



EU Twinning Project

Component 2: Demographic Statistics

Assessment of the current situation for vital statistics

Yerevan 30.9.2015

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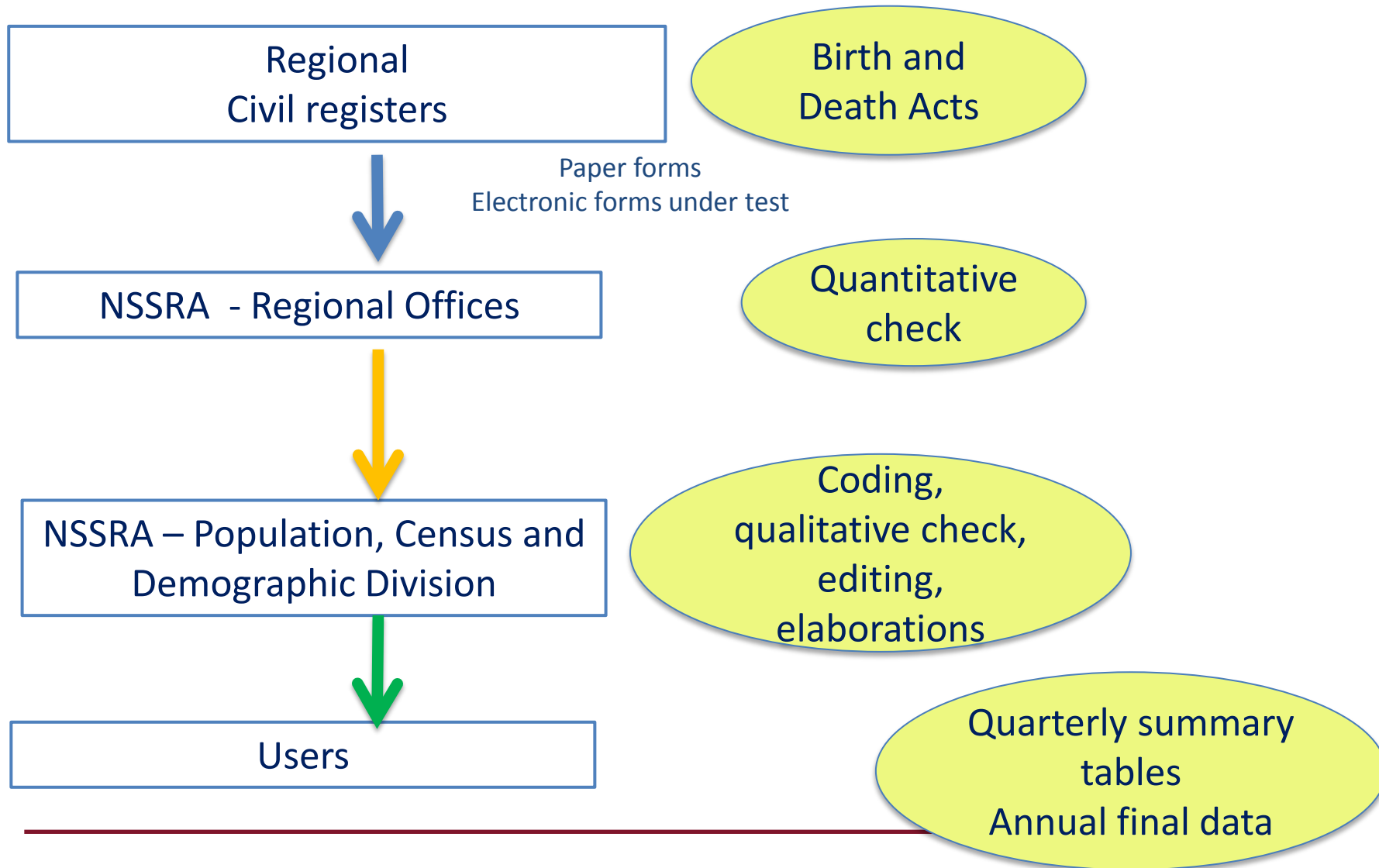
Statistics for the users

A means not an end

- Decision makers
- Media
- Researchers
- Professionals
- Students
- Citizens
- International organizations

High quality is needed

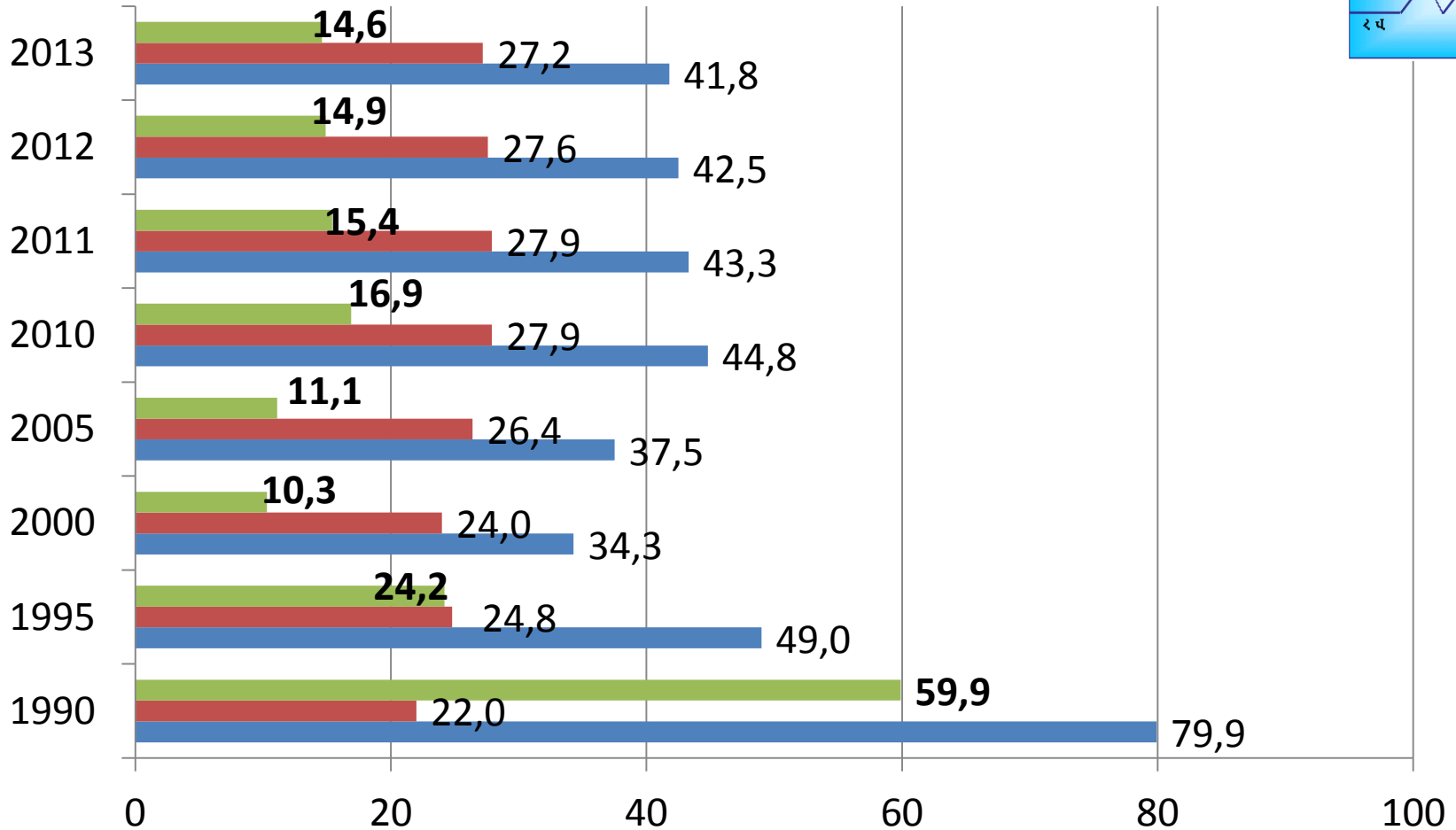
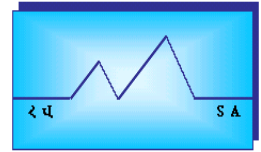
Information flow for data on births and deaths



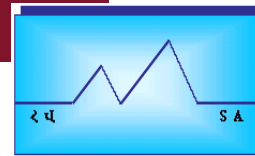
Statistics for the users

Some results about births and deaths in
Armenia

ԾՆԵԼԻՈՒԹՅՈՒՆ, ՄԱՀԱՑՈՒԹՅՈՒՆ ԵՎ ԲՆԱԿԱՆ ՀԱՎԵԼԱՃ / Birth, Death and Natural Increase (հազ.մարդ)

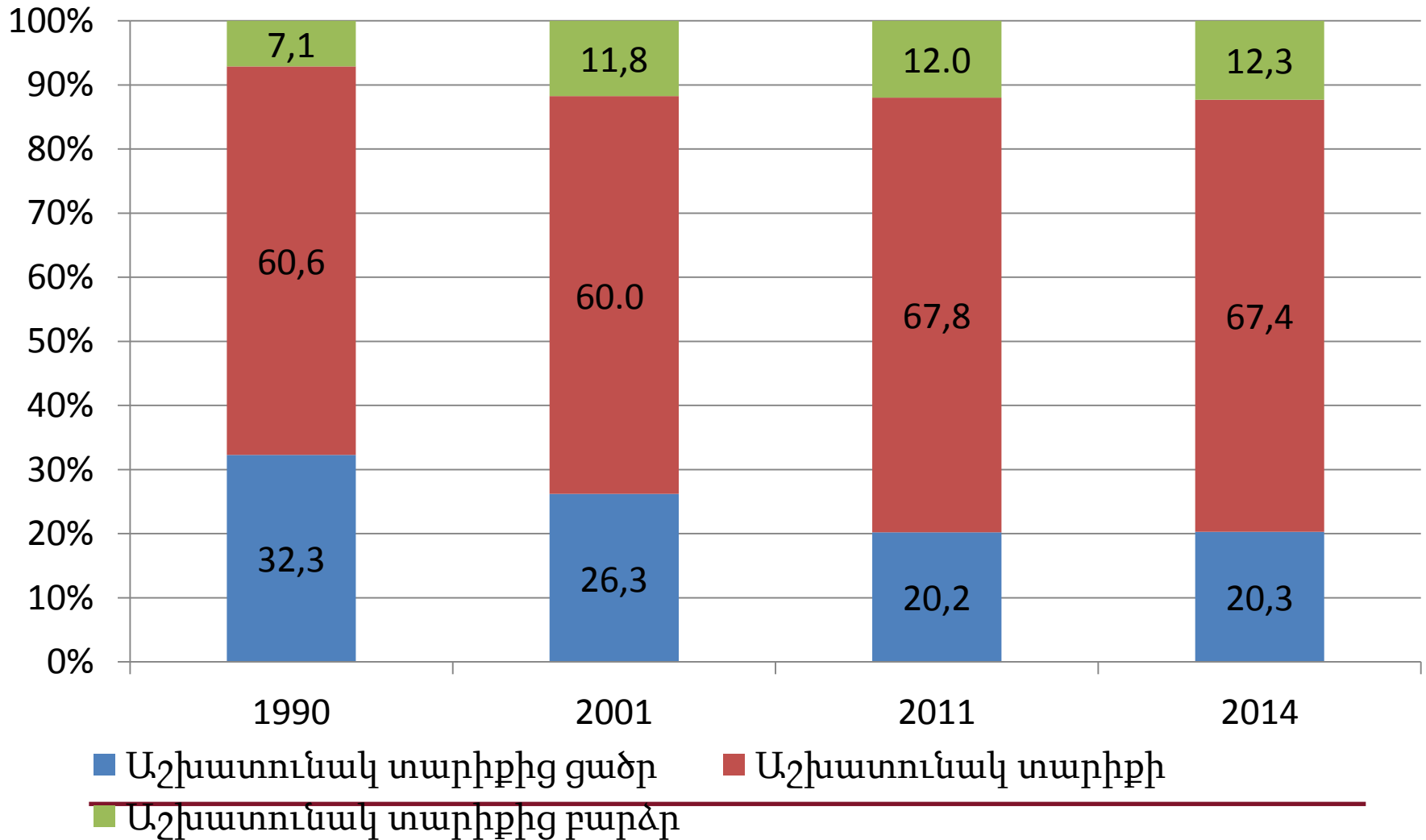


■ Բնական հավելաճ/Natural Increase ■ Մահ/Death ■ Ծնունդ/Birth



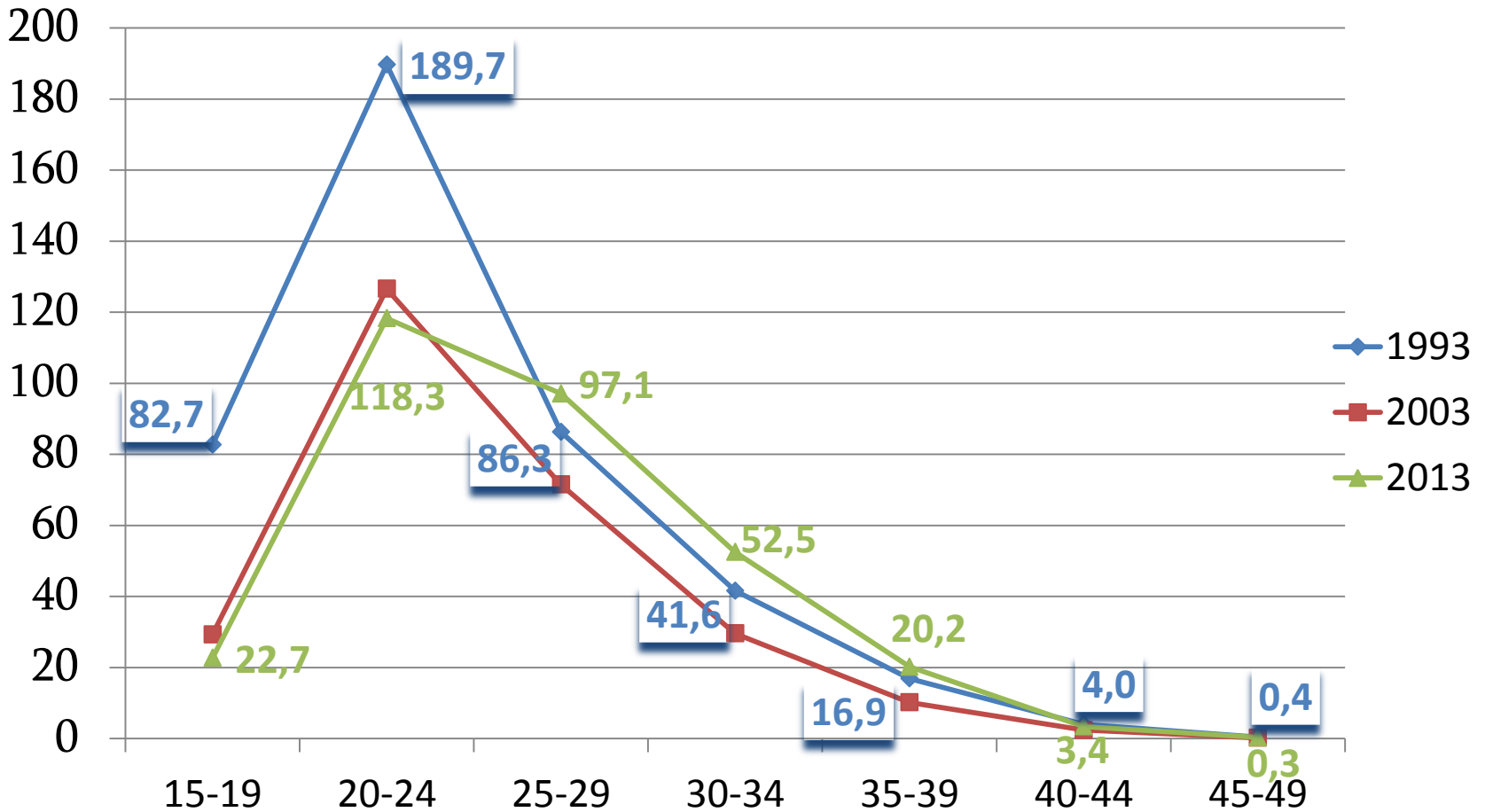
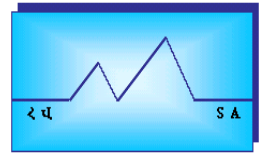
Բնակչության տարիքային կառուցվածքը, տարեկգրի դրությամբ

Age Structure of Population, beginning of year



ՀՀ ծնելիության տարիքային գործակիցների փոփոխությունը, ‰ 1993-2013

Age-Specific Fertility Rates



Critical points - 1

Medical authority issues a certificate



Parents / Relatives /
community leaders

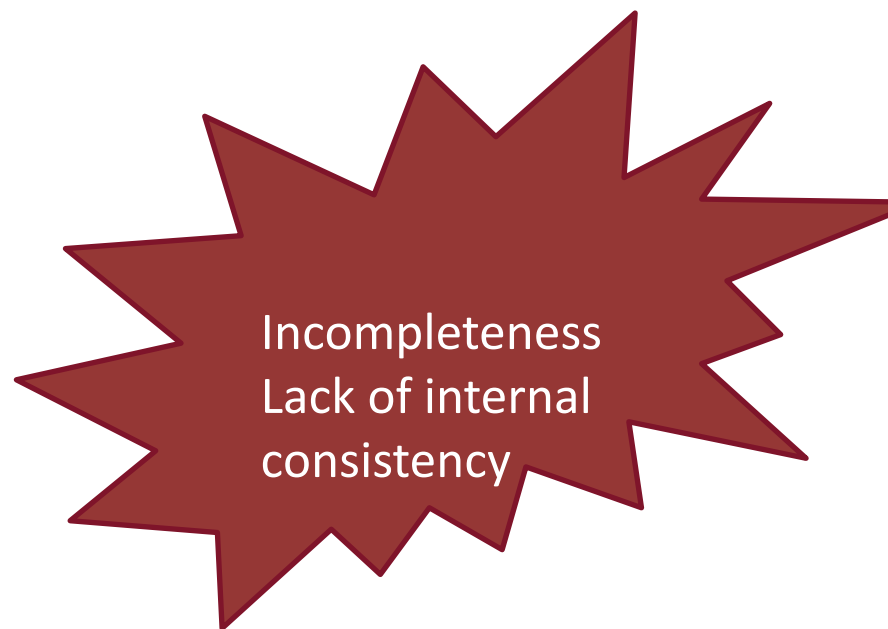
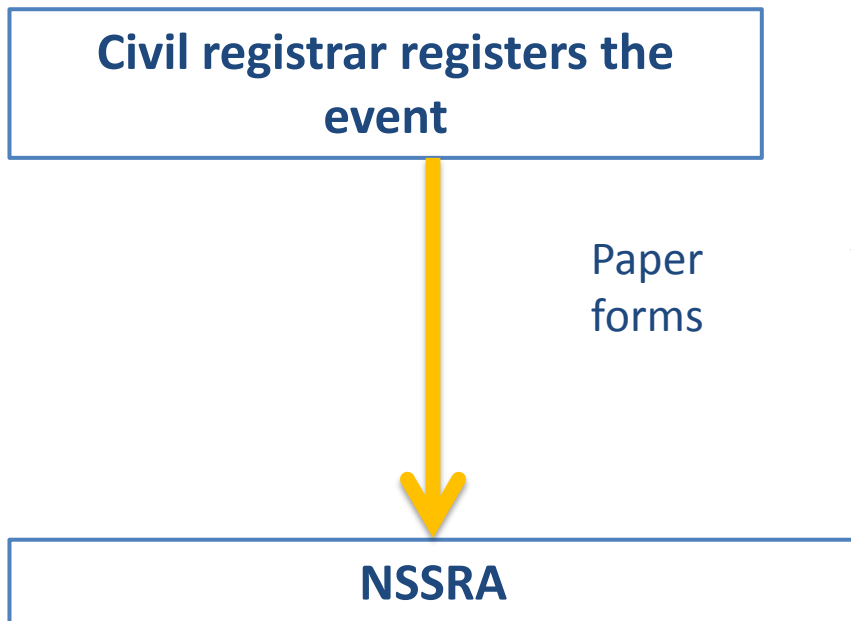


Civil registrar registers the event

Under-coverage

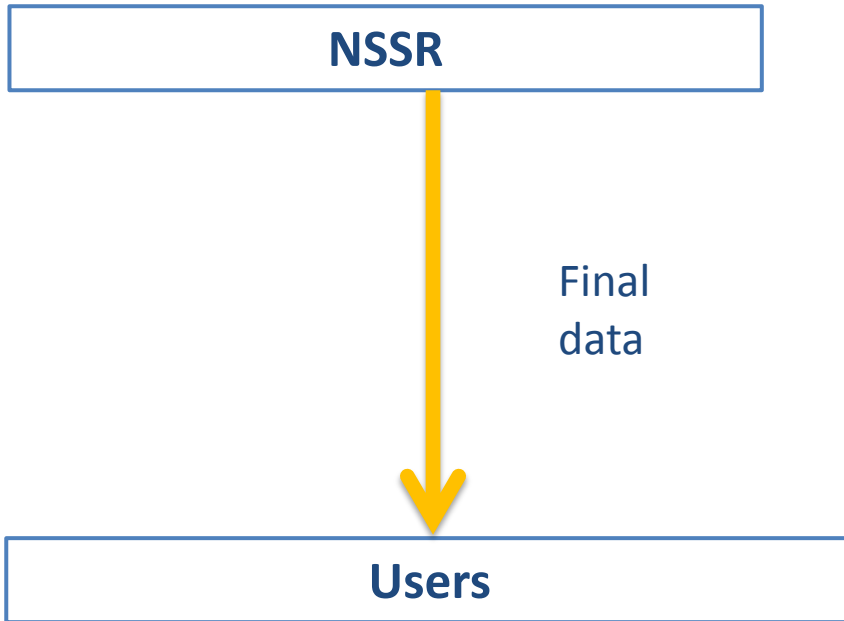
- Remote areas
- Lack of motivation to register (especially for deaths and stillbirths)

Critical points - 2



- Educational level
- Occupational status
- Age of the mother/parity

Critical points - 3



- Population census
- Household surveys

Some hints about coverage

- Demographic and health survey (2010)

Shows coverage of births under 100% in

- Kotayk (98.6%)
- Lori
- Shirak
- Armavir
- Tavush (99.6%)

- WHO assessment

Concludes that the system of death registration and statistics suffers from under coverage and needs improvements (overall evaluation 84/100)
