

# Documentation of statistics for Relocations 2013



#### 1 Introduction

The purpose of the statistic of immigration and emigration is to analyze and work out the basic statistics on persons who migrate and relocate. Before 1968, the events were reported directly from the authorities in charge of registration, which sent the information to Statistics Denmark, which could then produce the statistics. The Central Population Register (CPR) was established in 1968, and from the spring of 1971 made it possible to systematically report migrations and relocations. The reporting based on this register commenced in 1971. The reporting of relocations within the municipalities was initially problematic, and the first reports on this aspect were not available until 1979.

## 2 Statistical presentation

All internal and external migrations which have occurred in a given quarter/year are included, which means the statistics are based on occurrences. It thus follows that a person who migrates several times in the course of a calendar quarter will feature several times in the statistics of migrations and relocations.

## 2.1 Data description

All internal and external migrations which have occurred in a quarter are included, i.e. the statistics are based on occurrences. It thus follows that a person who migrates several times in the course of a calendar quarter will appear several times in the statistics of migrations and relocations. Moreover, relocations from the place Faroe Islands and place Greenland are included.

Relocations are grouped by internal or between municipalities and showed by age, sex and the municipality which is moved from and to.

## 2.2 Classification system

Inside and between municipalities.

#### 2.3 Sector coverage

Not relevant for these statistics.

#### 2.4 Statistical concepts and definitions

Removals between municipalities: Removals from one to another municipalities

Removals inside the municipality: Removals between addresses inside the single municipality

#### 2.5 Statistical unit

Removals.



## 2.6 Statistical population

Number of relocations inside and between municipalities each year

#### 2.7 Reference area

Denmark.

#### 2.8 Time coverage

The described documentation cover the statistical field back to 1986. It is possible to require data back to 1971 for relocation between municipalities back to 1971 and for relocation inside municipalities back to 1971.

#### 2.9 Base period

Not relevant for these statistics.

#### 2.10 Unit of measure

Number of removals.

#### 2.11 Reference period

01-01-2013 - 31-12-2013

## 2.12 Frequency of dissemination

The population statistics is published each year.

## 2.13 Legal acts and other agreements

Law of Statistic Denmark according to announcement nr. 15. By 12 August 1972 according to the amendment, which follow by law nr 386 13 June 1990 and law nr. 1025 19 December 1992.

#### 2.14 Cost and burden

There is no response burden as the data are collected via registers by Statistic Denmark.

#### 2.15 Comment

A detailed description is available in the publication called <u>The movement of the population</u>. (Vital Statistics)



## 3 Statistical processing

The source of the statistics is Statistic Denmark's population register, which daily receives a outdraw which include information about the events such as removals from CPR (Central Person Register)

After the end of the quarter is the population extracted from the population at the municipality level from the register: <u>Statistikbanken</u> se matricen "FOLK1.

Input data is not check for errors. Relocations and corrections from the source CPR (Central Person Register) will be updated in the database when they arrive.

#### 3.1 Source data

The source of the statistics is Statistic Denmark's population register, which daily receives a outdraw which include information about the events such as removals from CPR (Central Person Register).

### 3.2 Frequency of data collection

Daily receives a outdraw which include information about the events such as removal from CPR (Central Person Register).

#### 3.3 Data collection

Register.

#### 3.4 Data validation

Input data is not check for errors. Relocations and corrections from the source CPR (Central Person Register) will be updated in the database when they arrive.

### 3.5 Data compilation

Not relevant for these statistics.

## 3.6 Adjustment

Input data is not check for errors. Relocations and corrections from the source CPR (Central Person Register) will be updated in the database when they arrive.

#### 4 Relevance

Municipalities, countries, government department and other national organizations which want to take advantage of the statistical field of persons in order to improve the planning.



#### 4.1 User Needs

Municipalities, countries, government department and other national organizations which want to take advantage of the statistical field of persons in order to improve the planning.

#### 4.2 User Satisfaction

The users is asked to give their rating by a scheme after the deliverance of data/statistics. In general the user satisfaction by the data is high.

#### 4.3 Data completeness rate

Not relevant for these statistics.

## 5 Accuracy and reliability

The statistics are based on the Central Population Register. As the CPR register is an administrative register, the municipalities themselves have an interest in keeping the quality of the register at a high level. Analyses have shown that the quality of the CPR data is extremely high.

## 5.1 Overall accuracy

Analyses has shown that relocation for the year of 2007 that 2½ pct. of the relocations of the year is not part of the actual publish year.

## 5.2 Sampling error

Not relevant for these statistics.

## 5.3 Non-sampling error

Not relevant for these statistics.

#### 5.4 Quality management

Statistics Denmark follows the recommendations on organisation and management of quality given in the Code of Practice for European Statistics (CoP) and the implementation guidelines given in the Quality Assurance Framework of the European Statistical System (QAF). A Working Group on Quality and a central quality assurance function have been established to continuously carry through control of products and processes.



#### 5.5 Quality assurance

Statistics Denmark follows the principles in the Code of Practice for European Statistics (CoP) and uses the Quality Assurance Framework of the European Statistical System (QAF) for the implementation of the principles. This involves continuous decentralized and central control of products and processes based on documentation following international standards. The central quality assurance function reports to the Working Group on Quality. Reports include suggestions for improvement that are assessed, decided and subsequently implemented.

# 5.6 Quality assessment

The statistics are based on the Central Population Register. As the CPR register is an administrative register, the municipalities themselves have an interest in keeping the quality of the register at a high level. Analyses have shown that the quality of the CPR data is extremely high. The selected method means, that events which is happen in the former quarter/year, but at first is registrated in the actual quarter/year, will not be counted as relocated in actual year. Analyses has shown that relocation for the year of 2007 that  $2^{1/2}$  pct. of the relocations of the year is not part of the actual publish year.

#### 5.7 Data revision - policy

Statistics Denmark revises published figures in accordance with the <u>Revision Policy for Statistics</u> <u>Denmark</u>. The common procedures and principles of the Revision Policy are for some statistics supplemented by a specific revision practice.

## 5.8 Data revision practice

Quarterly provisionally figures for relocation between municipalities is publish, but is not be revised. The publish yearly figures for relocation is final.

## 6 Timeliness and punctuality

The number of relocation is published each quarter about 40-45 days after the end of the quarter.

## 6.1 Timeliness and time lag - final results

From the time when Statistics Denmark has received all the necessary information from CPR, it takes 1-2 weeks to produce and send out. In total Statistics Denmark uses about 7 weeks following the end of the quarter to production.

## 6.2 Punctuality

The statistics about the relocations for the year is normally published 45 days after the end of the year.



## 7 Comparability

Since the CPR register and the local register have rationalized and improved the reporting procedure, events have been reported faster to the CPR register since the beginning of 1971. The statistics have at the same time become more complete without anything being changed. With a view to faster publication, the period of waiting for the late reporting from the CPR register was shortened in the 4th quarter of 1992 from 40 days to 30 days.

The change method i 2007 means, that events which is happen in the former quarter/year, but at first is registrated in the actual quarter/year, will not be counted as relocated in actual year. Analyses has shown that relocation for the year of 2007 that  $2\frac{1}{2}$  pct. of the relocations of the year is not part of the actual publish year.

The municipality reform in Denmark i 2007, reduced the number of municipalities from 271 to 98. For around of these new large municipalities is it not possible to compare before and after 2007 as the borderlines for these municipalities is changed. The municipality is after the reform in 2007 classified as LAU1 (and before as LAU2).

## 7.1 Comparability - geographical

In compiling the statistics, the circumstance that the occurrence of the events is reported to the central Population register with some delay, is taken into account.

The basis of compiling the total population as of the relocation of the year is the persons, who on 1. January and until the 31. December are recorded on the central Population Register (CPR) as relocated. The population is adjusted for relocation, which took place before 1 January, but which were reported to the CPR not later than 30 days after the occurrence of the events.

#### 7.2 Comparability over time

Not relevant for these statistics.

#### 7.3 Coherence - cross domain

The municipalities prepare their own estimations based on information from their own registers. These estimations are very seldom in keeping with Statistics Denmark's estimations, because the municipalities' estimations do not take account of the time lag for the compilation of the statistics.

#### 7.4 Coherence - internal

Not relevant for these statistics.



## 8 Accessibility and clarity

Articles: News release from Statistics Denmark. News release.

#### Statistikbanken.

#### **Publications:**

- Statistical yearbook
- · The change of the population
- · Statistical ten year review.
- Publication.

#### 8.1 Release calendar

The publication date appears in the release calendar. The date is confirmed in the weeks before.

#### 8.2 Release calendar access

The Release Calender can be accessed on our English website: Release Calender.

## 8.3 User access

Statistics are always published at 8:00 a.m. at the day announced in the release calendar. No one outside of Statistics Denmark can access the statistics before they are published.

#### 8.4 News release

News release by the homepage homepage: Removals in Denmark

#### 8.5 Publications

Information releases and the publications Statistical yearbook, and the "Development of the population": <u>Publications can both downloaded</u>.

#### 8.6 On-line database

"Internal migrations in Denmark": Statistikbanken.

#### 8.7 Micro-data access

The material is stored at the level of persons (person\_id) and be used together with inforamtion at the level of person (person\_id).

## 8.8 Other

No information at the individual level is given. Names, identity number or other information which make it possible to identify person is anonymized.



## 8.9 Confidentiality - policy

Diskressionspolitik.

## 8.10 Confidentiality - data treatment

<u>Policy of confidentiality</u>. No information at the individual level is given. Names, identity number or other information which make it possible to identify person is anonymized.

#### 8.11 Documentation on methodology

See the publication "Movement of the population (vital statistics (årlig udgivelse).

## 8.12 Quality documentation

Results from the quality evaluation of products and selected processes are available in detail for each statistics and in summary reports for the Working Group on Quality.

## 9 Contact

The administrative placement of this statistic is in the division of Population. The person responsible is Henning Christiansen, tel.: +45 3917 3305, e-mail: hch@dst.dk

#### 9.1 Contact organisation

Statistics Denmark

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Statistics of population.

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