International statistics

> Trends in the world population

➤ World economy



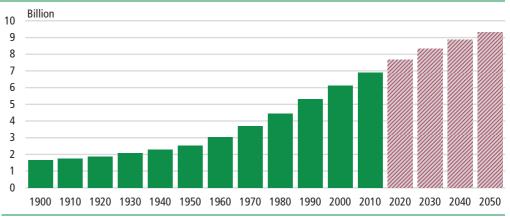


Trends in the World population

World population is growing

The world's population almost quadrupled during the 20th century. In 1900, the world population was 1.65 billion and in 2010, the world population is estimated at 6.9 billion. This trend gained momentum in the 1960s until the 1990s, with a growth rate around 20 per cent every decade. In 2050, the world population is assumed to be about 9.3 billion.

Figure 1 World population



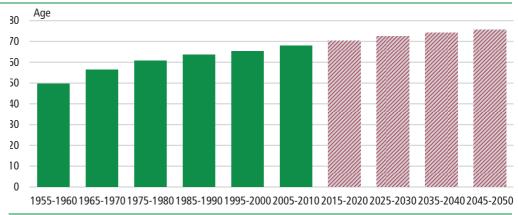
Source: UN's population forecast

We are also getting older

Simultaneously with the growing world population, we also live longer. In 1960, the average life expectancy for all new-born children in the world was 50 years. In 2010, average life expectancy increased to more than 68 years. In 2050, average life expectancy is assumed to have increased to 76 years.

The figures reflect major differences among countries and continents. A Japanese child born in 2010 can expect to reach the age of more than 82, while a child born in Mozambique in Africa can only expect to live until the age of 39.

Figure 2 Average life expectancy for the world's new-born children



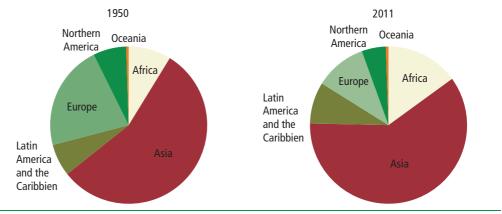
Source: UN's population forecast



Most people live in Asia

There has been an increase in the world's population in all continents. As women in Asia and Africa give birth to a greater number of children, the share of the world's population has changed in the continents. In 1950, the European population accounted for 22 per cent of the world's total population, while this share had decreased to 11 per cent in 2011. Conversely, the Asian population has grown from 56 per cent of the world's population in 1950 to 60 per cent in 2011.

Figure 3 World population by continents



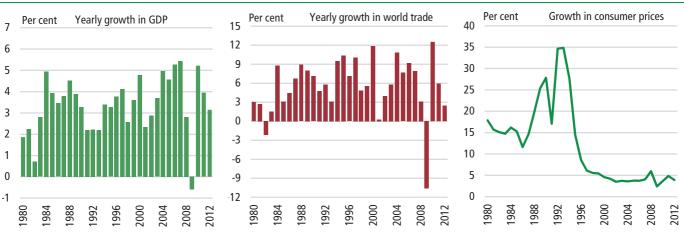
Source: UN's population forecast

World economy

Steady growth and increase in world trade

During the last 30 years, the world economy has steadily grown by an average real growth of 3.6 per cent per year of the world's total GDP. The most marked recession during the period was in 2009, with GDP for the world economy fell by 0.6 per cent. Similarly, there has been a general increase in world trade since 1970, but the financial crises caused an extremely negative growth rate in 2009. During recent years, consumer prices (inflation) have been historically low despite a spike in 2008. Inflation in the overall world economy amounted to just under 4 per cent. in 2012.

Figure 4 Key indicators for the world economy



Source: IMF - global indicators

International statistics since 1898

Ever since 1898, Statistical Yearbook has included a chapter on international statistics. Several of the statistics from back then are still shown today. This goes for instance for *area and populations in states and territories*. Since then, some statistics have gone i.e. *the emigration to the USA*, while others have come such as *the EMU debt*. The selection of tables is meant to represent continuity as well as timeliness.

Harmonization

The development within the last 100 years has furthermore increased the need for international statistics regarding each country and therefore also comparisons between these countries.

Direct use of national statistics, i.e. each country's own statistics, for comparison between these countries, is not always possible as calculation methods often vary from country to country.

To ensure such comparability, international organizations go to great lengths to harmonize statistical terms (including establishing common nomenclatures) and calculation methods.

Harmonization can be anything from a set of guidelines (recommendations) to more direct requirements made of the statistical analyses which member countries submit to the relevant organization.

Organizations that publish statistics

The most central organizations that publish statistics (which are also included as sources in the section 'International tables' in the Statistical Yearbook) are:

Eurostat (Statistical Office of the European Union)

OECD (Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development)

UN (United Nations) – *including*:

- ECE (Economic Commission for Europe)
- FAO (Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations)
- ILO (International Labour Organisation)
- IMF (International Monetary Fund)
- UNESCO (United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization)
- WHO (World Health Organization).
- World Bank

International comparable statistics are published as printed statistical publications, as CD-ROMs, and in databases, which can be accessed via links from the website of the organizations publishing statistics.

Statistics Denmark's Library and Information

Statistics Denmark's Library and Information, which is the central reference library for descriptive statistics, houses Denmark's largest collection of international statistics. The collection is constantly expanding and supplemented with the most recent material from the organizations that publish statistics. In addition to the large number of printed publications and CD-ROMs, the Library also provides access to a great many international databases as well as the Internet. The Library is open to the public.

Table 423	Largest ci	ity in se	lected co	untries			
Country	City	Year	Thousands	Country	City	Year	Thousands
Belgium	Brucelles	2007	1 031	South Africa	Pretoria	2000	1 084
Bulgaria	Sofia	2011	1 292				
Cyprus	Nicosia	2009	313	Brazil	Brasilia	2010	2 482
Denmark	Copenhagen ¹	2011	1 210	Canada	Ottowa	2009	1 221
Estonia	Tallinn	2005	397	Chile	Santiago	2002	4 668
Finland	Helsinki	2010	583	Mexico	Mexico City	2010	8 555
France	Paris	1999	9 645	United States	Washington D.C.	2010	602
Greece	Athens	2001	746				
Ireland	Dublin	2006	1 046	India	New Delhi	2001	301
Iceland	Reykjavik	2010	118	Indonesia	Jakarta	2010	9 610
Italy	Rome	2001	2 547	Israel	Jerusalem	2009	773
Croatia	Zagreb	2011	793	Japan	Tokyo	2010	8 946
Latvia	Riga	2011	700	China	Beijing	2010	19 612
Lithuania	Vilnius	2011	539	Singapore	Singapore	2006	4 484
Luxembourg	Luxembourg	2010	91	Korea, Republic of	Seoul	2010	9 794
Malta	Valletta	2005	6	Turkey	Ankara	2009	4 651
Netherlands	Amsterdam	2010	1 053				
Norway	Oslo	2011	907	Australia	Canberra	2006	323
Poland	Warsaw	2003	1 707	New Zealand	Wellington	2006	361
Portugal	Lissabon	2001	2 548				
Romania	Bucharest	2002	1 926				
Russian Federation	Moscow	2002	10 383				
Switzerland	Bern	2009	123				
Slovakia	Bratislava	2001	599				
Slovenia	Ljubljana	2011	272				
Spain	Madrid	2008	3 213				
United Kingdom	London	2008	7 620				
Sweden	Stockholm	2009	829				
Czech Republic	Praque	2010	1 249				
Germany	Berlin	2010	3 461				
Hungary	Budapest	2009	1 712				
Austria	Vienna	2011	1 724				

 $^{^{\}rm 1}\,{\rm Province} :$ Copenhagen and Copenhagen Suburbs.

Source: The Statesman's Yearbook 2013 and the websites of the national statistical institutes



Table 424 Population, birth and death rates in selected countries

		2011			LITE	expectancy	
	Estimated population	Per thousand inl		Deaths in 1st year as % of	Year	Males 0 year	Females 0 year
	figures 1 July	LIVE DILLIIS	Deatilis	total live births			
	millioner			——— promil	le 		
OECD countries							
EU countries							
Belgium	10 996	11.9	9.6	3.3	2006	77.0	82.7
Bulgaria	7 348	9.6	14.7	8.5	2008-2010	70.0	77.2
Cyprus	851	11.3	6.5	3.1	2006-2007	78.3	81.9
Denmark Estania	5 567 1 340	10.6	9.4	3.5	2009-2010	77.1 70.6	81.2
Estonia Finland	5 388	11.0 11.1	11.4 9.4	2.5 2.4	2010 2009	70.6 76.5	80.5 83.1
France	63 294	12.6	8.6	3.5 ¹	2007-2009	77.6	84.4
Greece	11 326	9.2	9.6	3.8	2009	77.7	82.8
Ireland	4 484	16.7	6.3	3.8 ¹	2002	75.1	80.3
Iceland	318	14.1	6.2	-	2009-2010	79.5	83.5
Italy	60 739	9.1	9.7	3.4 ¹	2008	78.8	84.1
Croatia	4 412	9.3	11.6	4.4 ¹	1988-1990	68.3	75.9
Latvia	2 066	9,0	13.8	6.7	2010	68.8	78.4
Lithuania	3 222	10.7	12.7	4.2	2010	68.0	78.8
Luxembourg	512	10.9	7.4	-	2005-2007	77.6	82.7
Malta	418	10.2	7.8	8.2 ²	2010	78.9	83.1
Netherlands	16 693	10.7	8.1	3.8 ¹	2009	78.5	82.7
Norway	4 953	12.2	8.4	2.4	2010	78.9	83.2
Poland	38 204	10.2	9.8	4.7	2010	72.1	80.6
Portugal	10 637 ¹	9.2	9.7	3.1	2008-2010	76.1	82.1
Romania Russian Federation	21 385 142 961	9.2 12.6	11.8 13.5	9.4 7.3	2008-2010 2009	69.8 62.8	77.3 74.7
Switzerland	7 911	10.2	7.8	3.8	2010	80.1	74.7 84.5
Slovakia	5 398	11.3	9.6	4.9	2010	71.6	78.8
Slovenia	2 053	10.5	9.1	3.0	2010	76.3	82.7
Spain	46 125	10.3	8.4	3.4	2010	78.9	84.9
United Kingdom	62 436	13.0 ¹	9.0 ¹	4.3 ¹	2006-2008	77.4	81.6
Sweden	9 449	11.8	9.5	2.1	2010	79.5	83.5
Czech Republic	10 495	10.4	10.2	2.7	2010	74.4	80.6
Germany	81 798	8.1	10.4	3.6	2009-2011	77.7	82.7
Hungary	9 974	8.8	12.9	4.9	2010	70.5	78.1
Austria	8 423	9.3	9.1	3.9 ¹	2010	77.7	83.2
South Africa	50 587	-	-	-	2009	53.5	57.2
Brazil	192 376	-	-	-	2009	69.4	77.0
Canada	34 483	11.3 ³	7.22		2006-2008	78.5	83.2
Chile	17 248	14.9 ³	5.4 ³		2010	75.8	81.2
Mexico	107 551 ³	-	5.3 ¹		2008	72.8	77.5
United States	311 592	13.5 ³	8.0 ¹	6.4 ³	2008	75.6	80.6
India	1 192 503	22.8 ²	7.4^{2}	53.0 ²	2002-2006	62.6	64.2
Indonesia	236 954	-	-	-	1990-1995	61.0	64.5
Israel	7 759	21.4	5.2	3.4	2006-2010	79,0	82.8
Japan	127 817	8.4 ¹	9.3 ¹	2.3 ¹	2010	79.6	86.4
China	1 344 100	11.9	7.1	- 1	2000	69.6	73.3
Singapore	5 184	7.6	3.5	2.6 ¹	2010	79.3	84.1
Korea, Republic of	50 111	9.4 ¹	5.1 ¹		2010	77.2	84.1
Turkey	74 224	17.2	-	12.6	2009	71.5	76.1
Australia	22 621	13.4 ¹	6.4 ¹	4.1 ¹	2008-2010	79.5	84,0
New Zealand	4 405	13.9	6.8	4.7	2009-2011	79.1	82.8

¹ 2010. ² 2008. ³ 2009.

Source: United Nations: Demographic Yearbook, 2011

Table 425		Live bir	ths per th	ousand w	omen				
	Year			Live birth	ns per thousan	d women			Total fertility rate
		15-19 years	20-24 years	25-29 years	30-34 years	35-39 years	40- 4 4 years	45-49 years	per woman 2009
OECD countries									
EU countries									
Belgium									1.9
Bulgaria	2010	41.3	73.1	86.8	65.1	26.1	4.1	0.2	1.6
Cyprus									
Denmark	2010	5.0	42.9	123.1	133.8	58.8	9.6	0.5	1.8
Estonia	2010	17.1	61.2	103.2	88.8	46.1	10.5	0.2	1.6
Finland	2010	8.5	57.3	117.4	120.9	59.0	11.6	0.6	1.9
France	2008	10.2	60.7	134.0	123.5	56.1	11.5	0.6	2.0
Greece	2009	11.6	46.4	86.4 86.9	99.0	49.9	10.3	1.3	1.5
Ireland Iceland	2010 2010	14.9 13.0	54.6 71.9	137.8	134.9 127.8	98.1 73.8	21.6 14.1	1.0 0.2	2.1
Italy	2010	6.8	32.9	72.2	88.1	50.0	10.4	0.2	1.4
Croatia	2010	11.9	55.1	98.7	84.8	35.9	6.0	0.4	1.5
Latvia	2010	16.6	50.9	73.7	58.6	28.7	7.0	0.3	1.3
Lithuania	2010	14.5	55.6	114.0	87.1	32.7	5.9	0.3	1.5
Luxembourg	2010	7.6	42.5	92.1	115.7	55.9	13.5	0.7	
Malta	2010	18.9	39.5	86.3	85.5	40.8	5.4	0.1	
Netherlands	2010	5.1	37.3	111.9	135.1	58.6	9.1	0.3	1.8
Norway	2010	8.4	59.0	124.0	128.0	57.7	10.8	0.6	2.0
Poland	2010	15.2	56.0	94.4	75.1	31.3	6.1	0.2	1.4
Portugal	2009	15.3	43.8	72.7	82.5	41.6	8.0	0.5	1.3
Romania	2010	36.9	62.3	79.9	59.2	23.3	4.6	0.2	1.4
Russian Federation	2010	27.3	87.3	96.9	68.0	30.4	5.9	0.2	1.6
Switzerland	2010	3.9	34.0	83.8	111.7	60.1	11.2	0.5	1.5
Slovakia Slovenia	2010 2010	22.9 4.9	53.5 42.7	87.3 111.5	79.6 108.3	32.6 42.5	5.7 6.0	0.3 0.4	1.4 1.5
Spain	2010	10.8	34.5	62.0	95.7	62.4	12.5	0.4	1.4
United Kingdom	2009	25.0	73.0	107.3	112.6	57.9	11.9	0.7	2.0
Sweden	2010	5.9	50.7	118.2	137.8	69.2	13.3	0.8	1.9
Czech Republic	2010	11.1	45.5	99.0	97.2	39.5	5.9	0.3	1.5
Germany	2010	8.9	38.9	81.1	93.1	46.8	8.4	0.4	1.4
Hungary	2010	17.9	40.1	73.9	77.0	35.4	6.7	0.3	1.3
Austria	2010	10.2	48.2	88.6	89.3	42.4	8.0	0.4	1.4
South Africa									2.5
Brazil									1.8
Canada	2009	14.1	51.2	100.7	107.0	50.6	9.2	0.4	1.6
Chile	2009	54.4	85.4	95.2	84.9	50.7	13.8	0.7	1.9
Mexico									2.1
United States	2008	41.5	103.0	115.1	99.3	46.9	9.8	0.6	2.1
India									2.7
Indonesia	2010	12.0	100.1	172.0	 170 F	102.0			2.1
Israel	2010	13.0	109.1	173.8	176.5	103.9 45.9	26.9	2.4	3.0
Japan China	2010	4.6	33.5	84.6	93.6		8.0	0.2	1.4 1.8
Singapore	2010	4.9	24.7	74.6	95.0	47.6	7.0	0.3	1.0
Korea, Rep. of	2010	1.8	16.7	81.9	116.1	34.2	4.3	0.3	1.3
Turkey	2010	32.1	110.9	123.3	89.3	42.5	10.6	1.8	2.1
•						69.7			1.9
Australia New Zealand	2010 2011	15.4 25.9	52.5 72.4	100.2 104.6	123.3 121.7	71.3	14.8 14.8	0.7 0.8	2.1

Source: United Nations: Demographic Yearbook. 2009-2011

United Nations: World Development Indicators, 2012 (column 9)

Table 426			tion in sele	cted cot					
-		School expecta	ncy (in years)		Populatio	on with comple	ted higher educ	cation (25-64 year	rs old)
	Primary and lower- secondary school	Upper- secondary education	Higher education	Total	25-34 years	35-44 years	45-5 4 years	55-64 years	Tota
-		numb	er of years ———				per cent		
OECD countries ¹	9.6	3.9	3.3	16.8	38	33	28	23	3
EU countries ²	9.4	4.0	3.2	16.6					
Belgium	8.7	5.8	3.2	17.7	44	39	31	26	3
Bulgaria									
Cyprus Denmark	9.5	3.9	3.3	16.7	38	37		28	3
Estonia	9.5	3.9	3.3	15.7	38	33	31 39	31	3.
Finland	9.0	3.3 4.9	4.0	18.0	39	46	39	30	38
France	9.3	3.4	2.7	15.4	43	34	22	18	29
Greece	9.4	3.4	4.6	17.4	31	27	23	17	2:
Ireland	11.0	4.1	4.2	19.3	48	42	30	21	3
Iceland	9.9	5.4	3.2	18.5	36	39	31	23	33
Italy	8.3		3.0		21	16	12	11	1
Croatia									
Latvia									
Lithuania									
Luxembourg	9.3	3.9	0.8	14.0	44	41	28	25	3!
Malta Natharlanda				16.0					
Netherlands	10.3	3.5 3.9	3.0	16.8	41	34	30	26 27	37
Norway	10.0		3.0 3.7	16.9	47 27	41	33 15	27 12	37 23
Poland Portugal	8.9 10.6	3.9 3.7	3. <i>1</i> 2.7	16.5 17.0	37 25	23 16	10	13 9	2. 1!
Romania	10.0	5.7		17.0					
Russian Federation					 55	58	54	44	 54
Switzerland	9.6	3.6	2.4	15.5	40	38	33	28	3!
Slovakia	8.8	3.8	2.6	15.2	24	16	15	13	1
Slovenia	8.8	4.4	4.1	17.3	31	27	20	16	24
Spain	10.7	2.4	3.1	16.3	39	35	26	18	3
United Kingdom	9.6	4.5	2.5	16.6	46	41	35	30	38
Sweden	9.8	4.3	3.2	17.3	42	37	30	27	34
Czech Republic	9.0	4.3	2.9	16.2	23	16	16	12	1
Germany	10.3	3.6	2.5	16.4	26	28	27	25	2
Hungary	8.1	4.9	2.7	15.8	26	19	18	16	20
Austria					21	21	19	16	19
South Africa									4
Brazil	10.1	3.1	1.8	15.0	12	11	11	9	1
Canada	12.4		2.9		56	57	47	42	5
Chile	8.1	3.8	3.4	15.3	38	27	21	19	27
Mexico	10.5	2.0	1.4	13.9	22	16	16	12	17
United States	9.1	2.9	4.2	16.2	42	43	40	41	42
India									
Indonesia	10.5	1.9	1.2	13.5					4
Israel	8.8	3.0	2.9	14.7	44	49	44	45	46
Japan	9.2				57	50	46	29	4!
China	8.1		1.0	• • • •	6	5	3	3	!
Singapore				16.7					
Korea. Rep. of Turkey	9.0 8.5	2.9 3.4	4.8 2.8	16.7 14.6	65 17	47 12	27 9	13 9	40 13
•									
Australia	11.5	3.3	3.4	18.2	44	40	35	30	38
New Zealand	10.2	4.4	3.6	18.2	46	42	39	34	4

¹ Average percentage for all OECD countries by highest level of education completed by population. ² EU-lande with a full set of data.

Source: OECD.. Education at a Glance. OECD indicators



Table 427 Employment and activity rate. 2011	Table 427	Employment and activity rate. 2	2011
--	-----------	---------------------------------	------

	Labour force	Employed persons	Activity rate men	Activity rate women
	— thousand	l persons — — —	per cen	t ———
OECD countries	569 448	522 995	79.5	61.8
EU countries	240 033	217 021	64.7	50.7
Austria	4 323	4 144	68.0	54.8
Belgium	4 856	4 509	59.7	47.0
Bulgaria	3 322	2 950	56.5	46.5
Croatia	1 724	1 493	53.0	39.1
Cyprus	432	398	70.7	57.5
Czech Republic	5 258	4 904	67.6	49.5
Denmark	2 924	2 703	68.4	59.6
Estonia	696	609	68.2	56.1
Finland	2 682	2 474	68.7	63.5
France	28 390	25 778	61.8	51.7
Germany	42 238	39 737	66.5	54.1
Greece	4 968	4 091	62.9	43.9
Hungary	4 280	3 812	59.0	44.1
Iceland	179	166	83.2	76.4
Ireland	2 166	1 849	67.9	52.7
Italy	25 075	22 967	59.1	38.5
Latvia	1 028	862	65.3	53.1
Lithuania	1 620	1 371	64.8	54.2
Luxembourg	236	225	65.0	50.3
Malta	180	169	66.9	35.0
Netherlands	8 757	8 369	70.8	59.0
Norway	2 620	2 536	73.9	68.6
Poland	17 853	16 130	64.5	48.4
Portugal	5 543	4 837	68.0	55.2
Romania	9 868	9 138	62.4	46.9
Russian Federation	75 752	70 732	74.4	62.9
Slovakia	2 720	2 351	68.3	50.4
Slovenia	1 019	936	63.7	52.3
Spain	23 104	18 105	66.7	52.4
Sweden	5 018	4 642	73.9	68.0
Switzerland	4 550	4 366	75.5	60.8
United Kingdom	31 611	29 078	68.9	56.2
South Africa	17 622	13 265	61.1	47.7
Brazil ¹	22 473	22 473	66.5	49.0
Canada	18 699	17 306	71.5	62.3
Chile	8 061	7 487	72.7	47.3
Mexico	48 856	46 306	78.5	42.9
USA	153 617	139 869	70.5	58.1
India ²	388 020	374 286	79.7	29.0
Indonesia	118 385	110 476		
Israel	3 205	3 025	62.3	52.7
Japan	64 022	61 110	71.2	48.2
China	785 790	764 200		
Singapore	3 239	3 178		
Korea. Republic of	25 099	24 244	73.1	49.7
Turkey	26 692	24 072	71.6	28.8
Australia	12 050	11 435	72.3	59.0
New Zealand	2 370	2 215	72.3 74.6	62.5
New Zedidilu	2 3 / 0	2 213	74.0	02.5

Note: The figures cover the population 15+. The OECD countries cover the age 15-64. All data are based on national labour force surveys. except for India and China.

Source: ILO. International Labour Organization. www.ILO.org

¹ Selected urban areas. ² 2010.

Table 428	Unemployment. 20	11			
		Unemployed persons	Unemployment rates	Unemployed men	Unemployed womer
		thousand persons	per cent —	thousand p	ersons —
	OECD countries	46 449	8.2	26 001	20 447
	EU countries	23 012	9.7	12 422	10 590
	Austria	179	4.1	93	86
	Belgium	347	7.1	188	158
	Bulgaria	372	11.2	216	150
	Croatia	232	13.4	129	103
	Cyprus	34	7.9	18	10.
	Czech Republic	354	6.7	172	181
	Denmark	221	7.6	118	103
		87		46	
	Estonia	209	12.5 7.8		41 92
	Finland			117	
	France	2 612	9.2	1 300	1 312
	Germany	2 501	5.9	1 407	1 09!
	Greece	877	17.7	429	448
	Hungary	468	10.9	253	21!
	Iceland	13	7.0	7	
	Ireland	317	14.6	213	104
	Italy .	2 108	8.4	1 114	993
	Latvia	167	16.2	95	7'
	Lithuania	249	15.4	144	10!
	Luxembourg	12	4.9	5	
	Malta	12	6.5	7	4
	Netherlands	389	4.4	211	178
	Norway	84	3.2	47	3
	Poland	1 723	9.6	879	843
	Portugal	706	12.7	366	340
	Romania	730	7.4	431	299
	Russian Federation	5 020	6.6	2 727	2 294
	Slovakia	368	13.5	205	163
	Slovenia	83	8.2	45	38
	Spain	4 999	21.6	2 689	2 310
	Sweden	377	7.5	200	177
	Switzerland	184	4.0	91	9:
	United Kingdom	2 534	8.0	1 472	1 061
	South Africa	4 358	24.7	2 158	2 200
	Brazil ¹	1 426	6.0	601	82!
	Canada	1 393	7.5	774	619
	Chile	574	7.5 7.1	292	28
	Mexico	2 550	5.2	1 594	956
	USA	13 747	5.2 8.9	7 684	6 063
	India ²	13 734	3.5	9 370	4 364
	Indonesia	7 909	6.7	4 449	3 460
	Israel	180	5.6	95	8!
	Japan	2 912	4.5	1 792	1 119
	China	21 590	2.7		
	Singapore	61	1.9	31	30
	Korea. Republic of	855	3.4	530	325
	Turkey	2 620	9.8	1 734	886

Note: The figures cover the population 15+. The OECD countries cover the age 15-64. All data are based on national labour force surveys. except for India and China. ILO has further harmonised the figures after production. so the numbers may differ slightly from those published by Eurostat.

Australia

New Zealand

Source: ILO. International Labour Organization. www.ILO.org

5.1

6.5

322

80

614

155

293

75

¹ Selected urban areas. ² 2010.



Table 429	Consumer prices			
		Consumer prices, p	percentage annual growth	
		2010	2011	2012
	OECD countries	1.9	2.9	2.2
	EU countries	1.6	2.7	2.5
	Belgium	2.3	3.4	2.6
	Bulgaria	3.0	3.4	2.4
	Cyprus	2.6	3.5	3.1
	Denmark	2.2	2.7	2.4
	Estonia	2.7	5.1	4.2
	Finland	1.7	3.3	3.2
	France	1.7	2.3	2.2
	Greece	4.7	3.1	1.0
	Netherlands	0.9	2.5	2.8
	Ireland	-1.6	1.2	1.7
	Iceland	7.5	4.2	6.0
	Croatia	1.1	2.2	3.4
	Latvia	-1.2	4.2	2.3
	Lithuania	1.2 1.6	4.1 2.9	3.2
	Italy Luxembourg	2.8	3.7	3.3 2.9
	Malta	2.0	2.5	3.2
	Norway	2.3	1.2	0.4
	Poland	2.7	3.9	3.7
	Portugal	1.4	3.6	2.8
	Romania	6.1	5.8	3.4
	Russian Federation	6.9	8.4	5.1
	Switzerland	0.6	0.1	-0.7
	Slovakia	0.7	4.1	3.7
	Slovenia	2.1	2.1	2.8
	Spain	2.0	3.1	2.4
	United Kingdom	3.3	4.5	2.8
	Sweden	1.9	1.4	0.9
	Czech Republic	1.2	2.1	3.5
	Germany	1.2	2.5	2.1
	Hungary	4.7	3.9	5.7
	Austria	1.7	3.6	2.6
	South Africa	4.1	5.0	5.7
	Brazil	5.0	6.6	5.4
	Canada	1.8	2.9	1.5
	Chile	1.4	3.3	3.0
	Mexico	4.2	3.4	4.1
	United States	1.6	3.2	2.1
	India	12.0	8.9	9.3
	Indonesia	5.1	5.4	4.3
	Israel	2.7	3.5	1.7
	Japan Chin -	-0.7	-0.3	0.0
	China	3.3	5.5 5.3	2.6
	Singapore Korea, Republic of	2.8 4.5	5.2 4.3	4.6 2.2
	Turkey	4.5 8.6	4.3 6.5	8.9
	Australia	2.8	3.4	1.8
	New Zealand	2.3	4.0	1.1

Source: Eurostat and OECD databases



Table 430	Comparison of GDP per capita and price level. 2011*								
	GDP per capita converted with exchange rate	GDP per capita converted with purchasing power parity	Price level for the final consumption by households	Price level for food and non-alcoholic beverages					
		EU27 = 100							
OECD countries									
EU countries	100	100	100	100					
Belgium	134	119	111	111					
Bulgaria	21	46	49	70					
Cyprus	84	94	89	109					
Denmark	172	125	144	143					
Estonia	47	67	78 125	87					
Finland	140 122	114 108	125	118 109					
France Greece	73	79	110 96	109					
Netherlands	143	131	108	96					
Ireland	141	129	116	118					
Iceland	126	111	114	117					
Italy	103	100	104	112					
Croatia	42	61	73	94					
Latvia	39	58	74	88					
Lithuania	40	66	66	79					
Luxembourg	326	271	123	116					
Malta	62	85	78	96					
Norway	283	186	156	180					
Poland	38	64	59	65					
Portugal	64	77	87	91					
Romania		49	60	71					
Russian Federation	• • •	• • •							
Switzerland	241	157	160	153					
Slovakia	51	73	72	90					
Slovenia	70	84	86	97					
Spain	92	98	97	94					
United Kingdom	111 163	109 127	102 126	96 121					
Sweden Czech Republic	59	80	77	87					
Germany	126	121	103	106					
Hungary	40	66	64	85					
Austria	142	129	106	120					
South Africa	172								
Brazil									
Canada									
Chile									
Mexico									
United States									
India	138	148	88						
Indonesia	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • • •					
Israel	•••	• • • •							
Japan		105	130						
China									
Singapore									
Korea. Republic of									
Turkey	30	52	64	86					
Australia									
	***	• • •	• • • •	• • •					
New Zealand	• • •								

Note: The figures are provisional. Final figures are available in December 2014. Figures are calculated at current prices and current purchasing power parities.

Source: Eurostat, database



Table 431	The wor	The world's 20 largest economies						
	Gross domestic		Growth in GD	P at constant prices				
	product ——— at current prices 2011 ¹	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011		
	billion dollars —			per cent —				
The world	69 899	5.4	2.8	-0.7	5.1	4.0		
United States	15 076	1.9	-0.3	-3.1	2.4	1.8		
China	7 298	14.2	9.6	9.2	10.4	9.2		
Japan	5 867	2.2	-1.0	-5.5	4.5	-0.8		
Germany	3 607	3.4	0.8	-5.1	4.0	3.1		
France	2 778	2.3	-0.1	-3.1	1.7	1.7		
Brazil	2 493	6.1	5.2	-0.3	7.5	2.7		
United Kingdom	2 431	3.6	-1.0	-4.0	1.8	0.8		
Italy	2 199	1.7	-1.2	-5.5	1.8	0.4		
Russia	1 850	8.5	5.2	-7.8	4.3	4.3		
India	1 827	10.0	6.9	5.9	10.1	6.8		
Canada	1 739	2.2	0.7	-2.8	3.2	2.4		
Australia	1 487	4.7	2.5	1.4	2.5	2.1		
Spain	1 480	3.5	0.9	-3.7	-0.3	0.4		
Mexico	1 154	3.2	1.2	-6.0	5.6	3.9		
Korea	1 116	5.1	2.3	0.3	6.3	3.6		
Netherlands	838	3.9	1.8	-3.7	1.6	1.1		
Turkey	774	4.7	0.7	-4.8	9.2	8.5		
Saudi Arabia	597	2.0	4.2	0.1	5.1	7.1		
Belgium	515	2.9	1.0	-2.8	2.4	1.8		
Poland	515	6.8	5.1	1.6	3.9	4.3		
Denmark	332	1.6	-0.8	-5.7	1.6	1.1		

Note: Measured by gross domestic product this year.

Source: International Monetary Fund, World Economic Outlook Database, October 2012

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Nominated in US dollars using international currency exchange rates. See table regarding Purchasing Power Parities adjusted GDP pr.capita



Table 432	Gross domestic product, imports and end-use. 2011							
	Gross domestic		Po	ercentage of GDP				
	product in USD — per capita ¹	Private consumption expenditure	General government consumption expenditure	Gross capital formation	Imports of goods and services	Exports of goods and services		
	_			— per cent —				
OECD countries		62.9	19.4	18.5	28.8	27.9		
EU countries		58.0	21.7	19.1	42.4	43.6		
Belgium	37 781	52.6	24.4	21.8	83.1	84.3		
Bulgaria	13 789	60.7	15.5	23.1	65.8	66.5		
Cyprus	27 521	66.5	20.1	16.5	45.9	42.8		
Denmark Estonia	37 048 20 379	48.5 51.1	28.6 19.5	17.5 24.8	48.4 87.6	53.8 91.5		
Finland	35 981	55.5	24.3	20.9	41.4	40.7		
France	35 068	57.7	24.5	20.6	29.8	27.0		
Greece	26 258	75.5	17.5	14.5	31.5	24.0		
Ireland	40 838	46.5	18.4	10.3	82.9	104.9		
Iceland	38 060	51.9	25.3	14.2	50.8	59.3		
Italy	30 464	61.3	20.5	19.7	30.3	28.8		
Croatia	18 014	59.1	19.9	21.1	41.9	41.8		
Latvia	16 818	61.9	16.1	26.8	63.6	58.8		
Lithuania	19 125	63.4	18.9	20.5	80.4	77.6		
Luxembourg	80 559	33.3	16.5	20.7	135.2	164.7		
Malta	25 598	61.4	21.1	12.5	93.1	98.0		
Netherlands	42 023	45.0	27.9	18.1	74.1	83.0		
Norway	53 396	41.5	21.5	23.2	28.3	42.1		
Poland	20 184	61.2	18.0	21.9	46.4	45.2		
Portugal	23 363	66.3	20.1	17.5	39.3	35.5		
Romania	12 493	62.0	14.4	28.8	43.5	38.3		
Russian Federation	16 736	50.3	17.9	25.0	22.3	31.1		
Slovakia	23 304	57.5 57.0	18.1	21.8	86.5	89.1		
Slovenia	28 843	57.8	20.8	20.1	71.2	72.4		
Spain	30 478 36 522	58.3 64.3	20.9 22.4	21.5	31.1	30.3		
United Kingdom Sweden	40 705	64.3 47.8	22.4 26.4	14.9 19.6	34.1 43.7	32.5 49.9		
	44 452	57.4	11.1	20.8	40.4			
Switzerland Czech Republic	27 063	50.8	20.6	24.6	68.5	51.2 72.5		
Germany	38 077	57.4	19.3	18.3	45.1	50.2		
Hungary	19 591	53.0	20.8	19.5	84.6	91.3		
Austria	41 556	54.4	18.8	23.2	54.0	57.3		
South Africa	10 970	58.6	21.5	19.7	29.4	28.8		
Brazil	11 769	60.3	20.7	19.7	12.6	11.9		
Canada	40 519	57.2	21.4	22.8	32.4	31.2		
Chile	17 361	60.2	11.8	24.6	34.7	38.1		
Mexico	14 653	65.0	11.4	24.8	32.9	31.7		
United States	48 328	71.6	17.3	14.9	17.8	14.0		
India	3 663	56.0	11.7	35.5	29.8	24.6		
Indonesia	4 665	54.6	9.0	32.8	24.9	26.3		
Israel	31 467	58.3	23.9	18.7	37.8	36.9		
Japan	34 748	60.3	20.6	19.9	16.1	15.2		
China	8 387	35.0	13.1	49.2	27.1	30.6		
Singapore	59 710	39.4	10.3	22.4	182.3	209.0		
Korea, Republic of	31 220	52.9	15.4	29.5	54.1	56.2		
Turkey	14 393	71.2	13.9	23.8	32.6	23.7		

¹ Based on Purchasing Power Parities (PPP).

40 847

28 012

54.2

59.9

Australia

New Zealand

Source: United Nations Statistics Division, National Accounts

21.2

29.4

21.6

30.3

28.0

19.0

17.7

20.2

Table 433	Tax incide	nce. 20	10						
	Taxes and o total 1995		Personal income taxes	Other income taxes	Social contribu- tions	Taxes on wealth, real property, etc.	General turnover taxes	duties,	Other taxes on specific goods and services, and fees on
									bonds, etc.
				— per cent	of GDP, curre	nt prices ——			
OECD countries	34.5	33.8	8.0	3.2	9.2	1.9	6.9	0.2	4.4
EU countries ¹	38.6	37.3	8.5	2.7	11.7	1.7	7.7	0.2	4.8
Belgium Bulgaria	43.5	43.5	12.2	2.7	14.1	2.7	7.1 · · ·	0.3	
Cyprus Denmark	49.0	47.7	24.3	4.8	1.0	2.2	9.9	0.2	
Estonia	33.5	34.9	5.5	1.4	13.4	0.8	9.9	0.2	
Finland	45.7	42.4	12.6	2.5	12.6	1.3	8.5	0.1	
France	43.2	43.1	7.3	2.1	16.7	3.4	7.3	0.1	6.2
Greece	29.1	30.9	4.4	2.5	10.9	1.3	7.5	0.1	
Ireland Iceland	32.0 31.2	27.6 35.2	7.5 12.9	2.5 2.8	5.6 4.1	1.7 3.0	6.3 8.0	0.1 0.4	
Italy	39.9	42.9	11.7	2.4	13.4	1.7	6.3	0.1	7.3
Croatia									
Latvia									
Lithuania	37.4	37.4	7.9	5.8	10.9	2.4	6.2	0.0	
Luxembourg Malta	37.4		7.9	5.0	10.9	2.4	0.2	0.0	
Netherlands	41.6	38.7	8.6	2.2	14.1	2.4	7.2	0.3	
Norway	40.9	42.9	10.1	10.1	9.7	1.6	8.0	0.1	
Poland	36.2	31.7	4.5	2.0	11.1	1.7	7.6	0.1	4.8
Portugal Romania	29.2	31.2	5.6	2.8	9.0	1.0	7.8	0.1	4.9
Russian Federation									
Switzerland	26.9	28.1	9.1	3.9	6.7	2.3	3.6	0.2	
Slovakia	41.0	28.2	2.3	2.7	12.3	1.0	6.3	0.2	
Slovenia Spain	40.4 32.2	38.1 33.1	5.8 7.2	1.9 2.2	15.4 12.4	1.2 1.8	8.5 5.5	0.2 0.2	
United Kingdom	34.1	34.8	10.0	3.1	6.6	4.1	6.5	0.2	
Sweden	47.5	45.5	12.7	3.5	11.4	1.3	9.8	0.2	
Czech Republic	35.9	34.2	3.6	3.4	15.3	0.9	7.0	0.2	
Germany	37.2 41.5	36.1	8.8	1.5	14.1	1.0	7.2	0.2 0.1	
Hungary Austria	41.3 41.3	37.9 42.1	6.5 9.5	1.2 2.4	11.9 14.6	1.3 0.9	11.1 8.0	0.1	
South Africa									
Brazil									
Canada	35.6	31.0	10.8	3.7	4.7	3.9	4.3	0.2	
Chile Mexico	18.5 15.2	19.6 18.8	1.4 2.4	6.2 2.8	1.4 2.9	1.1 0.4	7.6 3.9	0.2 0.2	
United States	27.8	24.8	2.4 8.1	2.7	6.4	3.9	2.0	0.2	
India									
Indonesia									
Israel Japan	36.7 26.4	32.4 27.6	6.3 5.1	3.2 3.2	5.6 11.4	3.5 2.9	9.8 2.6	0.3 0.2	
China	20.4		5.1	5.2	11.4	2.9	2.0	0.2	
Singapore									
Korea, Republic of	20.0	25.1	3.6	3.5	5.7	1.3	4.4	0.9	
Turkey	17.5	25.7	3.7	1.9	6.1	0.7	5.7	0.3	
Australia	28.2	25.6	9.9	4.8	•	2.1	3.5	0.4	
New Zealand	36.1	31.5	11.9	5.0	•	2.9	9.7	1.0	

¹ EU-21.

Source: OECD: Revenue Statistics of OECD Member Countries 1965-2011. Paris 2012

Table 434 EMU-debt, deficit(-) / surplus(+). 2011

	EMU-debt		EMU-deficit(-) / su	rplus(+)
	millions Euro	per cent of GDP	millions Euro	per cent of GDP
Belgium	361 625	97.8	-13 771	-3.7
Cyprus	12 777	71.1	-1 132	-6.3
Estonia	975	6.1	182	1.1
Finland	92 849	49.0	-1 167	-0.6
France	1 716 966	86.0	-103 324	-5.2
Greece	355 658	170.6	-19 686	-9.4
Netherlands	169 232	106.4	-21 256	-13.4
Ireland	1 906 738	120.7	-61 758	-3.9
Italy	7 804	18.3	-140	-0.3
Luxembourg	4 607	70.9	-177	-2.7
Malta	394 197	65.5	-27 009	-4.5
Portugal	184 699	108.1	-7 525	-4.4
Slovakia	29 911	43.3	-3 414	-4.9
Slovenia	16 954	46.9	-2 307	-6.4
Spain	736 468	69.3	-100 402	-9.4
Germany	2 087 998	80.5	-20 230	-0.8
Austria	217 782	72.4	-7 591	-2.5
Euro-zone	8 227 833	87.3	-390 708	-4.1
Bulgaria	6 284	16.3	-785	-2.0
Denmark	111 800	46.6	-4 368	-1.8
Latvia	8 618	42.2	-692	-3.4
Lithuania	11 863	38.5	-1 694	-5.5
Poland	192 703	56.4	-18 643	-5.0
Romania	44 608	33.4	-7 543	-5.5
United Kingdom	1 546 712	85.0	-137 149	-7.8
Sweden	150 987	38.4	1 375	0.4
Czech Republic	60 803	40.8	-5 091	-3.3
Hungary	72 029	81.4	4 342	4.3
EU countries	10 433 926	82.5	-560 834	-4.4

Source: Eurostat

Table 435 Exports by commodity group. 2011

1 abie 455		LAPOILS	by con	iniounty	group. 20	711				
							Of which			
	All food items	Agricul- tural raw materials	Fuels	Ores (minerals) and metals	Manufac- tured goods	Chemical products	Other manufac- tured goods	Machinery and transport equipment	Miscel- laneous goods, n.e.s.	Total value
SITC – section/ division	0 + 1 + 22 + 4	2 - (22 + 27 + 28)	3	27 + 28 + 68 + 667 + 971	5 thru 8 - (667 + 68)	5	6 + 8 - (667 + 68)	7	9	
					— per cent —					USD mio.
OECD countries	8.1	1.7	9.3	4.9	70.6	14.0	20.2	36.4	5.5	10 501 181
EU countries	9.3	1.5	7.1	3.4	74.6	15.8	23.0	35.9	4.0	6 013 549
Austria	8.3	2.0	2.9	3.2	82.8	11.1	33.3	38.4	0.8	168 435
Belgium	8.8	1.4	10.8	3.8	68.5	28.3	19.6	20.6	6.6	477 925
Bulgaria	15.2	1.3	13.5	19.0	48.4	7.5	24.5	16.4	2.6	28 165
Croatia	11.3	3.9	12.3	5.1	66.8	11.3	25.1	30.4	0.5	12 289
Cyprus	15.1 4.1	0.8	28.2 4.2	5.6 2.2	47.9 86.3	17.6 6.1	11.0	19.4 53.9	2.3 1.8	1 958 162 112
Czech Republic Denmark	17.7	1.4 3.0	9.1	1.7	60.6	11.3	26.3 24.1	25.2	7.9	112 784
Estonia	8.7	5.0	13.3	3.2	65.0	6.1	24.1	33.9	4.9	18 158
Finland	2.8	6.0	9.5	5.4	73.6	11.1	33.1	29.4	2.7	78 794
France	12.7	1.0	4.6	2.6	76.0	17.1	21.3	37.6	3.0	581 542
Germany	5.4	0.9	2.2	3.3	82.7	14.4	21.4	47.0	5.4	1 482 202
Greece	18.3	1.7	30.2	8.9	38.0	10.3	18.3	9.4	3.0	31 711
Hungary	8.0	0.8	3.5	2.0	81.6	9.3	17.3	55.0	4.2	111 125
Iceland	42.6	0.7	1.9	40.3	14.0	3.0	6.4	4.6	0.5	5 349
Ireland	9.8	0.5	1.5	1.4	85.9	60.1	13.8	12.1	0.9	129 346
Italy	7.6	0.7	4.7	2.3	8.08	11.3	34.4	35.1	3.8	523 179
Latvia	14.7	10.9	7.9	4.4	54.6	8.4	28.7	17.5	7.6	12 015
Lithuania	15.8	2.4	25.5	1.8	52.7	13.5	21.8	17.4	1.9	28 154
Luxembourg	7.2	2.6	1.2	5.9	79.7	8.3	48.5	23.0	3.4	21 749
Malta Netherlands	8.0 17.2	0.2 3.3	5.1 17.5	0.5 3.3	85.9 58.3	9.4 17.5	18.5 16.1	58.0 24.7	0.3 0.3	4 105 666 207
Norway	6.4	0.5	67.8	6.0	15.7	2.9	5.0	7.8	3.7	159 361
Poland	10.7	1.2	5.0	5.0	77.9	9.0	29.6	39.3	0.2	183 292
Portugal	11.2	2.9	6.9	3.4	73.5	9.1	37.7	26.7	2.1	58 932
Romania	8.6	2.1	5.5	4.1	77.8	6.2	30.7	40.9	1.9	62 692
Russian Federation	2.4	2.1	59.1	5.2	13.5	4.6	6.5	2.5	17.7	478 009
Slovakia	4.3	1.0	7.4	3.1	82.9	4.9	25.5	52.5	1.2	78 487
Slovenia	3.4	1.4	5.1	4.1	67.9	13.0	24.6	30.3	18.1	34 709
Spain	16.8	1.3	4.3	3.7	73.5	14.1	25.6	33.9	0.4	296 496
Sweden	4.4	3.6	7.3	5.2	73.9	10.1	25.1	38.7	5.5	187 179
Switzerland	3.7	0.3	3.1	3.7	85.5	35.6	29.0	20.8	3.8	234 426
United Kingdom	6.4	8.0	13.6	4.8	66.3	16.8	18.2	31.3	8.2	472 096
South Africa	7.2	2.0	8.6	30.2	34.7	6.1	12.9	15.7	17.3	92 976
Brazil	30.2	3.5	10.5	19.9	32.9	5.9	11.9	15.2	3.0	256 039
Canada	9.7 17.6	3.7 5.8	25.7	8.5 60.8	44.9	8.8	11.8 5.8	24.4 2.9	7.5 1.8	450 397 81 411
Chile Mexico	6.2	0.4	1.0 15.9	3.9	13.0 70.7	4.3 4.1	14.0	52.6	2.9	349 569
United States	8.9	2.5	8.7	3.8	64.3	14.0	16.5	33.9	11.8	1 479 730
India	9.0	2.5	18.8	3.9	50.3	10.4	26.1	13.9	15.6	301 483
Indonesien	16.2	7.5	33.9	7.8	33.6	5.7	17.2	10.7	1.1	203 497
Israel	3.4	0.8	2.8	1.6	60.9	27.8	13.5	19.7	30.5	67 796
Japan	0.6	0.8	2.0	2.6	88.0	10.3	19.4	58.3	6.1	823 292
China	2.9	0.6	1.7	1.4	93.2	6.0	39.6	47.5	0.3	1 898 388
Singapore	2.1	0.3	19.8	1.2	68.1	12.6	9.8	45.8	8.4	409 504
Korea, Rep. of	1.1	1.2	9.6	2.3	85.3	10.9	20.3	54.1	0.6	555 209
Turkey	10.5	0.5	4.8	4.2	77.3	5.3	44.3	27.8	2.7	134 915
Australia New Zealand	10.8 53.5	3.0 10.5	28.0 5.2	37.1 3.8	11.4 22.0	3.0 4.4	3.6 9.8	4.8 7.9	9.7 5.0	245 631 37 633

Note: The classification is based on SITC rev. 3.

Source: UN, UNCTAD Handbook of Statistics 2011

Table 436		Balance o	of payme	ents curr	ent accou	nt for sele	cted cour	ntries. 201	1
	Exports fob (a)	Imports fob (b)	Goods, net (a – b)	Services, net	Income, net	Current transfers, net	Current account, total, net	Current account as a percentage of GDP	Net foreign assets at end of year
				——— USD	mio. ———			per cent	USD mio.
OECD countries									
EU countries (27)	2 165 781	2 354 107	-188 326	168 785	82 326	-100 331	-37 546	-0.2	
Belgium	324 404	336 121	-11 717	4 024	9 670	-9 078	-7 102	-1.4	307 523
Bulgaria	28 248	31 222	-2 973	3 265	-2 428	2 363	227	0.4	-43 406
Cyprus	2 748	7 950	-5 202	4 143	160	-269	-1 169	-4.7	-18 586
Denmark	110 610	100 296	10 314	7 614	6 831	-5 872	18 887	5.6	84 387
Estonia Finland	14 535 82 390	15 246 79 264	-711 3 125	2 136 -2 392	-1 298 -462	350 -2 260	477 -1 989	2.1 -1.6	-12 024 30 254
France	593 513	681 618	-88 105	-2 392 19 737	64 871	-2 200 -50 940	-54 437	-1.0	-426 380
Greece	27 954	65 838	-37 884	20 545	-11 981	737	-28 583	-9.8	-233 530
Ireland	126 704	67 111	59 593	-11 091	-44 331	-1 657	2 514	1.1	-198 663
Iceland	5 344	4 506	838	363	-1 992	-73	-864	-6.5	-75 346
Italy	502 978	523 076	-20 098	-12 542	-12 566	-22 160	-67 366	-3.1	-432 150
Croatia	13 453	22 126	-8 674	8 881	-2 279	1 626	-446	-0.7	-52 615
Latvia	11 499	14 740	-3 241	2 010	-265	868	-628	-2.2	-19 418
Lithuania	27 029	29 524	-2 494	1 978	-1 601	1 498	-619	-1.4	-20 937
Luxembourg	18 807	26 269	-7 462	29 676	-16 521	-1 493	4 199	6.9	59 086
Malta	4 238	5 661	-1 423	1 903	-559	37	-42	-0.5	330
Netherlands	544 175	480 578	63 597	13 500	19 289	-15 064	81 323	10.1	269 150
Norway	159 207	89 102	70 105	-5 100	6 769	-5 081	66 694	14.3	430 621
Poland	195 209 60 006	209 245 79 672	-14 036 -19 667	5 662 10 599	-22 880 -11 923	6 231 4 176	-25 023 -16 814	-4.8 -7.0	-282 854 -233 316
Portugal Romania	55 808	68 358	-12 550	2 651	-3 091	4 646	-8 344	-7.0 -4.4	-110 126
Russian Federation	512 872	315 758	197 115	-34 881	-60 208	-3 191	98 834	5.3	137 955
Switzerland	345 615	320 424	25 191	22 642	1 165	-13 098	35 900	8.4	863 100
Slovakia	78 398	75 076	3 322	-476	-2 336	-497	12	0.0	-58 146
Slovenia	29 570	30 757	-1 187	1 753	-772	210	4	13.8	-19 596
Spain	304 335	359 737	-55 402	48 046	-36 311	-8 252	-51 919	-3.5	-1 276 420
United Kingdom	479 149	639 794	-160 645	112 941	48 591	-35 141	-34 255	-1.3	-422 300
Sweden	189 090	174 271	14 819	20 815	13 227	-7 156	41 703	7.0	-38 987
Czech Republic	131 416	126 987	4 428	4 663	-14 387	-1 053	-6 349	-2.7	-96 237
Germany	1 495 427	1 274 236	221 191	-37 656	66 539	-46 434	203 640	6.2	1 074 470
Hungary	98 956	95 204	3 752	5 450	-8 514	632	1 320	0.9	-115 833
Austria	169 893	175 433	-5 540	13 973	-3 482	-2 685	2 266	0.6	-11 701
South Africa	102 858	100 403	2 455	-4 879	-9 286	-1 972	-13 683	-3.4	-27 480
Brazil	256 040	226 233	29 807	-37 952	-47 319	2 984	-52 480	-2.1	-729 778
Canada	461 211	460 471	739	-23 305	-26 918	-3 509	-52 993	-2.8	-209 684
Chile Mexico	81 411 349 946	70 618 351 116	10 793 -1 171	-2 417 -14 230	-14 015 -16 726	2 418 22 974	-3 220 -9 153	-5.2 -0.8	-23 876 -337 049
United States	1 500 916	2 235 819	-734 903	175 065	227 007	-133 092	-465 923	-0.o -3.1	-337 049 -4 030 250
India	299 387	415 800	-116 413				-60 038	-3.2	-211 123
India Indonesia	191 713	156 869	34 844	12 733 -11 319	-17 932 -25 667	61 574 4 212	2 070	0.2	-211 123
Israel	64 185	72 026	-7 842	6 645	-5 625	8 726	1 905	1.0	34 020
Japan	789 951	794 425	-4 474	-38 431	175 794	-13 825	119 064	2.0	3 255 440
China	1 812 319	1 569 850	242 469	-54 148	-11 868	25 261	201 714	2.8	1 774 746
Singapore	429 368	361 916	67 453	1 844	-5 596	-6 712	56 989	21.9	674 048
Korea. Republic of	551 765	520 105	31 660	-5 850	2 891	-2 633	26 068	2.3	-97 114
Turkey	143 497	232 486	-88 989	17 895	-7 626	1 734	-76 986	-9.9	-321 411
Australia	271 645	242 333	29 313	-9 027	-52 617	-1 422	-33 753	-2.2	-869 794
New Zealand	38 381	35 606	2 774	-733	-8 558	-170	-6 686	-4.1	-113 358

Source: IMF: Balance of Payments Statistics, International Financial Statistics (Stats.oecd.org. Epp.eurostat.eu.)

Table 437	Output of	selected wo	rld commodities, five lar	gest producer c	ountries
	2010	2011		2010	2011
	thousand to	nnes ———		thousand to	nnes ———
Wheat, total	653 355	704 080	Maize, total	850 445	883 460
China	115 181	117 410	United States of America	316 165	313 918
India	80 803	86 874	China	177 541	192 904
United States of America	60 062	54 413	Brazil	55 364	55 660
Russian Federation	41 507	56 240	Mexico	23 302	17 635
France	40 787	38 037	Argentina	22 677	23 800
Rye, total	12 072	12 949	Rice, total	701 128	722 760
Germany	2 903	2 521	China	197 212	202 667
Poland	2 852	2 601	India	143 963	155 700
Russian Federation	1 636	2 971	Indonesia	66 469	65 741
Belarus	735	804	Bangladesh	50 061	50 627
China	700	715	Viet Nam	40 006	42 332
Barley, total	123 844	134 279	Sukkerrør, i alt	1 694 505	1 794 359
Germany	10 412	8 734	Brasilien	717 464	734 006
France	10 102	8 775	Indien	292 302	342 382
Ukraine	8 485	9 098	Kina	111 501	115 124
Russian Federation	8 350	16 938	Thailand	68 808	95 950
Spain	8 157	8 328	Mexico	50 422	49 735
Oats, total	19 932	22 505	Sugar beet, total	228 748	271 645
Russian Federation	3 220	5 332	France	31 875	37 259
Canada	2 480	2 997	United States of America	29 061	26 152
Australia	1 374	1 128	Germany	23 858	25 000
Poland	1 334	1 382	Russian Federation	22 256	47 643
United States of America	1 178	779	Turkey	17 942	16 127
Pig meat, total	109 370	110 012	Tea, total	4 548	4 669
China	51 681	51 535	China	1 467	1 640
United States of America	10 186	10 331	India	991	967
Germany	5 488	5 616	Kenya	399	378
Spain	3 369	3 469	Sri Lanka	331	328
Brazil	3 195	3 227	Turkey	235	222
Sheep meat, total	8 242	7 912	Coffee, total	8 254	8 284
China	2 070	2 050	Brazil	2 907	2 700
Australia	556	513	Viet Nam	1 106	1 168
New Zealand	471	465	Indonesia	684	634
India	289	293	Colombia	514	468
United Kingdom	277	289	India	290	302
Cattle meat, total	64 276	62 543	Potatoes, total	334 263	374 382
United States of America	12 045	11 988	China	81 594	88 350
Brazil	9 115	9 030	India	36 577	42 339
China	6 244	6 182	Russian Federation	21 141	32 682
Argentina Australia	2 630 2 108	2 420 2 110	Ukraine United States of America	18 705 18 338	24 248 19 362
Chickon most total			Wine total	20.000	
Chicken meat, total United States of America	86 854 16 071	89 363 17 110	Wine, total	28 060	28 674
	16 971	17 110	France	5 846	6 591
China	12 000	12 082	Italy	4 580	4 673
Brazil	10 693	11 000	Spain	3 610	3 340
Mexico	2 681	2 765	United States of America	2 211	2 211
Russian Federation	2 564	2 909	China	1 658	1 658

Source: FAO, FAOSTAT-Agriculture



Table 438	Merchant fleet of the 20 M	ajor Shipping Nations. 2012	or Shipping Nations. 2012			
	Flag State	Shiips	Tonnage			
		number of ships	thousand GT			
	Whole world	54 7/69	1 016 204			
	Panama	6 773	213 309			
	Liberia	2 9 98	123 749			
	Hong Kong	2 0.22	77 309			
	Marshall Islands	1 802	76 853			
	Singapore	1 863	55 992			
	Bahamas	1 180	48 461			
	Malta	1 619	42 639			
	Greece	1 160	41 843			
	China	2 3 90	37 584			
	Cypres	8.36	19 557			
	Italy	937	18 002			
	Japan	3 4.22	17 314			
	United Kingdom	6.20	16 584			
	Germany	473	14 261			
	Norway	965	14 146			
	Isle of Man	332	12 811			
	Korea, Republic of	1 277	11 234			
	Denmark	4.26	10 998			
	Antigua and Barbuda	1 2/51	10 891			
	Bermuda	151	10 725			

Note: Only merchant ships over 100 GT are included.

Source: The Danish Shipowners Association



າ states an	d countries
r	n states and

	Population			Total area
	Number	Lastest population census	Population per km ²	
	thousands			km ²
OECD-countries	1 186 542	2008	34	35 196 426
EU-countries	501 103	2010 ¹	116	4 325 897
Belgium	10 840	2010	355	30 528
Bulgaria	7 365	2011	66	111 002
Cyprus	839	2011	90	9 251
Denmark	5 561	2011	129	43 098
Estonia	1 340	2010	30	45 227
Finland	5 351	2011	18	303 907
France	64 714	2010	119	543 965 131 057
Greece Ireland	10 788 4 468	2011 2010	82 64	131 957 70 273
Iceland	318	2010	3	102 819
Italy	60 340	2010	200	301 338
Croatia	4 290	2011	76	56 542
Latvia	2 068	2011	33	64 559
Lithuania	3 054	2011	49	65 300
Luxembourg	502	2010	194	2 586
Malta	413	2010	1 307	316
Netherlands	16 656	2011	490	41 543
Norway	4 920	2011	16	323 787
Poland	38 187	2010	122	312 685
Portugal	10 562	2011	115	92 207
Romania	21 462	2010	90	238 391
Russian Federation	142 905	2010	8	17 075 400
Switzerland	7 786	2010	189	41 285
Slovakia	5 425	2010	111	49 034
Slovenia	2 050	2011	101	20 273
Spain	47 190	2011	93	506 030
United Kingdom	62 008	2010	271	228 938
Sweden	9 341	2010	21	450 295
Czech Republic	10 562	2011	137	78 867
Germany	81 752	2010	229	357 121
Hungary	10 014	2010	108	93 030
Austria	8 431	2011	102	83 879
South Africa	50 110	2009	41	1 219 090
Brazil	190 756	2010	22	8 514 877
Canada	34 238	01-10-2010	3	9 984 670
Chile	16 803	2009	22	756 096
Mexico	112 337	2010	57	1 964 375
United States	308 746	2010	31	9 833 517
India	1 210 193	2011	382	3 287 263
Indonesia	237 641	2010	124	1 910 931
Israel	7 045	2009	319	22 072
Japan	128 057	2010	351	377 950
China	1 339 725	2010	140	9 572 900
Singapore Karaa Baruhlia af	5 077	2010	7 441	682
Korea, Republic of	48 580	2010	488	99 461
Turkey	72 561	2010	94	783 562
Australia	22 621	30-6-2011	3	7 702 315
New Zealand	4 188	2009	15	270 534

¹ Beginning of the year. ² Excluding Svalbard and Jan Mayen. ³ Excluding Northern Ireland.

Source: The Statesman's Yearbook 2013 and the websites of the national statistical institutes



Table 440 Consumption of electricity in selected countries per capita

	1999	2009
	kWh	
OECD countries		
EU countries		
Austria	7 935	8 336
Belgium	8 343	8 385
Bulgaria	4 420	5 024
Croatia		4 185
Cyprus		4 793
Czech Republic	5 973	6 572
Denmark	7 964	6 642
Estonia	5 320	6 605
Finland	16 098	15 753
France ¹	7 909	8 263
Germany	6 845	7 041
Greece	4 748	5 803
Hungary	3 796	4 141
Iceland	24 361	53 349
Ireland	5 066	6 574
Italy ²	5 490	5 601
Latvia	2 493	3 194
Lithuania	2 933	3 719
Luxembourg	15 389	14 661
Malta		5 219
Netherlands	6 937	7 150
Norway	27 379	25 609
Poland	3 549	3 909
Portugal	4 257	5 159
Romania	2 221	2 587
Russian Federation	5 701	6 830
Slovakia	5 246	5 038
Slovenia	6 004	6 588
Spain	5 538	6 261
Sweden	16 738	15 186
Switzerland ³	8 376	8 658
United kingdom	6 467	6 140
South Africa	4 206	4 981
Brazil	2 250	2 618
Canada	16 016	16 916
Chile	2 556	3 661
Mexico	2 348	2 322
USA		
	14 688	13 723
China	973	2 774
India	541	753
Indonesia	463	668
Israel	6 189	7 111
Japan	8 418	8 281
Korea. Republic of	5 694	
Singapore	• • •	8 452
Turkey	1 841	2 701
Australien	10 740	11 915
New Zealand	9 998	10 057

¹ Includes Monaco. ² Includes San Marino. ³ Includes Liechtenstein.

Source: United Nations, Energy Statistics Yearbook