



Support to the Israeli Central Bureau of Statistics in Improving the Quality of Official Statistics

Component D: Methodological and geo-spatial tools for improving the quality and efficiency of field surveys

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Mandatory result



Optimization of field workload allocation using geo-spatial tools for managing field surveys in designated areas

If we simplify the MR:

- 1. Optimization field workload allocation using geo-spatial tools
- 2. Using geo-spatial tools for managing field surveys in designated areas



Activities Benchmarks



ID1: Definition of indicators to measure the efficiency of field work and reliability of estimates with a view to reduce costs and improve sample quality developed

ID2: Methodological paper on managing and monitoring field work using geo-spatial procedures during data collection process

ID3: Methodological paper on optimization of workload allocation of fieldwork using geo-spatial procedures and other tools

ID4: Feasibility test for managing and monitoring field work evaluated





Activities Benchmarks - cont.

ID5: Feasibility test for optimizing workload allocation of field work evaluated

ID6: Design specification of a geo-spatial application, to identify and analyse regional non-response and enable rapid reaction and handling of problematic "hot spots"

ID7: Design specification of a geo-spatial application, to optimize allocation of field workers' workload and enable multi-survey sampling



ICBS GOALS Improve fieldwork Quality & Efficiency



Methodology that would yield optimized planning and allocation of workload units to interviewers:

- ✓ <u>Lower costs</u> by having the same interviewer conducting several surveys in defined geographical areas
- ✓ <u>Improve coverage quality</u> our assumption is that geo-spatial tools can help visualize and identify problematic areas of regional under coverage. Improving the ICBS ability to manage the field work during midst of data collection will enable to reallocate resources for optimal treatment



24.05.2016 - 26.05.2016



Activity D.2:

Preparation of design for methodology to allocate interviewers' workload in multi-field surveys



Background 1



- ➤ Sampling Frames:
 - The Central Population Register (CPR): for sampling individuals and households
 - Dwelling Register: for sampling dwelling units
- Currently, all field surveys conducted by ICBS are sampled after geocoding of each unit in the sampling frames



Background 2



- Main field surveys:
 - 1. Labour Force Survey (Lfs)
 - 2. Household Expenditure Survey (Hh)
 - 3. Social Survey (Ss)
 - 4. Longitudinal Survey (Sampled from the CPR in the first wave 2012)

The samples of these surveys are drawn separately for each survey



Background 3



- ICBS typical interviewer works in one survey
- The workload distribution thereby is <u>performed</u> independently for each survey
- Each survey has its own constraints created by its methodology:
 - Data collection period
 - Time span feasible for collection
 - Reference period, and so on.



Schedule for D2 workshop



DATES	SUBJECT	PRESENTER
4/9	Introduction, sampling methodology, Gis tools for allocation	ICBS
5/9	Demo about multi surveys allocation Discussion	ICBS, MS-experts
6/9	Finalizing	MS and ICBS





Lets have a great time together