Danish farm register, present system

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Farm register (FR) as a part the business register (BR)

- Unit in business register, the local unit.
- It can be different from the *legal unit* for big firms.
- But it is normally the same for small firms like agricultural farms.
- A special column is introduced in BR to serve agricultural surveys: *agricultural activity:*

| Agricultural activity in BR | | | |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Value | Explanation | Size of farm* | |
| 0 | No agriculture and no forestry | - | |
| 1 | Agriculture, no forestry | S=big farm, L=small farm | |
| 2 | Forestry, no agriculture | - | |
| 3 | Both agriculture and forestry | S=big farm, L=small farm | |
| * Below or above the farm structure threshold | | | |



Updating the agricultural part of BR

| Source | Action | |
|--------------------------|--|--|
| The surveys | Delete passive farm units, agricultural activity=0 Update a farm as small or big | |
| Subsidy register | Add new farms to the register Update a farms as big (but not the other way round) | |
| Livestock register | | |
| Combining both registers | Delete passive farm units, agricultural activity=0 | |
| | It means: we can remove units from the list of agricultural activities without being in contact with them. | |



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About the registers:

| Register | Remarks |
|---|--|
| Subsidy register, also called IACS, Integrated Agricultural Control System: | About 95 % if all Danish farms apply for subsidies. They report all their crops to the Ministry of agriculture. |
| Livestock register: | About 50 % of all Danish farms have livestock. The most import animals are pigs and diary cows. When having pigs, cattle goats, sheep, minks and poultries it is mandatory to report to the livestock register. |



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