute benefits
A total of 2.2 million people in Denmark received income-substitute benefits in 2003. The recipients are described in separate statistical tables, e.g. unemployment benefits, sickness benefits, maternity benefits, and social assistance benefits. Recipients are grouped in the most predominant category of benefit, i.e. the benefit that they have received for the longest time within a year. Benefits are divided into temporary and permanent benefits. Of the 2.2 million people who received income-substitute benefits, 1,008,000 were men and 1,235,000 were women.

Figure 4 **Recipients of income-substitute benefits - temporary benefits 2003**



In 2002, more women than men received income-substitute benefits. With regard to the old age pension, this can be explained by the fact that 58 per cent of the population over 66 years of age were women. A substantial proportion of recipients of leave benefits and maternity benefits were also women. However, there are also many women in the group which schemes were intended to benefit. There were also more women receiving early retirement pensions, while more men received unemployment benefits and sick pay.

Figure 5 **Recipients of income-substitute benefits - permanent benefits 2003**



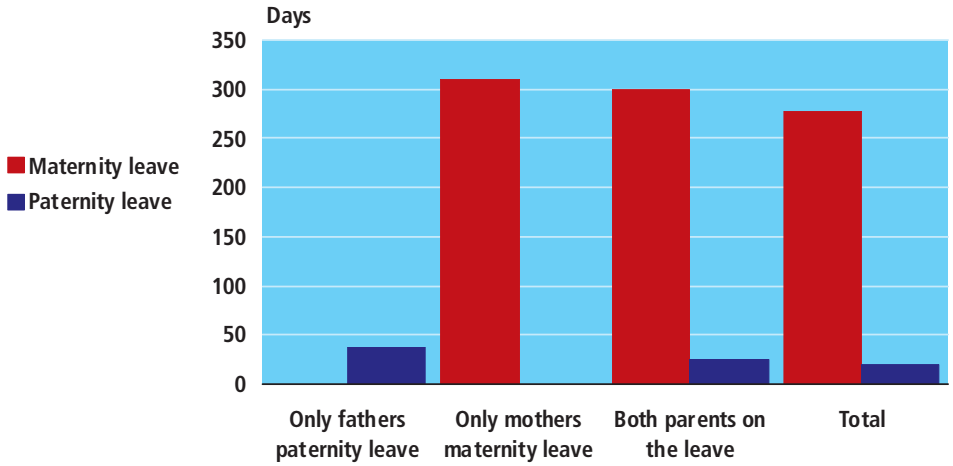
Supplementary subsidy schemes

With regard to the supplementary subsidy schemes a total of 202,000 households received DKK 215 million through rent subsidies, while 325,000 pensioner households received DKK 649 million through rent allowances. Total expenses for rent subsidies and rent allowance was respectively DKK 2,3 and 7,5 billion in 2003. 676,000 families received child benefits, of which 122,000 families also received one or more additional types of child subsidy in the fourth quarter of 2004. Total expenditure on child benefits was DKK 14 billion in 2003.

Increase in the period of maternity leave for parents

Children born in 2003 were happy to see that their parents stayed at home to look after them for a slightly longer period. Compared with children born in 2002, the father's maternity leave increased by 3 days and the mother's by 10 days. The increase to 297 days in which maternity benefits were claimed can, e.g. be considered against the background of new rules for leave, which came into force 27 March 2002. Mothers had maternity leave for 83 pct. of all births and the fathers accounted for 60 pct. Only economically active persons are entitled to maternity leave and to claiming maternity benefits. Among others are, e.g. students and recipient of social assistance, etc.

Figure 6 **Maternity and paternity leave after birth 2003**



Child care

Day carers, day-care institutions and school-based leisure-time activities looked after a total of 526,000 children under the age of 10 in September 2004. This corresponds to 78 per cent of all children in the age groups. The proportion of children in public organized child-care institutions was greatest for children aged 3-5. In this age group 94 per cent of all children were looked after by day carers and day-care institutions. The proportion of children who were looked after was 59 per cent for 0-2 year-old children and 79 per cent for 6-9 year olds. In 1994 the percentage of 0-2 year olds who were looked after outside the home was 50 per cent, 83 per cent for 3-5 year olds and 60 per cent for 6-9 year olds.

Children and young people receiving assistance

By the end of 2003, 28,300 children and young people received assistance, compared to 21,500 at the end of 1998. A steadily increasing part of assistance is provided in the form of preventive measures. At the end of 2003, 14,600 children and young people were recipients of preventive measures, compared to 9,600 in 1998, while there was an increase in the number of placements outside home from 12,100 to 14,100. More than 90 per cent of all placements are voluntary, i.e. with consent. More than 50 per cent of all preventive measures are in the form of relief stays for children and young people living at home.

2. Health

Danes have one of the lowest life expectancies in Western Europe

Life expectancy is often used to measure the state of a population's health. In Denmark life expectancy has stagnated, but in recent years the trend is again positive. However, life expectancy in Denmark is still among the lowest in Western Europe. In 2003, life expectancy was 74.9 years for men and 79.5 years for women.

Excess mortality in Denmark in relation to Sweden

In the period 1995-1999, comparisons of mortality in Denmark and Sweden show that an excess of some 8,000 people aged 0-74 died in Denmark than would have been the case if mortality in Denmark was similar to that of Sweden. There is an excess mortality for nearly all causes of death. There was, for example, in the period 1995-1999 an annual excess of about 1,200 people aged under 74 who died of lung cancer in Denmark, compared to Sweden. There was an annual excess of about 1,000 people aged 0-74 who died of smoker's lungs and asthma, and an annual excess of about 500 people who died of alcoholic diseases of the liver.

There is no simple explanation for the stagnation in the Danes' life expectancy. Researchers point to both the Danes' life-style with regard to smoking, alcohol, diet and physical activity, as well as general conditions of life such as size of unemployment and initiatives made by the health-care authorities.

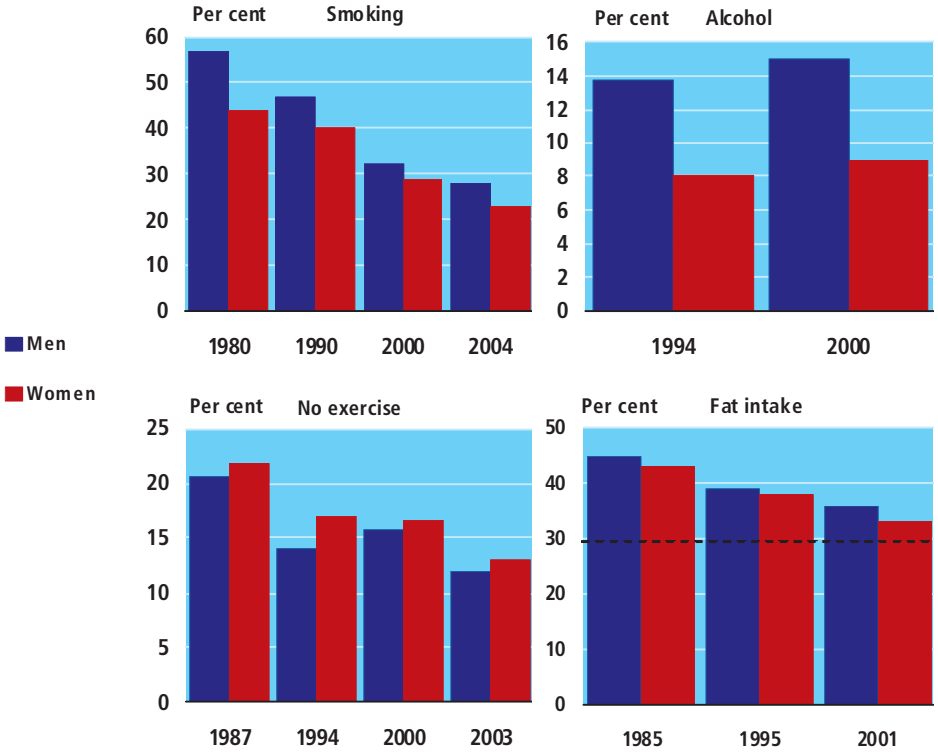
Danes' lifestyle

The proportion of the population who smoke has fallen from about 50 pct in 1980 to about 25 per cent in 2004. During the whole period the number of men who smoke have been higher than the number of women who smoke. However, this difference has considerably diminished.

It is recommended by the National Board of Health that men should not drink more than 21 alcoholic units per week and women not more than 14 units. In

1994, 14 per cent of all men and 8 per cent of all women stated that they had exceeded this limit. In 2000, the corresponding proportions were 15 per cent for men and 9 per cent for women.

Figure 7 **Danes' lifestyle with regard to smoking, alcohol, physical activity and fat intake**



Note. Alcohol shows the percentage of the population who drink more alcohol than recommended by the National Health Board (21 alcoholic units for men and 14 for women). Physical activity shows the percentage of the population who are *not* physically active in their leisure time. Source: National Board of Health, Danish Heart Foundation, National Institute of Public Health, and Danish Institute for Food and Veterinary Research

In 1987, about 20 per cent of the population were not physically active in their leisure time. In 2003, this proportion had fallen to 13 per cent A slightly higher proportion of women than men are not physically active in their leisure time.

Experts recommend that 30 per cent of total intake of energy stems from fat. In 1985 fat represented 45 per cent of the men's and 43 per cent of the women's energy intake. In 2001 the shares were reduced to 36 and 33 per cent.

Use of health services

In addition to the life expectancy, health services are often used as an indirect method of measuring the health of the population. Information about the population's use of hospitals and National Health Service is stored in administrative registers in Denmark, which enables statistical analyses.

Fall in the number of hospitals

In 2002, there were 58 general and 10 psychiatric hospitals in Denmark. This means that over a 10-year period the number of general hospitals dropped by 30 and psychiatric hospitals by 4. A part of the fall is due to fusions of hospitals. In 2002 there were a total of 22,200 hospital beds, of which 1,900 were in psychiatric hospitals and 20,300 were in somatic hospitals. Overall, the patients in these 20,300 beds were in hospital for 6.3 million days, corresponding to 90 percent

occupancy of hospital beds. In psychiatric hospitals, occupancy of hospital beds was 94 per cent. There are more than 1 million admissions a year to the hospitals. In addition, there are 1 million visits to emergency and 5.7. million out patients treatments.

One out of ten is hospitalized during a year

Approximately 600,000 people or about 11 per cent of the population are hospitalized one or more times a year. The proportion of the population who have been hospitalized is lowest among 5-14 year-olds, approximately 5 per cent, and increases with age. Thus one third of the population aged 85 and above is admitted at least once in the course of a year. The average number of days in hospital beds also increases with age: approximately 3 days for 5-14 year-olds and approximately 15 days for 85 year-olds and above.

The pattern of diagnosis

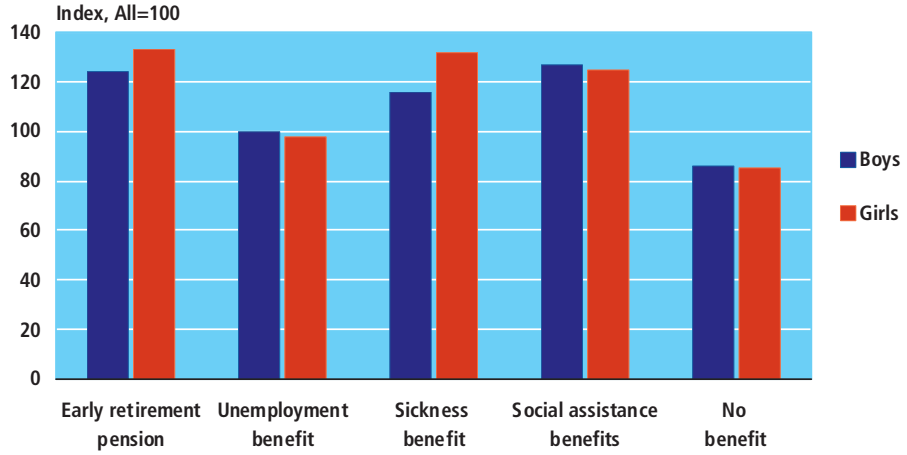
The most common cause of hospitalization for women is in connection with pregnancy, births, and abortions. When hospitalization due to birth, etc., is disregarded, diseases of the circulatory system and bodily injury and poisoning are the most common causes of hospitalization. 87,000 persons are hospitalized due to diseases of the circulatory system and 83,000 due to bodily injury, for each group corresponding to 13 per cent of the hospitalized. However, there are marked differences between the different age groups: e.g. 40 per cent of hospitalized 1-4 year-old boys and 34 per cent of the 1-4 year-old girls are admitted because of respiratory diseases and approximately 16 per cent of hospitalized 65-74 year-olds is admitted because of neoplasms.

Social differences determine use of hospitals

It appears that the use of hospitals is determined by social conditions. For example, adults who have completed education at third level (long-cycle higher education) use hospitals 35 per cent less than the average person, while adults without qualification from education use hospitals approximately 20 per cent more than the average person.

Social conditions also affect children's use of hospitals. For example, children who live with families, which have received social assistance benefits for at least 6 months, use hospitals about 25 per cent more than the average child. As opposed to this, children who live with families, which do not receive any type of social benefit use hospitals approximately 15 per cent less than the average child.

Figure 8 **Frequency of hospitalization analysed by the dominant social benefit received by the family 2003**

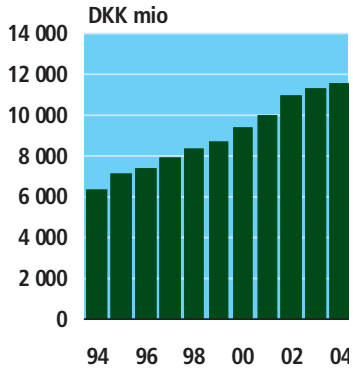


Note. Children aged 0-17.

The National Health Service

All persons who live in Denmark are covered by the National Health Service and can therefore receive full or some compensation for all expenses related to visits to a GP, a specialist doctor, dentist, chiropractor, chiropodist, physiotherapist, etc. Approximately 5 million people or 92 per cent of the population made use of this in 2003. Slightly more women than men, particularly in the age group 20-29 year-olds, received national health benefits. 4.6 million contacted a GP and about 2.7 million a dentist. Both eye and ear specialists were contacted by 0.5 million people, and chiropractors by about 278,000 people. On average, the 5 million people who made use of the National Health Service contacted doctors, dentists, etc., 10 times.

Figure 9
Expenditure on medication 1994-2004



Source: Danish Medicines Agency

Expenditure on medication increases

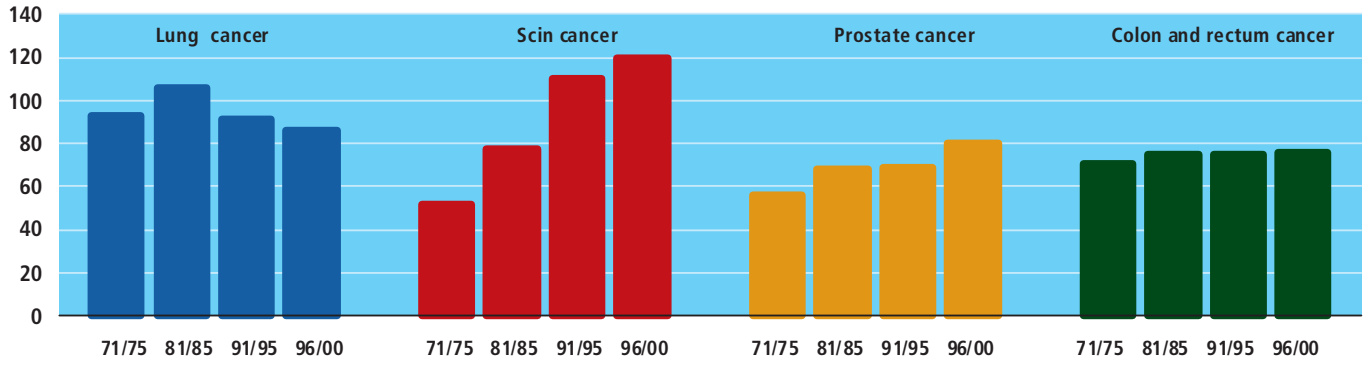
A third of the population use medicine regularly and 50 per cent have used medication within a 14-day period. More women than men use medication and the use of medication increases with age. The most commonly used types of prescription medicine are medicine for lowering blood pressure and analgesic medication (pain killers) for muscle and skeletal problems. Analgesic medicine is the most used non-prescription drug.

The turnover of medicine has increased steadily during the last 10 years. In 1995 turnover accounted for DKK 7.1 bn. and DKK 11.6 bn. in 2004. This is equivalent to an increase of 63 pct. In 2004 turnover of tranquillizers accounted for DKK 3.5 bn. and drugs for the cardiovascular for DKK 1.8 bn.

Sharp increase in the number of cancer cases since the 1970's

In 2000, about 32,000 new cases of cancer were registered, and by the end of 2000 there were about 209,000 persons who lived with a cancer disease. Among the new registrations, *breast cancer* was the most common form of cancer among women, and cancer in the category *skin cancer (excl. birthmark cancer)* was the most common among men.

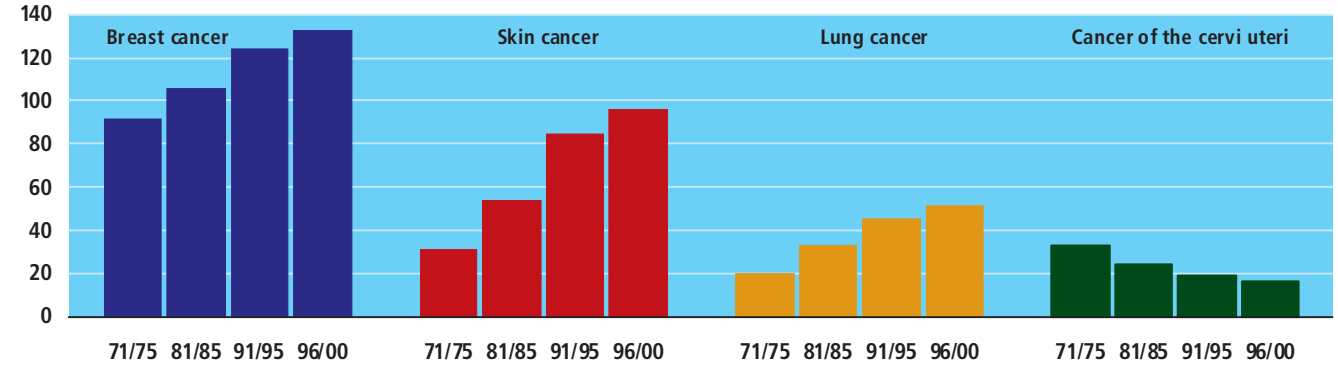
Figure 10 **Trends in selected types of cancer. New cases per 100,000 inhabitants. Men**



Note. The number of new cases per 100,000 inhabitants is standardised to comply with the Danish composition of population in 2000. Source: National Health Board

In the course of the last 30 years, the annual number of new incidents of cancer, measured in relation to the size and age of the population, has gone up by 34 per cent with regard to women and 25 per cent with regard to men. Breast cancer was also the most common type of cancer among women 30 years ago. However, for men, lung cancer was the most common type of cancer.

Figure 11 **Trends in selected types of cancer. New cases per 100,000 inhabitants. Women**



Note. The number of new cases per 100,000 inhabitants is standardised to comply with the Danish composition of population in 2000. Source: the National Health Board

AIDS/HIV

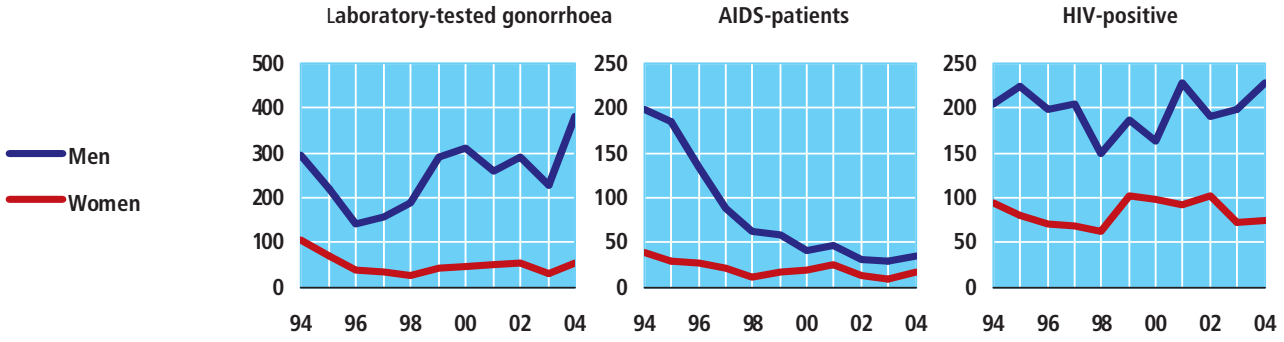
In the period 1980-2004 a total of 2,528 people were diagnosed with AIDS. Of these, 1,936 had died by 31 December 2004. The number of diagnosed peaked in 1993 with 239 and hereafter it has fallen steadily except for an increase in the numbers in 2001 and in 2004. In 2004, 52 persons were diagnosed. Registration of HIV-positive patients did not begin until August 1990. Up until the end of 2004, a total of 4,266 HIV-positive people were reported. The number of HIV-positive patients have been moving up and down between 1994 and 2004, but for men the number was higher in 2004 than in 1994.

Venereal diseases

In 2004, the number of cases of gonorrhoea is higher than ten years ago. The rise is due to more cases among men, while the number of women was halfed in the

period. Men also accounts for the major part (88 per cent) of the cases. With regard to chlamydia it is just the opposite: approximately 65 per cent of all cases of chlamydia are among women.

Figure 12 **Trends in the number of cases of gonorrhoea and AIDS/HIV. 1994-2004**



Source: State Serum Institute

3. Justice

Crime and the administration of justice

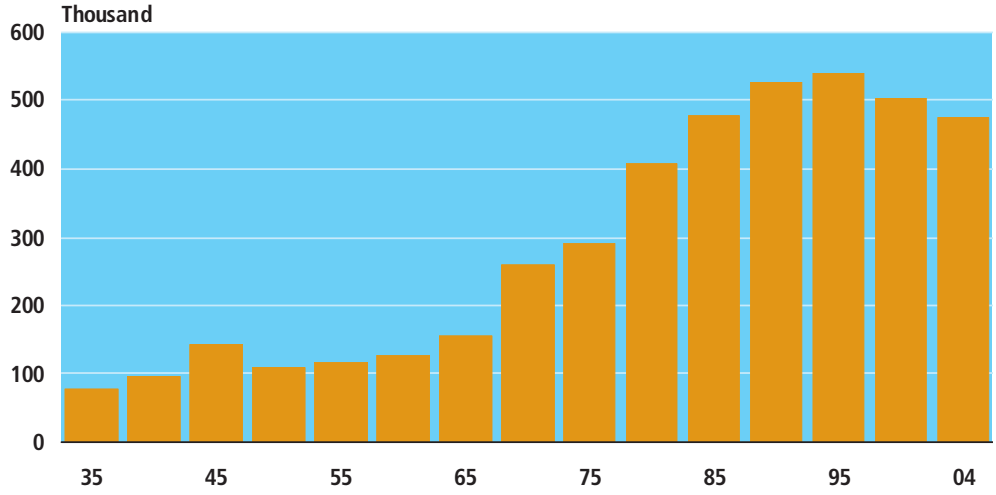
Justice includes statistics regarding crime and the administration of justice. The analyses of justice illustrate the rulings made by courts in criminal law suits and civil law suits. Crime in Denmark is analysed as both reported crimes and criminal decisions in connection with violation of either, the Penal Code, the Road Traffic Act or special acts, and from 2001 on also the number of victims of certain offences against the Penal code. The crime statistics only cover reported criminal offences, whereas the so called "hidden" crimes or underreported figures (i.e. unreported criminal offences) are not compiled.

Peak in the number of reported crimes

The growht in the number of reported offences against the criminal law since 1950 seem to have reached its peak. From 1950 to 1994 the number of reported criminal offences has increased from about 110,000 to almost 550,000. Today, about 475,000 offences are annually reported to the police. This corresponds to 3,500 reported crimes per 100,000 inhabitants (over 15 years) in 1950, compared to 12,700 in 1994 and 10,800 in 2004.

The large increase in reported offences since is mainly due to an increase in reported offences against property and misappropriations. They comprise, e.g. burglaries in shops and houses, as well as car thefts and bicycle thefts, which are typically subject to insurance contracts, where a police report is a prerequisite of claiming damages from the insurance company. The high number of burglaries and thefts should also be seen in the context of increasing wealth in society. There is a sharp increase in the possession of valuable objects, and many dwellings are left unoccupied in the daytime.

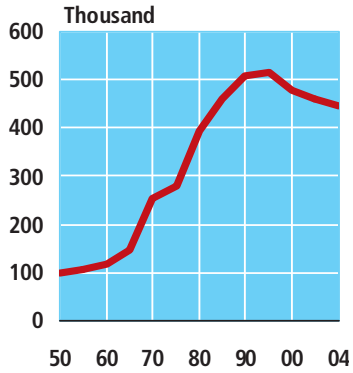
Figure 13 Reports under the Penal Code 1935-2004



Offences against property

By far the majority of reports each year are offences against property (e.g. theft and burglary). These make up 90-95 per cent of the annual number of crimes reported. In 2004 445.000 offences against property was reported, which is a fall compared to the first half of the 90's, when 500.000 offences against property was reported every year. In 2004 there were a total of 91,000 burglaries and 182,000 thefts, including 33,000 burglaries in houses and flats, 21,000 car thefts and 70,000 bicycle thefts.

Figure 14
Reported offences against property 1950-2004

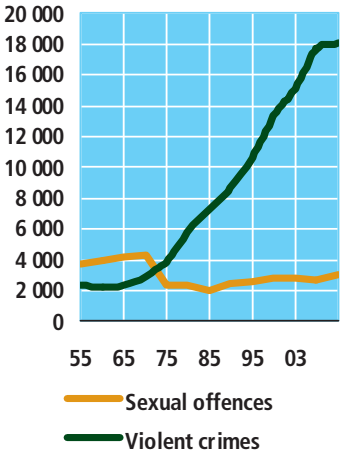


Violent crime

The number of reported violent crimes (e.g. homicide, assault against the individual or public authority) has risen significantly since the Second World War, from approximately 2,400 reports in 1950 to 18,100 in 2004. About 60 per cent of all reported acts of violence are assault against the individual, while the remainder is mainly violence, etc. against public authorities (15 per cent) and threats (20 per cent).

The dangerousness of violence against the individual is distributed to the following groups, *simple violence*, *more serious violence* and *very serious violence*. In total there were 11,100 reported offences of these kinds in 2004. Simple violence is the most common (87 per cent) and has risen by since 40 per cent since 1990. In 2004 there were 182 reported homicides or attempts at homicide. In comparison the number was 223 in 2003 and 234 in 1990. In all three years one fourth of the homicides were accomplished. Since 1990 the number of homicides or attempts at homicide was between 200 and 250.

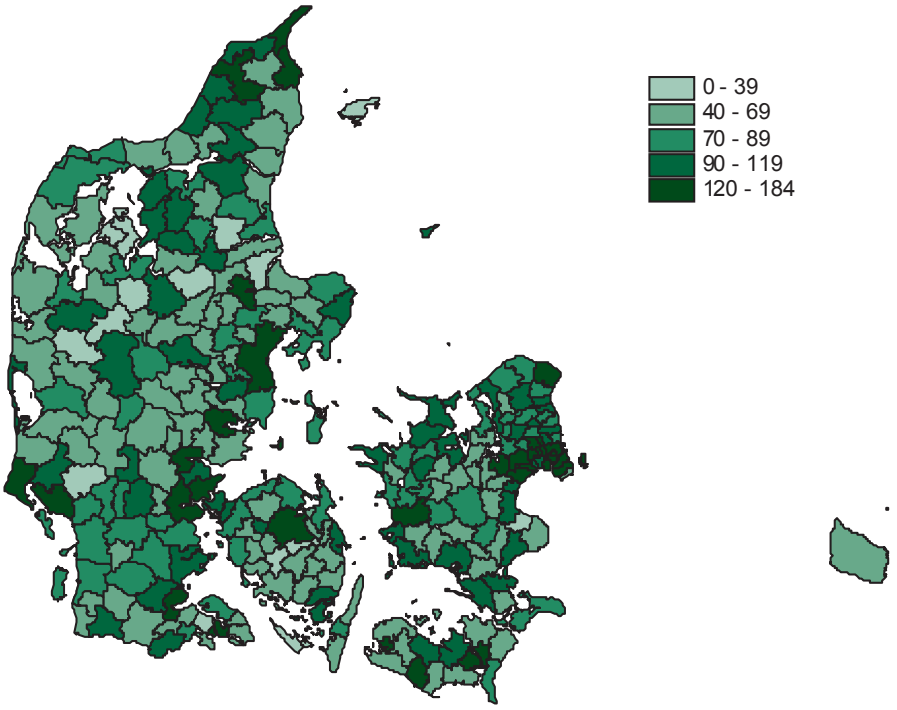
Figure 15
Reported violent crimes and sexual offences 1950-2004



Sexual offences
Sexual offences (e.g. rape or indecent exposure) fell, however, in last part of the 1960s (coinciding with the repeal of the Pornography Act), and has since then been steady at 2-3,000 reports a year with a slow increasing tendency. 2,500 sexual offences were reported in 1990 against 3,100 in 2004. Rape only accounts for one fifth of the sexual offences.

Regional differences in the number of reported crimes – highest number in cities and urban areas
There is no steady regional distribution of reported criminal offences in Denmark. Reported crimes are concentrated in cities and large towns and urban areas, whereas the number in rural municipalities is low – except for some municipalities with large summer cottage areas. There are many reported offences against property and reported violent crimes in cities and urban areas, while summer cottage areas mainly account for burglaries and thefts.

Figure 16 Reported criminal offences 2004 per 1,000 inhabitants



One in every five reports leads to a charge
Charges are pressed in 20 per cent of the 500,000 reports, either against one or several people. The charge rate typically varies according to how serious the crime is. Thus charges are normally pressed in connection with 80 per cent of violent crimes and 60-70 per cent of sexual offences, while charges are only pressed, on average, in 14-15 per cent of offences against property.

Criminal decisions
Based on reports where the police have pressed charges, today, approximately 150,000-165,000 criminal decisions are made every year. That is, the accused is

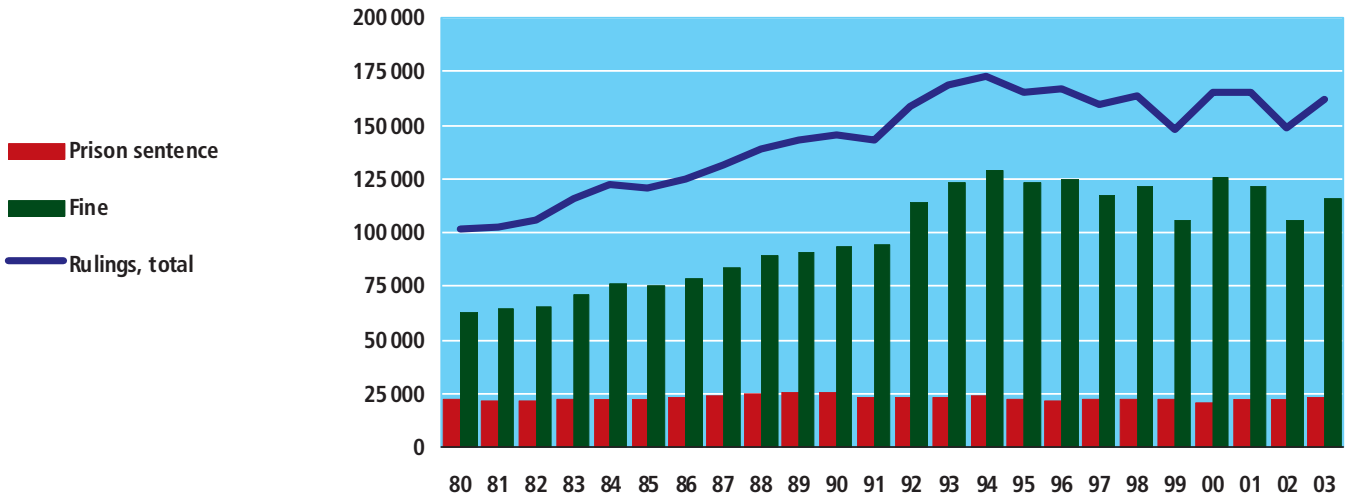
either fined, given a prison sentence or acquitted. In 2003, approximately 54,000 rulings concerned the Penal Code, 89,000 concerned the Road Traffic Act and the remaining 19,000 concerned the other special acts (e.g. Euphoriants Act, Police Regulations, Firearms Act or Act on Animal Welfare).

In 2003 161,700 decisions comprised a total of 245,500 criminal offences for charges committed by less than 130,000 different individuals, i.e. a number of individuals have received more than one ruling in the course of the year, just as several decisions comprise more than one charge.

Most decisions are fines

Of the 161,700 decisions in 2003, 115,600 were fines, of which 70 per cent originated from violation of the Road Traffic Act. 23,600 decisions were prison sentences (lenient imprisonment or imprisonment). The remaining 22,600 decisions include no charges, dropped charges or acquittal. 10,900 or less than half of the prison sentences were unconditional, in 2003.

Figure 17 **Criminal decisions, total, and convictions resulting in fine or prison sentence 1980-2003**



By far the most male offenders

85 per cent of all criminal decisions involve men, but the proportion of violations by women is increasing (almost double from 1980-2001, from 8 to 15 per cent). The proportion of violations against the Penal Code by women has increased from 8 per cent in 1980 to 14 per cent in 2003. The womens share of the criminal decisions according to the Penal Code has risen from 15 to 17 per cent with in the same period, and 6 to 14 per cent according to the Road Traffic Act.

Increase in the number of women convicted of violent crimes

Since 1990, the number of women committing violent crimes has more than doubled from 329 to 969. The increase covers all age groups, but for women aged 15-19 and aged 40-49, the increase has almost quadrupled. Common assault and grievous assault account for the largest increase, but assault against public authority and threats have also risen. Furthermore, the number of women sentenced to imprisonment in connection with convictions of violent crimes have quadrupled since 1990 – from 103 to 429 in 2003. In 2003 a little more than one fourth was sentenced to prison.

Most violent crimes are committed by young men
Today, the average age of offenders is just over 34 years – for men 34 years and women 37 years – but there are variations among the different criminal offences. The lowest average age is that of violent criminals who are 30 years. About 20 per cent of all violent crimes are committed by young men under 20 years – all in all 90 per cent of crimes of violence is committed by men.

The average age of persons committing sexual offences was 37 years. Including incest where the average age was 41 and heterosexual offences against children under 12 years with an average age of 40. Similarly, the average age of persons committing financial crimes was higher. The average age of persons having committed fraud against creditors, gross tax fraud, etc. or offences against legislation relating to taxation and excise duties ranged between 40 and 45 years.

Almost every second person sentenced to prison has previously received a prison sentence
Approximately 23,000 of the persons sentenced to prison in 2003, 45 per cent had previously received a prison sentence within the last 5 years. Of the little more than 9,300 persons previously sentenced to prison in 2003, two thirds had previously received a prison sentence within the last two years.

Victims of criminal offences against the Penal Code
In 2003, 90 per cent of all victims of sexual offences were women, while nearly all sexual offences were committed by men. In contrast, 2/3 of all victims were men, but also here 90 per cent of the offences were committed by men.

The average age of the female victims of sexual offences was 20 years, and 14 per cent were under 10 years. The average age of victims of violence was older. Male victims was 30 years and female victims was 32 years. Only 1 per cent of the victims were either under 10 years or over 70 years. The victims of pick-pocketing were generally elderly people.

Figure 18 **Victims of violations against the Penal Code 2003**

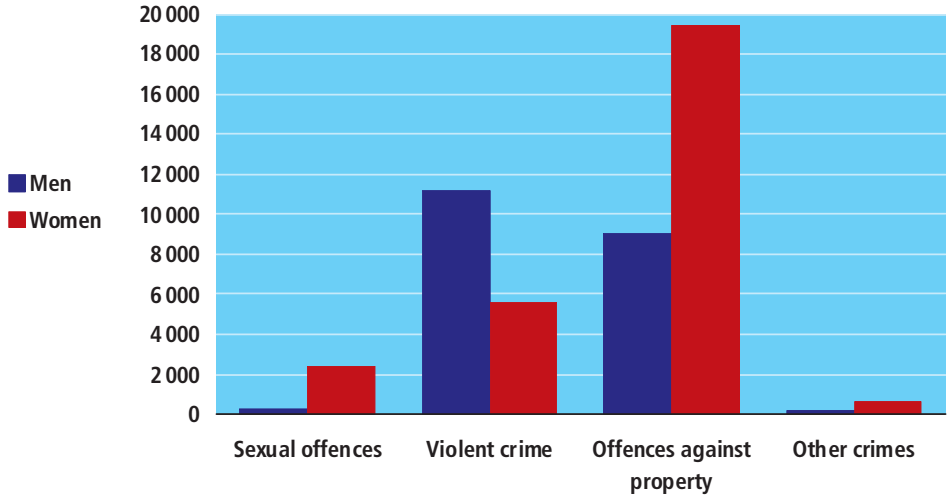


Table 169 Welfare institutions for children and young people 2003

	Number of institutions	Number of clients	Staff[1]
Total	**8 189**	**650 999**	**108 517**
Day care institutions	**7 825**	**635 174**	**97 522**
Day-care	•	70 835	22 006
Nurseries	539	18 995	6 811
Kindergartens	2 556	127 761	21 182
Age-integrated institutions	1 811	125 759	24 189
Outside school hours care	1 781	187 047	15 084
Recreation centres	450	34 932	4 255
Clubs	654	69 209	3 932
Playgroups	34	636	63
Other measures for children and young people	**364**	**15 825**	**10 995**
Special day-care institutions and clubs	86	1 522	957
Residential institutions	228	5 100[2]	7 874
Advisory for children and young people (§34 in Act on Social Service)	. . .	3 503	. . .
Family centres	. . .	4 042[3]	. . .
Preventive measures for children and young people	. . .	. . .	2 164[4]
Foster families and places of residence for children and young people	11 826[5]	22 224[6]	. . .

Note. The data relates to March 2003. Due to seasonal changes the figures can not be compared to the table "Child care".

[1] Converted to full-time employees, 37 hours per week. [2] Of whom 662 day users. [3] Number of families. [4] Including family centres. [5] Number of authorized foster families, etc. [6] Maximum number of children.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/05

Table 170 Welfare institutions and services for adults and elderly people 2003

	Number of institutions	Number of clients		Staff[1]
		Users	Residents	
Measures for adults and elderly people	**2 327**	**326 546**	**108 956**	**131 327**
Measures for elderly people etc.	•	•	•	99 006[2]
Permanent home help	•	200 047[3]	. . .	. . .
Residential nursing homes	575	6 935	20 885	. . .
Protected dwellings	139	•	3 413	. . .
Dwellings for elderly people	•	•	47 278	. . .
Non-subsidized nursing dwellings	•	•	80	. . .
Other dwellings for elderly people	•	•	17 559	. . .
Day-care centres	668	47 017	•	. . .
Socio-pedagogical assistance and treatment schemes	•	14 204	•	. . .
Institutions for drug addicts	49	7 046	405	933
Residence schemes for people with special needs	•	352	5 897	3 597
Residence schemes for disabled people	442	597	11 080	16 915
Reception centres, etc.	103	1 028	2 359	1 949
Rehabilitation institutions	351	23 073	•	6 708
Rehabilitation etc. outside institutions	•	15 276	•	. . .
Contact persons and companion schemes	•	10 971	•	1 137
Disability	•	•	•	147
Advisory	•	•	•	935[4]

[1] Converted to full-time employees, 37 hours per week. [2] Includes staff in integrated schemes, homehelp, district nurses, nursing homes, protected dwellings, accommodation for the elderly, day-care centres, preventative care at home, and general care, social education assistance and other treatment schemes. [3] Number of people receiving home help also includes those receiving 24-hour care. [4] Including staff at advisory and disability centres.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/05

Table 171 Social welfare expenditure 2003

	Expenditure		
	In cash	In kind[1]	Total
	DKK mio.		
Benefits analysed by purpose			
Social protection expenditure, total	**258 042**	**162 083**	**432 589**
Administration[2]	•	•	**12 464**
Sickness	**14 131**	**71 994**	**86 125**
Sick day benefits paid by employers	3 203	-	3 203
Sick day benefits paid by municipalities	10 528	-	10 528
Health insurance schemes	-	11 744	11 744
Hospitals and health authorities	-	52 330	52 330
Pharmaceutical products	-	6 346	6 346
Other	400	1 574	1 974
Disabilities and handicaps	**38 991**	**17 599**	**56 590**
Early retirement pension	25 546	-	25 546
Other	13 445	17 599	31 044
Old age	**130 481**	**25 787**	**156 268**
Old age, early retirement, and partial pensions	70 231	-	70 231
Early retirement pay etc.	24 806	-	24 806
Labour market supplementary pension and SP	4 739	-	4 739
Civil servants earned pensions[3]	16 965	-	16 965
Labour market pensions[4]	13 712	-	13 712
Residential institutions for pensioners and home help, etc.[5]	28	25 787	25 815
Survivors	**1**	**141**	**142**
Families and children	**22 795**	**32 821**	**55 616**
Benefits received during pregnancy and in connection with childbirth	7 748	-	7 748
Parental leave	489	-	489
Family/young persons' allowance and child cheque	14 332	-	14 332
Advance payments of child maintenance	226	-	226
Day institutions, day care	-	22 775	22 775
Residential institutions	-	10 027	10 027
Other	-	19	19
Unemployment	**39 858**	**1 479**	**41 337**
Unemployment benefit	22 225	-	22 225
Educational leave	-	-	-
Activation	17 633	1 479	19 112
Housing	**-**	**9 747**	**9 747**
Rent subsidies	-	2 267	2 267
Pensioners' rent subsidies	-	7 477	7 477
Other	-	3	3
Other social protection benefits	**11 785**	**2 515**	**14 300**
Social assistance	9 171	-	9 171
Danish Employees' Guarantee Fund	396	-	396
Other	2 218	2 515	4 733
Social protection benefits, total	**258 042**	**162 083**	**420 125**

Note. Social expenditure is calculated according to a system for comparison of social expenditure between EU countries.

[1] According to EUROSTAT's definition a benefit in kind is a social security benefit allotted as goods or services – a benefit in kind may be allotted directly or as cash payment, i.e. reimbursement against documentation of the actual expenses. [2] Administration expenditure is separated from current expenditure as far as possible, and gathered as one item.[3] Includes state and municipality civil servant pensions and state supplementary payments to retiring civil servants. [4] I.e. pension funds and life insurance companies under the Danish Financial Supervisory Authority. [5] Including care and home help for pensioners.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/udg1

Table 172 Cash rates for social security benefits

	1/1 2003	1/10 2004
Family allowances	DKK/quarter	
Ordinary, maximum per child	1 010	1 039
Special; orphans	5 154	5 304
Special; children of widows/ widowers, etc.	2 577	2 652
Extra; maximum per family	1 027	1 057
Multiple births benefits	1 662	1 710
Family-allowance, per child 0-2 years	3 225	3 325
Family-allowance, per child 3-6 years	2 925	3 000
Family allowance, per child 7-17 years	2 300	2 350
Child maintenance	DKK/year	
Payable by the father or the mother	11 640	11 976
Daily benefits	DKK/week (7 days)	
Sickness, childbirth, adoption, max.	3 113	3 203
	DKK/week (5 days)	
Unemployment benefit, maximum		
Full-time insured	3 115	3 205
Part-time insured	2 075	2 135
First job seekers, full-time	2 555	2 630
Early retirement pay[2]	DKK/year	
Up to 2½ years, max.	161 980	166 660
Next 2 years, max.	132 860	136 760
The new early retirement pay (for persons born after 1.7.1939)	DKK/year	
Start at age 60 = 91% of the maximum day benefit amount	147 420	151 580
Start at age 62 = maximum day benefit amount	161 980	166 660
Social pensions	DKK/month	
Married couple, both pensioners, benefit to each spouse:		
Basic payment, maximum	4 517	4 648
Pension supplement, maximum	2 122	2 184
Disability amount	1 872	1 926
Work incapacity amount when both are entitled	2 194	2 258
Single or married persons when only one spouse is a pensioner:		
Basic payment, maximum	4 517	4 648
Pension supplement, maximum	2 122	2 184
Pension supplement, single in reality	4 547	4 679
Disability amount	2 197	2 261
Work incapacity amount	3 033	2 131
Partial pension, maximum	7 474	7 690
Total pension benefit, maximum		
Maximum early retirement pension:		
Married couple, both entitled, benefit to each spouse	10 705	11 016
Others	14 294	14 709
Old-age pension benefit.		
Married couple, both entitled, benefit to each spouse	6 639	6 832
Others	9 064	9 327
Funeral help	DKK	
Funeral assistance, section 16 (maximum)	7 850	8 100
Persons under 18 years (maximum)	6 550	6 750

[1] Daily cash benefits amount to 90 pct. of the previous salary or income, but up to a maximum of the amount stated. [2] Early retirement pay to 60-66 year-olds is calculated in the same way as daily cash benefits during unemployment, but is reduced as stated. The first period includes any previous unemployment.

Source: Ministry of Social Affairs.

Table 173 Transfer payments 2003

	18-24 years	25-39 years	40-59 years	60-66 years	67 years +	Total	Average amount paid
	number of persons						DKK
Total	**122 844**	**514 820**	**557 304**	**290 599**	**757 315**	**2 242 882**[1]	**79 434**
Men	64 604	227 245	266 224	132 417	317 357	1 007 847	73 753
Women	58 240	287 575	291 080	158 182	439 958	1 235 035	84 070
	per cent						
Per cent of the population in the age group	29.9	44.2	36.7	72.0	100.0	52.8	•

[1] Incl. 21.192 persons receiving unknown amounts or no payments at all who are not included in calculations of the average amount paid.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/sam1

Table 174 Transfer payments by type of benefit 2003

	18-24 years	25-39 years	40-59 years	60-66 years	67 years+	Total
	number of whole-year recipients					
Total	**48 951**	**252 342**	**329 921**	**259 676**	**728 781**	**1 619 672**
Principal benefit:						
Temporary, total	**45 392**	**222 616**	**173 403**	**14 352**	**1 286**	**457 049**
Unemployment benefit	7 355	58 861	70 333	8 615	1	145 165
Sickness benefit	3 013	21 153	39 895	3 245	66	67 372
Maternity benefit	2 687	47 369	2 323	3	•	52 382
Cash benefit	14 830	45 229	30 449	1 828	1 209	93 544
Rehabilitation	3 155	14 308	6 819	34	•	24 316
Local government employment scheme	13 736	20 964	11 590	372	10	46 672
Activation from Public Employment Service	443	9 486	7 684	154	0	17 767
Leave benefits	88	3 930	796	0	•	4 814
Unemployment allowance	86	1 315	3 514	101	1	5 017
Permanent, total	**3 560**	**29 726**	**156 518**	**245 324**	**727 495**	**1 162 623**
Old-age pension	•	•	•	•	709 904	709 904
Early retirement pension	3 560	29 726	147 291	79 242	5 545	265 363
Early retirement pay/ transitional allowances	•	•	9 227	166 082	12 047	187 356
	per cent					
Per cent of the population in the agegroup	11.9	21.7	21.7	64.4	97.4	38.1

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/sam7

Table 175 Advance payments of child maintenance

	Children total[1]		Number of parents entitled to benefits		Disbursed by local government		Received by local authorities from persons liable to pay child maintenance		Local authorities claims out-standing at end of year[2]	
	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003
	number				DKK mio.					
All Denmark	**166 915**	**169 076**	**113 468**	**114 333**	**1 676.4**	**1 734.2**	**1 512.6**	**1 611.9**	**3 344.0**	**3 365.9**
Copenhagen Municipality	13 959	14 074	9 769	9 755	142.3	146.0	165.8	173.0	439.9	452.6
Frederiksberg Municipality	1 802	1 801	1 317	1 321	18.3	19.1	20.3	21.1	66.0	64.1
Copenhagen County	19 039	18 990	13 359	13 303	193.2	196.9	169.3	173.6	350.2	336.5
Frederiksborg County	10 194	10 374	7 184	7 273	103.3	109.6	87.6	94.4	188.3	182.8
Roskilde County	7 542	7 595	5 062	5 224	73.8	78.0	59.7	67.7	98.7	113.0
West Zealand County	11 726	12 034	7 994	8 095	116.7	122.7	103.8	117.0	205.0	214.5
Storstrøm County	10 399	10 787	7 082	7 249	102.4	107.5	96.1	103.3	183.1	184.9
Bornholm Municipality	1 803	1 722	1 217	1 188	17.7	18.3	14.9	15.4	32.7	31.9
Funen County	15 918	15 914	10 810	10 728	166.9	162.8	141.9	144.5	317.5	323.8
South Jutland County	8 398	8 548	5 471	5 562	82.5	85.9	69.5	76.5	157.1	154.7
Ribe County	6 472	6 569	4 271	4 313	64.5	67.9	56.3	61.7	139.4	132.4
Vejle County	10 838	10 970	7 277	7 360	108.4	110.0	100.6	101.9	211.8	210.1
Ringkøbing County	7 308	7 612	4 854	4 977	73.1	77.1	67.3	71.9	115.9	118.4
Aarhus County	18 922	19 250	12 645	12 767	189.8	198.2	163.7	176.9	463.6	465.0
Viborg County	7 059	7 240	4 680	4 748	69.1	74.4	59.1	66.8	110.1	110.3
North Jutland County	15 536	15 596	10 476	10 470	154.4	159.7	136.7	146.2	264.7	271.0

[1] Age at end of year. [2] In addition to advance payments of child maintenance, claims outstanding at the end of the year also include other types of payment (e.g. alimony and education payments) as these amounts cannot be separated.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/bidrag1 and bidrag2

Table 176 Children and young persons receiving assistance under the Social Assistance Act 2003

Per 31 December	Number by age group 0-6 years	7-14 years	15-17 years	18 years +	Males	Females	Total
Total number receiving assistance, (net)	**3 651**	**12 844**	**9 338**	**2 458**	**16 176**	**12 115**	**28 291**
Placement outside home	**1 700**	**6 215**	**4 680**	**1 536**	**7 933**	**6 198**	**14 131**
By warranty:							
With consent	1 328	5 554	4 495	1 512	7 310	5 579	12 889
Without consent	372	660	182	23	620	617	1 237
Temporary placement	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Prolonging of placement period	-	1	3	1	3	2	5
By kind of place:							
Private family	1 360	3 383	1 296	392	3 467	2 964	6 431
Residential institution	289	1 679	1 059	327	1 990	1 364	3 354
Socio-educational residence	50	951	1 158	381	1 566	974	2 540
Boarding school, etc.	1	193	671	106	534	437	971
Own room, etc.	-	8	463	324	340	455	795
Other[1] and not stated	-	1	33	6	36	4	40
Preventive measures	**1 959**	**6 727**	**4 916**	**1 014**	**8 497**	**6 119**	**14 616**
Appointment of personal adviser	25	366	407	207	606	399	1 005
Permanent contact person	53	995	1 093	424	1 626	939	2 565
Relief stays for children/young people with residence at home	1 887	5 067	747	65	4 513	3 253	7 766
Economical support for stays at boarding school, etc.	4	412	2 662	108	1 660	1 526	3 186
Arrangement for a trainee period	1	64	327	37	315	114	429
Establishment of a phasing-out plan in the care facility	-	-	8	226	134	100	234

[1] In a hospital or placed on board a ship (skibsprojekt).

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/bis2 and bis9

Table 177 Family allowances 4th quarter 2004

	Number of families	Number of children	Payments in DKK thousands	Average payments per family in DKK
Family allowances, total[1]	**676 217**	**1 186 734**	**3 630 090**	**5 368**
Family allowances, all families	676 137[2]	1 186 734	3 139 695	4 644
Ordinary family allowances	122 037	187 696	195 000	1 598
Additional family allowances	119 980	•	126 819	1 057
Special family allowances	36 729	49 530	141 538[3]	3 854
Multiple birth family allowances	8 946	17 306	27 039	3 022

[1] Total number of families and children has been calculated net, i.e. as the number who received one or more types of allowance. [2] The lower total number of family allowances is because some persons receiving benefits are not liable to pay taxes, because they live abroad, or, if the recipient is the father, he must apply. [3] The higher total is caused by a new supplement to special family allowances, basic amount and a special family allowance to parents who are following a course of education. Introduced per January 2001.

For further information visit www.statbank./bts4, bts5 and bts6

Table 178 Maternity and paternity leave in 2003-2004 shared between the father and mother - children born in 2003

	Number of children, total	Average number of days per child		
		Father's leave	Mother's leave	Total leave
All children	**49 818**	**19**	**278**	**297**
0-2 weeks per child	2 906	13	0	13
3-16 weeks per child	1 136	44	16	60
17-30 weeks per child	3 137	21	161	182
31-40 weeks per child	5 938	24	228	252
41-47 weeks per child	13 131	10	307	317
48 weeks per child	14 558	21	314	335
49-78 weeks per child	8 655	22	368	390
79 weeks + per child	357	36	573	609

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/ 05

Table 179 Child care 2004

	Number by age group					Number per 100 in the respective age groups				
	0-2 years	3-5 years	6-9 years	10-13 years	Total[1]	0-2 years	3-5 years	6-9 years	10-13 years	Total
Total	**115 066**	**190 539**	**220 246**	**26 567**	**552 418**	**59.3**	**94.3**	**78.9**	**9.6**	**58.0**
Day-care	63 816	1 582	. .	. .	65 398	32.9	0.8	. .	. .	6.9
Nurseries	17 544	409	. .	. .	17 953	9.0	0.2	. .	. .	1.9
Kindergartens	3 598	105 747	2 909	. .	112 254	1.9	52.3	1.0	. .	11.8
Age-integrated institutions	30 108	72 118	17 901	2 558	122 685	15.5	35.7	6.4	0.9	12.9
Outside school-hours care	. .	9 310	169 982	19 832	199 124	. .	4.6	60.9	7.2	20.9
Recreation centres	. .	1 373	29 454	4 177	35 004	. .	0.7	10.6	1.5	3.7

Note. The data relates to September 2004. Due to seasonal changes the figures can not be compared to the table "Welfare institutions for children and young people".

[1] Not included are 1.815 children older than 13 years.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/pas1

Table 180 Measures for elderly people 2004

	Number by age group					Number per 100 persons in the respective age groups				
	Under 67 years	67-79 years	80-89 years	90 years +	Total	Under 67 years[1]	67-79 years	80-89 years	90 years +	Total
Total	**8 253**	**18 676**	**30 761**	**13 966**	**71 656**	**0.5**	**3.9**	**16.7**	**41.1**	**3.2**
Nursing homes	1 858	4 450	9 223	5 434	20 965	0.1	0.9	5.0	16.0	0.9
Protected dwellings	486	800	1 438	689	3 413	-	0.2	0.8	2.0	0.2
Dwellings for elderly persons	5 909	13 426	20 100	7 843	47 278	0.4	2.8	10.9	23.1	2.1

[1] Calculated for the 45-66 year age group.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/res6b

Table 181 Persons receiving cash benefits under the Social Assistance Act 2003

	Age of recipient[1]					Marital status			Total persons
	Under 18 years	18-24 years	25-39 years	40-67 years	68 years +	Co-habiting spouses	Other[2]	Of whom single women with children	incl. not known
	number of persons								
Recipients of cash benefits total, net[3]	**24 746**	**61 243**	**129 290**	**90 065**	**1 349**	**85 662**	**221 031**	**40 579**	**310 945**
Maintenance benefits, total	**374**	**39 320**	**77 440**	**50 630**	**1 097**	**34 108**	**134 753**	**24 588**	**171 444**
Maintenance benefits, breadwinners	106	8 450	50 423	26 929	6	27 052	58 862	3 252	87 118
Maintenance benefits, non-breadwinners	36	3 690	28 069	24 380	70	6 719	49 526	11 751	57 216
Maintenance benefits, persons without social pension or refugees[4]	1	17	56	498	1 060	790	842	627	1 800
Assistance for young people	97	31 206	2 630	72	1	576	33 430	10 002	34 354
Special assistance	3	217	7 995	10 812	4	1 504	17 527	5 229	19 262
Assistance to refugees	172	46	11	7	•	12	224	18	242
Rehabilitation, etc., total	**102**	**8 700**	**32 535**	**22 835**	**12**	**19 747**	**44 437**	**9 362**	**64 521**
Rehabilitation benefits	8	2 687	17 957	8 897	•	9 077	20 472	3 856	29 654
Rehabilitation connected to enterprise-rehabilitation	2	406	2 368	1 868	•	1 596	3 048	523	4 660
Support for special expenditure and extra costs of accommodation during rehabilitation	67	6 051	21 802	14 584	3	12 921	29 586	6 553	42 683
Cash benefits during pre-rehabilitation	9	3 472	5 037	2 528	•	1 738	9 308	2 313	11 103
Pay subsidies in training or education	9	225	1 444	1 084	2	971	1 793	294	2 789
Wage supplement connected to enterprise-rehabilitation	5	332	2 156	1 754	•	1 532	2 715	391	4 276
Subsidies for own enterprise	•	1	25	24	•	24	26	3	50
Subsidies for tools and equipment	2	243	1 398	2 158	7	1 693	2 115	443	3 829
Assistance to refugees	2	3	2	2	•	0	9	3	10
Activated recipients of cash benefits, total	**223**	**35 325**	**46 004**	**23 457**	**21**	**17 867**	**87 163**	**15 468**	**106 162**
Specific benefits, total	**24 214**	**17 231**	**44 278**	**33 823**	**508**	**37 611**	**82 443**	**14 724**	**121 653**
Assistance for expenses in connection with parents' visiting rights, etc.	103	166	1 869	1 378	7	275	3 248	440	3 554
Assistance for medical treatment, etc.	295	6 475	15 047	13 784	279	6 479	29 401	7 657	36 332
Assistance for individual expenses	176	11 542	23 487	14 493	93	5 377	44 414	7 771	50 714
Benefits for children with reduced abilities	23 457	1 067	2 618	2 421	29	17 257	12 335	592	29 812
Assistance for adults with reduced abilities	45	1 036	1 539	1 468	68	1 139	3 017	987	4 237
Lost income due to care for children with reduced abilities	814	137	7 815	5 693	2	9 836	4 625	116	14 515
Assistance for surviving dependants	•	2	40	696	98	3	833	551	852
Special assistance for refugees	131	31	46	35	•	132	111	14	249

[1] Age at 31 December in the year of measurement. [2] Includes all persons who are not married, i.e. single persons, cohabiting couples, couples living in consensual union, and children under 18 not living at home. [3] The figure is less than the sum of individual benefits as the same person can receive several benefits.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/kh1r

Table 182 Persons receiving benefits 2003

	Number of recipients	All-year recipients	Average number of months receiving assistance per recipient	Average benefits paid per month	Benefits, total
	persons		months	DKK	DKK mio.
Financial assistance	**252 604**	**158 012**	**7.5**	**9 807**	**18 736**
Maintenance assistance, etc.	**171 444**	**85 852**	**6.0**	**8 928**	**9 198**
Of which: Maintenance, breadwinners	87 118	47 411	6.5	10 336	5 881
Maintenance, non-breadwinners	57 216	26 818	5.6	7 913	2 547
Maintenance, young people	34 354	9 659	3.4	4 513	523
Education assistance, etc.	**64 521**	**32 341**	**6.0**	**12 308**	**4 777**
Rehabilitation benefits	34 314	20 353	7.1	12 545	3 064
Recipients of cash benefits participating in training programmes	**106 162**	**47 106**	**5.3**	**8 425**	**2 044**

Note. Assistance includes maintenance, etc., education grants, etc., and cash benefits recipients in activation.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/kh1r

Table 183 Rent subsidies 2004

	Number of households receiving rent subsidy	Rent subsidies paid	Rent subsidy paid per household
	number	DKK thousands	DKK
Rent subsidies, total	**532 657**	**870 866**	**1 635**
Rent subsidies to non-pensioners	**201 840**	**214 516**	**1 063**
Ordinary	199 595	212 283	1 064
Re-housing / improvements	2 161	2 139	990
Collective housing	84	93	1 113
Rent subsidies to pensioners	**324 853**	**648 654**	**1 997**
Tenants, total	294 668	617 750	2 096
Ordinary flats	244 848	473 697	1 935
Old peoples' housing	49 820	144 053	2 891
Owner-occupiers	2 038	2 750	1 349
Occupants in flats jointly owned by the occupants	27 185	26 672	981
Collective housing	962	1 483	1 542
Rent subsidy to new early retirement pensioners[1]	**5 964**	**7 696**	**1 290**

1 New type of rent subsidy, which comprises early retirement pensioners and persons with serious physical handicap, who are new recipients of rent subsidy after the early retirement pension reform as of January 2003.

For further information visit www.Statbank.dk/10

Table 184 National Health Service 2003

	Number of national health benefits					Number of recipients					Expen-diture[1]
	0-14 years	15-29 years	30-59 years	60 years+	Total	0-14 years	15-29 years	30-59 years	60 years+	Total	
	benefits in thousands					persons in thousands					DKK mio.
Total	**8 436.8**	**11 193.4**	**38 498.4**	**30 709.4**	**88 837.9**	**839.4**	**846.1**	**2 197.1**	**1 109.3**	**4 991.9**	**7 955.8**
Men	4 388.6	3 652.6	15 153.3	12 418.8	35 613.2	428.8	402.9	1 077.2	489.0	2 397.9	3 228.8
Women	4 048.2	7 540.8	23 345.1	18 290.6	53 224.7	410.6	443.1	1 119.9	620.3	2 593.9	4 727.0
General medical care, total	**6 560.1**	**7 060.4**	**19 966.1**	**18 672.1**	**52 258.7**	**822.4**	**783.1**	**1 936.8**	**1 037.8**	**4 580.2**	**3 777.4**
Men	3 362.9	2 027.1	7 390.5	7 524.4	20 304.9	420.0	352.3	893.3	449.5	2 115.2	1 511.5
Women	3 197.2	5 033.3	12 575.6	11 147.7	31 953.8	402.4	430.8	1 043.5	588.3	2 465.0	2 266.0
Special medical care, total	**1 506.7**	**1 042.3**	**3 601.6**	**2 707.7**	**8 858.3**	**267.3**	**200.9**	**631.2**	**473.7**	**1 573.1**	**1 922.1**
Men	826.8	357.5	1 250.6	1 031.7	3 466.5	140.2	79.2	248.4	191.4	659.2	761.2
Women	679.9	684.9	2 351.0	1 676.0	5 391.8	127.1	121.7	382.8	282.3	913.9	1 160.9
Dental care, total[2]	**-**	**1 836.7**	**8 966.6**	**4 070.9**	**14 874.2**	**-**	**425.9**	**1 639.2**	**646.1**	**2 711.2**	**1 136.2**
Men	-	831.6	4 269.0	1 896.1	6 996.8	-	190.4	772.1	295.5	1 258.0	538.1
Women	-	1 005.1	4 697.6	2 174.8	7 877.5	-	235.5	867.1	350.6	1 453.2	598.1
Other benefits, total[3]	**370.1**	**1 253.9**	**5 964.1**	**5 258.7**	**12 846.8**	**46.4**	**146.1**	**517.9**	**303.4**	**1 013.8**	**1 120.1**
Men	198.9	436.4	2 243.3	1 966.6	4 845.1	23.9	52.3	214.9	120.6	411.7	418.1
Women	171.2	817.6	3 720.9	3 292.1	8 001.6	22.5	93.8	303.0	182.8	602.1	702.1

Note. The number of recipients is net, i.e. the number of persons who have received one or more benefits. A visit by a doctor, etc., can include several single benefits (examination, blood test, immunization, etc.).

[1] Excluding basic payment for general medical care (DKK 2,035 mio.), expenditure on pharmaceutical products (DKK 6,063 mio.), and expenditure on travel health insurances, glasses, etc. If these expenditures, which cannot be analysed by recipients, are included, the total expenditure on the National Health Service is DKK 16,068 mio. [2] Persons below 18 years are secured by the public children and youth dental care system and are therefore not included in this table. [3] Chiropractor, physiotherapist, chiropodist, laboratory, etc.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/syg1a, syg31a and syg41a

Table 185 Benefits during sickness or in connection with childbirth 2004

	Expenditure, total[1]	Weeks in which benefits were received[2]	Men	Women	Total
	DKK mio.	thousands	number of persons[3]		
Total	**19 780**	**6 727**	**254 530**	**324 081**	**578 611**
Sick-day benefits, total	11 418	3 872	214 307	235 760	450 067
Employees, total	10 726	3 601	191 136	224 871	416 007
First 2 weeks[4]	1 112	315	116 778	116 913	233 691
After 2 weeks	9 614	3 287	114 841	151 542	266 383
Self-employed, total	691	271	23 716	11 313	35 029
First 2 weeks	184	61	19 546	9 337	28 883
After 2 weeks	507	209	13 849	5 754	19 603
Pregnancy, birth or adoption, total	8 362	2 855	46 447	100 459	146 906
Pregnancy	1 229	399	•	58 731	58 731
Birth, adoption	7 133	2 455	46 447	94 703	141 150

[1] Includes all payments in the year, i.e. both closed cases and cases in progress at the end of the year. [2] A benefits week covers payment to one person for seven calendar days, irrespective of the number of working days. [3] The number of persons is calculated net, i.e. a person transferring from one type of absence to another within a group is only counted once. Persons, who have received sick-day and birth benefits, are counted twice [4] Cases where the public sector has taken over the obligations of the employer to pay sickness benefit. In other cases the employer must pay sickness benefit (the employer period) for the first two weeks.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/socdag and socdag1

Table 186 Recipients of old age pensions 2004

Per 1 January	Basic payment			Total
	Full amount	Reduced amount	No amount	
	number of persons			
Recipients, total	**688 349**	**26 508**	**2 368**	**717 225**
67-69 years	127 704	7 402	519	135 625
70-79 years	343 895	15 229	1 027	360 151
80-89 years	183 247	3 575	685	187 507
90 years +	33 503	302	137	33 942
Men, total	**285 569**	**13 907**	**1 188**	**300 664**
67-69 years	60 154	4 311	347	64 812
70-79 years	152 410	7 909	510	160 829
80-89 years	64 834	1 590	279	66 703
90 years +	8 171	97	52	8 320
Women, total	**402 780**	**12 601**	**1 180**	**416 561**
67-69 years	67 550	3 091	172	70 813
70-79 years	191 485	7 320	517	199 322
80-89 years	118 413	1 985	406	120 804
90 years +	25 332	205	85	25 622

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/pen1, pen2 and pen3

Table 187 Recipients of early retirement pensions 2004

Per 1 January	Early retirement pensions				Total
	Highest	Intermediate	Ordinary/ increased	New early retirement	
	number of recipients				
Recipients, total	**64 452**	**118 298**	**68 563**	**8 568**	**259 881**
18-29 years	4 280	3 473	389	845	8 987
30-39 years	8 844	10 704	3 253	1 177	23 978
40-49 years	14 329	23 591	11 689	2 123	51 732
50-54 years	9 911	18 890	9 928	1 577	40 306
55-59 years	12 724	26 784	14 386	2 052	55 946
60-66 years	14 364	34 856	28 918	794	78 932
Men, total	**34 457**	**52 624**	**24 419**	**4 109**	**115 609**
18-29 years	2 474	1 989	240	482	5 185
30-39 years	5 072	5 420	1 668	534	12 694
40-49 years	7 666	10 670	5 403	964	24 703
50-54 years	5 085	7 964	4 074	742	17 865
55-59 years	6 634	11 266	5 107	976	23 983
60-66 years	7 526	15 315	7 927	411	31 179
Women, total	**29 995**	**65 674**	**44 144**	**4 459**	**144 272**
18-29 years	1 806	1 484	149	363	3 802
30-39 years	3 772	5 284	1 585	643	11 284
40-49 years	6 663	12 921	6 286	1 159	27 029
50-54 years	4 826	10 926	5 854	835	22 441
55-59 years	6 090	15 518	9 279	1 076	31 963
60-66 years	6 838	19 541	20 991	383	47 753

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/pen1, pen2 and pen3

Table 188 Payments of old age pensions and early retirement pensions January 2004

	Recipients					Amounts paid total	Average monthly amount paid per recipient				
	Old age pension	Highest/-inter-mediate early retirement pension	Ordinary/ incresed ordinary early retirement pension	New scheme for early retirement pension	Total		Old age pension	Highest/-inter-mediate early retirement pension	Ordinary/ incresed ordinary early retirement pension	New scheme for early retirement pension	Total
	number of recipients					DKK mio.	DKK				
Total	**717 225**	**182 750**	**68 563**	**8 568**	**977 106**	**7 935.8**	**7 313**	**10 930**	**8 656**	**11 677**	**8 122**
Men	300 664	87 081	24 419	4 109	416 273	3 279.6	6 763	11 219	9 019	11 944	7 878
Women	416 561	95 669	44 144	4 459	560 833	4 656.3	7 710	10 666	8 456	11 431	8 302
By type of amount paid											
Basic pension payment											
Total	714 857	179 821	68 157	8 501	971 336	4 479.6	4 554	4 544	4 499	11 769	4 612
Full	688 349	168 956	62 883	3 169	923 357	4 321.1	4 648	4 648	4 648	13 892	4 680
Reduced	26 508	10 865	5 274	5 332	47 979	158.6	2 124	2 935	2 726	10 508	3 305
No payment	2 368	2 929	406	67	5 770	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pension supplement for single persons:											
Total	343 159	99 362	36 134	-	478 655	2 011.8	4 117	4 423	4 417	-	4 203
Full	242 373	85 572	30 928	-	358 873	1 679.2	4 679	4 679	4 679	-	4 679
Reduced	100 786	13 790	5 206	-	119 782	332.6	2 765	2 832	2 861	-	2 777
No payment	20 897	1 798	432	3 778	26 905	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pension supplements for others:											
Total	292 508	57 830	26 474	-	376 812	736.2	1 944	1 988	1 987	-	1 954
Full	191 574	34 194	17 945	-	243 713	532.3	2 184	2 184	2 184	-	2 184
Reduced	100 934	23 636	8 529	-	133 099	204.0	1 489	1 704	1 574	-	1 532
No payment	60 661	23 760	5 523	4 790	94 734	-	-	-	-	-	-
Married couple's supplement	46	110	1	-	157	0.1	616	616	616	-	616
Assistance or nursing supplement	2 442	7 206	5	-	9 653	28.2	2 724	2 985	2 067	-	2 918
Disability supplement	23	-	-	-	23	-	501	-	-	-	501
Temporary supplement	3 046	-	-	-	3 046	1.1	349	-	-	-	349
Disability amount	-	182 459	-	-	182 459	405.1	-	2 221	-	-	2 221
Work incapacity amount	-	64 512	-	-	64 512	199.1	-	3 086	-	-	3 086
Early retirement amount	-	-	64 710	-	64 710	74.1	-	-	1 153	-	1 153

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/pen1, pen2 and pen3

Table 189 Recipients of partial pensions by economic activity status 2004

	Men			Women			Men and women, total
	Self-employed	Salaried employees[1]	Total	Self-employed	Salaried employees[1]	Total	
	number of persons						
Total	**381**	**605**	**986**	**112**	**100**	**212**	**1 198**
Agriculture, fishing and forestry	324	25	349	95	23	118	467
Manufacturing, trade and industry etc.	20	44	64	1	5	6	70
Construction	1	1	2	-	1	1	3
Wholesale and retail trade, financing and insurance	8	25	33	3	6	9	42
Transport, postal services and telecommunications	5	52	57	5	5	10	67
Social and health services, the professions	6	178	184	3	32	35	219
Other services	16	257	273	4	26	30	303
Not known	1	23	24	1	2	3	27

[1] Including: Civil/public servants, skilled workers, unskilled workers, recipients of early retirement pay, and unknown.

Table 190 Petitions for early retirement pensions 2002

	Petitions, total[1]	Early-retirement pensions awarded						Petition rejected	
		Highest	Inter-mediate	Ordinary and increased ordinary		Disability benefit	Total	Total	in per cent of petitions
				on account of the health	on account of the need				
		number of persons							per cent
Total	**33 050**	**2 879**	**9 915**	**1 894**	**2 005**	**548**	**17 241**	**628**	**3.5**
Men, total	**14 967**	**1 610**	**4 730**	**755**	**922**	**269**	**8 286**	**267**	**3.1**
Under 20 years	298	135	90	1	1	32	259	12	4.4
20-29 years	950	104	425	24	16	31	600	19	3.1
30-39 years	2 201	154	853	96	169	53	1 325	65	4.7
40-49 years	4 130	359	1 372	196	334	64	2 325	83	3.4
50-59 years	5 912	838	1 762	243	295	82	3 220	72	2.2
60-66 years	1 476	20	228	195	107	7	557	16	2.8
Not stated	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Women, total	**18 083**	**1 269**	**5 185**	**1 139**	**1 083**	**279**	**8 955**	**361**	**3.9**
Under 20 years	203	94	57	2	-	23	176	4	2.2
20-29 years	768	77	342	26	5	22	472	26	5.2
30-39 years	2 261	151	904	126	80	59	1 320	80	5.7
40-49 years	4 722	304	1 584	287	255	90	2 520	93	3.6
50-59 years	7 734	629	2 132	399	390	85	3 635	119	3.2
60-66 years	2 395	14	166	299	353	-	832	39	4.5
Not stated	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

[1] Incl. 33 unknown cases and 14 883 other cases.

Source: National Social Appeals Board.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/pen1, pen2 and pen3

Table 191 Pensioners with pension from Labour Market Supplementary Pension Scheme

	2003	2004
	DKK mio.	
Benefits	**4 567**	**5 121**
	number	
With own pension, total	**505 600**	**541 100**
Men	256 250	271 900
Annual pension under DKK 2,000	6 900	6 900
DKK 2,000-3,999	22 900	21 900
DKK 4,000 +	226 450	243 100
Women	249 350	269 200
Annual pension under DKK 2,000	21 800	21 600
DKK 2,000-3,999	58 500	58 000
DKK 4,000 +	169 050	189 600
With spouse's pension, total	**24 700**	**22 600**
Men	350	300
Women	24 350	22 300

Source: Labour Market Supplementary Pension Scheme.

Table 192 Appeals in social cases 2004

	Cases decided, total	Decisions upheld[1]	Decisions overruled[2]	Other[3]	Cases decided, total	Decisions upheld	Decisions overruled	Other
	number				per cent			
The social appeals boards in:								
All Denmark	**34 292**	**21 870**	**3 856**	**8 566**	**100.0**	**63.8**	**11.2**	**25.0**
Copenhagen and Frederiksberg Municipalities	5 118	3 119	431	1 568	100.0	60.9	8.4	30.6
Copenhagen County	3 645	2 309	438	898	100.0	63.3	12.0	24.6
Frederiksborg County	2 217	1 467	248	502	100.0	66.2	11.2	22.6
Roskilde County	1 353	869	103	381	100.0	64.2	7.6	28.2
Vestsjælland County	2 110	1 500	202	408	100.0	71.1	9.6	19.3
Storstrøm County	1 868	1 127	321	420	100.0	60.3	17.2	22.5
Bornholm Municipality	289	213	39	37	100.0	73.7	13.5	12.8
Funen County	3 466	2 344	348	774	100.0	67.6	10.0	22.3
South Jutland County	1 310	764	123	423	100.0	58.3	9.4	32.3
Ribe County	1 546	992	117	437	100.0	64.2	7.6	28.3
Vejle County	2 213	1 551	139	523	100.0	70.1	6.3	23.6
Ringkøbing County	1 468	786	253	429	100.0	53.5	17.2	29.2
Aarhus County	3 560	2 356	427	777	100.0	66.2	12.0	21.8
Viborg County	1 218	678	199	341	100.0	55.7	16.3	28.0
North Jutland County	2 911	1 795	468	648	100.0	61.7	16.1	22.3

[1] Includes cases which are confirmed. [2] Includes cases which are withdrawn or changed. [3] Includes cases which are rejected referred to another authority for new hearing, or cases which are abated during process.

Source: National Social Appeals Board.

Table 193 Hospitals 2002

	Number of hospitals	Admitted patients				Emergency patients	Outpatients[2]
		Patient days	Admissions	Beds	Bed occupancy rate[1]		
		thousands				thousands	
Total	**68**	**6 978**	**1 167**	**22 225**	**91**	**1 074**	**5 663**
General hospitals[3]	58	6 327	1 147	20 278	90	1 061	5 346
Psychiatric hospitals	10	651	20	1 947	94	13	317
All Denmark	**68**	**6 978**	**1 167**	**22 225**	**91**	**1 074**	**5 663**
Copenhagen Hospital Cooperation [4]	6	1 340	184	4 053	98	192	1 111
Copenhagen County	3	778	124	2 300	100	147	632
Frederiksborg County	1	401	70	1 239	91	78	283
Roskilde County	3	266	46	801	94	58	253
West Zealand County	1	353	59	1 130	90	65	247
Storstrøm County	6	313	55	967	91	46	213
Bornholm County	1	45	7	164	77	8	31
Funen County	2	597	106	1 872	90	88	532
South Jutland County	5	269	47	929	81	45	228
Ribe County	4	238	43	830	83	36	183
Vejle Amt	7	389	70	1 381	79	78	397
Ringkøbing County	6	272	52	877	87	17	209
Aarhus County	11	829	155	2 738	90	136	731
Viborg County	4	303	51	952	90	26	224
North Jutland County	8	584	98	1 992	84	55	391
All specialities, total	**68**	**6 978**	**1 167**	**22 225**	**91**	**1 074**	**5 663**
Medical departments, total	**. . .**	**2 858**	**457**	**8 895**	**95**	**47**	**2 325**
Dermatology and venereal diseases	. . .	36	4	129	97	-	114
Physiotherapy and rehabilitation	. . .	183	12	657	93	-	136
Other medical branches	. . .	2 639	441	8 109	96	47	2 075
Surgical departments, total	**. . .**	**2 468**	**586**	**8 367**	**83**	**983**	**2 426**
Gynaecology and obstetrics	. . .	591	190	1 540	80	3	574
Neurosurgery	. . .	70	11	228	91	-	18
Ophthalmology	. . .	19	9	100	62	-	234
ENT surgery	. . .	73	31	285	84	-	279
Other surgical specialities	. . .	1 715	345	6 214	84	980	1 321
Other general departments, total	**. . .**	**322**	**83**	**1 052**	**90**	**-**	**166**
Psychiatric departments[5], total	**. . .**	**1 330**	**41**	**3 911**	**96**	**44**	**746**

[1] Patient-days in relation to the average number of beds available. [2] In previous year the table show completed outpatient treatment. [3] General hospitals including psychiatric departments. [4] Since 1 January 1995, Copenhagen Hospital Corporation (HS) has operated Rigshospitalet and the hospitals in Copenhagen and Frederiksberg Municipalities. [5] Incl. psychiatric departments at general hospitals.

Source: National Board of Health.

Table 194 Hospitalizations at general hospitals 2003

	Men	Women	Total
	number of persons		
Total, net[1]	**257 178**	**349 480**	**606 658**
Patients with no symptoms or diseases	9 990	18 449	28 439
Infectious and parasitic diseases	11 457	11 277	22 734
Malignant neoplasm	22 018	28 754	50 772
Nutritional and metabolic diseases	8 342	11 335	19 677
Diseases of blood and blood-forming organs	4 159	5 173	9 332
Mental disorders	6 517	4 983	11 500
Diseases of the nervous system and sensory organs	14 322	14 869	29 191
Diseases of the circulatory system	47 476	39 309	86 785
Diseases of the respiratory system	32 976	29 862	62 838
Diseases of the digestive system	32 346	32 503	64 849
Diseases of the genito-urinary system	16 356	28 397	44 753
Deliveries and complications of pregnancy and childbirth	•	77 391	77 391
Diseases of the skin and subcutaneous tissue	6 569	5 650	12 219
Diseases of musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	20 465	25 213	45 678
Congenital anomalies	3 095	2 392	5 487
Certain conditions orginating in the perinatal period	277	244	521
Symptoms, signs and ill-defined conditions	56 320	62 139	118 459
Injury and poisoning	41 492	41 236	82 728

Note. Diagnoses (the S list). The table only includes persons who were in the population as at 1.1.2003. I.e. persons who were born or immigrated during the year have not been included.

[1] The figure is less than the sum of the sub categories as the same person can have been admitted with more than one diagnosis.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/pa1a

Table 195 Hospitalizations at general hospitals, by age and sex 2003

	Men			Women			Total		
	Hospitalizations	Number of persons hospitalized	Per cent of population	Hospitalizations	Number of persons hospitalized	Per cent of population	Hospitalizations	Number of persons hospitalized	Per cent of population
	number		per cent	number		per cent	number		per cent
Total	**466 368**	**257 178**	**9.7**	**571 562**	**349 480**	**12.8**	**1 037 930**	**606 658**	**11.3**
1- 4 years	27 083	17 238	12.7	18 763	12 233	9.5	45 846	29 471	11.1
5-14 years	24 561	17 382	4.9	20 193	14 020	4.2	44 754	31 402	4.6
15-24 years	22 200	16 301	5.4	36 468	26 170	9.0	58 668	42 471	7.2
25-34 years	27 919	19 832	5.3	97 460	72 460	19.7	125 379	92 292	12.5
35-44 years	41 470	26 397	6.3	65 456	45 485	11.4	106 926	71 882	8.8
45-54 years	55 183	30 912	8.3	55 187	33 013	9.1	110 370	63 925	8.7
55-64 years	82 528	41 910	11.9	69 898	38 528	11.0	152 426	80 438	11.5
65-74 years	83 720	39 199	19.0	74 177	37 781	16.4	157 897	76 980	17.7
75-84 years	75 727	35 115	28.9	85 090	43 618	24.8	160 817	78 733	26.5
85 years +	25 977	12 892	36.5	48 870	26 172	31.8	74 847	39 064	33.2

Note. The table only includes persons who were in the population as at 1.1.2003. I.e. persons who were born or immigrated during the year have not been included.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/pa1 and ud1

Table 196 Bed-days by sex and age 2003

	Men		Women		Total	
	Number of bed-days	Average number of bed-days	Number of bed-days	Average number of bed-days	Number of bed-days	Average number of bed-days
	number					
Total	**2 267 935**	**8.8**	**2 790 607**	**8.0**	**5 058 542**	**8.3**
1- 4 years	66 692	3.9	50 280	4.1	116 972	4.0
5-14 years	56 654	3.3	49 396	3.5	106 050	3.4
15-24 years	65 185	4.0	98 500	3.8	163 685	3.9
25-34 years	88 781	4.5	297 193	4.1	385 974	4.2
35-44 years	149 923	5.7	209 040	4.6	358 963	5.0
45-54 years	241 201	7.8	224 345	6.8	465 546	7.3
55-64 years	422 131	10.1	350 200	9.1	772 331	9.6
65-74 years	488 872	12.5	462 928	12.3	951 800	12.4
75-84 years	503 245	14.3	643 254	14.7	1 146 499	14.6
85 years +	185 251	14.4	405 471	15.5	590 722	15.1

Note. The table only includes persons who were in the population as at 1.1.2003, i.e. persons who were born or immigrated during the year have not been included.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/ud3

Table 197 Hospitalization rate by education[1] 2003

	Men						Women					
	Without professional qualification from education[2]	Vocational education and training[3]	Short cycle higher education	Medium-cycle higher education	Long-cycle higher education	Total	Without professional qualification from education[2]	Vocational education and training[3]	Short cycle higher education	Medium-cycle higher education	Long-cycle higher education	Total
	all=100						all=100					
Total	**120**	**99**	**83**	**76**	**63**	**100**	**118**	**98**	**83**	**83**	**65**	**100**
20-24 years	112	102	64	62	60	100	112	111	76	64	61	100
25-29 years	132	103	74	70	53	100	133	108	72	81	52	100
30-34 years	132	101	76	71	54	100	129	102	89	83	62	100
35-39 years	131	97	85	69	57	100	129	97	90	84	61	100
40-44 years	128	95	81	73	62	100	123	98	81	82	66	100
45-49 years	121	99	83	75	63	100	121	96	81	82	68	100
50-54 years	121	100	88	78	66	100	118	96	82	86	76	100
55-59 years	115	100	91	82	69	100	113	94	83	88	78	100
60-64 years	109	100	91	83	76	100	109	92	85	92	79	100

Note. Hospitalization rate is the percentage of a given group in the population who have been admitted to hospital. The rates above are given as index figures, where the rate for everyone in the age group is set at 100. The total hospitalization rate is standardized by age, i.e. it has been corrected for the distribution by age being unequal for the different education groups. Hospitalization rates are therefore mutually comparable.

[1] Highest in progress or completed education as at 1.1.2003. [2] Incl. persons with unknown education and persons with 1st year basic vocational education, etc. [3] Basic vocational education, part 2, apprenticeships, etc.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/pa4a

Table 198 The ten most common cancer types among new cases, men 2003*

	0-14 years	15-29 years	30-44 years	45-59 years	60-74 years	75 + years	Total[1]
Total	**68**	**218**	**728**	**3 211**	**6 866**	**5 222**	**16 609**
Other skin	-	17	131	703	1 246	1 117	3 221
Lung	-	3	33	362	957	576	2 023
Colon and rectum	1	3	50	320	818	695	1 910
Prostate	-	-	-	214	1 200	964	2 434
Bladder	-	2	22	175	583	505	1 298
Brain and nervous system	22	22	58	131	130	56	427
Kidney	2	-	18	97	175	108	409
Melanoma of skin	-	25	77	165	164	102	533
Leukaemia	21	7	18	74	125	145	395
Non-Hodgkins lymphona	5	9	37	134	170	104	460
Other	17	130	284	836	1 298	850	3 499

[1] Inclusive expected further cases when linking with the Register of Causes of Deaths.

Source: National Board of Health. Cancer Registry.

Table 199 The ten most common cancer types among new cases, women 2003*

	0-14 years	15-29 years	30-44 years	45-59 years	60-74 years	75 + years	Total[1]
Total	**69**	**228**	**1 213**	**4 402**	**6 036**	**5 240**	**17 481**
Breast	-	11	360	1 416	1 403	808	4 044
Other skin	1	25	225	851	1 116	1 222	3 444
Colon and rectum	-	-	38	264	591	796	1 717
Lung	1	5	31	348	779	405	1 649
Uterus	1	9	34	169	202	127	547
Ovary	-	-	11	170	267	176	624
Cervix uteri	-	37	133	106	72	61	410
Brain and nervous system	18	26	52	142	137	104	488
Melanoma of skin	2	49	151	207	146	134	690
Bladder	-	1	11	63	167	181	428
Other	46	65	167	666	1 156	1 226	3 440

[1] Inclusive expected further cases when linking with the Register of Causes of Deaths.

Source: National Board of Health. Cancer Registry.

Table 200 Males diagnosed with cancer[1] and still alive, 2000

Per 31 December	0-14 years	15-29 years	30-44 years	45-59 years	60-74 years	75 + years	Total
Total, net[2]	**81 867**	**393**	**1 375**	**5 198**	**14 200**	**26 960**	**33 741**
Head and neck	5 189	1	12	90	933	2 072	2 081
Colon and rectum	9 209	1	17	112	854	3 184	5 041
Bronchi and lung	3 271	-	4	31	373	1 486	1 377
Melanoma of skin	4 537	-	45	416	1 324	1 570	1 182
Other skin	28 351	2	46	629	3 996	9 403	14 275
Breast	198	-	1	6	24	59	108
Neck of the bladder	7 624	-	-	-	157	2 227	5 240
Testicle	6 037	13	239	1 935	2 344	1 162	344
Urinary system	11 770	30	57	204	1 323	4 175	5 981
Unspec. tumours in lymph and metastases	392	-	-	21	83	120	168
Lymphatic tissue	4 396	30	207	610	1 161	1 342	1 046
Hematopoietic tissue	2 077	123	244	155	303	633	619
Other	8 250	194	517	1 053	1 959	2 432	2 095

[1] Cancer in Denmark 1943-2000 includes some non-malignant tumours for which notification is compulsory; mostly tumours in CNS and urinary system. [2] The figure is less than the sum of the sub categories as the same person can occur with more than one type of cancer.

Source: National Board of Health. Cancer Registry.

Table 201 Females diagnosed with cancer[1] and still alive, 2000

Per 31 December	0-14 years	15-29 years	30-44 years	45-59 years	60-74 years	75 + years	Total
Total, net[2]	**127 262**	**331**	**1 082**	**5 967**	**24 922**	**41 295**	**53 665**
Head and neck	2 314	3	22	95	394	780	1 020
Colon and rectum	11 216	2	22	126	858	3 052	7 156
Bronchi and lung	2 716	1	3	34	431	1 307	940
Melanoma of skin	7 813	-	100	1 001	2 203	2 230	2 279
Other skin	32 607	2	58	910	5 173	9 532	16 932
Breast	39 140	-	9	844	8 959	15 010	14 318
Cervix (uteri)	10 037	-	29	1 012	2 471	2 904	3 621
Uterus and ovary	13 439	1	40	287	1 624	4 330	7 157
Urinary system	4 994	32	55	94	479	1 679	2 655
Unspec. tumours in lymph and metastases	425	1	1	16	71	166	170
Lymphatic tissue	3 873	7	117	444	907	1 164	1 234
Hematopoietic tissue	1 700	109	183	148	212	392	656
Other	10 850	175	453	1 089	2 496	3 111	3 526

[1] Cancer in Denmark 1943-2000 includes some non-malignant tumours for which notification is compulsory; mostly tumours in CNS and urinary system. [2] The figure is less than the sum of the sub categories as the same person can occur with more than one type of cancer.

Source: National Board of Health. Cancer Registry.

Table 202 Reported cases of venereal diseases 2004

	1-19 year		20-24 years		25-29 years		30-34 years		35-39 years		40 + years		Total	
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
Chlamydia[1]	1 436	4 959	3 008	5 210	1 755	2 278	805	883	347	367	276	195	7 657[2]	13 926[2]
Non-natal syphilis	-	-	9	-	12	1	17	2	31	2	73	4	142	9
Gonorrhoea	22	13	75	9	93	8	64	10	64	7	64	5	382	52

[1] In 2004 41 cases were reported with unknown sex and age. These cases have not been included. [2] Incl. 30 cases for men and 34 cases for women under 1 year. Primarily new-borns with eye infection

Source: National Serum Institute.

Table 203 Diagnosed cases of AIDS

	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	Total[1]
Men							
Number of diagnosed cases, total	58	40	46	31	29	35	2 198
Of whom dead as at 31 December 2004	22	11	12	6	7	7	1 744
Total deaths during the year[2]	33	16	22	21	22	21	1 743
Women							
Number of diagnosed cases, total	17	18	25	13	9	17	330
Of whom dead as at 31 December 2004	7	4	5	2	2	5	192
Total deaths during the year[2]	6	5	7	3	5	10	191

[1] Total in the period 1980-2004. [2] Total deaths during the year regardless of the year of diagnosis.

Source: The national serum institute (Statens Serum Institut).

Table 204 Reported cases of HIV, by mode of transmission

	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	Total[1]
Total	**287**	**260**	**319**	**292**	**270**	**303**	**4 266**
Men, total	**186**	**163**	**228**	**190**	**198**	**229**	**3 087**
Homo/bisexual	94	72	110	92	114	150	1 638
Injecting drug users	11	15	17	17	17	10	248
Heterosexual	69	68	80	72	57	62	954
Blood transfusion	-	1	1	-	1	-	15
Perinatal	1	2	1	4	1	2	26
Other/not known	11	5	19	5	8	5	206
Women, total	**101**	**97**	**91**	**102**	**72**	**74**	**1 179**
Homo/bisexual	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Injecting drug users	15	5	14	14	7	4	156
Heterosexual	78	79	68	79	62	63	913
Blood transfusion	1	4	-	1	1	3	19
Perinatal	2	4	8	3	2	4	43
Other/not known	5	5	1	5	-	-	48

[1] Total reported cases in the period 1.8.1990-31.12.2004.

Source: The national serum institute (Statens Serum Institut).

Table 205 Reported occupational accidents by industry and sex 2003

DB03	Industry	Total			Of which deaths		
		Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total
	Total	**24 654**	**14 316**	**38 970**	**44**	**7**	**51**
0109	Agriculture, horticulture and forestry	447	134	581	7	1	8
0500	Fishing, etc.	13	4	17	-	-	-
1009	Mining and quarrying	32	2	34	-	-	-
1509	Mfr. of food, beverages and tobacco	3 355	1 217	4 572	4	-	4
1709	Mfr. of textiles and leather	130	54	184	-	-	-
2009	Mfr. of wood products, printing and publishing	692	173	865	-	-	-
2309	Mfr. of chemicals and plastic products	613	247	860	1	-	1
2600	Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral products	554	37	591	-	-	-
2709	Mfr. of basic metals and fabr. metal prod.	3 726	606	4 332	3	-	3
3600	Mfr. of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c.	487	204	691	-	-	-
4009	Electricity, gas and water supply	73	5	78	-	-	-
4500	Construction	3 839	109	3 948	9	-	9
5000	Sale and rep. of motor vehicles, sale of auto. fuel	429	73	502	2	-	2
5100	Wholesale except of motor vehicles	711	204	915	2	-	2
5200	Re. trade and repair work exc. of m. vehicles	481	551	1 032	1	1	2
5500	Hotels and restaurants	174	283	457	-	-	-
6009	Transport	1 556	218	1 774	4	1	5
6400	Post and telecommunications	642	486	1 128	-	-	-
6509	Finance and insurance	56	92	148	-	-	-
7009	Letting and sale of real estate	331	50	381	2	-	2
7209	Business activities	616	493	1 109	2	-	2
7500	Public administration	1 300	1 532	2 832	1	-	1
8000	Education	596	938	1 534	-	-	-
8519	Human health activities	236	1 099	1 335	-	-	-
8539	Social institutions, etc.	719	4 428	5 147	1	3	4
9009	Associations, culture and refuse disposal	407	310	717	1	-	1
9800	Activity not stated	2 439	767	3 206	4	1	5

Note. Includes only occupational accidents reported to the Working Environment Service. Only accidents reported up to 12th January 2004.

Source: Danish Working Environment Service.

Table 206 Reported occupational diseases by industry and sex 2003

DB03	Industry	Men	Women	Total
	Total	**5 307**	**6 106**	**11 413**
0109	Agriculture, horticulture and forestry	142	91	233
0500	Fishing, etc.	41	3	44
1009	Mining and quarrying	17	2	19
1509	Mfr. of food, beverages and tobacco	431	383	814
1709	Mfr. of textiles and leather	27	64	91
2009	Mfr. of wood products, printing and publishing	161	104	265
2309	Mfr. of chemicals and plastic products	122	148	270
2600	Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral products	154	23	177
2709	Mfr. of basic metals and fabrication of metal products	861	445	1 306
3600	Mfr. of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c.	88	90	178
4009	Electricity, gas and water supply	24	3	27
4500	Construction	756	59	815
5000	Sale and repair of motor vehicles, sale of auto. fuel	178	22	200
5100	Wholesale except of motor vehicles	164	127	291
5200	Retail trade and repair work, except of motor vehicles	87	234	321
5500	Hotels and restaurants	53	105	158
6009	Transport	264	65	329
6400	Post and telecommunication	76	106	182
6509	Finance and insurance	43	178	221
7009	Letting and sale of real estate	57	49	106
7209	Business activities	129	265	394
7500	Public administration	415	793	1 208
8000	Education	101	339	440
8519	Health care activities	57	618	675
8539	Social institutions etc.	122	1 123	1 245
9009	Associations, culture and refuse disposal	88	278	366
9800	Activity not stated	649	389	1 038

Note. Includes only occupational diseases reported to the Working Environment Service.

Source: Danish Working Environment Service.

Table 207 Reported industrial injuries and decisions 2004

	Accidents at work[1]	Occupational diseases	Damaged glasses	Sudden lifting injuries
Reported cases	**20 479**	**14 055**	**93**	**657**
Decided cases, total[2]	**14 303**	**12 086**	**67**	**984**
Recognised cases	9 131	2 295	48	78
Dismissed cases	5 172	9 801	19	906
Shelved cases[3]	728	1 010	7	19
Compensation granted[4]	**5 512**	**2 062**	**-**	**81**

Note. Includes only industrial injuries reported to the National Board of Industrial Injuries.

[1] From 1999 including dental injuries. [2] A case is not necessarily decided in the same year as it is reported. Therefore the number of reported and decided cases is not the same. [3] Cases shelved before recognition. Shelving occurs when the injured party does not want the case processed or if the injured party dies in circumstances which are not connected with the accident/occupational disease. [4] Approval of injury and compensation for loss of ability to work. Compensation is granted in cases which have previously been recognised, either in the year in question, or in previous years.

Source: National Board of Industrial Injuries.

Table 208 Pharmacies

	2002	2003
Sales units, total	**1 455**	**1 459**
Pharmacies	283	279
Pharmacy sub-branches	45	48
Pharmacy shops	141	139
OTC shops	714	715
Delivery facilities	272	278
Staff, total	**5 865**	**5 984**
Pharmacists	718	721
Pharmaconomicists	2 990	3 023
Other staff	2 157	2 240
Sales of prescription items in thousands units	**48 785**	**49 864**
To individuals	45 463	46 545
To hospitals	656	446
To veterinarians	2 666	2 874
Items per thousand inhabitants	9 088	9 234
Average price per item in DKK	172.9	174.0
Gross turnover	**10 156.8**	**10 490.1**
Prescription sales	8 435.8	8 675.4
OTC sales	1 641.2	1 683.0
Others	79.7	131.7

Source: Danish Medicines Agency.

Table 209 Consumption of drugs and medicines by therapeutic group

ATC Group		2003		2004	
		DKK mio.	DDD per inhabitant in thousands per day	DKK mio.	DDD per inhabitant in thousands per day
	Consumption of drugs	**11 290.9**	**1 088.4**	**11 573.1**	**1 158.7**
A	Alimentary tract and metabolism	1 306.8	121.4	1 352.2	127.2
A02	Anticids	613.1	32.9	615.8	34.6
A10	Antidiabetics	312.5	28.0	335.3	30.7
B	Blood and blood-forming organs	262.8	70.4	318.2	76.2
C	Cardiovascular system	2 070.0	314.2	1 828.9	356.0
C03	Diuretics	199.6	105.5	214.3	108.9
C07	Beta-blocking agents	206.9	26.7	216.7	29.7
C08	Calcium channel blockers	412.1	42.4	261.8	45.8
C09	Agents acting on the reninangiotensin system	639.9	73.5	653.7	84.4
C10	Cholesterol-reducing preparations	455.8	44.8	333.4	66.3
D	Dermatological agents	339.9	35.4	336.2	35.4
G	Genito-urinary and sex hormones	798.7	108.6	809.8	101.1
G03	Sex hormones	512.1	99.9	486.6	91.7
H	Hormones excl. sex hormones	120.8	23.6	138.2	24.2
J	General anti-infective system	639.2	14.1	644.7	14.7
J01	Systematic antibiotics	327.6	13.5	333.2	14.1
L	Autineoplastic and immune modulating agents	60.5	2.7	59.7	3.0
L01	Autineoplastic drugs	2.7	. . .	7.1	. . .
M	Musculo-skeletal system	537.4	47.7	646.2	64.1
N	Central nervous system	3 293.5	226.6	3 498.8	232.5
N02	Analgesics	1 060.6	86.7	1 081.8	87.8
N05	Psychotropics	688.4	62.3	749.3	61.9
N06	Psychoanaleptics	789.7	52.7	833.9	56.0
P	Antiparasitic agents	67.4	1.3	74.0	1.3
R	Respiratory system	1 439.4	114.0	1 469.7	114.5
R03	Anti-asthmatics	976.9	60.7	1 003.1	60.6
S	Sensory organs	230.6	8.2	242.7	8.4
V	Various[1]	124.2	-	153.9	-

Note. The table covers consumption of drugs and medicines in the primary health-care sector and is based on information from the medicine statistics register kept by the Danish Medicines Agency. The amount consumed is calculated as DDD (defined daily dose) per 1,000 inhabitants per day, i.e. the thousandth parts of the population who could be treated daily by the amount of medicine consumed if the DDD was consumed. Turnover is calculated at sales price for the pharmacy including VAT and prescription charges.

[1] Inclusive magistral products etc.

Source: Danish Medicines Agency.

Table 210 Reported and decided criminal offences

	1995	2002	2003
Reported criminal offences			
Penal Code	538 963	491 511	486 174
Of which:			
Sexual offences	2 779	2 919	2 758
Crimes of violence	13 357	16 825	17 706
Offences against property	515 954	463 479	457 759
Other offences	6 873	8 288	7 951
Offences against special legislation[1]	68 327	62 148	66 050
Reported offences against the Penal Code with charges	108 727	86 762	87 772
Decisions, total			
Persons convicted[2], total	133 675	119 910	129 617
Decisions, total[3]	165 566	148 903	161 714
Penal Code	60 703	51 829	53 935
Of which:			
Sexual offences	886	1 120	1 088
Crimes of violence	8 121	10 502	11 539
Offences against property	48 219	36 424	37 307
Other offences	3 477	3 783	4 001
Road Traffic Act	83 628	80 375	88 835
Other special legislation	21 233	16 699	18 944

[1] Offences against the Road Traffic Act are primarily registered as convictions. [2] Number of persons with one of more convictions of offences against the Penal Code and/or offences against special legislation. 3 One decision can include one or several reports.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/05

Table 211 Reported criminal offences against special legislation 2004

	Reports			
	Copenhagen County[1]	Rest of the islands	Jutland	Total
Offences, total	**25 060**	**18 983**	**27 420**	**71 463**
Euphoriants Act	6 949	3 547	5 068	15 564
Aliens Act	2 434	2 502	2 178	7 114
Firearms Act	2 462	2 261	2 670	7 393
Fire prevention legislation	1 171	1 323	2 060	4 554
Police regulations	5 705	2 849	5 291	13 845
Finance legislation	328	352	364	1 044
Health and social security legislation	457	434	981	1 872
Environmental legislation	944	1 019	1 117	3 080
Animals, hunting, etc. legislation	476	1 827	3 125	5 428
Employment, transport, legislation	1 046	479	793	2 318
Gambling, licensing, trade legislation	1 457	980	1 516	3 953
Other special legislation, excluding road traffic acts	1 631	1 410	2 257	5 298

Note. Excl. Traffic Act in that offences against the Traffic Act are only rarely reported.

[1] Incl. Copenhagen Municipality and Frederiksberg Municipality.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf1

Table 212 Reported offences and charges against the Penal Code 2004

	Criminal offences reported				Criminal offences with charges				Charges as per cent of reported offences
	Copen-hagen County[1]	Rest of the islands	Jutland	Total	Copen-hagen County[1]	Rest of the islands	Jutland	Total	
Penal Code, total	**144 463**	**132 699**	**197 257**	**474 419**	**26 647**	**25 494**	**36 580**	**88 721**	**18.7**
Sexual offences, total	**808**	**887**	**1 400**	**3 095**	**522**	**619**	**982**	**2 123**	**68.6**
Incest etc.	12	18	52	82	11	17	49	77	93.9
Rape etc.	145	160	257	562	104	112	170	386	68.7
Heterosexual offences, children under 12	35	69	96	200	33	58	90	181	90.5
Heterosexual offences, other	51	82	125	258	47	76	116	239	92.6
Homosexual offences, children under 12	8	5	7	20	8	4	6	18	90.0
Homosexual offences, other	4	4	7	15	4	4	4	12	80.0
Offences against decency	452	460	713	1 625	218	270	423	911	56.1
Prostitution etc.	101	89	143	333	97	78	124	299	89.8
Crimes of violence, total	**4 580**	**5 682**	**7 797**	**18 059**	**3 450**	**4 666**	**6 360**	**14 476**	**80.2**
Assaulting public servant	880	842	1 024	2 746	793	761	944	2 498	91.0
Gathering with disturbance of public order	9	-	1	10	9	-	1	10	100.0
Homicide	14	16	14	44	14	15	14	43	97.7
Attempted homicide	48	34	56	138	41	30	51	122	88.4
Assault against private person	2 675	3 336	4 994	11 005	1 911	2 713	3 949	8 573	77.9
Common assault	2 311	2 846	4 405	9 562	1 619	2 299	3 438	7 356	76.9
Grievous assault	355	482	578	1 415	286	407	500	1 193	84.3
Particularly grievous assault	9	8	11	28	6	7	11	24	85.7
Homicide and bodily harm by negligence	6	13	7	26	5	13	7	25	96.2
Offences against life or body	76	137	120	333	68	117	102	287	86.2
Offences against personal liberty	55	69	99	223	41	49	89	179	80.3
Threats	817	1 235	1 482	3 534	568	968	1 203	2 739	77.5
Offences against property, total	**135 988**	**123 584**	**185 124**	**444 696**	**20 301**	**18 131**	**26 770**	**65 202**	**14.7**
Forgery	2 312	1 123	1 956	5 391	1 866	902	1 666	4 434	82.2
Arson	344	296	473	1 113	89	167	222	478	42.9
Burglary	19 194	29 093	42 356	90 643	1 342	2 175	3 409	6 926	7.6
Burglary in banks, shops	9 477	12 069	19 149	40 695	615	1 013	1 617	3 245	8.0
Burglary in dwellings	7 219	11 190	14 547	32 956	624	826	1 374	2 824	8.6
Burglary in empty buildings	2 498	5 834	8 660	16 992	103	336	418	857	5.0
Theft	65 468	45 323	71 653	182 444	10 960	8 462	12 240	31 662	17.4
Theft from cars, boats etc.	11 802	11 801	19 618	43 221	485	615	1 200	2 300	5.3
Theft from shops etc.	8 804	6 044	8 589	23 437	7 819	5 061	7 025	19 905	84.9
Other theft	44 862	27 478	43 446	115 786	2 656	2 786	4 015	9 457	8.2
Stealing reg. cars	5 768	6 556	9 964	22 288	801	1 052	1 573	3 426	15.4
Stealing mopeds	1 588	2 983	4 666	9 237	160	331	503	994	10.8
Stealing bicycles	25 868	17 750	26 283	69 901	248	203	253	704	1.0
Stealing other objects	1 060	2 102	3 723	6 885	139	200	346	685	9.9
Larceny by finding	223	264	395	882	197	222	223	642	72.8
Embezzlement, fraud, breach of trust	2 346	1 952	2 767	7 065	1 648	1 363	2 104	5 115	72.4
Blackmail and usury	51	61	75	187	40	47	60	147	78.6
Fraud against creditors	42	47	64	153	24	33	49	106	69.3
Receiving stolen goods	627	661	1 236	2 524	613	636	1 216	2 465	97.7
Robbery	1 262	802	925	2 989	379	364	433	1 176	39.3
Serious fraudulent tax evasion etc.	65	46	51	162	47	36	27	110	67.9
Malicious damage	9 606	14 433	18 378	42 417	1 635	1 874	2 327	5 836	13.8
Misappropriation and offences against property	164	92	159	415	113	64	119	296	71.3
Other offences, total	**3 087**	**2 546**	**2 936**	**8 569**	**2 374**	**2 078**	**2 468**	**6 920**	**80.8**
Selling narcotics etc.	295	218	399	912	289	209	383	881	96.6
Smuggling narcotics	89	19	46	154	81	19	45	145	94.2
Homicide by negligence in road traffic	26	76	160	262	26	75	159	260	99.2
Other stipulations in Penal Code	2 677	2 233	2 331	7 241	1 978	1 775	1 881	5 634	77.8

[1] Incl. Copenhagen and Frederiksberg Municipalities.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf1 and straf2

Table 213 Victims of criminal offences 2003

	Men	Women	Sex, not stated	Total
Total	**20 752**	**28 068**	**1 268**	**50 088**
Sexual offences	**265**	**2 407**	**29**	**2 701**
Incest, etc.	8	72	-	80
Rape, etc.	5	452	10	467
Hetero or homosexual offences	115	393	3	511
Offences against decency	137	1 490	16	1 643
Crimes of violence	**11 192**	**5 570**	**138**	**16 900**
Assaulting, etc. public servant	715	455	3	1 173
Homicide and attempted homicide	149	72	4	225
Assaulting private individual	7 971	3 388	119	11 478
Of which: Common assault	6 740	3 070	90	9 900
Grievous assault	1 199	312	29	1 540
Particularly grievous assault	32	6	-	38
Threats	2 086	1 478	10	3 574
Offences against property	**9 104**	**19 456**	**1 100**	**29 660**
Theft of handbags	313	2 252	44	2 609
Theft from pocket or handbag	6 698	16 093	1 013	23 804
Theft by trick in residences	172	570	-	742
Blackmail and usury	164	28	-	192
Robbery	1 603	475	42	2 120
Other criminal offences	**191**	**635**	**1**	**827**
Breach of caution given by the police	175	629	1	805
Slander, libel, defamation, insult	14	6	-	20

Table 214 Victims of criminal offences by sex and age 2003

	0-9 years	10-19 years	20-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50-59 years	60-69 years	70-79 years	80 years +	Total
Victims, total	**669**	**9 438**	**11 703**	**8 394**	**6 695**	**5 223**	**3 470**	**2 698**	**1 798**	**50 088**
Men	229	4 833	5 927	3 788	2 659	1 772	790	478	276	20 752
Women	437	4 510	5 546	4 386	3 842	3 219	2 513	2 140	1 475	28 068
Sex, not stated	3	95	230	220	194	232	167	80	47	1 268
Sexual offences	**450**	**1 333**	**449**	**216**	**150**	**58**	**22**	**13**	**10**	**2 701**
Men	103	124	11	15	8	2	-	2	-	265
Women	345	1 195	429	200	141	56	22	11	8	2 407
Sex, not stated	2	14	9	1	1	-	-	-	2	29
Crimes of violence	**184**	**3 929**	**4 833**	**3 626**	**2 554**	**1 319**	**343**	**84**	**28**	**16 900**
Men	110	2 836	3 362	2 221	1 507	849	243	56	8	11 192
Women	73	1 066	1 431	1 367	1 030	461	99	28	15	5 570
Sex, not stated	1	27	40	38	17	9	1	-	5	138
Offences against property	**26**	**4 124**	**6 281**	**4 323**	**3 764**	**3 723**	**3 071**	**2 592**	**1 756**	**29 660**
Men	14	1 866	2 547	1 503	1 092	873	529	413	267	9 104
Women	12	2 204	3 553	2 639	2 497	2 627	2 376	2 099	1 449	19 456
Sex, not stated	-	54	181	181	175	223	166	80	40	1 100
Other criminal offences	**9**	**52**	**140**	**229**	**227**	**123**	**34**	**9**	**4**	**827**
Men	2	7	7	49	52	48	18	7	1	191
Women	7	45	133	180	174	75	16	2	3	635
Sex, not stated	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1

Table 215 Victims of criminal offences by type of offence 2003

	0-9 years	10-19 years	20-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50-59 years	60-69 years	70-79 years	80 years +	Total
Criminal offences, total	**669**	**9 438**	**11 703**	**8 394**	**6 695**	**5 223**	**3 470**	**2 698**	**1 798**	**50 088**
Sexual offences	**450**	**1 333**	**449**	**216**	**150**	**58**	**22**	**13**	**10**	**2 701**
Incest, etc.	40	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	80
Rape, etc.	9	204	128	57	43	13	6	2	5	467
Heterosexual offences, children under 12	154	60	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	216
Heterosexual offences, other	8	189	18	9	2	-	-	-	-	226
Homosexual offences, children under 12	31	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	43
Homosexual offences, other	1	21	-	3	-	1	-	-	-	26
Offences against decency	207	807	302	147	104	44	16	11	5	1 643
Crimes of violence	**184**	**3 929**	**4 833**	**3 626**	**2 554**	**1 319**	**343**	**84**	**28**	**16 900**
Assaulting public servant	-	3	139	329	386	275	40	1	-	1 173
Assaulting police at gatherings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Homicide	9	7	9	12	11	7	8	2	-	65
Infanticide	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Attempted homicide	1	20	51	41	20	22	3	-	1	159
Assaulting private individual	124	3 126	3 601	2 281	1 424	654	195	54	19	11 478
Common assault	108	2 809	3 078	1 913	1 188	572	166	50	16	9 900
Grievous assault	13	310	517	360	228	77	28	4	3	1 540
Particularly grievous assault	3	7	6	8	8	5	1	-	-	38
Place a person in a helpless condition	-	-	-	1	2	-	-	-	-	3
Offences against life and health	9	32	53	49	38	25	9	2	-	217
Refrain from helping a person in mortal danger	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unlawful compulsion	5	46	31	25	18	6	1	-	-	132
Loss of liberty	5	25	23	20	10	3	-	-	-	86
Serious loss of liberty	1	1	7	3	-	-	-	-	-	12
Threats	29	669	919	865	645	327	87	25	8	3 574
Offences against property	**26**	**4 124**	**6 281**	**4 323**	**3 764**	**3 723**	**3 071**	**2 592**	**1 756**	**29 660**
Theft of handbags	1	249	670	369	323	347	266	217	167	2 609
Theft from pocket or handbag	19	3 113	5 015	3 577	3 140	3 069	2 628	2 112	1 131	23 804
Theft by trick in residences	-	3	18	10	19	37	65	191	399	742
Theft connected with prostitution	-	-	-	1	3	1	1	-	-	6
Theft connected with violence	-	25	21	17	6	3	1	-	-	73
Blackmail	-	48	69	28	19	17	2	2	-	185
Usury	-	-	2	1	1	1	-	1	1	7
Robbery	6	677	463	291	234	228	102	62	57	2 120
Particularly serious robbery	-	9	23	29	19	20	6	7	1	114
Other criminal offences	**9**	**52**	**140**	**229**	**227**	**123**	**34**	**9**	**4**	**827**
Breach of a caution	9	49	136	224	226	117	31	9	4	805
Persecute at reiterate accusation	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Slander, libel, defamation, insult	-	3	4	4	1	6	3	-	-	21

Table 216 Convictions for offences against the Penal Code, by age and sex 2003

	15-19 years	20-24 years	25-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50+ years	Men total	Women total	Total
Penal Code offences, total	**11 195**	**10 220**	**7 763**	**12 561**	**6 924**	**5 269**	**44 690**	**9 242**	**53 932**
Sexual offences, total	**115**	**116**	**128**	**311**	**209**	**209**	**1 074**	**14**	**1 088**
Incest, etc.	-	1	5	21	14	8	47	2	49
Rape, etc.	21	44	31	60	26	10	191	1	192
Heterosexual offences, children under 12 years	5	6	10	24	21	20	84	2	86
Other heterosexual offences	36	20	17	23	18	17	129	2	131
Homosexual offences	5	2	2	10	5	11	35	-	35
Indecent exposure	45	34	44	139	103	126	488	3	491
Prostitution, etc.	3	9	19	34	*22*	17	100	4	104
Crimes of violence	**2 511**	**2 291**	**1 772**	**2 735**	**1526**	**704**	**10 570**	**969**	**11 539**
Offences against public authorities	236	255	284	370	212	80	1 285	152	1 437
Gathering with disturbance of public order	12	14	6	3	1	-	22	14	36
Homicide	2	1	5	18	6	7	34	5	39
Attempted homicide	3	17	9	13	11	4	52	5	57
Assault on private person	1 989	1 689	1 191	1 864	1022	479	7 553	681	8 234
Common assault	1 697	1 350	938	1 541	866	416	6 277	531	6 808
Grievous assault	285	328	249	314	151	58	1 239	146	1 385
Particularly grievous assault	7	11	4	9	5	5	37	4	41
Homicide and bodily harm by negligence	1	5	2	5	3	2	17	1	18
Offences against life or body	36	51	41	34	21	14	183	14	197
Offences against personal liberty	25	29	24	50	14	11	144	9	153
Threats	207	230	210	378	*235*	107	1 279	88	1 367
Offences against property	**8 040**	**6 927**	**5 183**	**8 481**	**4703**	**3 971**	**29 598**	**7 707**	**37 305**
Forgery	157	256	267	462	229	97	1 148	320	1 468
Arson	64	41	30	68	46	27	229	47	276
Housebreaking	1 046	1 031	631	765	211	46	3 603	127	3 730
Burglaries from banks, shops, etc.	619	614	368	428	94	23	2 095	51	2 146
Burglaries from dwellings	273	314	211	290	89	20	1 140	57	1 197
Burglaries from non-residential buildings	154	103	52	47	28	3	368	19	387
Thefts	3 187	2 788	2 280	4 278	2753	3 005	12 585	5 706	18 291
Thefts from cars, boats, etc.	319	272	151	165	53	10	938	32	970
Shoplifting, etc.	1 718	1 400	1 347	2 946	2163	2 732	7 458	4 848	12 306
Other thefts	1 150	1 116	782	1 167	537	263	4 189	826	5 015
Theft of motor vehicles	727	582	340	392	112	27	2 015	165	2 180
Theft of mopeds	430	91	50	37	15	7	616	14	630
Theft of bicycles	141	79	73	107	63	21	461	23	484
Theft of other objects	176	94	48	67	*27*	10	409	13	422
Larceny by finding	110	96	61	108	71	32	432	46	478
Embezzlement, etc.	173	369	380	807	508	340	1 879	698	2 577
Blackmail and usury	18	35	20	34	8	3	114	4	118
Fraud against creditor	1	4	12	33	19	28	92	5	97
Handling stolen goods	323	479	397	445	200	88	1 729	203	1 932
Robbery	484	297	175	217	81	7	1 192	69	1 261
Serious fraudulent tax evasion	-	3	1	15	22	21	54	8	62
Malicious damage	950	624	357	566	303	180	2 779	201	2 980
Misappropriation and offences against property	53	58	61	80	35	32	261	58	319
Other offences	**529**	**886**	**680**	**1 034**	**486**	**385**	**3 448**	**552**	**4 000**
Selling narcotics	46	155	134	138	38	19	468	62	530
Smuggling etc. of narcotics	10	31	30	83	23	14	176	15	191
Homicide by negligence in road traffic	22	48	24	40	35	43	178	34	212
Other offences against the Penal Code	451	652	492	773	390	309	2 626	441	3 067

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf3 and straf4

Table 217 Offences against the Penal Code, by type of penalty 2003

	Imprisonment		Fines	Other penalty[1]	Total
	Suspended sentence	Unsuspended sentence			
Penal Code, total	**8 892**	**8 565**	**18 415**	**18 063**	**53 935**
Sexual offences, total	**148**	**153**	**240**	**547**	**1 088**
Rape, etc.	3	57	-	132	192
Heterosexual offences	44	39	1	133	217
Homosexual offences	7	13	-	15	35
Indecent exposure	69	21	194	207	491
Other sexual offences	25	24	45	60	153
Crimes of violence, total	**2 840**	**3 301**	**661**	**4 737**	**11 539**
Offences against public authorities	332	457	225	423	1 437
Homicide	-	25	-	14	39
Attempted homicide	-	11	-	46	57
Assault on private person	2 245	2 368	259	3 362	8 235
Other crimes of violence	263	438	177	892	1 771
Offences against property	**5 328**	**4 188**	**16 374**	**11 417**	**37 307**
Forgery	516	221	196	535	1 468
Arson	42	61	10	163	276
Housebreaking	1 036	973	102	1 619	3 730
Theft	1 860	1 681	13 145	3 693	22 007
Embezzlement, fraud etc.	988	190	336	1 063	2 577
Fraud against creditors	34	2	7	54	97
Handling stolen goods	439	244	583	666	1 932
Robbery	124	639	3	495	1 261
Malicious damage	196	63	1 466	1 255	2 980
Other offences against property	93	114	526	246	979
Other offences	**576**	**923**	**1 140**	**1 362**	**4 001**
Narcotics	91	435	-	195	721
Other offences	485	488	1 140	1 167	3 280

[1] Includes absolute discharge, charges dropped, other decisions and acquittal.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf3 and straf4

Table 218 Convictions for offences against special legislation, by age and sex 2003

	15-19 years	20-24 years	25-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50 + years	Men total	Women total	Total
Special legislation, total[1]	**1 930**	**3 419**	**2 572**	**4 223**	**2 851**	**2 244**	**15 815**	**1 424**	**17 239**
Act on Euforiants	1 106	2 127	1 540	2 028	1 047	315	7 490	673	8 163
Aliens Act	23	83	111	200	88	67	531	41	572
The Firearms Act	421	493	347	522	315	235	2 196	137	2 333
Fire-prevention legislation, etc.	8	15	19	83	73	110	269	39	308
Police regulations	96	159	78	95	46	30	475	29	504
Financial legislation	3	5	15	68	81	102	246	28	274
Health and social legislation	16	61	59	103	81	88	375	33	408
Environmental legislation	6	48	56	212	304	344	818	152	970
Laws concerning animals, hunting, etc.	12	31	45	185	204	307	694	90	784
Laws concerning work, transport, etc.	4	61	114	413	375	451	1 357	61	1 418
Laws concerning gambling, licences, food	27	81	91	158	105	62	447	77	524
Other special legislation	208	255	97	156	132	133	917	64	981

Note. Special legislation excl. the Road Traffic Act.

[1] Excl. 1,705 enterprises

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf3 and straf4

Table 219 Convictions for offences against special legislation, by type of conviction 2003

	Imprisonment			Fines	Other	Total
	Suspended	Unsuspended	Total		decisions[1]	
Special legislation, total	**658**	**917**	**1 575**	**13 642**	**3 727**	**18 944**
Act on Euforiants	494	635	1 129	4 131	2 903	8 163
Aliens Act	10	165	175	212	196	583
The Firearms Act	53	72	125	1 824	390	2 339
Fire prevention legislation, etc.	-	-	-	315	2	317
Police regulations	-	-	-	488	18	506
Financial legislation	79	36	115	150	15	280
Health and social legislation	3	4	7	597	24	628
Environmental legislation	-	-	-	1 020	78	1 098
Laws concerning animals, hunting, etc.	11	4	15	788	20	823
Laws concerning work, transport, etc.	-	1	1	2 223	29	2 253
Laws concerning gambling, licences, food	1	-	1	555	13	569
Other special legislation	7	-	7	1 339	39	1 385

Note. Special legislation excl. the Road Traffic Act.

[1] Includes absolute discharge, charges dropped, other decisions and acquittal.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf3 and straf4

Table 220 Unsuspended sentence for offences against Penal Code 2003

	Unsuspended imprisonment					Detention and sentence served on remand	Total
	30 days	31-60 days	61 days - 3 months	3 months +	Total		
Penal Code, total	**1 927**	**1 927**	**1 079**	**3 533**	**8 466**	**99**	**8 565**
Sexual offences	**16**	**13**	**12**	**110**	**151**	**2**	**153**
Rape	-	1	1	53	55	2	57
Crimes of violence	**733**	**1 016**	**469**	**1 049**	**3 267**	**34**	**3 301**
Assault against public servant while in discharge of his duties	193	119	58	84	454	3	457
Violence against the person	418	804	344	778	2 344	24	2 368
Threats	95	68	56	100	319	3	322
Offences against property	**920**	**782**	**544**	**1 881**	**4 127**	**61**	**4 188**
Burglary	118	194	166	489	967	6	973
Theft	620	368	232	451	1 671	10	1 681
Handling stolen goods	52	43	34	113	242	2	244
Robbery	13	34	39	515	601	38	639
Other offences	**258**	**116**	**54**	**493**	**921**	**2**	**923**
Trafficking and smuggling of drugs	6	12	22	395	435	-	435

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf3 and straf4

Table 221 Unsuspended sentence for offences against Road Traffic Act and special legislation 2003

	Unsuspended imprisonment					Detention and sentence served on remand	Total
	30 days	31-60 days	61 days - 3 months	3 months +	Total		
Road Traffic Acts total	**807**	**315**	**128**	**124**	**1 374**	**1**	**1 375**
Traffic acc. under influence of alcohol	89	26	12	9	136	-	136
Drunken driving	371	134	77	93	675	1	676
Road Traffic Act, other	347	155	39	22	563	-	563
Special legislation total	**519**	**207**	**69**	**120**	**915**	**2**	**917**
Act on Euforiants	399	90	54	91	634	1	635
Aliens Act	65	91	5	4	165	-	165
The Firearms Act	34	14	3	20	71	-	71
Financial legislation	12	12	7	5	36	-	36
Other special legislation	9	-	-	-	9	1	10

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf3 and straf4

Table 222 Convictions for offences against the Road Traffic Act, by age and sex 2003

	15-19 years	20-24 years	25-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50 + years	Men total	Women total	Total
Road Traffic Act, total	**8 207**	**11 096**	**11 489**	**24 550**	**17 009**	**15 115**	**75 010**	**12 456**	**87 466**
Drunken driving	702	1 528	1 199	2 828	2 878	2 704	10 835	1 004	11 839
Driving under the influence of alcohol	243	755	658	1 712	1 707	1 610	5 971	714	6 685
Vehicle deficiencies	3 823	797	352	438	321	203	5 727	207	5 934
Other offences	3 682	8 771	9 938	21 284	13 810	12 208	58 448	11 245	69 693
Non-compliance with speed limits	1 510	5 726	7 140	16 289	10 200	8 468	40 457	8 876	49 333
Non-compliance with orders	65	117	94	138	83	56	494	59	553
Failure to give way to approaching traffic	196	369	282	662	527	1 098	2 165	969	3 134
Overload	13	77	172	431	488	453	1 600	34	1 634
Other	1 898	2 482	2 250	3 764	2 512	2 133	13 732	1 307	15 039

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf3 and straf4

Table 223 Convictions for offences against the Road Traffic Act, by type of conviction 2003

	Imprisonment			Fines	Other decisions[1]	Total
	Suspended Imprisonment	Unsuspended Imprisonment	Total			
Road Traffic Act, total	**3 148**	**1 375**	**4 523**	**83 518**	**794**	**88 835**
Drunken driving	2 652	812	3 464	8 061	314	11 839
Driving under the influence of alcohol	2 335	623	2 958	3 577	150	6 685
Vehicle deficiencies	-	-	-	5 993	18	6 011
Other offences	496	563	1 059	69 464	462	70 985
Non-compliance with speed limits	3	2	5	37 160	33	37 198
Non-compliance with orders	-	1	1	545	7	553
Failure to give way to approaching traffic	3	1	4	3 082	48	3 134
Over loading	-	-	-	2 208	6	2 214
Other	490	559	1 049	26 469	368	27 886

[1] Includes absolute discharge, charges dropped, other decisions and acquittal.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf3 and straf4

Table 224 Suspension of driving licences 2003

	Unconditional suspensions	Conditional suspensions	Total
Total	**4 648**	**2 609**	**7 257**
Penal Code, total	**846**	**278**	**1 124**
Road Traffic Act, total	**3 802**	**2 331**	**6 133**
Accidents causing injury	225	8	233
Drunken driving	213	4	217
Accidents without injury	522	14	536
Drunken driving	511	1	512
Drunk driving and driving under the influence of alcohol	2 817	87	2 904
Drunken driving	2 672	8	2 680
Other offences against the Road Traffic Act	181	1 898	2 079
Failure to give way to approaching traffic	23	1 133	1 156
Non-compliance with speed limits	88	269	357

Note. The table also includes business units, whose main industry is outside the construction industry, which is engaged in construction activities.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf3 and straf4

Table 225 Convictions for offences against the Penal Code and special legislation, per 100,000 persons 2003

	Men				Women			
	Penal Code	Road Traffic Act	Other special legislation	Total	Penal Code	Road Traffic Act	Other special legislation	Total
15+ years, total	**2 083**	**3 496**	**737**	**6 316**	**415**	**559**	**64**	**1 037**
Number of convictions per 100,000 persons in the age group:								
15-19 years	6 342	5 173	1 209	12 724	1 228	350	90	1 668
20-24 years	5 882	6 504	2 097	14 484	806	755	138	1 699
25-29 years	3 681	5 503	1 322	10 506	599	830	94	1 524
30-39 years	2 527	4 961	927	8 415	531	1 015	99	1 644
40-49 years	1 433	3 694	662	5 788	384	765	84	1 233
50+ years	417	1 466	235	2 118	169	247	22	437

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf3 and straf4

Table 226 Convictions relating to Penal Code and special legislation by sentence per 100,000 persons 2003

	Men				Women				Total
	Fine	Imprisonment		Other	Fine	Imprisonment		Other	
		Suspended	Un-suspended			Suspended	Un-suspended		
Total 15 years +	**4 391**	**513**	**482**	**930**	**821**	**76**	**23**	**117**	**3 626**
Number per 100,000 at age:									
15-19 years	7 800	1 475	721	2 728	1 145	188	25	309	7 332
20-24 years	8 977	1 312	1 428	2 767	1 222	173	35	270	8 152
25-29 years	6 896	778	1 098	1 734	1 159	116	42	206	6 043
30-39 years	5 927	612	727	1 149	1 321	100	49	173	5 086
40-49 years	4 350	449	382	607	1 001	93	34	106	3 542
50 years +	1 752	132	71	163	380	21	3	32	1 223

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf3 and straf4

Table 227 Crime rate, by age, sex and national origin 2002

	Western countries	Non-western countries	Europe			Africa	America	Asia	Origin			Danish origin	Population total
			EU	Other European countries	Total				Immigrant	Descendant	Total		
Men 15-64 total	**1 761**	**9 343**	**1 066**	**4 200**	**5 266**	**1 431**	**219**	**4 092**	**9 360**	**1 744**	**11 104**	**77 865**	**88 969**
Women 15-64 total	**540**	**1 531**	**260**	**815**	**1 075**	**183**	**75**	**724**	**1 843**	**228**	**2 071**	**14 806**	**16 877**
	Index, population total = 100												
Men 15-64 years	75	164	74	150	124	178	72	156	130	198	138	96	100
Of which:													
15-19 years	94	183	78	158	148	240	73	185	172	172	172	93	100
20-29 years	55	181	52	149	125	200	69	177	127	239	146	95	100
30-39 years	61	145	61	143	111	145	72	134	120	137	121	98	100
40-49 years	95	149	92	155	128	163	71	135	132	110	131	97	100
50-59 years	109	158	107	151	126	165	. .	156	133	. .	134	98	100
60-64 years	119	152	102	177	134	. .	. .	. .	131	. .	134	98	100
Women 15-64 years	114	143	106	138	129	134	114	147	131	166	134	97	100

Note. Only persons found guilty of offences against the Penal Code, Road Traffic Act or other special legislation. Index = Crime rate by age for persons convicted in 2002.

Table 228 Persons sentenced to imprisonment in 2003 and previous imprisonment[1]

Type of criminal offence	Total	Age at the time of conviction							
		15-19 years	20-24 years	25-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50 years +	Men, total	Women, total
	number of persons imprisoned								
Total	**20 689**	**3 162**	**3 899**	**3 128**	**5 306**	**3 311**	**1 883**	**18 613**	**2 076**
Penal Code, total	**15 197**	**3 065**	**3 374**	**2 469**	**3 722**	**1 792**	**775**	**13 598**	**1 599**
Road Traffic Act, total	**4 216**	**32**	**315**	**449**	**1 209**	**1 244**	**967**	**3 858**	**358**
Special legislation, total	**1 276**	**65**	**210**	**210**	**375**	**275**	**141**	**1 157**	**119**
	percentage of persons previously imprisoned								
Total	**45.0**	**26.0**	**51.6**	**56.9**	**51.9**	**42.6**	**28.1**	**47.1**	**26.1**
Penal Code. total	**45.1**	**25.7**	**52.0**	**57.1**	**52.4**	**42.8**	**23.5**	**47.2**	**27.0**
Sexual offences	**18.3**	**-**	**41.4**	**12.5**	**22.7**	**20.3**	**6.7**	**18.1**	**33.3**
Rape, etc.	33.9	-	60.0	20.0	31.6	25.0	-	32.7	100,0
Crimes of violence	**41.4**	**24.2**	**52.0**	**54.1**	**47.2**	**36.4**	**23.8**	**42.8**	**23.7**
Violence. etc. against public servant	47.8	37.6	49.6	56.2	56.9	40.4	16.2	51.0	23.1
Violence against the person	38.4	21.0	50.1	52.4	43.2	33.8	25.4	39.6	23.4
Offences against property	**48.6**	**26.7**	**53.3**	**61.9**	**57.1**	**49.9**	**24.7**	**51.5**	**29.2**
Burglary (banks. shops. etc.)	62.7	37.7	64.9	71.4	80.2	72.7	37.5	63.4	27.8
Burglary (private houses)	71.3	32.0	72.2	83.9	88.6	88.9	40.0	72.2	43.8
Theft	54.6	22.9	49.7	65.4	66.9	69.6	44.4	56.7	45.6
Theft/appropriation of registered vehicles	51.8	23.3	56.8	78.0	74.8	68.9	33.3	52.5	38.6
Robbery	51.9	30.8	64.7	73.2	69.9	62.8	66.7	52.9	31.3
Other criminal offences	**44.4**	**30.1**	**44.9**	**49.6**	**51.3**	**38.4**	**29.1**	**47.6**	**21.3**
Trafficking of drugs	46.4	25.7	43.7	46.2	58.8	42.3	55.6	48.5	22.2
Road Traffic Act. total	**42.7**	**18.8**	**43.2**	**54.8**	**49.1**	**41.0**	**31.7**	**44.9**	**19.0**
Road traffic accidents under the influence of alcohol	25.0	10.0	20.8	35.0	33.1	22.2	15.4	26.1	17.2
Special legislation. total	**51.9**	**43.1**	**59.0**	**60.0**	**55.7**	**48.7**	**29.1**	**53.6**	**35.3**
Act on Euforiants	57.7	43.5	58.6	61.2	60.4	56.9	48.4	59.8	38.6

[1] Persons previously sentenced to imprisonment within a preceding 5-year period (i.e. 2003-1998).

Table 229

Persons previously sentenced to imprisonment.[1] by municipality of residence in 2003

Type of criminal offence	All Denmark	Municipalities of Copenhagen and Frederiksberg	Other municipalities in the Copenhagen region	The five largest towns	Municipalities over 10.000 inhabitants	Other municipalities
	number					
Persons sentenced to imprisonment	**20 689**	**2 521**	**1 682**	**3 617**	**6 364**	**6 350**
	percentage of persons previously imprisoned					
Total	**45.0**	**48.2**	**41.4**	**48.4**	**45.8**	**42.0**
Penal Code	**45.1**	**48.6**	**42.2**	**48.6**	**46.4**	**40.2**
Sexual offences	18.3	18.8	42.1	18.4	17.9	15.2
Crimes of violence	41.4	40.9	37.8	45.0	43.0	38.3
Offences against property	48.6	55.0	44.6	52.0	49.5	43.0
Other criminal offences	44.4	44.8	42.6	47.6	47.4	40.0
Road Traffic Act	**42.7**	**40.3**	**35.4**	**44.6**	**40.3**	**45.0**
Special legislation	**51.9**	**52.7**	**46.1**	**54.6**	**56.8**	**45.8**

Note. Excluding municipalities of residence not stated.

[1] Persons previously sentenced to imprisonment within a preceding 5-year period (i.e. 2003-1998).

Table 230 Inmates in main prisons and local prisons 2003[1]

	Men	Women	Total
Average number of inmates	**3 477**	**164**	**3 641**
Local prisons and Copenhagen prisons			
Average number of inmates per day	**1 527**	**80**	**1 607**
Custody and arrest	997	55	1 052
Prison and detention	492	21	513
Lenient imprisonment	2	-	2
Fine	7	1	8
Admitted under the Aliens Act	25	3	27
Other	5	-	5
State prisons			
Inmates, total	**6 749**	**382**	**7 131**
Closed institution/prison, total	620	22	642
Open institution/prison, total	6 129	360	6 489
Prison	6 452	317	6 769
Lenient imprisonment/fines	253	62	315
Detention	-	-	-
Other	44	3	47
Releases total	. . .	. . .	**7 236**
Closed institution/prison, total	. . .	. . .	629
Open institution/prison, total	. . .	. . .	6 607
After ordinary imprisonment	. . .	. . .	4 333
After completed lenient imprisonment/paid fine	. . .	. . .	308
On probation after ordinary imprisonment	. . .	. . .	2 570
Other	. . .	. . .	25
Average number of inmates, total	**1 949**	**85**	**2 034**
Prison	1 869	83	1 952
Lenient imprisonment/fine	34	1	36
Detention	22	-	22
Other (Incl.custody and arrest)	24	-	24

Note. Prison service closed institutions/prisons are at Herstedvester, Horsens, Nyborg, Ringe and Vridsløselille, while open prisons are Horserød, Gribskov, Kragskovhede, Kærshovedgård, Møgelkær, Nr. Snede, Renbæk, Sdr. Omme, Søbysøgård, Jyderup, Holsbjergvej. There are 43 local institutions/prisons outside Copenhagen.

[1] Excl. Sandholm camp and Åbenrå asylum department.

Source: Department of Prisons and Probation.

Table 231 Police activity

	2000	2001	2002	2003
Resources				
Police force	10 221	10 251	10 233	10 352
Uniformed police	8 182	8 209	8 181	8 177
Criminal police	2 039	2 042	2 052	2 175
Clerical staff	2 087	2 132	2 165	2 202
Legal staff	408	429	439	434
Official cars	2 115	2 577	2 764	2 701
Police dogs	299	. . .	. . .	. . .
Duties				
Arrests, total	78 090	68 354	67 287	66 723
Duties with the use of police dogs	43 757	35 384	. . .	. . .
Offences against Police Regulations, etc.	20 815	14 328	16 213	15 170
Revocations of driving licenses	16 188	17 378	17 836	17 162
Parking fines[1]	82 556	73 065	65 172	64 400
Cases involving immigrants	29 705	34 882	29 705	41 664
Fines[2]	407 918	427 042	423 092	504 762
Police permits, granted	98 570	97 987	122 204	105 380
Lost property, items received	156 408	145 583	143 199	143 165
Lost property, items returned	66 547	63 121	63 438	63 463
Driving licences issued	283 065	287 251	287 819	292 855
Passports issued	358 068	353 576	364 414	354 600

Note. The table does not include all police activity which appears in other tables in the Statistical Yearbook. The resources are distributed among the Commissioner of Polices' 9 departments and 54 police districts.

[1] Enforced by the police and traffic wardens. [2] Amounting to DKK 706 mio. in 2003.

Source: The Police's annual report.

Table 232 Criminal justice: cases concluded in courts of first instance 2003

	Lower courts				High courts		1st instance, total
	Copenhagen region[1]	Rest of the islands	Jutland	Total	Eastern High Court	Western High Court	
Cases concluded in 1st instance	**38 354**	**29 088**	**35 878**	**103 320**	**60**	**43**	**103 423**
With lay assessors	3 949	4 317	6 018	14 284	•	•	14 284
Without lay assessors	29 227	20 098	22 669	71 994	•	•	71 994
Confession	4 737	3 963	6 215	14 915	•	•	14 915
Other cases	441	710	976	2 127	•	•	2 127

[1] Judicial districts in Copenhagen and the Copenhagen region. [2] Trials by jury.

Source: The Court Administration.

Table 233 Civil justice: cases concluded in courts of first instance 2003

	Lower courts				High courts		1st instance, total
	Copenhagen region[1]	Rest of the islands	Jutland	Total	Eastern High Court	Western High Court	
Proceedings, total	**32 038**	**42 111**	**54 953**	**129 102**	**598**	**437**	**130 137**
Type of cases							
Ordinary cases	27 078	36 185	47 035	110 298	598	437	111 333
Residential	2 150	2 531	3 721	8 402	-	-	8 402
Matrimonial	1 864	2 013	2 670	6 547	-	-	6 547
Paternity	287	295	438	1 020	-	-	1 020
Incapacitation	119	92	80	291	-	-	291
Cases pursuant to section 124 in Social Assistance Act	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other cases	540	995	1 009	2 544	-	-	2 544

[1] Judicial districts in Copenhagen and the Copenhagen region, i.e. nos. 1–12 and the Maritime and Commercial Court.

Source: The Court Administration.

Table 234 Criminal justice: appeals 2003

	Eastern High Court	Western High Court	Total	Supreme Court			
				From Eastern High Court	From Western High Court	From other courts	Total
Appeals, total	**1 537**	**1 109**	**2 646**	**27**	**15**	**1**	**43**
Number of charged persons, total	1 711	1 256	2 967	39	20	1	60
Penalty increased	334	215	549	1	1	-	2
Penalty confirmed	950	640	1 590	25	18	-	43
Penalty mitigated	411	373	784	12	1	1	14
Other decisions	16	28	44	0	-	-	-
Appeals in interlocutory procedure, total	**2 361**	**1 815**	**4 176**	**49**	**20**	**-**	**69**
The appellant's claim:							
Allowed	209	155	364	24	1	-	25
Dismissed	2 152	1 660	3 812	25	19	-	44

Note. 74 cases were admissible to be reopened by the appeals court in 2003, of these six were actually reopened.

Source: The Court Administration.

Table 235

Enforcement proceedings, registration, estates of deceased persons and bankruptcies, etc. 2003

	Copenhagen region[1]	Other islands	Jutland	Total
Enforcement proceedings	**64 501**	**88 441**	**103 997**	**256 939**
Petitions for distraint, etc.	52 229	75 812	88 277	216 318
Recovery of property bought on hire purchase	774	898	1 003	2 675
Other cases of taking possession and ejection	11 411	11 088	13 605	36 104
Auction sales of real property	87	643	1 112	1 842
Notarial acts	**20 494**	**13 828**	**19 969**	**54 291**
Registrations, total	**520 268**	**1 119 405**	**1 893 652**	**3 533 325**
Conveyances and title deeds	30 403	68 985	96 360	195 748
Mortgages, etc. on real property	131 058	277 220	351 167	759 445
Mortgages, chattels	-	-	119 270	119 270
Other registrations	358 807	773 200	1 326 855	2 458 862
Estates of deceased persons, total	**14 006**	**18 923**	**26 529**	**59 458**
Ordinary estates of deceased:				
Disposed of without adm.	5 633	5 456	7 694	18 783
Passed to surviving spouse	295	276	521	1 092
Undivided possession	1 990	4 383	6 099	12 472
Private adm. out of court	2 778	4 286	6 200	13 264
Of which later adm. by executor:				
Simple adm. out of court	1 833	2 370	3 680	7 883
Administered by executor	1 121	1 637	1 766	4 524
Disposed with admin.	107	74	108	289
Other erstates of deceased person	125	244	132	501
Special erstates of deceased person	124	197	329	650
Other probates	**217**	**4 445**	**6 187**	**17 259**
Bankruptcy	.	1 326	1 696	5 038
Restructuring of debts	.	1 603	2 480	5 565
Suspension of payment	.	175	371	804
Liquidations	.	820	1 077	4 369
Spouse probates	212	334	380	926
Other cases	5	187	183	1 557
Of:				
Bankruptcy closed	.	262	319	1 419
Restructuring of debts completed	.	486	793	1 569
Liquidations closed	.	394	552	2 102
Spouse probates closed without adm.	149	262	280	691

[1] Judicial districts in Copenhagen and the Copenhagen region, i.e. nos. 1–12 and the Maritime and Commercial Court 3.205 cases.

Source: The Court Administration.