

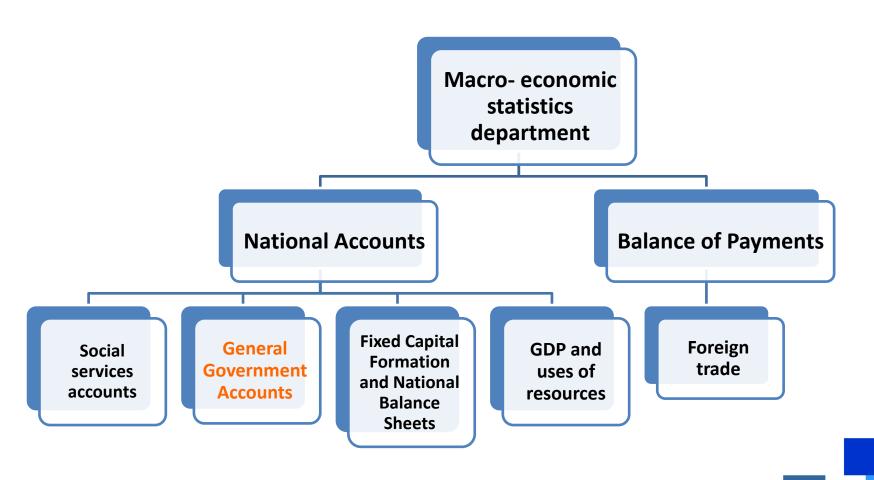
GENERAL GOVERNMENT SOCIAL EXPENDITURE IN ISRAEL

GALINA BRAVERMAN
GENERAL GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTS DIVISION
JANUARY 2014

It's All in the Numbers!

MACRO ECONOMIC STATISTICS





METHODOLOGY



General Government accounts

GFSM 2001

Government Finance Statistics

SNA 2008

System of National Accounts

MAJOR OUTCOMES



- Sequence of SNA accounts for General Government
- General Government individual and collective consumption expenditure on a quarterly basis
- GG expenditure by COFOG
- Annual and quarterly GFS reports
- Central government debt



MAJOR OUTCOMES

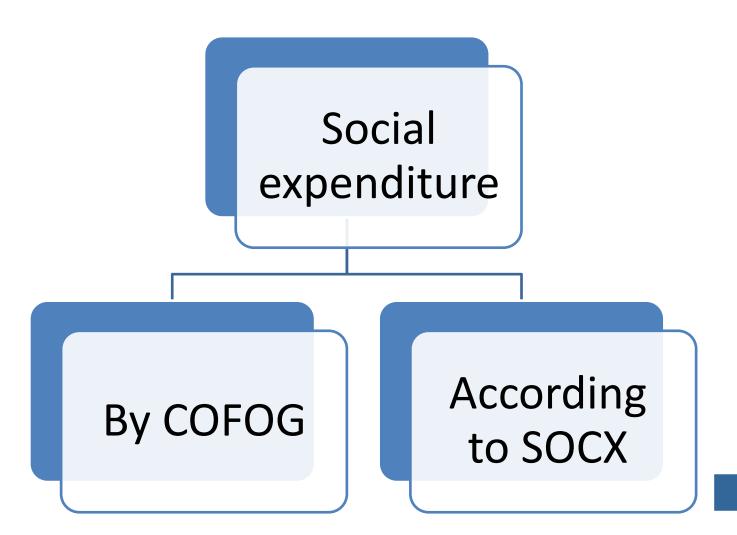


- NPISH consumption expenditure
- DAC ODA statistics to OECD
- Public Environment protection expenditure
- Defence cost
- SOCX data to OECD



SOCIAL PROTECTION DATA





COFOG -CLASSIFICATION OF THE FUNCTIONS OF GOVERNMENT



Group	Function				
01	General public services				
02	Defence				
03	Public order and safety				
04	Economic affairs				
05	Environmental protection				
06	Housing and community amenities				
07	Health				
08	Recreation, culture and religion				
09	Education				
10	Social protection				

SOCIAL PROTECTION FUNCTION OF COFOG



Second level classification	Sub-function Sub-function
10.1	Sickness and disability
10.2	Old age
10.3	Survivors
10.4	Family and children
10.5	Unemployment
10.6	Housing
10.7	Social exclusion
10.8	R&D social protection
10.9	Social protection N.E.C

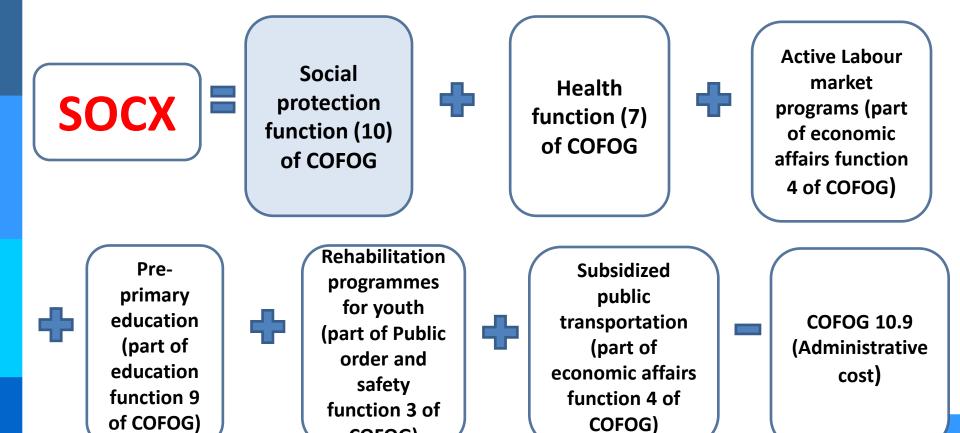
SOCX FUNCTIONS



Code	Title
10.1	Old age
10.2	Survivors
10.3	INCAPACITY-RELATED BENEFITS (Disability, Occupational injury and disease, Sickness)
10.4	Health
10.5	Family
10.6	Active labour market programmes
10.7	Unemployment
10.8	Housing
10.9	Other social policy areas

THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN SOCX AND COFOG





COFOG)

ESSPROS FUNCTIONS



Code	Function
1	Sickness/Health care
2	Disability
3	Old age
4	Survivors
5	Family/Children
6	Unemployment
7	Housing
8	Social exclusion N.E.C



THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN SOCX (OECD), COFOG (SNA AND GFS) AND ESSPROS



- As ESSPROS (European System of Social Protection Statistics) includes information on the **financing** of social programmes, while SOCX consists the **expenditure** data. The data compiled differ under the two systems
- The scope of social domain as defined under SOCX is the largest of the three.
- Social protection under COFOG does not include public health expenditure and the SOCX programmes like pre-primary education, active labour market programmes, rehabilitation programmes for youth and subsidized public transportation into social protection function.
- ESSPROS differs from SOCX as it does not include all spending on public health expenditure or labour market programmes.
- COFOG, ESSPROS and SOCX are rather consistent in their distribution to sub-functions.
- SOCX includes administrative costs only for active labour market programs and health.

SOCIAL TRANSFERS IN KIND (SNA) AND SOCIAL PROTECTION

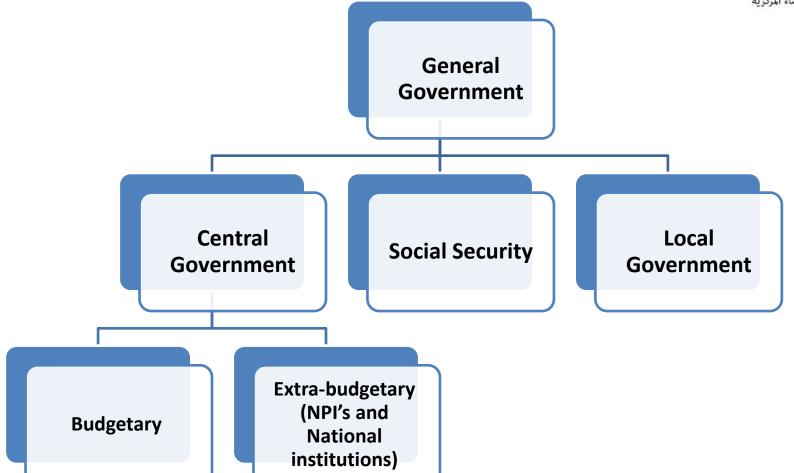


- National accounts define a transaction category Social transfers in kind (d.63) which covers both transfers made with and without social protection objective.
- The national accounts definition of *Social* benefits (D62)includes also the function of
 education.



INSTITUTIONAL COVERAGE





BUDGETARY GOVERNMENT



- The data are obtained from analyses of government budget reports of the Accountant General
- Each budget item is classified by NA and GFS code, by type of payment (cash or in kind), by policy area and by program



BUDGETARY GOVERNMENT PROGRAMMES



- Pensions for retired workers
- Rent assistance and housing provision for the elderly
- Residential care in institutions for the elderly
- Assistance and home-help services for the disabled
- Rehabilitation services for the disabled
- Child and family welfare services
- Rehabilitation programs for youth
- Labour market training programmes
- Subsided employment for the needy and the disabled
- Cash benefits for the needy and socially excluded
- Subsidized public transportation



NATIONAL INSURANCE INSTITUTE



- The data are based mainly on the annual and quarterly reports of the National Insurance Institute
- The data are classified by SNA and GFS codes, by type of benefit (cash or in kind), by policy area and by program



NATIONAL INSURANCE INSTITUTE BENEFITS



- Old age allowance
- Survivors allowance and rehabilitation
- Disability benefits
- Work injury allowance
- Hostile action injury allowance
- Long-term care
- Rehabilitation services for the disabled



NATIONAL INSURANCE INSTITUTE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)



- Child allowance and study grant
- Alimony
- Maternity allowance and vacation pay
- Birth grant
- Hospitalization grant is classified under health function in COFOG and SOCX
- Unemployment benefits
- Income support benefit



PUBLIC NPI'S



- The data are based on the Surveys of Expenditures of NPI's for 2004, 2006 and 2009 which summarize the expenditures from financial reports of the institutions
- During the analyses of financial reports, the NPI's were classified by purpose of their main activity, and their expenditures were classified by type of expenditure and by ICNPO codes.
- Translation from ICNPO classification to COFOG and SOCX
- For the years not covered by the survey, early estimations are made, based on the employment data as reported to NII

PUBLIC NPI'S MAIN ACTIVITY AREAS



- Residential care in institutions for the elderly and the disabled
- Home-help and community services for the elderly
- Rehabilitation services for the disabled
- Child care programs
- Child and family welfare services
- Rehabilitation programs for youth
- Cash benefits and other assistance to new immigrants, the needy and socially excluded
- Philanthropy funds

LOCAL AUTHORITIES AND NATIONAL INSTITUTIONS



- The data are obtained from the analyses of financial reports
- The expenditure is classified by SNA and GFS, by type of benefit (cash or in kind), by policy area and by program



INSTITUTIONS SOCIAL SERVICES



- Pensions for retired workers
- Residential care in institutions for the elderly and the disabled
- Community centers and services for the elderly
- Rehabilitation services for the disabled
- Day care centers for infants
- Employment programs
- Housing assistance (Amigour)
- Cash benefits and assistance to needy families, new immigrants and socially excluded

SOCIAL PROTECTION BY COFOG NIS MILLION



	General Government	Budgetary Government	NPI's and National Institutions	Social Security	Local authorities
2010	96,153	59,672	4,833	55,233	7,568
2011	101,242	64,171	5,503	59,045	7,587
2012	109,172	69,604	5,850	62,397	7,977
2013	116,741	72,085	6,102	66,653	8,393

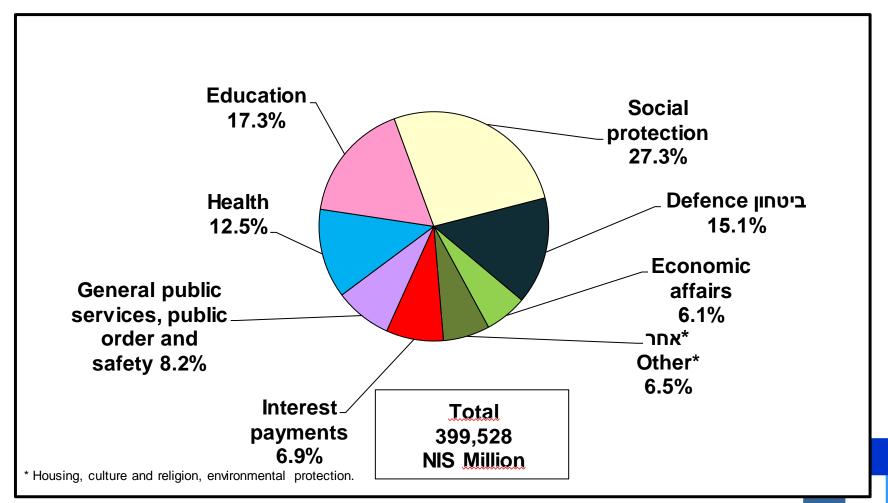


SOCIAL PROTECTION BY COFOG AS A % OF GDP

	General Government	Budgetary Government	NPI's and National Institutions	Social Security	Local authorities
2010	11.1%	6.9%	0.6%	6.4%	0.9%
2011	11.0%	6.9%	0.6%	6.4%	0.8%
2012	11.0%	7.0%	0.6%	6.3%	0.8%
2013	11.1%	6.8%	0.6%	6.8%	0.8%

GG EXPENDITURE BY COFOG 2012





SOCX GENERAL GOVERNMENT SOCIAL EXPENDITURE IN 2011



		کزیه
Function	NIS MILLION	Percent of GDP
Old age	39,396	4.3%
Survivors	6,418	0.7%
Incapacity-related benefits	27,755	3.0%
Health	46,782	5.1%
Family	20,397	2.2%
Active labour market programmes	1,192	0.1%
Unemployment	2,745	0.3%
Housing	80	0.0%
Other social policy areas	5,888	0.6%
General Government SOCIAL EXPENDITURE	150,654	16.3%
General Government cash benefits	81,554	8.8%
General Government benefits in kind	67,908	7.4%

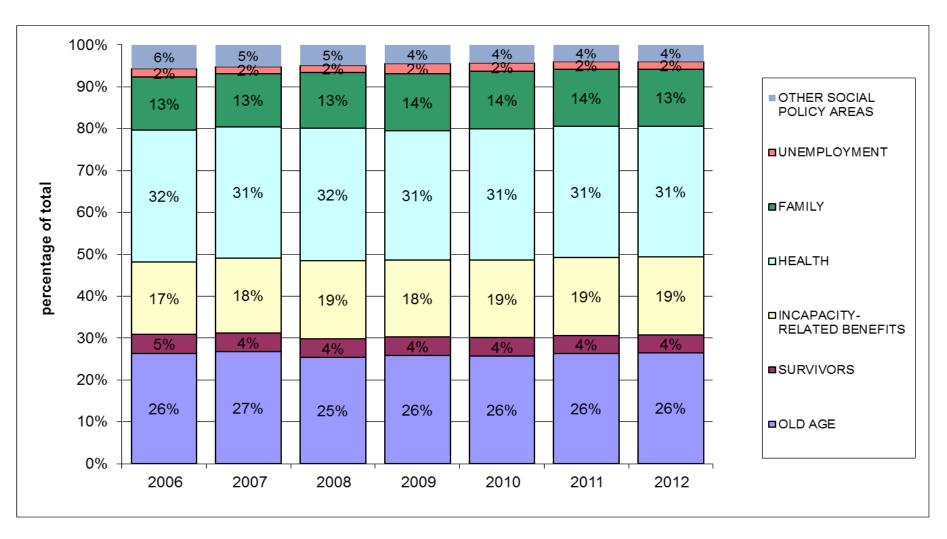
SOCX GENERAL GOVERNMENT SOCIAL SPENDING IN PERCENTAGE OF GDP



	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
ISRAEL	16.4	16.0	15.9	16.5	16.4	16.3	16.2
OECD average		18.7		22.1	22.1	21.7	21.8

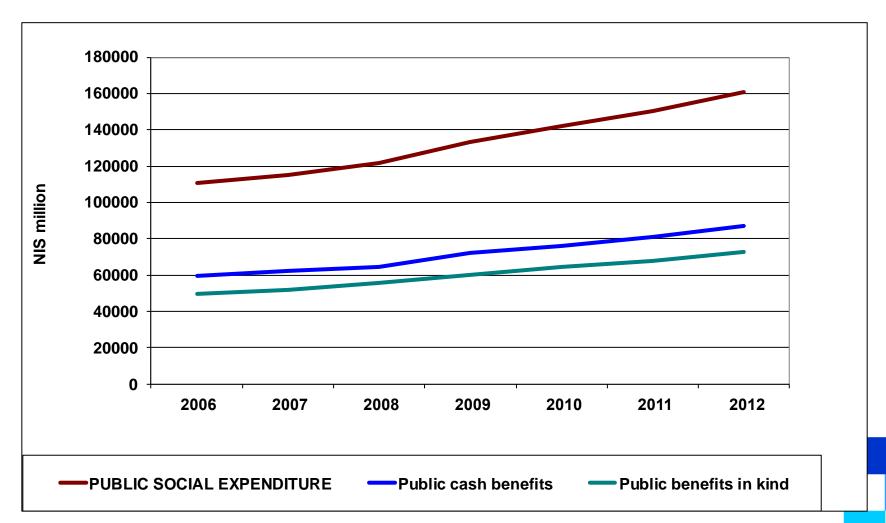


DISTRIBUTION OF GG SOCIAL EXPENDITURE BY POLICY AREA



GG SOCX EXPENDITURE BY TYPE OF BENEFIT





SOCX PRIVATE SOCIAL PROTECTION



- Mandatory private programmes
- 1. Sick-leave
- 2. Unemployment compensation
- Voluntary private (pension funds)
- 1. Old-age pensions
- 2. Survivors pensions
- 3. Disability pensions





TAK! THANK YOU!